- Repeat forever
 - Initialize $w \leftarrow 1$
 - Execute program \mathcal{P} .
 - While executing \mathcal{P} if a sample, observe, or predict is reached do:
 - * sample: \mathcal{P} passes us a continuation \mathbf{k} and an object (f, θ) consisting of a distribution f with parameter θ . We sample a value $x \sim f(\cdot|\theta)$ then call $(\mathbf{k} \ \mathbf{x})$.
 - * observe: \mathcal{P} passes us a continuation \mathbf{k} , an object (g,ϕ) consisting of a distribution g with parameter ϕ , and a observed value y. We compute $w \leftarrow wg(y|\phi)$ and call (\mathbf{k}) .
 - * predict: \mathcal{P} passes us a continuation k, a label ℓ , and a value z. We store (ℓ, z) and call (k).
 - When $\mathcal P$ terminates we "output" all stored predicts (ℓ,z) and the likelihood weight w.