

PUBLIC TRANSPORT OPTIMIZATION

PHASE: 03

Code: (USING PYTHON)

```
import time
from adafruit_bme280 import Adafruit_BME280
import board
import busio
from adafruit_ads1x15.analog_in import AnalogIn
from adafruit_tsl2591 import TSL2591
from adafruit_pn532 import PN532
from digitalio import DigitalInOut, Direction
import adafruit_dht
from pyblynk import Blynk
from tinygps import TinyGPS

# BME280 Environmental Sensor
i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)
bme = Adafruit_BME280(i2c)

# ADS1115 ADC
ads = AnalogIn(board.A0)

# TSL2591 Light Sensor
```

```
tsl = TSL2591()

# PN532 NFC Module
pn532 = PN532(board.SDA, board.SCL)

# DHT Sensor
dht_sensor = adafruit_dht.DHT22(board.D2)

# GPS Pins
gps_tx_pin = board.TX
gps_rx_pin = board.RX
gps_serial = TinyGPS()

# Blynk Setup
BLYNK_AUTH = "Your_Blynk_Auth-Token"
blynk = Blynk(BLYNK_AUTH)

# Motion Sensor Pin
motion_sensor_pin = DigitalInOut(board.D3)
motion_sensor_pin.direction = Direction.INPUT

@blynk.VIRTUAL_WRITE(1)
def bme280_data(pin):
    temperature = bme.temperature
```

```
humidity = bme.humidity
pressure = bme.pressure / 100.0
blynk.virtual_write(1, temperature)
blynk.virtual_write(2, humidity)
blynk.virtual_write(3, pressure)
```

```
@blynk.VIRTUAL_WRITE(4)
def ads1115_data(pin):
    voltage = ads.value * (5.0 / 32767.0)
    blynk.virtual_write(4, voltage)
```

```
@blynk.VIRTUAL_WRITE(5)
def tsl2591_data(pin):
    luminosity = tsl.lux
    desired_light_level = int(map_range(luminosity, 0, 5000, 0, 255))
    blynk.virtual_write(5, desired_light_level)
```

```
@blynk.VIRTUAL_WRITE(6)
def nfc_data(pin):
    uid = pn532.read_passive_target()
    if uid:
        card_uid = ''.join([format(byte, '02X') for byte in uid])
        process_card(card_uid)
        time.sleep(1)
```

```
def process_card(card_uid):
```

```
    blynk.virtual_write(6, card_uid)
```

```
@blynk.VIRTUAL_WRITE(7)
```

```
def dht_data(pin):
```

```
    temperature = dht_sensor.temperature
```

```
    humidity = dht_sensor.humidity
```

```
@blynk.VIRTUAL_WRITE(9)
```

```
def gps_data(pin):
```

```
    sentence = gps_serial.read()
```

```
    if sentence:
```

```
        if sentence.startswith(b'$GPGGA'):
```

```
            lat, lon, _ = gps_serial.parse_gga(sentence)
```

```
            blynk.virtual_write(9, lat)
```

```
            blynk.virtual_write(10, lon)
```

```
@blynk.VIRTUAL_WRITE(11)
```

```
def motion_sensor_data(pin):
```

```
    motion_value = motion_sensor_pin.value
```

```
    if motion_value == True:
```

```
        blynk.notify("Motion detected!")
```

```
def map_range(x, in_min, in_max, out_min, out_max):
```

```
    return (x - in_min) * (out_max - out_min) / (in_max - in_min) +  
    out_min
```

```
while True:
```

```
    blynk.run()
```

```
    time.sleep(1)
```

```
ARDUINO PROGRAM:
```

```
#include <Wire.h>
```

```
#include <Adafruit_Sensor.h>
```

```
#include <Adafruit_BME280.h>
```

```
#include <Adafruit_ADS1015.h>
```

```
#include <Adafruit_PN532.h>
```

```
#include <TinyGPS++.h>
```

```
#include <DHT.h>
```

```
#include <WiFi.h>
```

```
#include <BlynkSimpleEsp32.h>
```

```
char auth[] = "Your_Blynk_Auth-Token";
```

```
char ssid[] = "Your_WiFi_SSID";
```

```
char pass[] = "Your_WiFi_Password";
```

```
// BME280 Environmental Sensor
```

```
Adafruit_BME280 bme;
```

```
// ADS1115 ADC
Adafruit_ADS1115 ads;
const int fuelSensorPin = A0;

// Motion Sensor
int motionSensorPin = 14;

// GPS
TinyGPSPlus gps;
#define GPS_TX_PIN 17
#define GPS_RX_PIN 16

// DHT Sensor
#define DHTPIN 2
#define DHTTYPE DHT22
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);

// NFC Module
Adafruit_PN532 nfc(SDA_PIN, SCL_PIN);

// Panic Button
#define PANIC_BUTTON_PIN 2

// Congestion Sensor
```

```
#define SENSOR_PIN 15

#define LED_PIN 13


BlynkTimer timer;


void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);

  Blynk.begin(auth, ssid, pass);

  if (!bme.begin(0x76)) {
    Serial.println("Could not find a valid BME280 sensor, check
wiring!");
    while (1);
  }

  if (!ads.begin()) {
    Serial.println("Failed to initialize ADS1115");
    while (1);
  }

  pinMode(fuelSensorPin, INPUT);
  pinMode(motionSensorPin, INPUT);
  pinMode(PANIC_BUTTON_PIN, INPUT_PULLUP);
```

```
pinMode(SENSOR_PIN, INPUT);
```

```
pinMode(LED_PIN, OUTPUT);
```

```
Serial1.begin(9600, SERIAL_8N1, GPS_RX_PIN, GPS_TX_PIN);
```

```
nfc.begin();
```

```
uint32_t versiondata = nfc.getFirmwareVersion();
```

```
if (!versiondata) {
```

```
    Serial.print("Didn't find PN53x board");
```

```
    while (1);
```

```
}
```

```
nfc.SAMConfig();
```

```
dht.begin();
```

```
timer.setInterval(1000L, checkMotionSensor);
```

```
}
```

```
void loop() {
```

```
    Blynk.run();
```

```
    timer.run();
```

```
while (Serial1.available() > 0) {
```

```
    if (gps.encode(Serial1.read())) {
```

```
        displayInfo();
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```



