

## **COURSE OUTCOME 4**

**DATE:3-12-2024**

1. Create Rectangle class with attributes length and breadth and methods to find area and perimeter. Compare two Rectangle objects by their area.

### **PROGRAM**

```
class Rectangle:
```

```
    def __init__(self, length, breadth):
```

```
        self.length=length
```

```
        self.breadth=breadth
```

```
    def area(self):
```

```
        area= self.length*self.breadth
```

```
        print("\nArea of Rectangle is", area)
```

```
        return area
```

```
    def perimeter(self):
```

```
        perimeter=2*(self.length+self.breadth)
```

```
        print("Perimeter of Rectangle is",perimeter)
```

```
l = int(input("\nEnter the length of the first rectangle: "))
```

```
b = int(input("Enter the breadth of the first rectangle: "))
```

```
rect1 = Rectangle(l,b)
```

```

a=rect1.area()
rect1.perimeter()

l = int(input("Enter the length of the second rectangle: "))
b = int(input("Enter the breadth of the second rectangle: "))

rect2 = Rectangle(l,b)
b=rect2.area()
rect2.perimeter()

if a < b:
    print("\n Rectangle 1 has a smaller area than Rectangle 2.")
elif a == b:
    print("\n Both rectangles have the same area.")
else:
    print("\n Rectangle 1 has a larger area than Rectangle 2.")

```

## OUTPUT

```

Enter the length of the first rectangle: 5
Enter the breadth of the first rectangle: 4

```

```

Area of Rectangle  is 20
Perimeter of Rectangle is 18

```

```

Enter the length of the second rectangle: 4
Enter the breadth of the second rectangle: 6

```

Area of Rectangle is 24

Perimeter of Rectangle is 20

Rectangle 1 has a smaller area than Rectangle 2.

## **OUTPUT**

Enter the length of the first rectangle: 8

Enter the breadth of the first rectangle: 6

Area of Rectangle is 48

Perimeter of Rectangle is 28

Enter the length of the second rectangle: 3

Enter the breadth of the second rectangle: 5

Area of Rectangle is 15

Perimeter of Rectangle is 16

Rectangle 1 has a larger area than Rectangle 2.

**DATE:22-10-2024**

2. Create a Bank account with members account number, name, type of account and balance. Write constructor and methods to deposit at the bank and withdraw an amount from the bank.

### **PROGRAM**

```
class BankAccount:
```

```
    def __init__(self, number, name, atype, balance=0):
```

```
        self.number = number
```

```
        self.name = name
```

```
        self.atype = atype
```

```
        self.balance = balance
```

```
    def deposit(self, amt):
```

```
        if amt > 0:
```

```
            self.balance += amt
```

```
            print("Successfully deposited amount")
```

```
        else:
```

```
            print("Invalid amount")
```

```
    def withdraw(self, amt):
```

```
        if amt > self.balance:
```

```
            print("Insufficient balance")
```

```
        else:
```

```
            print("Successfully withdrawn amount")
```

```
self.balance -= amt
```

```
def view_details(self):  
    print("Name:", self.name)  
    print("Number:", self.number)  
    print("Type:", self.atype)  
    print("Balance:", self.balance)
```

```
name = input("Enter the Name:")  
number = int(input("Enter the Number:"))  
atype = input("Enter the Type:")  
balance = int(input("Enter the Balance:"))
```

```
customer = BankAccount(number, name, atype, balance)
```

```
while True:  
    print("\n....menu.....\n")  
    print("1) Deposit")  
    print("2) Withdraw")  
    print("3) Current balance")  
    print("4) View details")  
    print("5) Exit")
```

```
ch = int(input("Enter your choice: "))  
if ch == 1:
```

```
    amt = int(input("Enter the amount to deposit: "))
    customer.deposit(amt)
elif ch == 2:
    amt = int(input("Enter the amount to withdraw: "))
    customer.withdraw(amt)
elif ch == 3:
    print("Current Balance:", customer.balance)
elif ch == 4:
    customer.view_details()
elif ch == 5:
    break
else:
    print("Invalid choice. Please try again.")
```

## OUTPUT

Enter the Name: Aswin

Enter the Number: 123

Enter the Type: Savings

Enter the Balance: 2000

....menu.....

1) Deposit

2) Withdraw

3) Current balance

4) View details

5) Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the amount to deposit: 2000

Successfully deposited amount

....menu.....

1) Deposit

2) Withdraw

3) Current balance

4) View details

5) Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Current Balance: 4000

....menu.....

