

## Matplotlib és Seaborn



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## Miért fontos az adatvizualizáció?



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## Miért fontos az adatvizualizáció?

Kinek a dolga? (Külön szakma?)

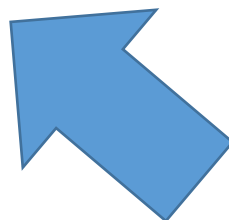
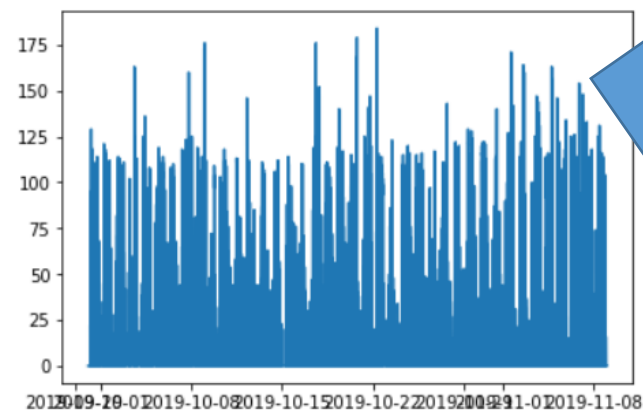
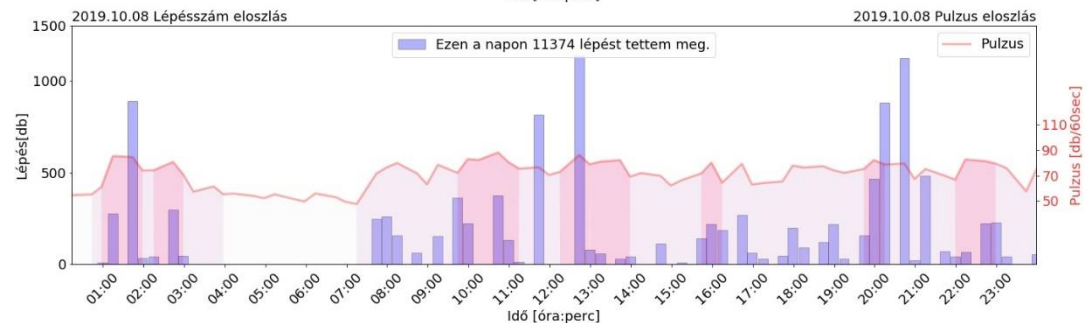
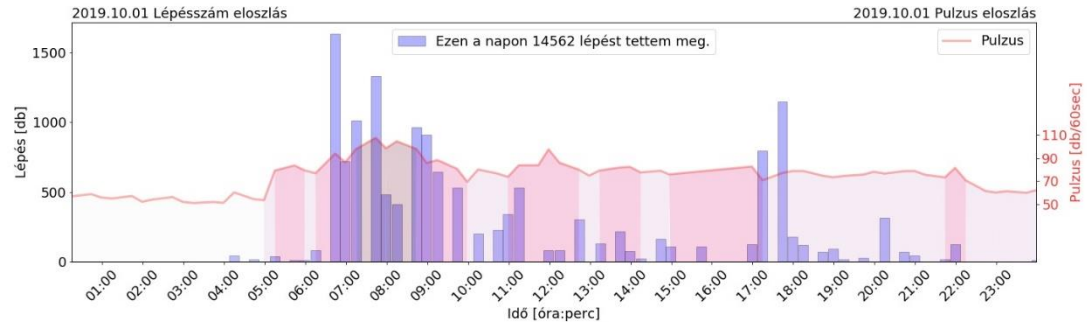
Más vet és más arat?

Ehhez tehetség kell?



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Tuti Paint!



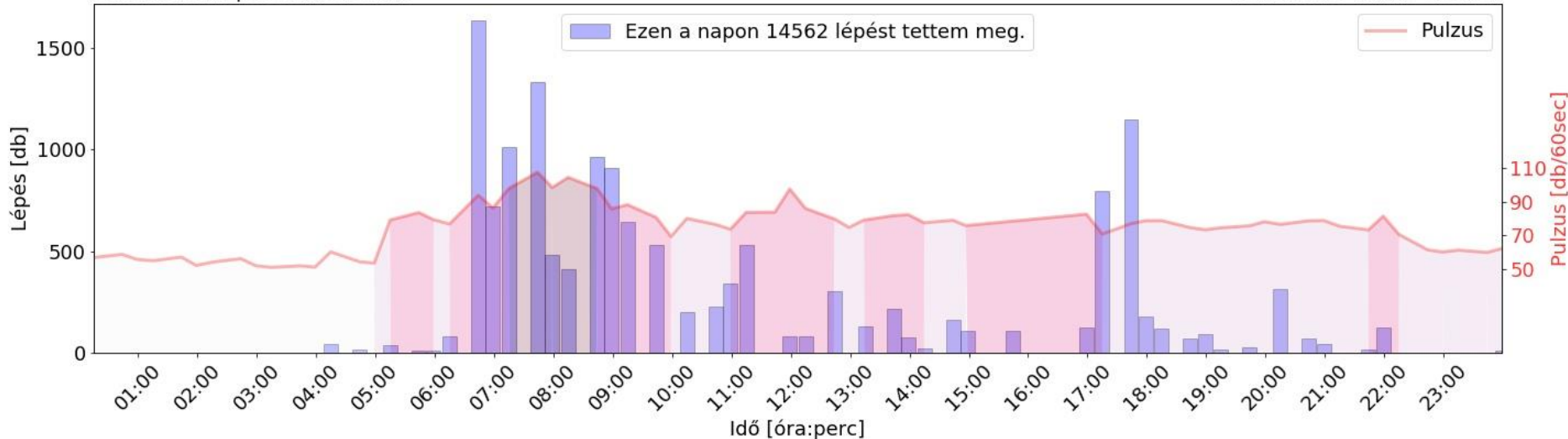
Deszép!