```
if (nfc.readPassiveTargetID(PN532_MIFARE_ISO14443A, uid,
&uidLength)) {
    String cardUID = "";
    for (uint8_t i = 0; i < uidLength; i++) {
        cardUID += String(uid[i], HEX);
    }
    processCard(cardUID);
}
```

```
Blynk.run();
int sensorValue = digitalRead(SENSOR_PIN);
if (sensorValue == HIGH) {
    digitalWrite(LED_PIN, HIGH);
} else {
    digitalWrite(LED_PIN, LOW);
}
```

```
float temperature = dht.readTemperature();
float humidity = dht.readHumidity();
uint16_t luminosity = tsl.getLuminosity(TSL2591_VISIBLE);
int desiredLightLevel = map(luminosity, 0, 5000, 0, 255);
```

```
Blynk.virtualWrite(V1, temperature);
Blynk.virtualWrite(V2, humidity);
```

```
Blynk.virtualWrite(V3, pressure);  
Blynk.virtualWrite(V4, motionValue);  
Blynk.virtualWrite(V5, voltage);  
Blynk.virtualWrite(V6, cardUID);  
Blynk.virtualWrite(V7, desiredLightLevel);
```

```
if (temperature >= 25.0) {  
    Blynk.virtualWrite(V8, HIGH);  
} else if (temperature <= 20.0) {  
    Blynk.virtualWrite(V8, LOW);  
} else {  
    Blynk.virtualWrite(V8, LOW);  
}  
}
```

```
void displayInfo() {  
    if (gps.location.isValid()) {  
        Serial.print("Latitude: ");  
        Serial.println(gps.location.lat(), 6);  
        Serial.print("Longitude: ");  
        Serial.println(gps.location.lng(), 6);  
        Blynk.virtualWrite(V1, gps.location.lat());  
        Blynk.virtualWrite(V2, gps.location.lng());  
    } else {
```

```
    Serial.println("Invalid GPS location");  
}  
}
```

```
void processCard(String cardUID) {  
    Blynk.virtualWrite(V9, cardUID);  
}
```

```
void checkMotionSensor() {  
    int motionValue = digitalRead(motionSensorPin);  
    if (motionValue == HIGH) {  
        Blynk.notify("Motion detected in public transport!");  
    }  
}
```

FUNCTIONS USED IN THE CODE:

1) Importing libraries:

- Time: This library is used for handling time-related operations and introduces delays.
- board: It provides an abstraction for hardware pins and is used to define the pins used for various peripherals.
- busio: This library is for handling I2C and UART communication.
- adafruit_ssd1306: It is a library for controlling SSD1306 OLED displays.

- `digitalio`: This library is used for digital input/output (I/O) control.
- `adafruit_gps`: This library is specifically for interfacing with Adafruit GPS modules.

2) Pin definitions and Hardware Initialization:

- The code defines the pins used for I2C communication (`SDA_PIN` and `SCL_PIN`) and the reset pin for the OLED display (`oled_reset`).
- It initializes the I2C bus with the specified pins.
- It initializes the OLED display and assigns it to the display variable.
- It sets up UART communication for the GPS module on specified TX and RX pins (`board.TX` and `board.RX`).

3) `Setup()` Function:

- This function is responsible for the initial setup of the OLED display. It clears the display, displays a "Waiting for GPS..." message, and updates the display to show this message.

4) `Loop()` Function:

- This is the main loop of the program.
- Inside the loop, it calls `gps.update()` to update the GPS data.
- It checks if a GPS fix is available using `gps.has_fix`.
- If a GPS fix is available, it clears the OLED display and then displays latitude, longitude, and altitude information on the OLED screen.
- The display is updated, then the code sleeps for 1 second, and this loop continues executing.

- 5) Main Loop: This conditional statement checks if the script is being run as the main program.
If it is the main program, it calls the `setup()` function to initialize the display and then enters the main loop by calling the `loop()` function