

# Continuous integration pipeline implementation for Tech11 software

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# Overview

- 1 INTRODUCTION
- 2 PROPOSED SYSTEM
- 3 modules
- 4 modules
- 5 CONCLUSION

# (Common) Scenario

- **Developers working on a project.**
  - They each implement a few class.
    - Code them.
    - Ensure well tested.
  - When they're done, They *integrate* them.
    - Every thing breaks.

# Integration Hell

**That awkward moment near the end of the project when everyone realizes that none of their classes interoperate correctly.**

# Integration Hell (cont..)

**Integration hell is extremely risk for a project.**

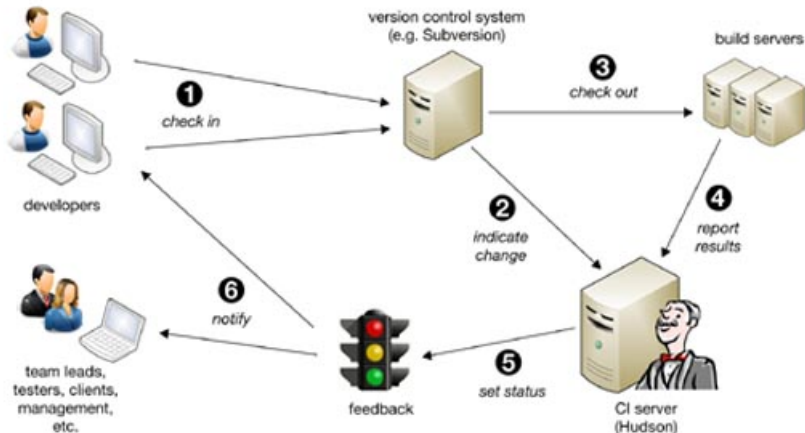
- **Difficult to determine how long it will take to resolve the integration process.**
  - May (vastly) exceed our budget.
  - May (vastly )exceed our schedule.

# Continues Integration

- **Originated from eXtreme Programing (XP).**
- **Mitigates risk associated with integrating Software.**
- **Avoids integration hell.**
- **Integrate early and integrate often.**
  - *ie, on every change.*

# Continues Integration Server

Automates the process of building,testing,reporting.



# Benefits of CI server

- **Developer might forget to run the test.**
  - *Don't break the build.*
- **It may take too long to run the tests.**
- **We might need to test the code in various environments.**
  - Different architectures (32-bit,64-bit,ARM,PowerPC).
  - Different platforms (Windows,Linux,Mac,Solaris).



## Benefits of CI server (cont..)

- **Reports provide useful insights to team.**
  - Can track metrics like line coverage.
    - Percentage of line executed by a program's test.
  - Can run all sorts of utilities on our code.
    - *CheckStyle, Findbugs, ..*
- **Can deploy automatically.**
  - Deploy a web project to a staging server.
  - Deploy latest stable build of a desktop application to our website for download.

# Modules

- Version Control
- Artifact Manager
- Continuous Integration Handler
- Test Automator

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# Version Control

- This practice advocates the use of a revision control system for the projects source code.
- In this practice and in the revision control community, the convention is that the system should be buildable from a fresh checkout and not require additional dependencies.

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# Artifact Manager

- An artifact repository is akin to what Subversion is to source code, i.e. it is a way of versioning code binary artifacts. In the Java world these artifacts could be jars, wars, ears, fully fledged applications, libraries or a collections of libraries that are packaged.
- Jenkins stores the artifacts as plain files without versioning while artifacts in an artifact repository can be version controlled.
- video

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# Continuous Integration Handler

- It integrates with popular build tools (ant, maven, make) so that it can run the appropriate build scripts to compile, test and package within an environment that closely matches what will be the production environment
- It integrates with version control tools, including Subversion, so that different projects can be set up depending on projection location within the trunk.
- It can be configured to trigger builds automatically by time and/or changeset. (i.e., if a new changeset is detected in the Subversion repository for the project, a new build is triggered.)
- It reports on build status. If the build is broken, it can be configured to alert individuals by email.

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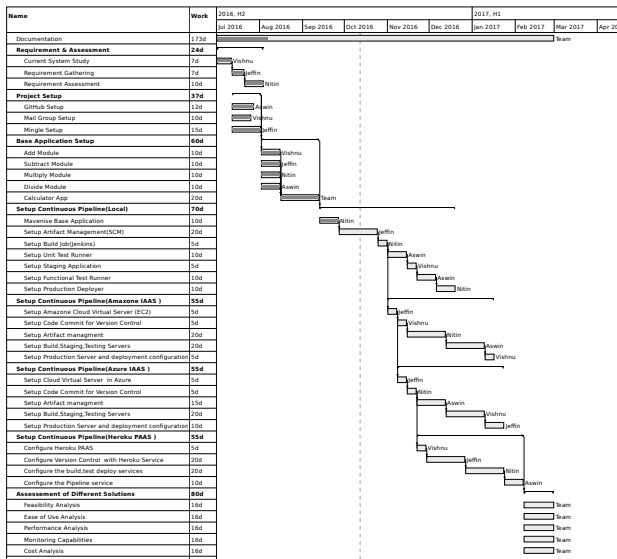
# Test Automator

- In software testing, test automation is the use of special software (separate from the software being tested) to control the execution of tests and the comparison of actual outcomes with predicted outcomes
- Test automation is critical for continuous delivery and continuous testing.
  - Graphical user interface testing.
  - API driven testing.