## Alapok

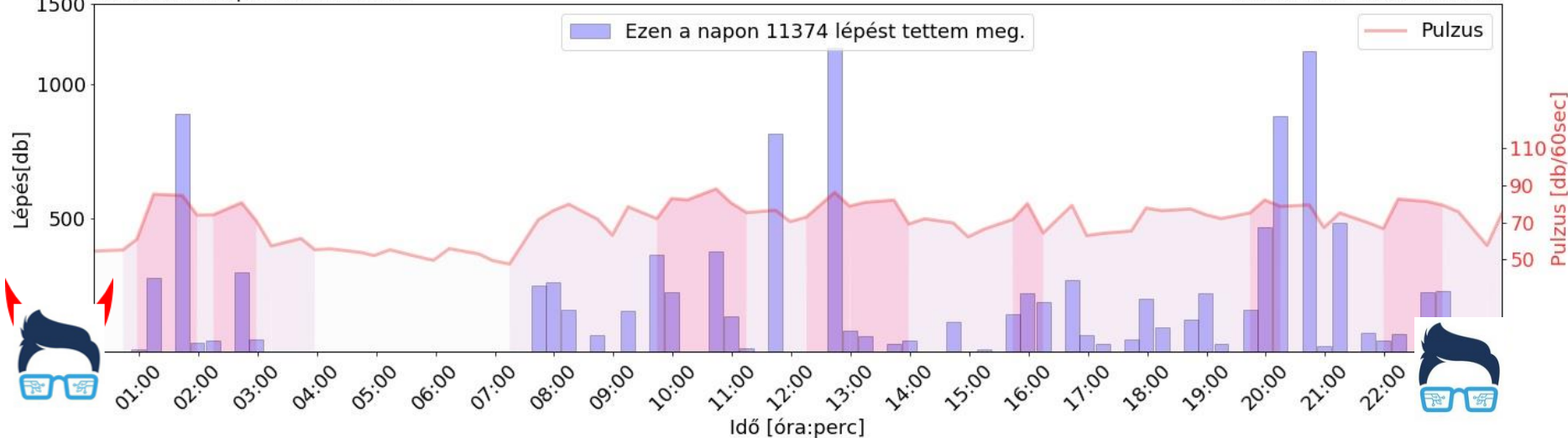
2019.10.01 Lépésszám eloszlás

2019.10.01 Pulzus eloszlás



2019.10.08 Lépésszám eloszlás

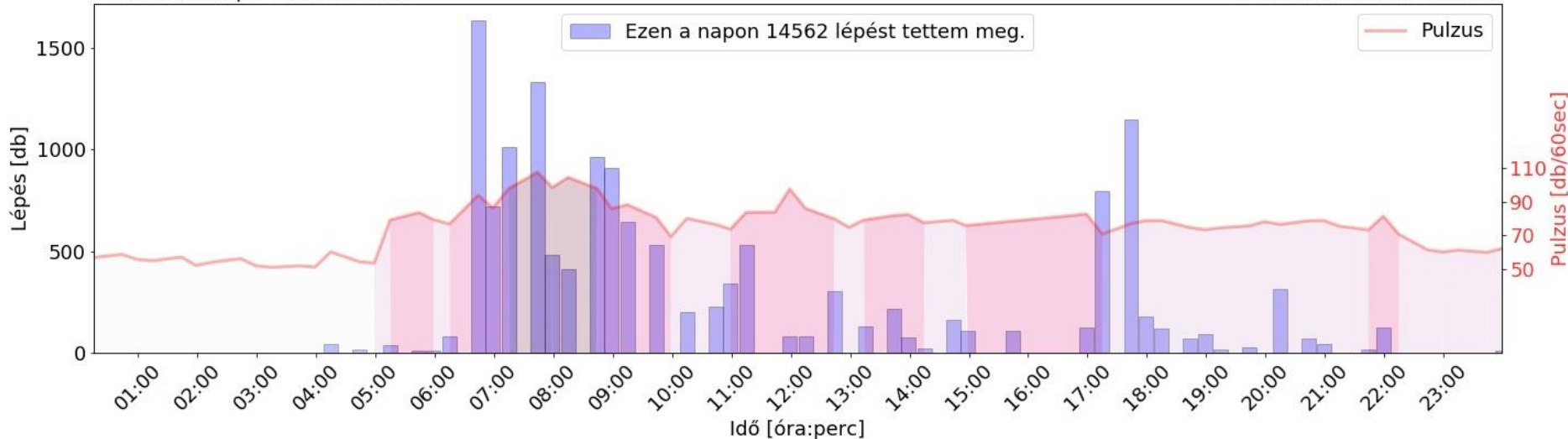
2019.10.08 Pulzus eloszlás



## Alapok

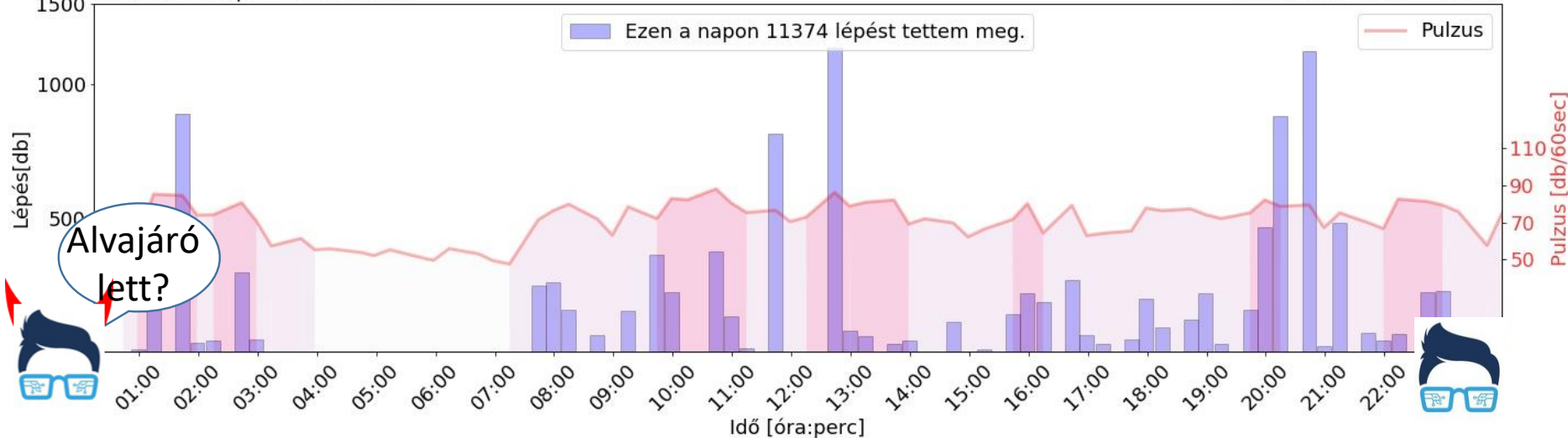
2019.10.01 Lépésszám eloszlás

2019.10.01 Pulzus eloszlás



2019.10.08 Lépésszám eloszlás

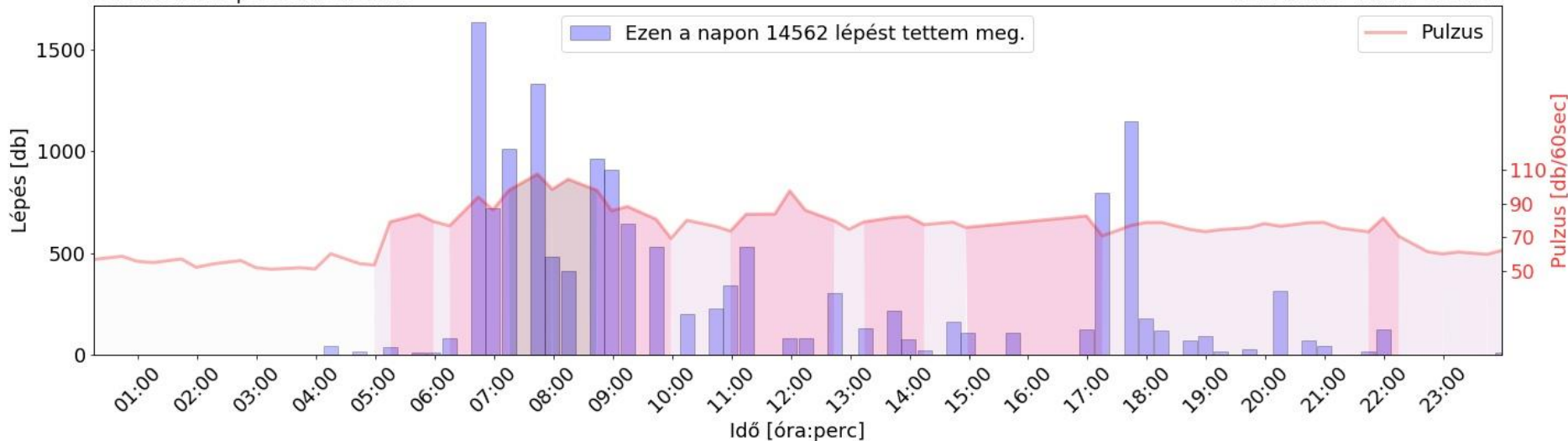
2019.10.08 Pulzus eloszlás



