

# **Application Architecture**

**Vision**

**Object-Relational Database Implementation Model**

**Party Role / Customer**

**Assignment for role: Application Architect, Telia**

# Background

## Mission Objectives

- Elevate Customer Experience & Optimise Business Units Operations
  - Customer Base | Organisations bring new individuals + vice-versa
  - Smart CRM | Data Management & Analytics, Communication Automation
  - Service Quality | Lean interactions between Customers & Business Units
- Brand & Market Development
  - Customer Experience | Design of Customer Journey & Product Lifecycle
  - Marketing Strategy | ML for Macro-Trends & Customer Profile

# Background

## Design Considerations

- Cross-Country (Nordic & Baltic) | Flexibility & Localisation for Territory Values
- Global Coverage | Compliance to Regional Privacy & Security Standards
- Business Units | Business Network, Industry Digitalisation, Cloud & Security, Mobility, Contact Center, Wholesale, IoT, Crowd Insights
- 25M Customers 19k colleagues | Shared, Scaleable, Redundant & Fast
- Compliant to Tele Management Forum guidelines and frameworks

# Guidelines

## TM Forum Frameworks

GB922 Customer Domain Business Entities | Version 22.5.0

GB922 Party Business Entities | Version 19.0.1

GB991 Core Frameworks (Concepts and Principles) | Version 22.5.0

TM Forum Open Digital Architecture (ODA)

