## E2-ECG

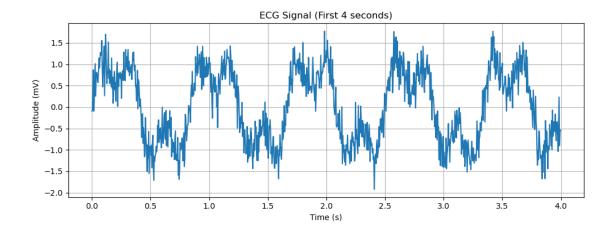
July 19, 2025

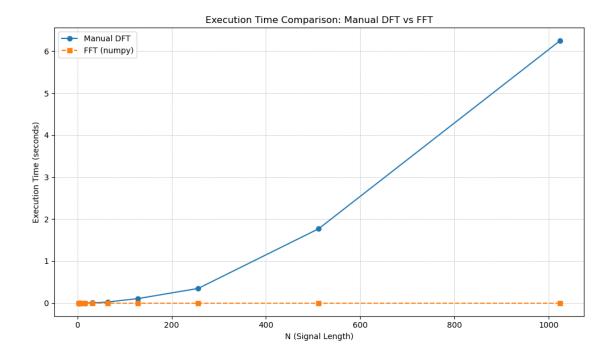
```
[3]: import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from scipy.signal import convolve
    import time
    # -----
    # 1. Load ECG Signal from CSV
    # -----
    df = pd.read_csv('simulated_ecg_signal.csv')
    t = df['Time (s)'].values
    ecg = df['ECG (mV)'].values
    Fs = int(1 / (t[1] - t[0])) # Sampling frequency
    N = len(ecg)
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
    plt.plot(t[:1000], ecg[:1000])
    plt.title("ECG Signal (First 4 seconds)")
    plt.xlabel("Time (s)")
    plt.ylabel("Amplitude (mV)")
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
    # -----
    # 2. Manual DFT Function and Comparison
    # -----
    def manual_dft(x):
        N = len(x)
        X = np.zeros(N, dtype=complex)
        for k in range(N):
           for n in range(N):
               X[k] += x[n] * np.exp(-2j * np.pi * k * n / N)
        return X
    # Values of N to test
    N_values = [2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024]
```

```
manual_times = []
fft_times = []
# Measure execution times for both DFT and FFT
for N in N_values:
    x = ecg[:N]
    # Time manual DFT
    start = time.time()
    manual dft(x)
    manual_times.append(time.time() - start)
    # Time FFT
    start = time.time()
    np.fft.fft(x)
    fft_times.append(time.time() - start)
# Plotting the results
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(N_values, manual_times, marker='o', label='Manual DFT')
plt.plot(N_values, fft_times, marker='s', label='FFT (numpy)', linestyle='--')
#plt.yscale('log')
plt.xlabel('N (Signal Length)')
plt.ylabel('Execution Time (seconds)')
plt.title('Execution Time Comparison: Manual DFT vs FFT')
plt.grid(True, which='both', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.5)
plt.legend()
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
N = len(ecg)
N_{\text{test}} = 128
x_small = ecg[:N_test]
start_manual = time.time()
X_manual = manual_dft(x_small)
end_manual = time.time()
start_fft = time.time()
X_fft = np.fft.fft(x_small)
end_fft = time.time()
print(f"Manual DFT Time (N=128): {end_manual - start_manual:.4f} s")
print(f"FFT Time (N=128): {end_fft - start_fft:.6f} s")
print("DFT and FFT match:", np.allclose(X_manual, X_fft, atol=1e-6))
```