## Alapok

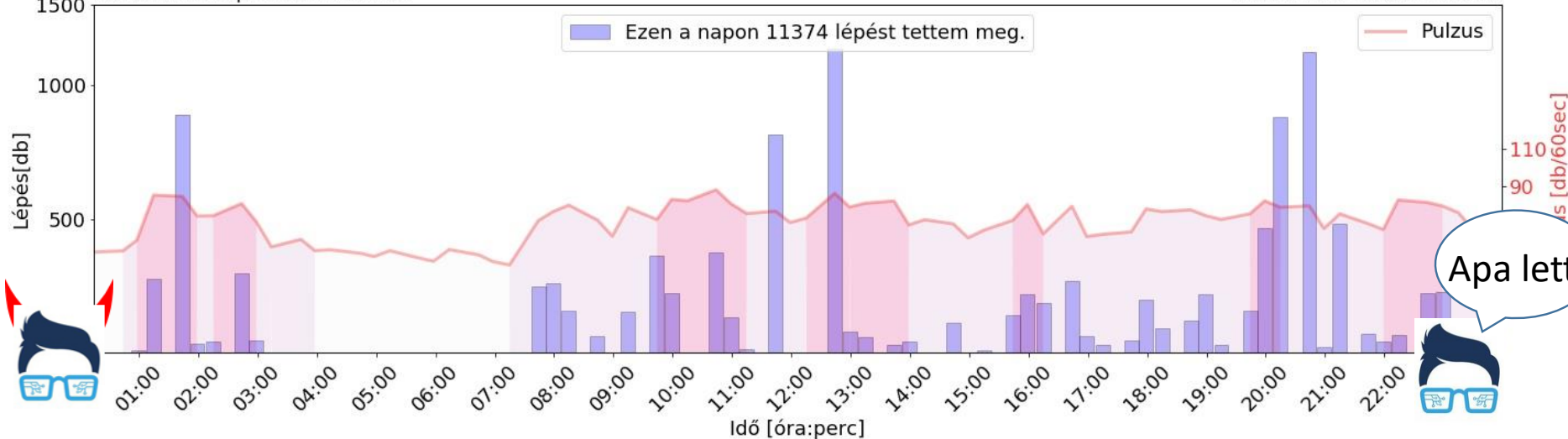
2019.10.01 Lépésszám eloszlás

2019.10.01 Pulzus eloszlás



2019.10.08 Lépésszám eloszlás

2019.10.08 Pulzus eloszlás



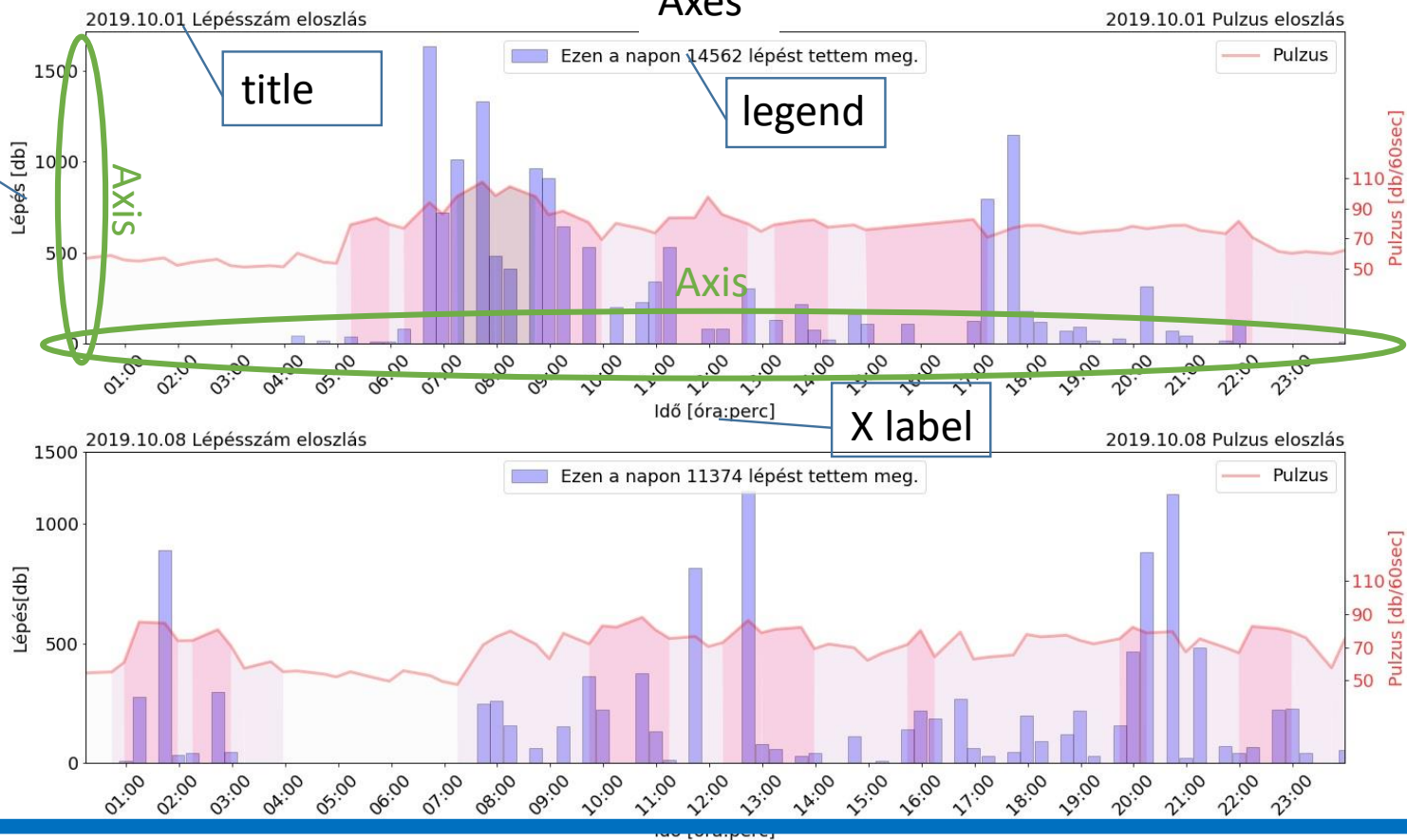


## Alapok

## Figure

## Axes

y label



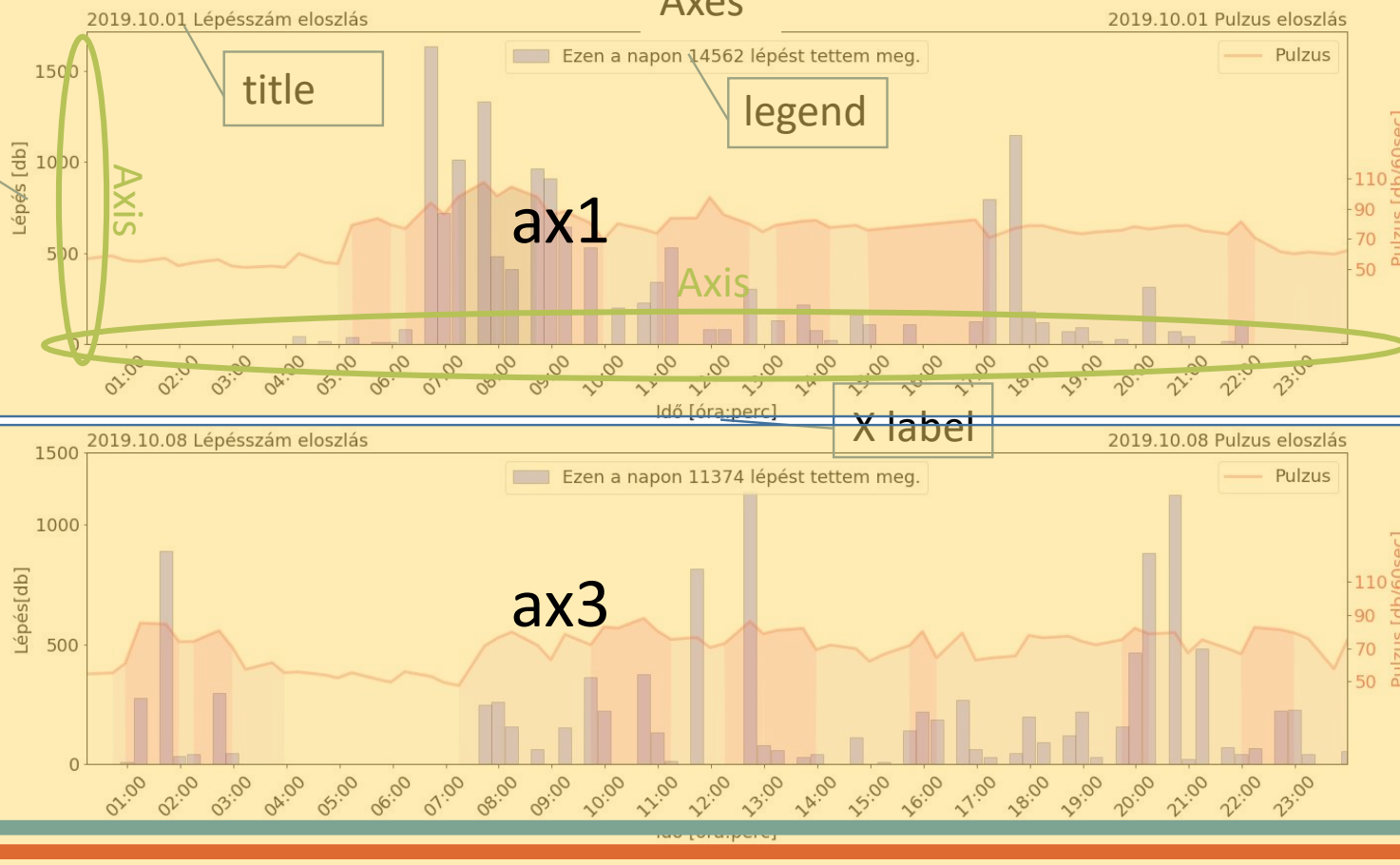
```
fig, (ax1, ax3) = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=1, figsize=(20, 12))
```