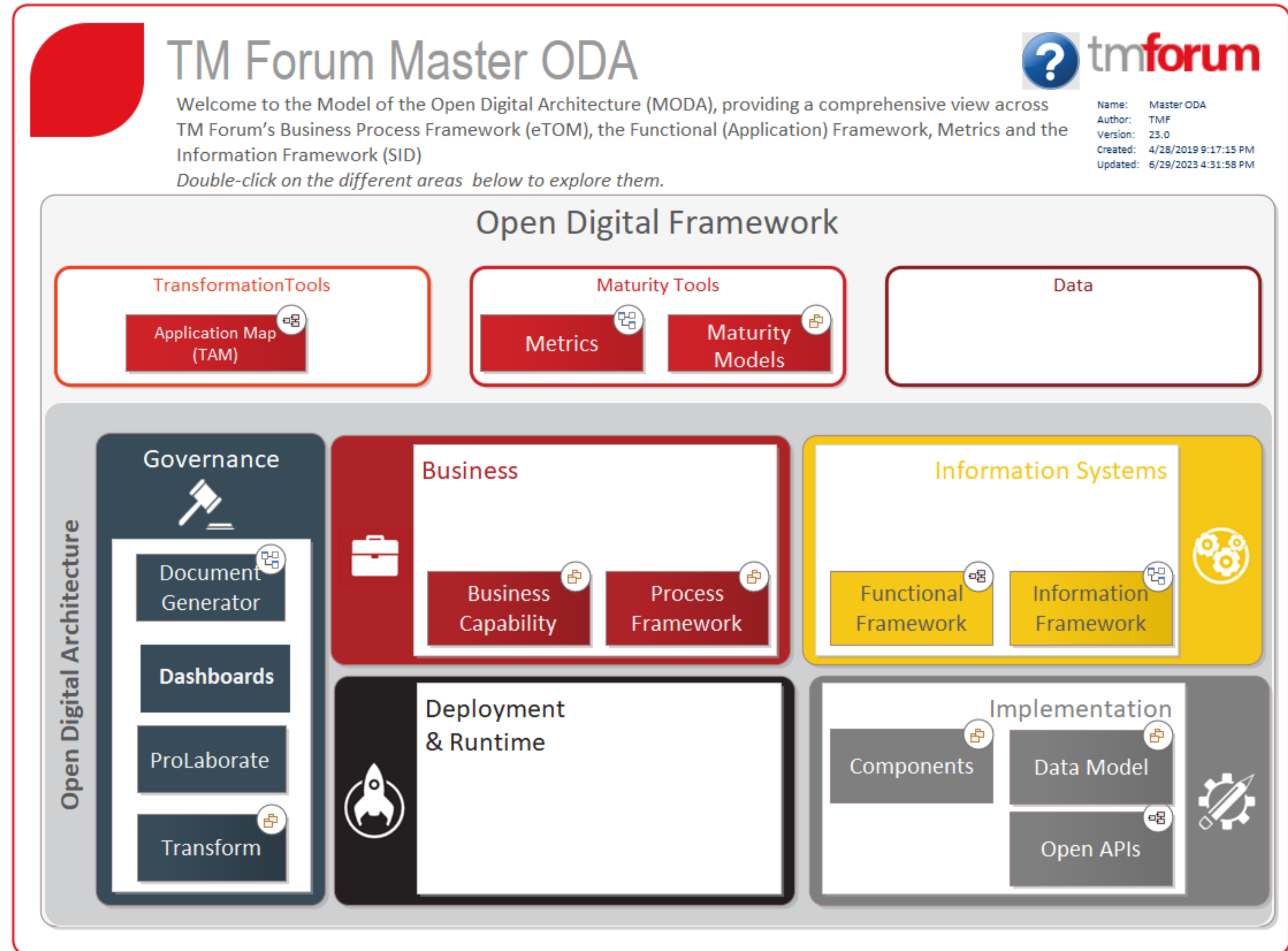
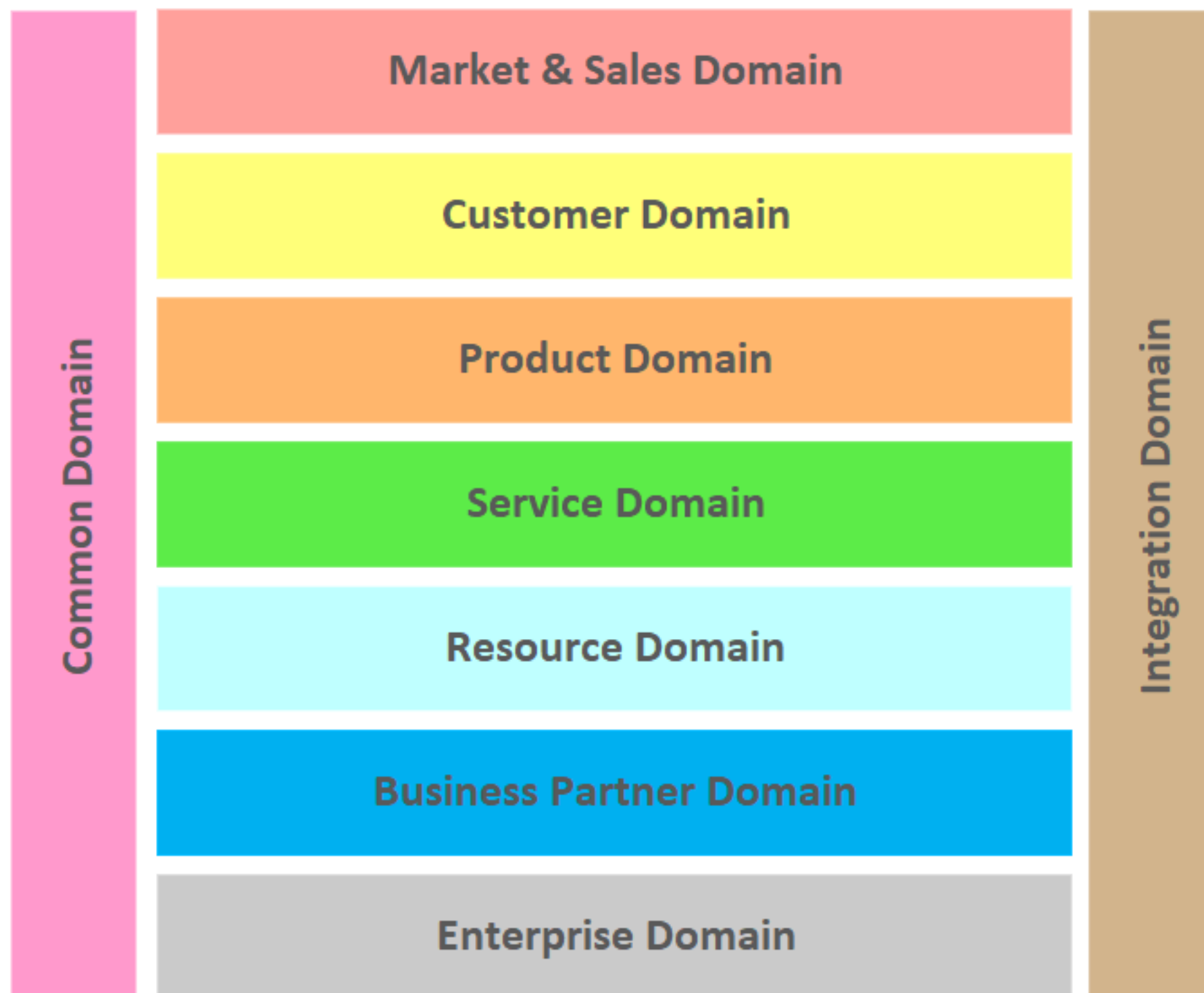
1. The Business Process Framework (aka eTOM)
2. The Information Framework (aka as SID)
3. The Functional Framework