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# 3. Frequency Spectrum and Heart Rate
# -----
X = np.fft.fft(ecg)
freqs = np.fft.fftfreq(N, d=1/Fs)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
plt.plot(freqs[:N//2], np.abs(X[:N//2]))
plt.title("ECG Frequency Spectrum")
plt.xlabel("Frequency (Hz)")
plt.ylabel("|X[k]|")
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
# Estimate heart rate from dominant frequency
spectrum = np.abs(X[:N//2])
#spectrum[0] = 0 # remove DC
peak_idx = np.argmax(spectrum)
dominant_freq = freqs[peak_idx]
bpm = dominant_freq * 60
print(f"Estimated Heart Rate: {bpm:.2f} BPM")
# -----
# 4. Frequency-Domain Filtering
# -----
cutoff = 40 \# Hz
X_filtered = X.copy()
X_filtered[np.abs(freqs) > cutoff] = 0
ecg_filtered = np.fft.ifft(X_filtered).real
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
plt.plot(t[:1000], ecg[:1000], label="Original")
plt.plot(t[:1000], ecg_filtered[:1000], label="Filtered")
plt.title("Original vs Filtered ECG")
plt.xlabel("Time (s)")
plt.ylabel("Amplitude (mV)")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
# -----
# 5. Parseval's Theorem Verification
E_time = np.sum(ecg**2)
```

```
E_freq = (1/N) * np.sum(np.abs(X)**2)
print(f"Time Domain Energy: {E_time:.4f}")
print(f"Freq Domain Energy: {E_freq:.4f}")
print("Parseval's theorem holds:", np.allclose(E_time, E_freq, rtol=1e-4))
# 6. Circular Convolution with ECG
# -----
def circular convolution(x, h):
   N = len(x)
    h_padded = np.pad(h, (0, N - len(h)), 'constant')
    y = np.zeros(N, dtype=complex)
    for n in range(N):
        for m in range(N):
            y[n] += x[m] * h_padded[(n - m) % N]
    return y.real
# Use moving average filter
h = np.ones(10) / 10
y_circ = circular_convolution(ecg, h)
# Linear convolution for comparison
y_lin = convolve(ecg, h, mode='same')
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
plt.plot(t[:1000], ecg[:1000], label="Original ECG", alpha=0.6)
plt.plot(t[:1000], y_lin[:1000], label="Linear Convolution", linewidth=2)
plt.plot(t[:1000], y_circ[:1000], '--', label="Circular Convolution", __
 →linewidth=1.5)
plt.title("Circular vs Linear Convolution on ECG")
plt.xlabel("Time (s)")
plt.ylabel("Amplitude (mV)")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
# Error due to circular wrap-around
error = y_circ - y_lin
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 3))
plt.plot(t[:1000], error[:1000])
plt.title("Error: Circular - Linear Convolution (Zoomed)")
plt.xlabel("Time (s)")
plt.ylabel("Amplitude Error")
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

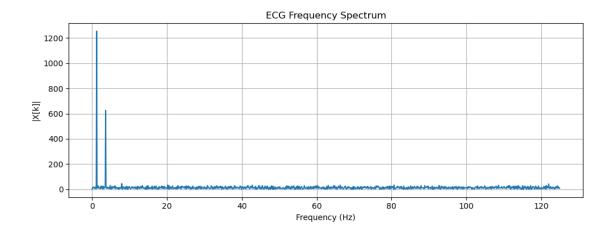




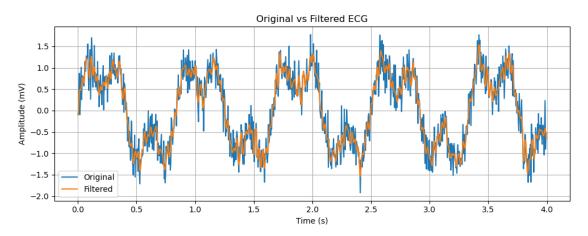
Manual DFT Time (N=128): 0.0752 s

FFT Time (N=128): 0.000000 s

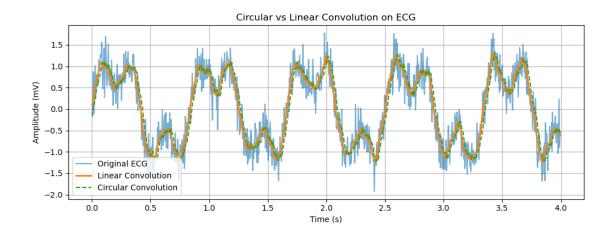
DFT and FFT match: True

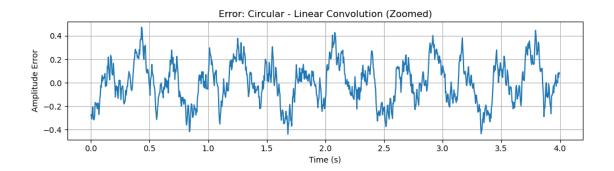


Estimated Heart Rate: 72.00 BPM



Time Domain Energy: 1797.2388 Freq Domain Energy: 1797.2388 Parseval's theorem holds: True