## Alapok

## Figure

### Axes

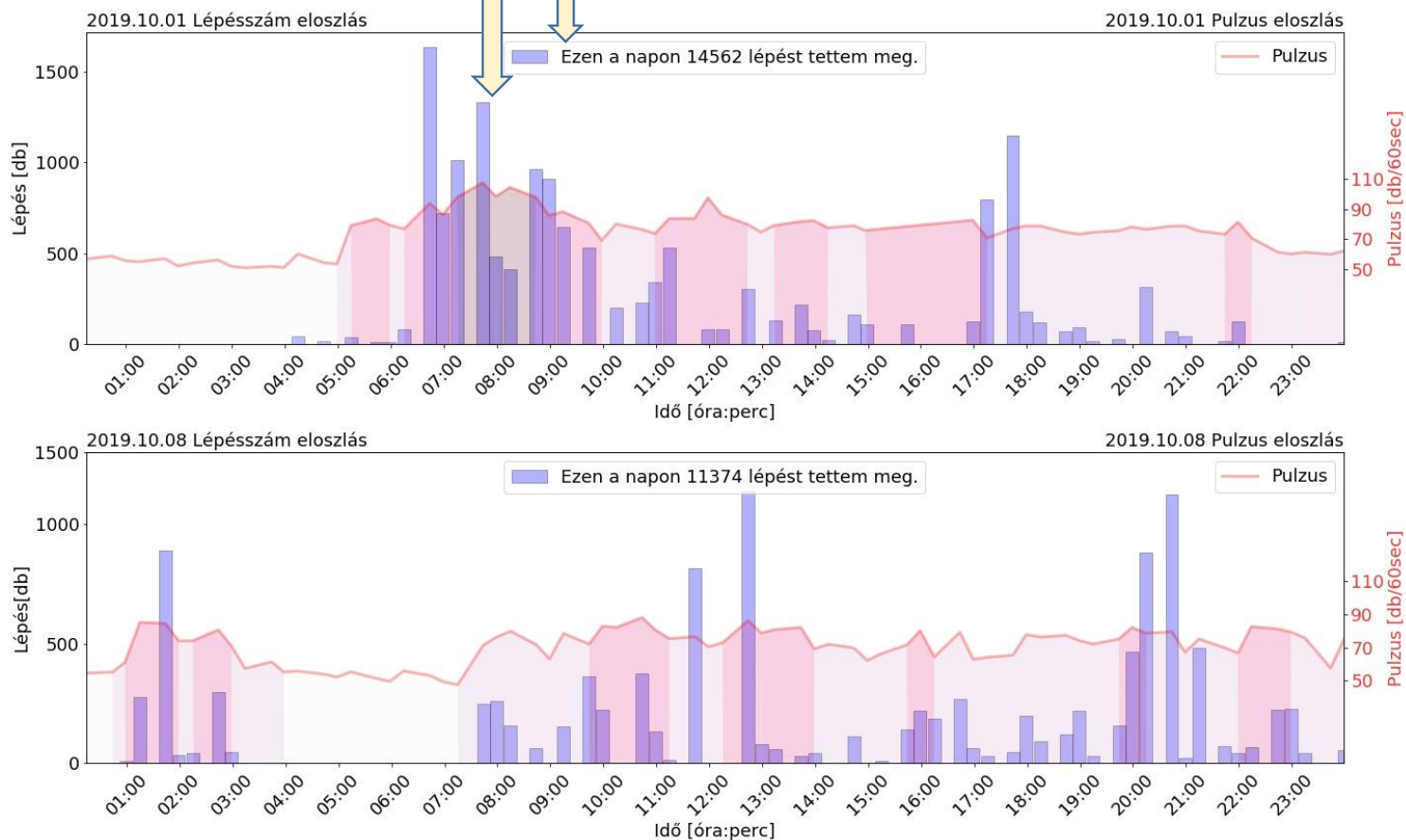
y label



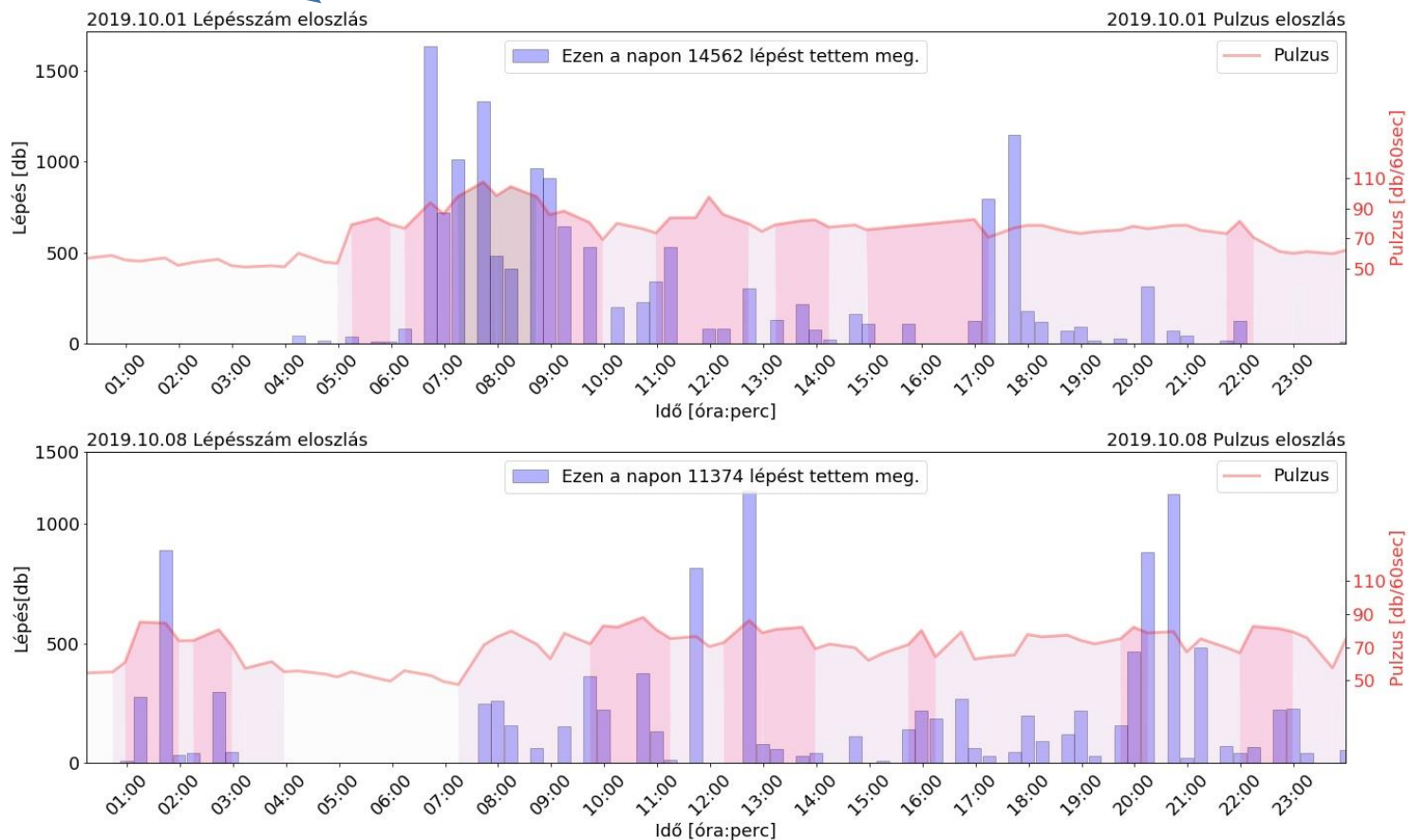
## Alapok

## Az ábra anatómiája

```
ax1.bar(before_baby_steps_Tstamp_x1,before_baby_steps_y1,
width=0.01,color='blue',edgcolor='black',alpha=0.3,
label="Ezen a napon {} lépést tettem meg.".format(sum(before_baby_steps_y1)))
```

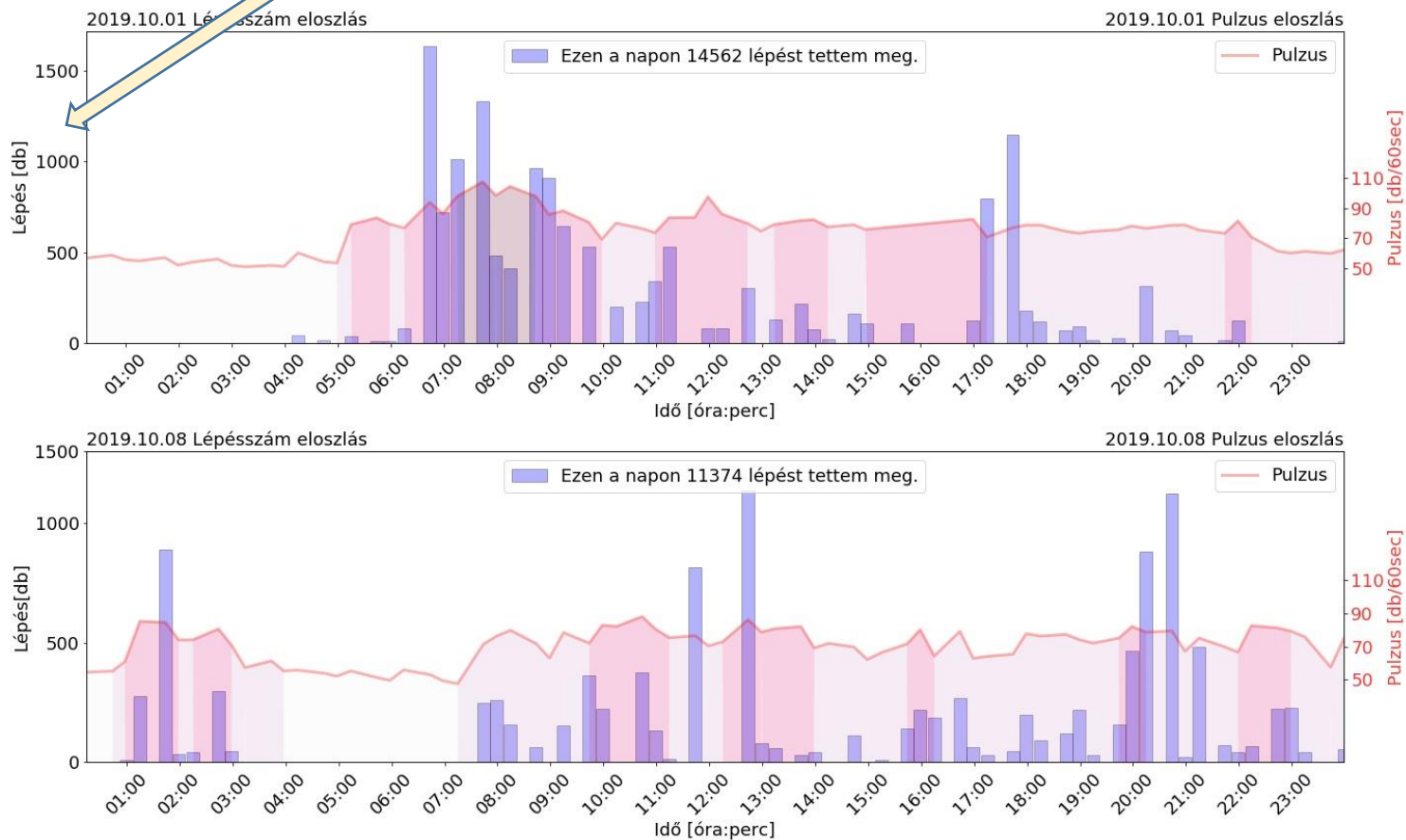


```
ax1.set_title('2019.10.01 Lépésszám eloszlás',loc='left',fontsize = 18)
```