- 1) Deposit
- 2) Withdraw
- 3) Current balance
- 4) View details
- 5) Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter the amount to withdraw: 1500

Successfully withdrawn amount

....menu.....

- 1) Deposit
- 2) Withdraw
- 3) Current balance
- 4) View details
- 5) Exit

Enter your choice: 4

Name: Aswin

Number: 123

Type: Savings

Balance: 2500

....menu.....

- 1) Deposit



2) Withdraw

3) Current balance

4) View details

5) Exit

Enter your choice: 5

**DATE:7-12-2024**

3. Create a class Rectangle with private attributes length and width.  
Overload '<' operator to compare the area of 2 rectangles.

### **PROGRAM**

```
class Rectangle:
```

```
    def __init__(self,length,width):
```

```
        self.length=length
```

```
        self.width=width
```

```
    def area(self):
```

```
        return self.length*self.width
```

```
    def __lt__(self,other):
```

```
        return self.area() < other.area()
```

```
leng=int(input("Enter the length :"))
```

```
widt=int(input("Enter the width :"))
```

```
rectangle1=Rectangle(leng,widt);
```

```
leng=int(input("Enter the length :"))
```

```
widt=int(input("Enter the width :"))
```

```
rectangle2=Rectangle(leng,widt);
```

```
if rectangle1 < rectangle2:
```

```
    print("Area of recatangle 1 is smaller than area of rectangle 2")
```

```
elif rectangle1 > rectangle2:
```

```
    print("Area of recatangle 1 is larger than area of rectangle 2")
```

```
else:
```

```
print("Both rectangle has same area")
```

## **OUTPUT**

Enter the length :4

Enter the width :5

Enter the length :6

Enter the width :5

Area of rectangle 1 is smaller than area of rectangle 2

## **OUTPUT**

Enter the length :5

Enter the width :8

Enter the length :2

Enter the width :3

Area of rectangle 1 is larger than area of rectangle 2

**DATE:5-12-2024**

4. Create a class Time with private attributes hour, minute and second.  
Overload '+' operator to find sum of 2 time.

### **PROGRAM**

```
class Time:
```

```
    def __init__(self, hour, minute, second):
```

```
        self.hour = hour
```

```
        self.minute = minute
```

```
        self.second = second
```

```
    def __add__(self, other):
```

```
        second = self.second + other.second
```

```
        minute = self.minute + other.minute + second // 60
```

```
        hour = self.hour + other.hour + minute // 60
```

```
        return Time(hour % 24, minute % 60, second % 60)
```

```
    def display(self):
```

```
        print("Time:",self.hour,self.minute,self.second)
```

```
s=int(input("Enter second:"));
```

```
m=int(input("Enter minute:"));
```

```
h=int(input("Enter hour:"));
```

```
time1 = Time(h, m, s)
```

```
s=int(input("Enter second:"));
```

```
m=int(input("Enter minute:"));
```

```
h=int(input("Enter hour:"));
```

```
time2 = Time(h, m, s)
```

```
result = time1 + time2
```

```
result.display()
```

## **OUTPUT**

Enter second:45

Enter minute:60

Enter hour:5

Enter second:56

Enter minute:34

Enter hour:9

Time: 15 35 41

## **OUTPUT**

Enter second:34

Enter minute:23

Enter hour:12

Enter second:34

Enter minute:21

Enter hour:23

Time: 11 45 8

**DATE:6-12-2024**

5. Create a class Publisher (name). Derive class Book from Publisher with attributes title and author. Derive class Python from Book with attributes price and no\_of\_pages. Write program that displays information about a Python book. Use base class constructor invocation and method overriding.

### **PROGRAM**

```
class Publisher:
```

```
    def __init__(self, name):
```

```
        self.name = name
```

```
    def display():
```

```
        pass
```

```
class Book(Publisher):
```

```
    def __init__(self, name, title, author):
```

```
        super().__init__(name)
```

```
        self.title = title
```

```
        self.author = author
```

```
    def display():
```

```
        pass
```

```
class Python(Book):
```

```
    def __init__(self, name, title, author, price, nopage):
```

```
super().__init__(name, title, author)
self.price = price
self.nopage = nopage

def display(self):
    print("Name:", self.name)
    print("Title:", self.title)
    print("Author:", self.author)
    print("Price:", self.price)
    print("NO of Pages:", self.nopage)

name=input("Enter the Name :")
title=input("Enter the Title :")
author=input("Enter the Author :")
price=int(input("Enter the Price :"))
nopage=int(input("Enter the No of pages :"))
book=Python(name, title, author, price, nopage)
book.display()
```