# Operating Environment

- The system is expected to be operated in Linux as well as in windows with the support of respective JRE (Java Runtime Environment). This system based project is completely platform independent. The most important requirement is the internet connection.

# Gantt Chart



# Data Flow Diagram

- level 0

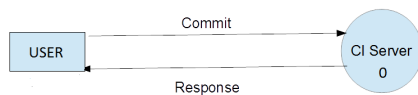


Figure : level 0 dfd



# Data Flow Diagram

- level 1

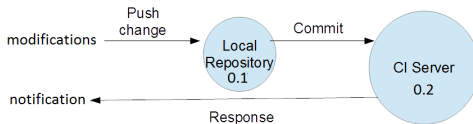


Figure : level 1 dfd

# Data Flow Diagram

- level 2

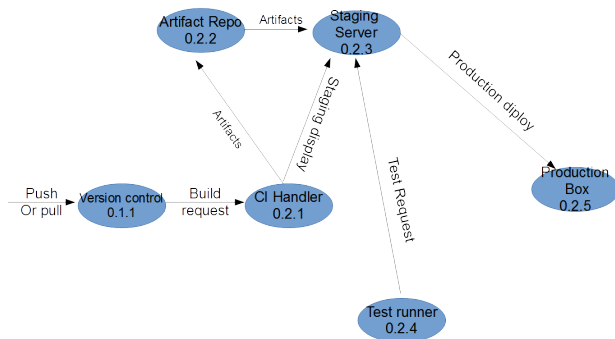
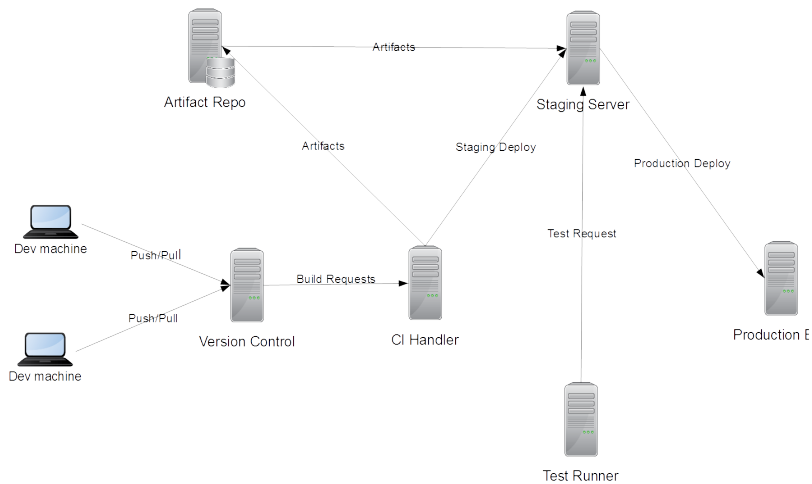
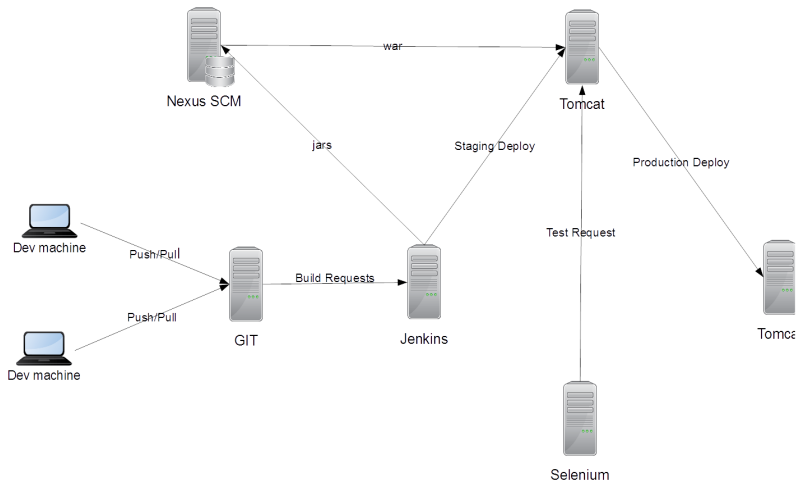


Figure : level 2 dfd

# Flow Diagram



# CI Pipeline Diagram



# Sequence Diagram

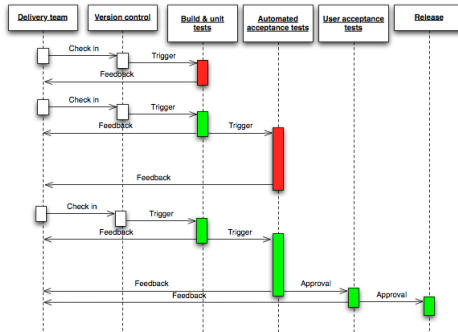


Figure : Sequence Diagram

# CONCLUSION

- **Continually integrate and test to reduce risk.**
- **Detect problems early.**
- **Always have a deployable build.**
- **Generate metrics to guide project management.**
- **Continuous Integration is:**
  - *A good practice in any software development method.*
  - *Vital for agile development.*