### Alapok

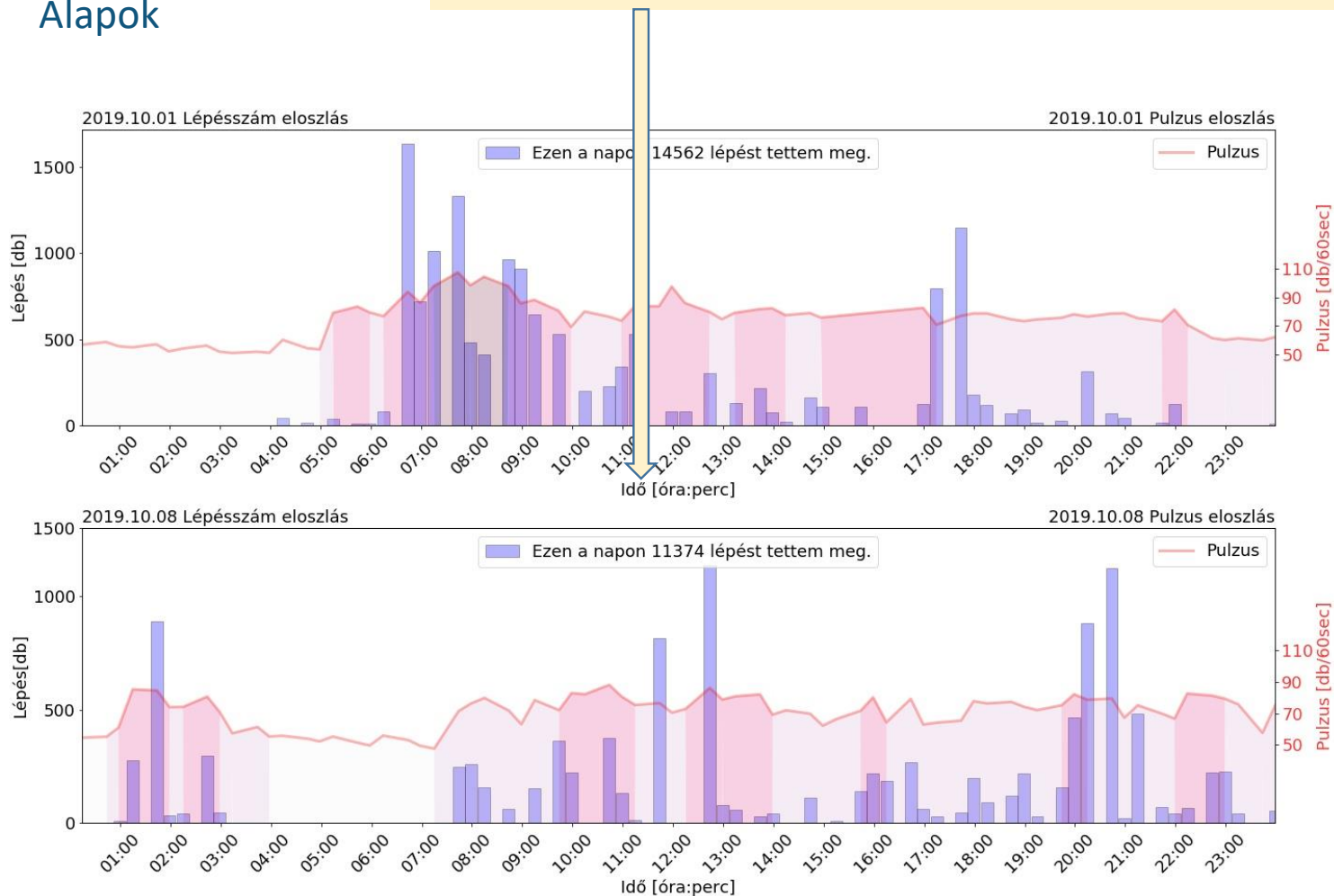
```
ax1.set_ylabel('Lépés [db]', fontsize = 18)
```



## Alapok

### Az ábra anatómiája

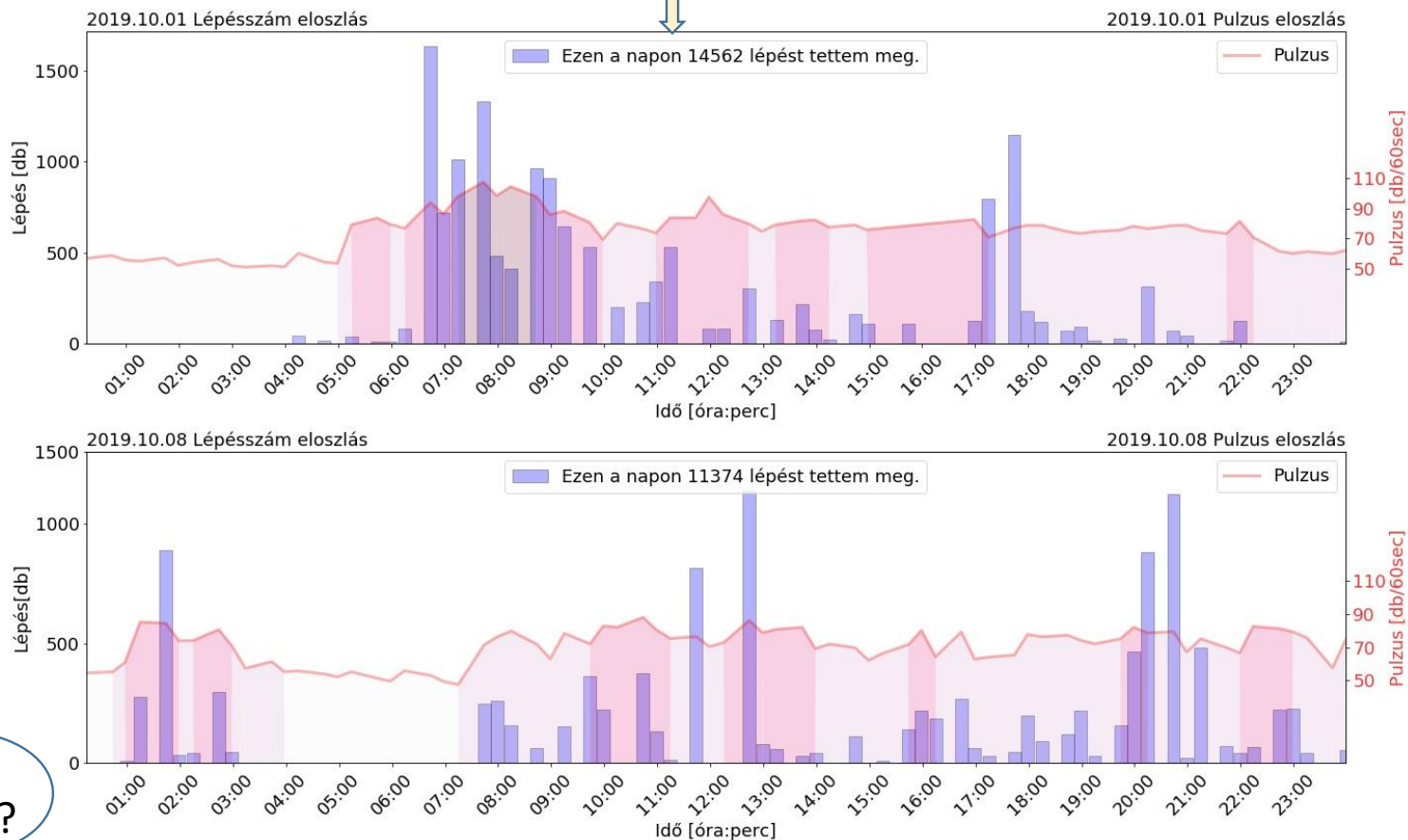
```
ax1.set_xlabel('Idő [óra:perc]', fontsize = 18)
```





### Az ábra anatómiája

```
ax1.legend(loc='upper center', fontsize = 18)
```

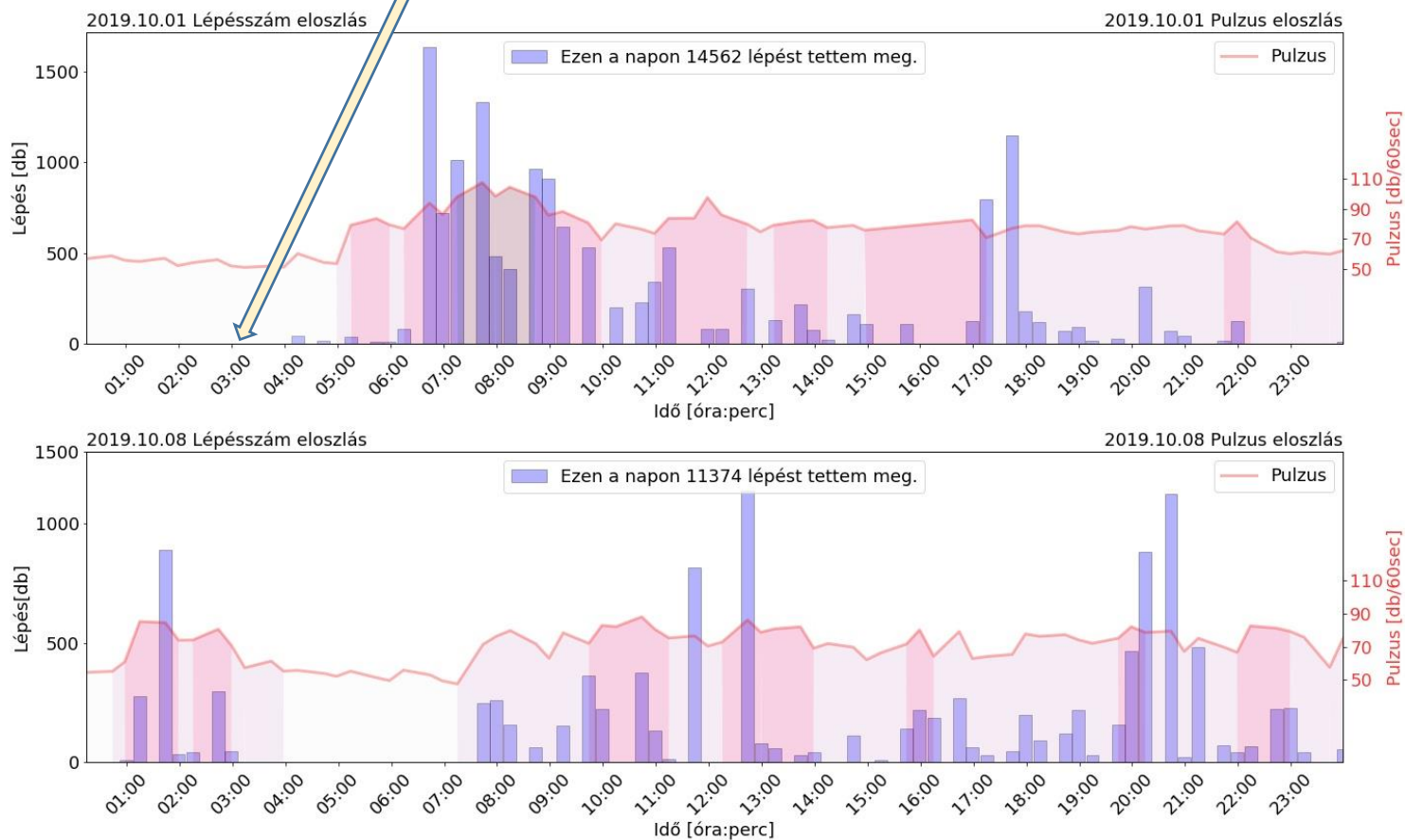


Van még?