## OUTPUT

```
Enter the Name : The Alchemist
Enter the Title : The Alchemist
Enter the Author : Paulo Coelho
Enter the Price : 300
```

Enter the No of pages : 208

Name: The Alchemist

Title: The Alchemist

Author: Paulo Coelho

Price: 300

NO of Pages: 208

## **OUTPUT**

Enter the Name : Atmoic Habits

Enter the Title : Atomic Habits

Enter the Author : James Clear

Enter the Price : 500

Enter the No of pages :320

Name: Atmoic Habits

Title: Atomic Habits

Author: James Clear

Price: 500

NO of Pages: 320



## **COURSE OUTCOME 5**

**DATE:7-11-2024**

1. Write a Python program to read a file line by line and store it into a list.

### **PROGRAM**

```
f=open("file.txt","r")  
l=[i.split() for i in open("file.txt")]  
print(l)  
f.close()
```

### **file.txt**

Hello! Welcome to demofile.txt

Welcome to python programing.

Happy Coding!

### **OUTPUT**

```
[['Hello!', 'Welcome', 'to', 'demofile.txt'], ['Welcome', 'to', 'python',  
'programing'], ['Happy', 'Coding!']]
```

**DATE:8-11-2024**

2. Python program to copy odd lines of one file to other

### **PROGRAM**

```
with open("file.txt", "r") as x:
    with open("file4.txt", "w") as y:
        line_number = 1
        for line in x:
            if line_number % 2 != 0:
                y.write(line)
            line_number += 1
x.close()
y.close()
s=open("file4.txt","r")
print(s.read())
```

### **file.txt**

Hello! Welcome to demofile.txt  
This file is for testing purposes.  
Happy Coding!

### **OUTPUT**

Hello! Welcome to demofile.txt  
Happy Coding!

**DATE:22-10-2024**

3. Write a Python program to read each row from a given csv file and print a list of strings.

### **PROGRAM**

```
import csv
with open("student.csv","r") as f:
    csvr=csv.reader(f)
    for row in csvr:
        print(row)
```

#### **student.csv**

```
roll,name,age,course
101,Aswin,23,mca
102,Farook,21,,mca
103,Amal,22,mca
104,Kavya,22,mca
105,Gopika,21,mca
106,Nussath,21,mca
107,Midhun,21,mca
```

### **OUTPUT**

```
['roll', 'name', 'age', 'course']
['101', 'Aswin', '23', 'mca']
['102', 'Farook', '21', '', 'mca']
['103', 'Amal', '22', 'mca']
```

['104', 'Kavya', '22', 'mca']

['105', 'Gopika', '21', 'mca']

['106', 'Nussath', '21', 'mca']

['107', 'Midhun', '21', 'mca']

**DATE:15-11-2024**

4. Write a Python program to read specific columns of a given CSV file and print the content of the columns

### **PROGRAM**

```
import csv
```

```
data = {  
    'Name': ['Aswin', 'Farooq', 'Adharsh'],  
    'Age': [23, 22, 23],  
    'depart': ['Mca', 'Bca', 'Mba']  
}
```

```
with open('output.csv', 'w') as file:
```

```
    writer = csv.DictWriter(file, fieldnames=data.keys())
```

```
    writer.writeheader()
```

```
    writer.writerow(data)
```

```
print("Dictionary written to CSV file 'output.csv'.")
```

```
with open('output.csv','r') as file:
```

```
    reader = csv.DictReader(file)
```

```
    for row in reader:
```

```
        print(row)
```

## OUTPUT

Dictionary written to CSV file 'output.csv'.

```
{'Name': "['Aswin', 'Farooq', 'Adharsh']", 'Age': '[23, 22, 23]', 'depart':  
"['Mca', 'Bca', 'Mba']"}
```

**DATE:16-11-2024**

5. Write a Python program to write a Python dictionary to a csv file. After writing the CSV file read the CSV file and display the content.

### **PROGRAM**

```
import csv

columns_to_read = ['Name', 'City']

with open("dictionary.csv","r") as file:

    csv_reader = csv.DictReader(file)

    for row in csv_reader:

        selected_data = {column: row[column] for column in
columns_to_read}

        print(selected_data)
```

### **dictionary.csv**

```
Name, Age, City, Occupation
Ameya, 30, Bangalore, Engineer
Emil, 25, Hyderabad, Designer
John, 28, Chicago, Teacher
```

### **OUTPUT**

```
{'Name': 'Ameya', 'City': 'Bangalore'}
{'Name': 'Emil', 'City': 'Hyderabad'}
{'Name': 'John', 'City': 'Chicago'}
```