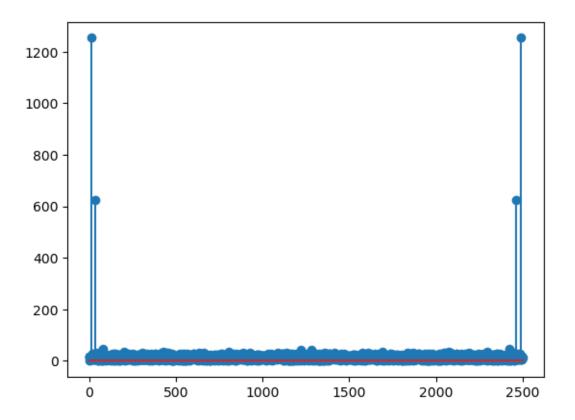


[60]: print(freqs)

[ 0. 0.1 0.2 ... -0.3 -0.2 -0.1]

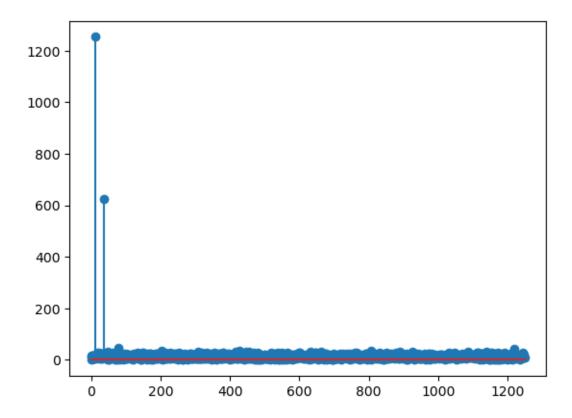
[50]: plt.stem(abs(X))

[50]: <StemContainer object of 3 artists>



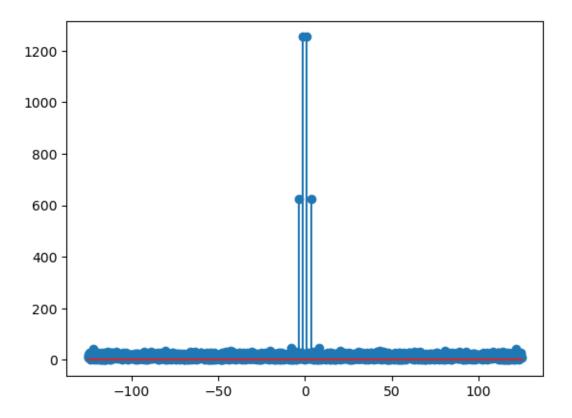
[64]: plt.stem(spectrum)

[64]: <StemContainer object of 3 artists>



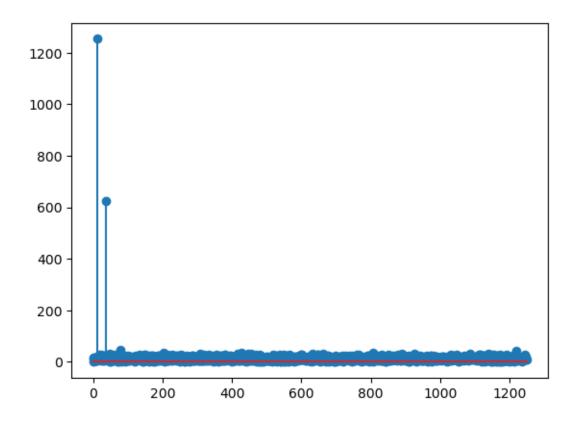
[52]: plt.stem(freqs,abs(X))

[52]: <StemContainer object of 3 artists>



[56]: plt.stem(spectrum)

[56]: <StemContainer object of 3 artists>



[7]: print(np.sum((ecg-ecg\_filtered)\*\*2))

153.2017937650656

[]: