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1) (80 pts) Given the head of a singly linked list and an integer k, split the linked list into k consecutive linked list parts. The length of each part should be as equal as possible: no two parts should have a size differing by more than one. This may lead to some parts being null. The parts should be in the order of occurrence in the input list, and parts occurring earlier should always have a size greater than or equal to parts occurring later.

Return an array of the k parts.

(20 pts) Please include 2 testcases.

Example:

Input: head = [1,2,3], k = 5

Output: [[1],[2],[3],[],[]]

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LOGIC 00 12: head = [1,2,3,4,5,6], K=4
 ans = (1,2), (3,4), (5), (6) > [1,3,5,6]
72; head = [1,2,3,4) K=5
                                                ches new (tail > new = new Node)
and = (1) (2) (3) (4) (NULL)
                                                      newlitail = newNoole;
1) Find the length of linked list.
2) If K>n, and NULL values at the and of answer
                                                  'head > head s next;
                                                vedor 2 Node +7 Split K (Node of head)
1 compute on= n% k. If 8! =0 the.
The first & linked lists will have sige
                                                ( I'm n = find length (head);
Canal and 1 more than K-r 11sts
(4) Generate Pack linked lists & acid their
                                                 int rz nock!
                                                 veltor. < Node # > ans;
  front node to answer.
                                                  while (head! = NULLO ( TO TO TO ) {
Time completify: O(n) & Referencing }

space completify: O(n) leave roote?
                                                  if (Y) size = K+1; else size = K;
if (K>n) size = 1;
Node of newlistlead = generate Linked List (
int findlength (Node Hyoot) (Node & current = not int count = 0; oot) while ( root! = NULL) ( count +;
                                                                             head, size);
                                                  ans. append (new List Head);
    proot = root -> ne mt;
                                      11 reference
 return count;
                                                         Int rem = k-n;
Node Ageneratelinked List (Node Theory)
                                                  retain and while (rem --)
ENOdo strewllhed, strewltail = NULL;
                                                  white (NULL)
 While (size -- ) { Node # new Node - new Node (head -> dosa),
                                                 , retur ans;
 is (new thed == nou)
 newlthead = newNode , NewHail = New Nado
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