### Alapok

```
ax1.set_xticks(ticks=before_baby_xticks)
```

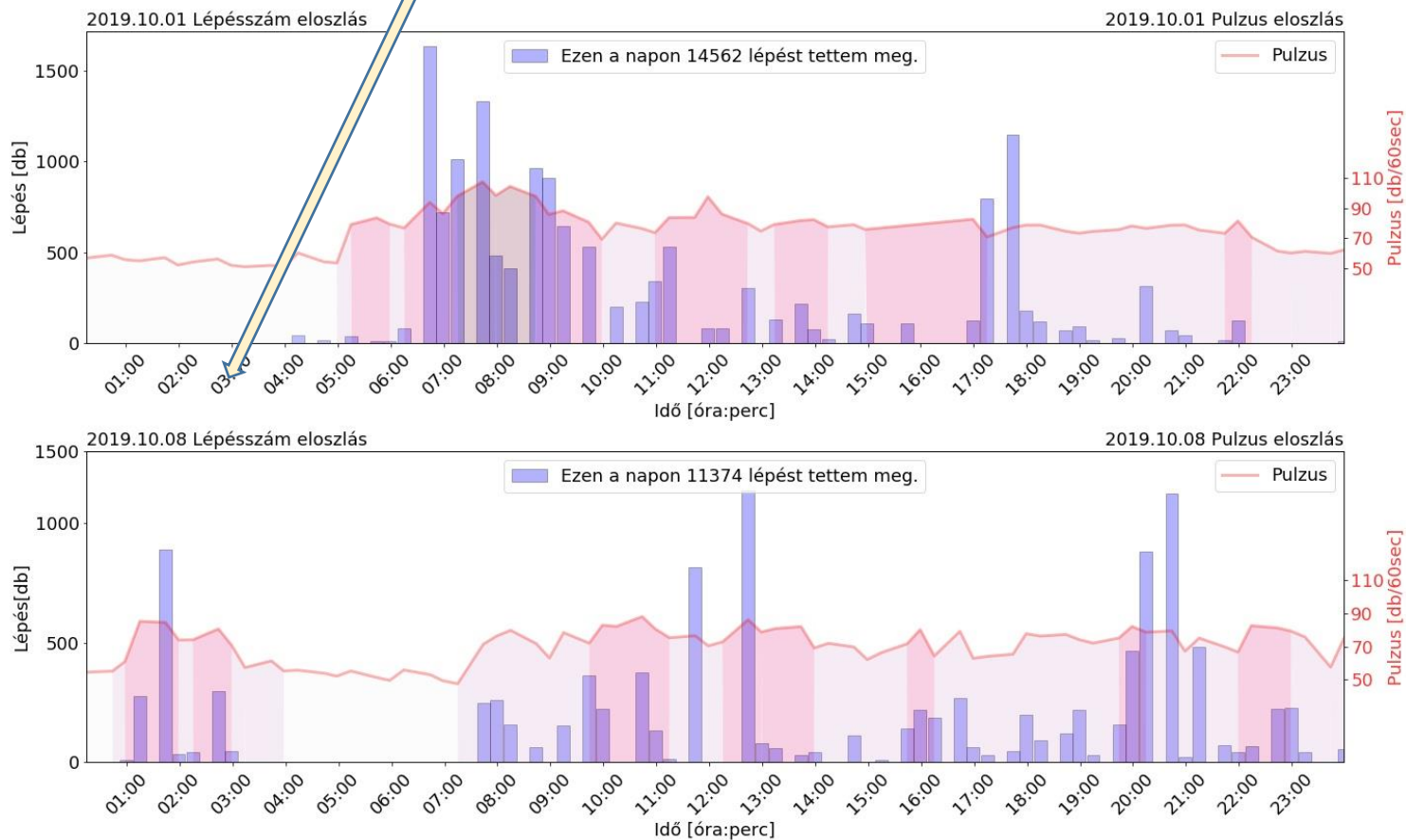




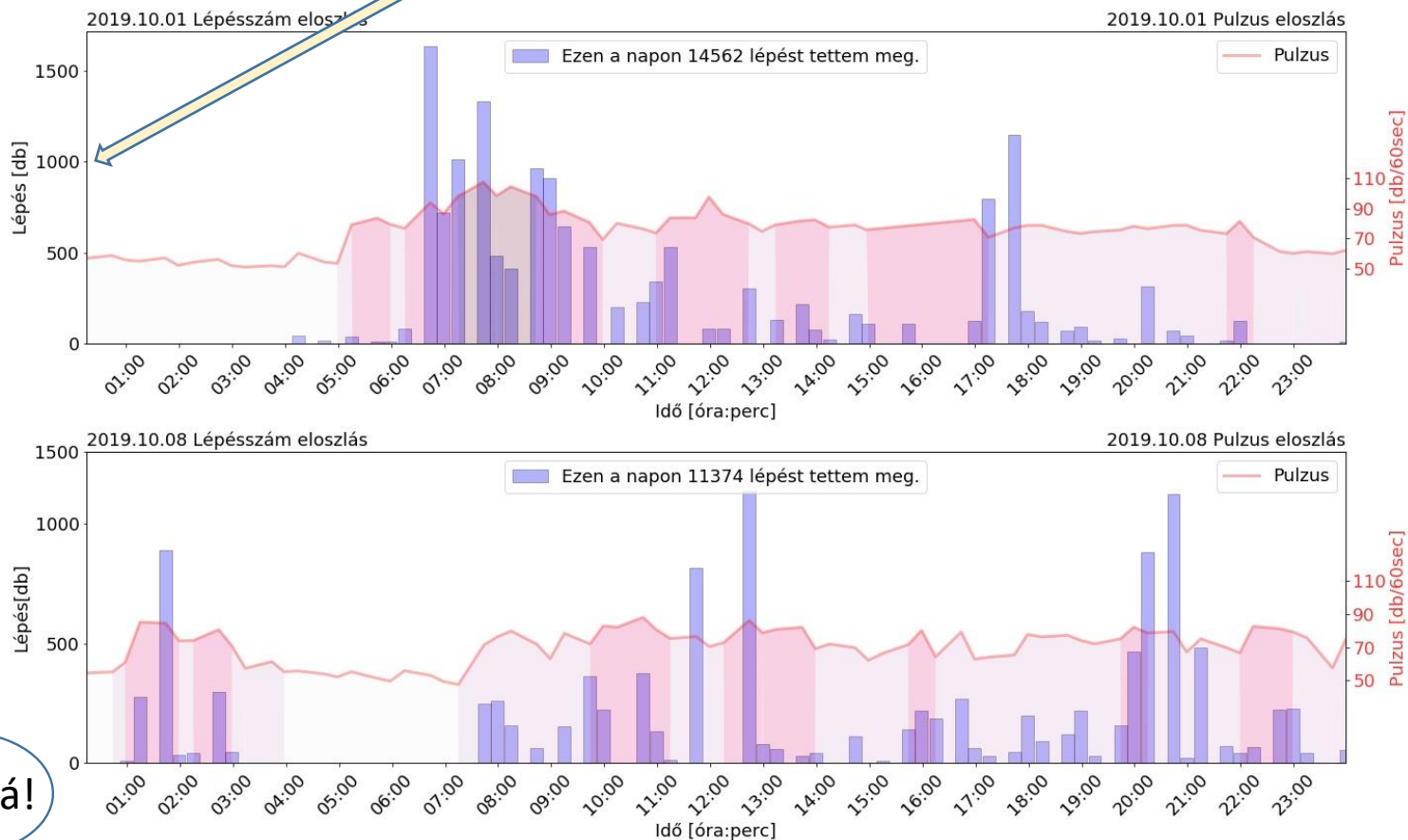
## Alapok

## Az ábra anatómiája

```
ax1.set_xticklabels(before_baby_xtick_labels, fontsize = 18, rotation=45)
```



```
ax1.set_yticks(ticks=before_baby_y_ticks)
```