TM Forum Master ODA <https://www.tmforum.org/oda/moda/>

# TM Frameworks

## Business & Information

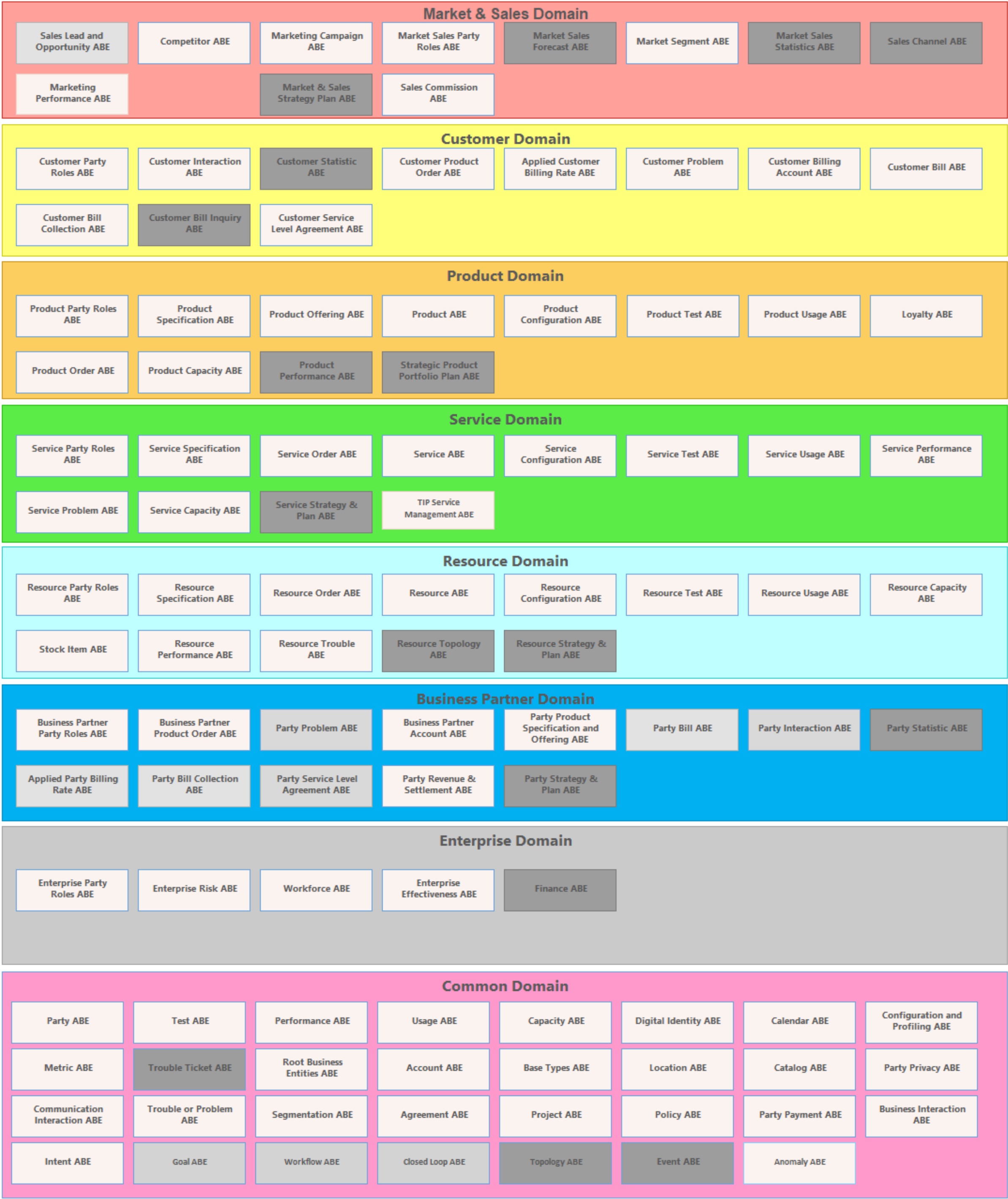
- Domains from Open Digital



# TM Frameworks

## Focus: Information / Customer

- Focus: Information Framework
  - Customer Domain
    - Customer PartyRole ABE
- Consider: Business Framework. &
- Other Domains, esp.:
  - Market & Sales
  - Service | Product



# Teamwork & IS Lifecycle

## Database Planning

- Identify enterprise plans and goals with IS needs
- Evaluate current IS for strengths & weaknesses
- Include opportunities for competitive advantage
- Plan DB to support Mission Objectives
  - => Mission Statement to be met

# Teamwork & IS Lifecycle

## System definition

- Define scope and boundaries of DB
  - Interfaces with other IS parts in Enterprise
  - Current users & applications
  - Future users & applications
- Definition of user roles: Customers, Partners and Enterprise users
  - then User Views



# Teamwork & IS Lifecycle

## Requirements & Analysis

- Requirements specification & management (centralised + view integration)
- User View Integrations
  - PartyRole / Customer (Customer | Buyer + Service | Product + CSR + M&S)
  - PartyRole / Buyer (Buyer | Customer + Service | Product + CSR + M&S)
  - PartyRole / CustomerServiceRepresentative (CSR + Customer | Buyer + Service | Product + M&S)

# Teamwork & IS Lifecycle

## Database design & Applications design

- IS to support Enterprise operations & objectives
  - DB design approach: Agile (Top-down + Modular)
  - Applications design: Agile (Modular in parallel with DB)
  - DB Conceptual & Apps UX design
  - DB Logical & Apps Transaction design
  - DB Prototyping & Apps UI design
  - Implementation, Data Conversion & Loading, Test, Deploy, Maintain