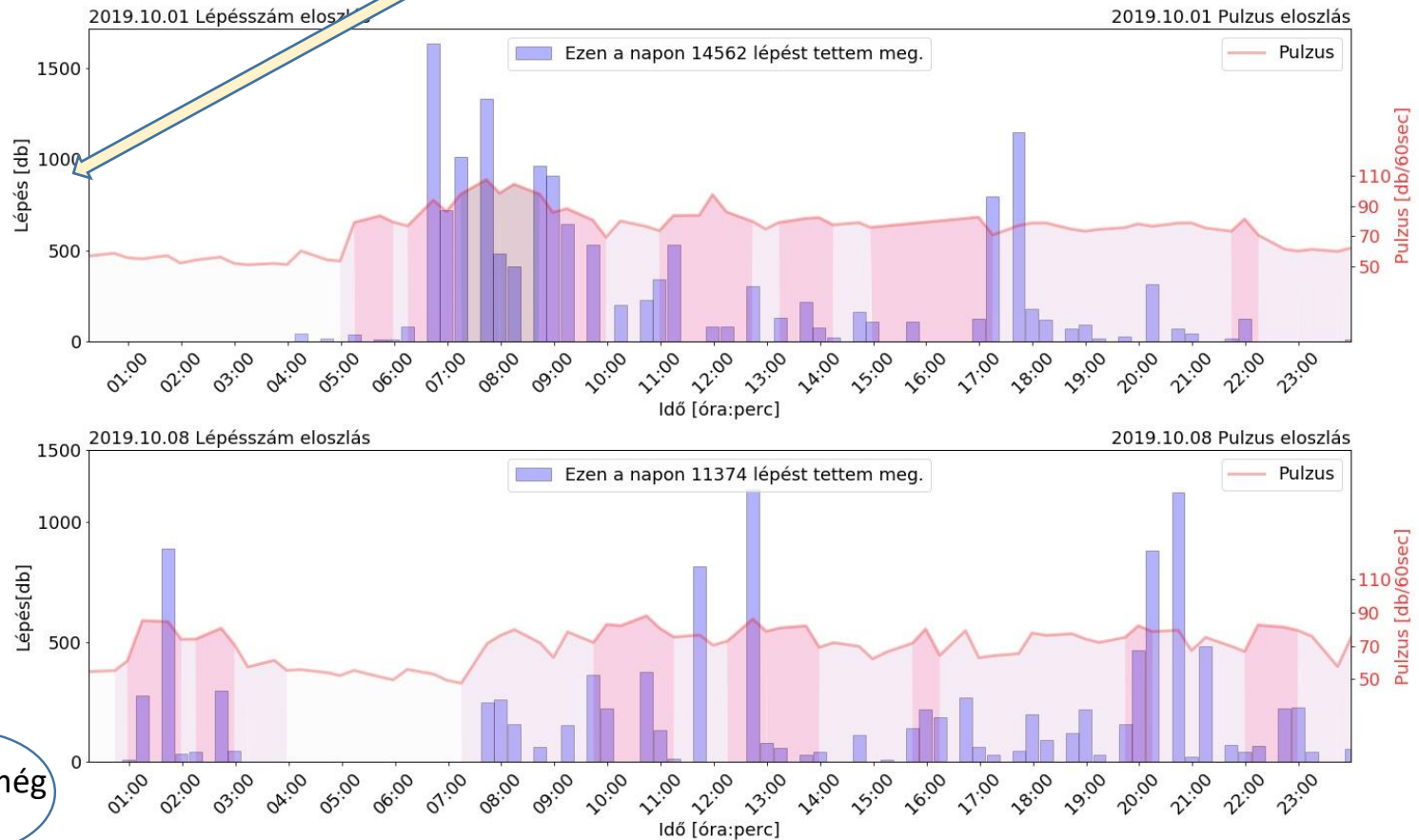


Haladjá!



### Az ábra anatómiája

```
ax1.set_yticklabels(before_baby_ytick_labels, fontsize = 18, rotation=0)
```



Marad még süti?



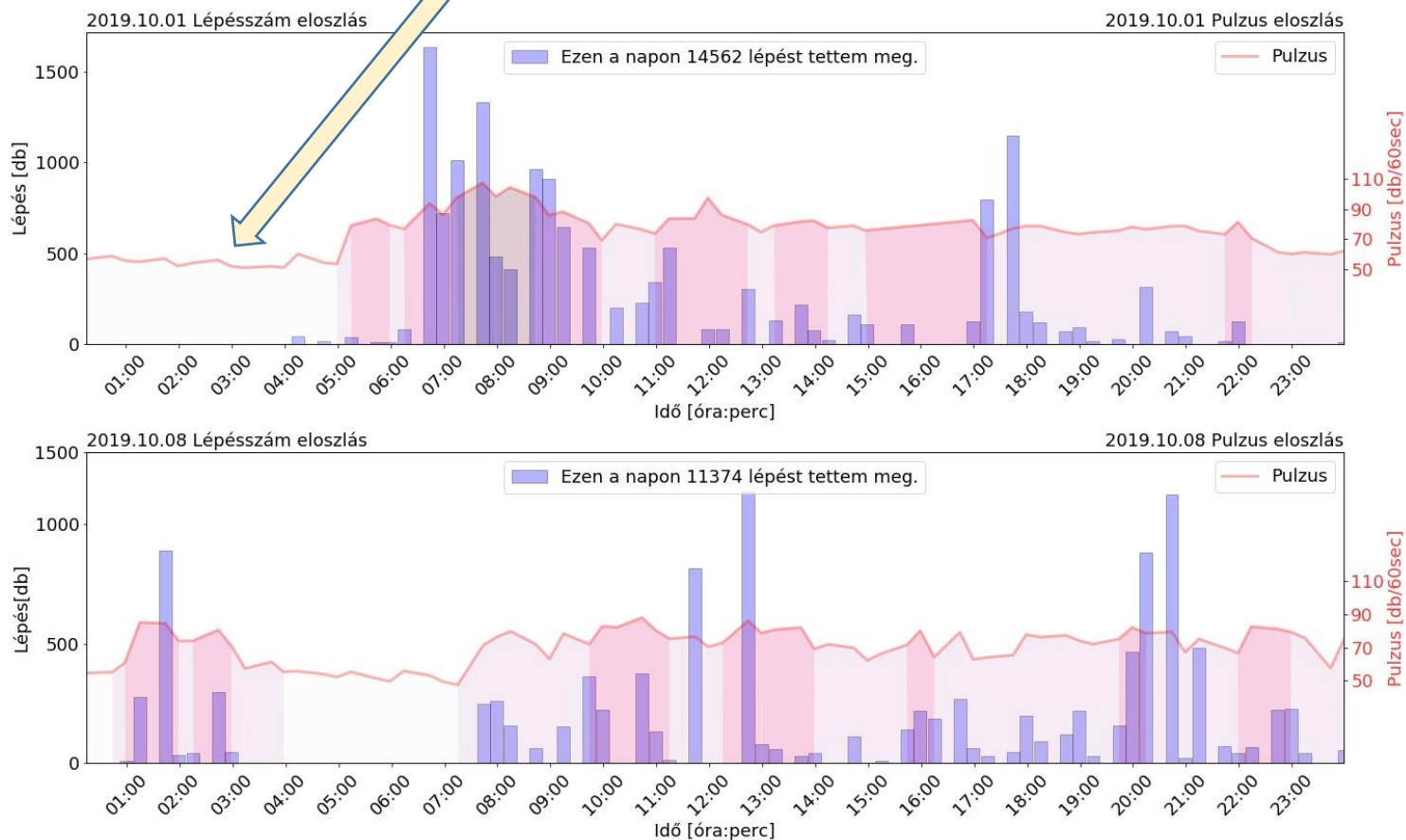
## Alapok

```
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
```

"""Such axes are generated by calling the Axes.twinx method.

Likewise, Axes.twinx is available to generate axes that share a y axis but have different top and bottom scales."""

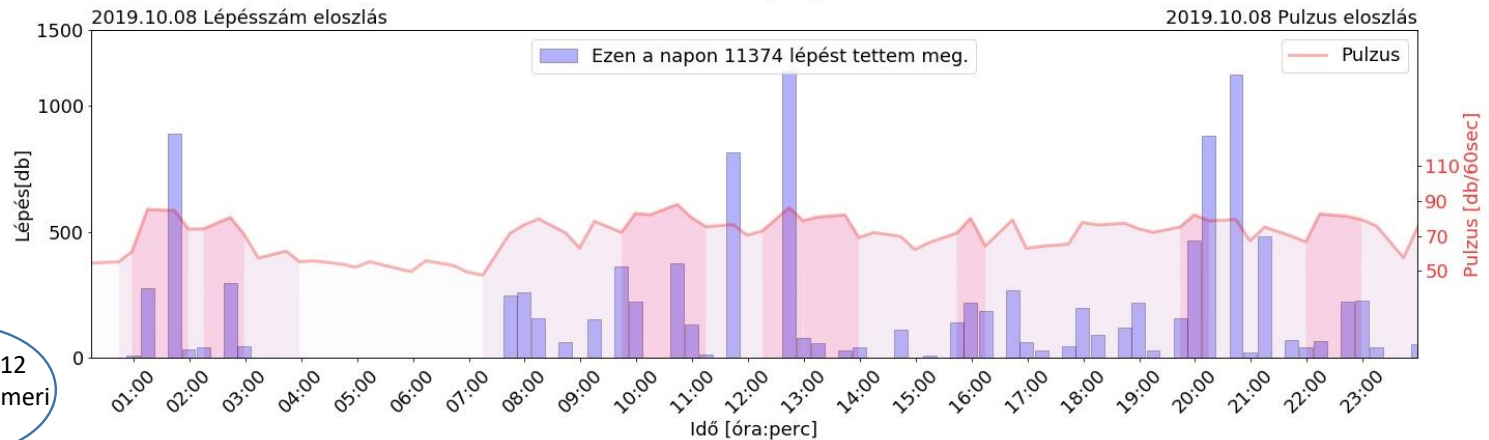
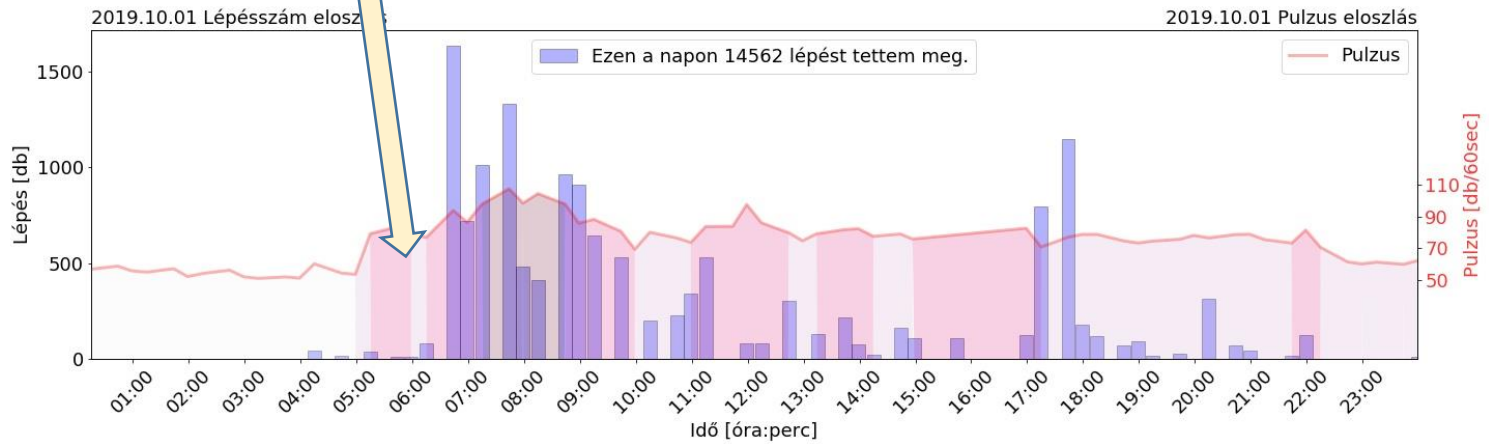
```
ax2.plot(before_baby_heartrate_Tstamp_x1,before_baby_heartrate_hr_y1,color='red',
label="Pulzus",alpha=0.3,linewidth=3)
```