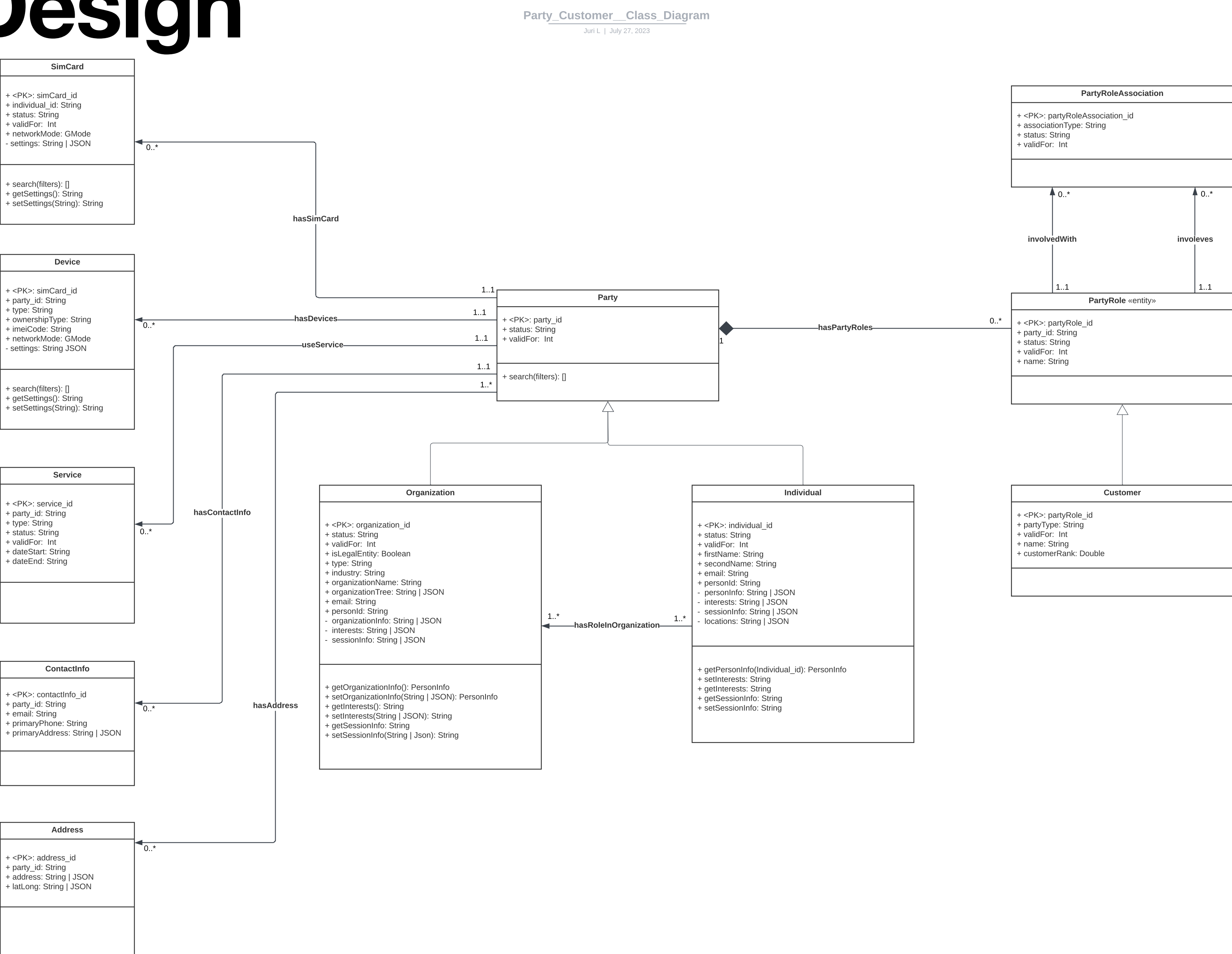
# Database Design

## Scope: PartyRole / Customer

- Parties: individuals & organisations
- Activities: acquire, use, pay, support for services & products
- Strategy to Readiness: customer strategies, capabilities, customer lifecycle management
- Operations: customer relationship management, data, privacy, interactions, communications, orders, accounts, balances, service level agreements (SLAs), training, problems, cases, invoices, payments, disputes, collections, loyalty, performance, usage statistics, analytics and support

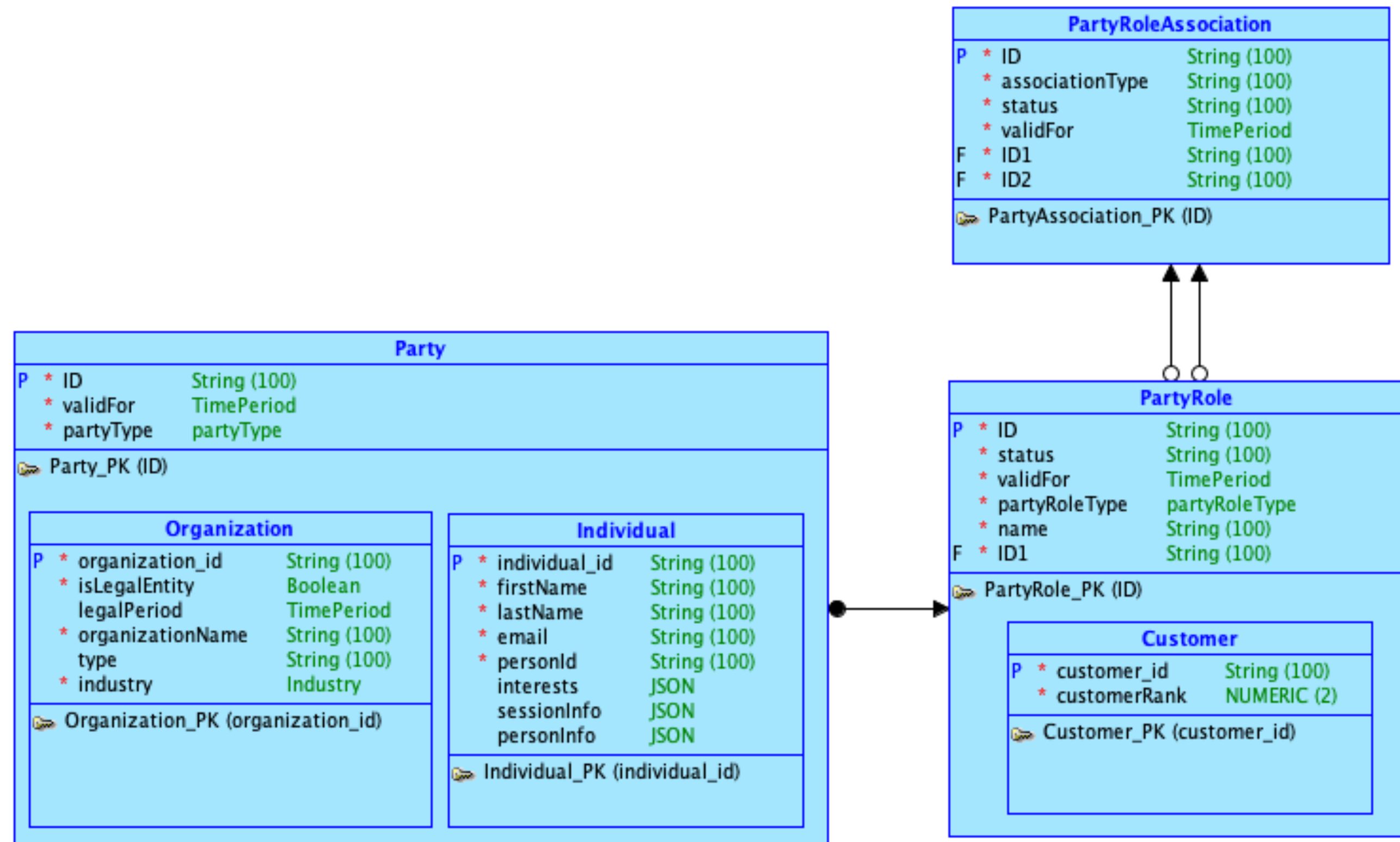
# Database Design

## Class Diagram



# Database Design

## Logical Diagram Party Role / Customer (draft)



# Database Design

## Relational Diagram Party Role / Customer (draft)