Ebben az esetben az x tengelyek skálája megegyezik!

Trükkös  
rész!

```
state = pd.cut(pd.DataFrame(before_baby_heartrate_hr_y1).hr, bins=bins, labels=range(len(bins)-1))
cmap = plt.get_cmap('PuRd') #https://matplotlib.org/2.0.1/examples/color/colormaps_reference.html
for i, color in enumerate(cmap(np.linspace(start=0, stop=1, num = len(bins)-1))):
    ax2.fill_between(before_baby_heartrate_Tstamp_x1, before_baby_heartrate_hr_y1, -5000,
                     where=state==i, facecolor=color, interpolate=True, alpha=0.2)
```



Windows 12  
alapszínét ismeri  
csak

-5000?

Egy kép többet mond ezer szónál?

```
In [45]: 1 code_str = code_str.replace(".", " ").replace(" ", ".")
          2 print(len(code_str.split()))
```

1600

```
In [ ]: 1
```

Bölcsész!



What?!



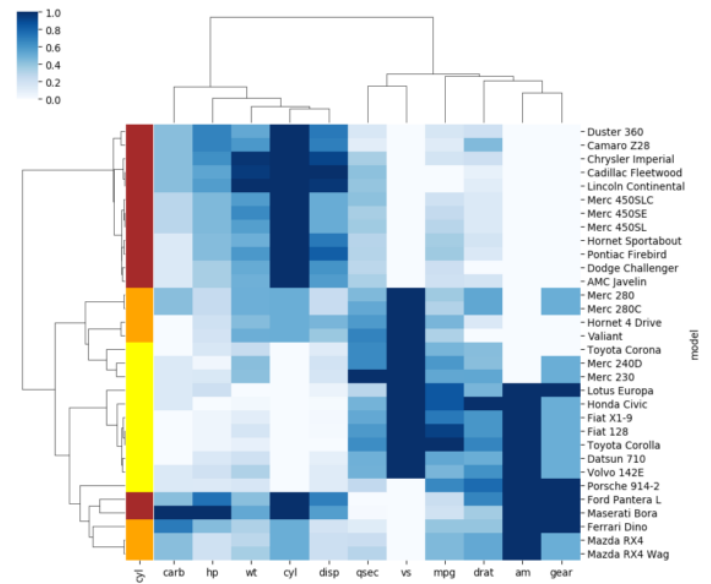
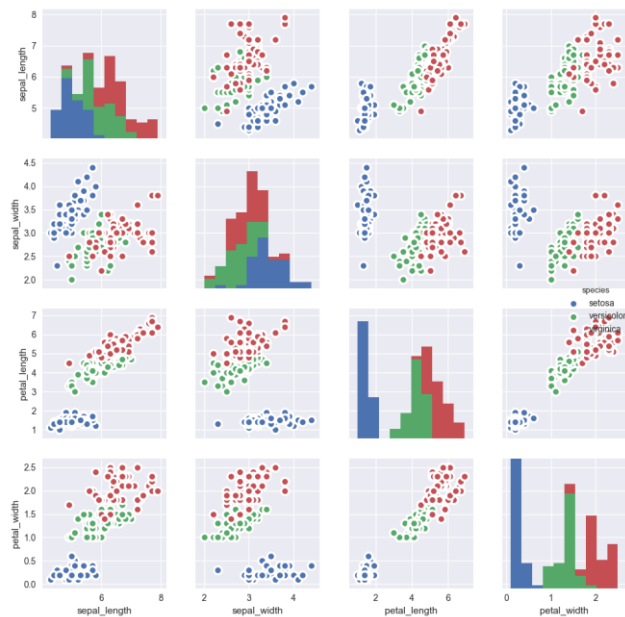
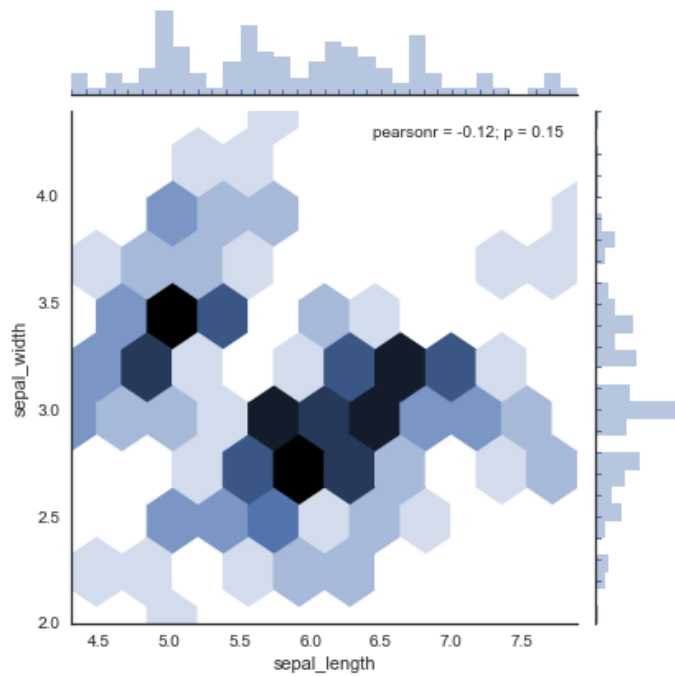
# Seaborn

On Seaborn's official website, they state:  
If matplotlib “tries to make easy things easy and hard things possible”, seaborn tries to make a well-defined set of hard things easy too.





# Seaborn



Excel!

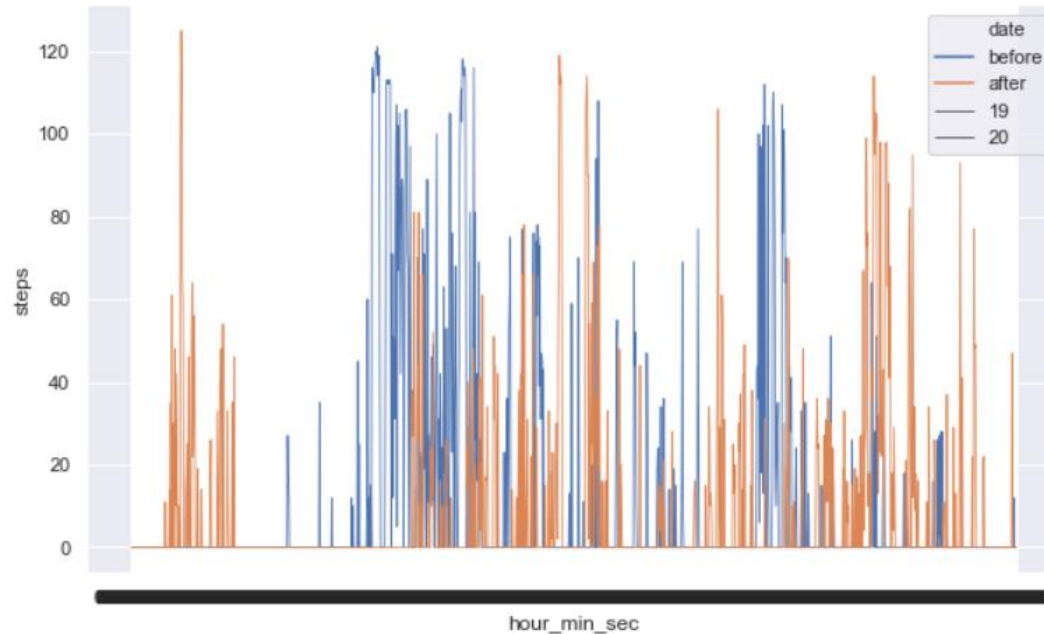
Miben más?



# Seaborn

```
In [77]: 1 plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))  
        2 sns.lineplot(x="hour_min_sec", y="steps", hue="date", data=steps_sns_df,size=20)
```

```
Out[77]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x23b29daa898>
```



Bug, Bug!



Ez is matplotlib?



## Hasznos linkek

[Matplotlib alapjai I.](#) (realpython)

[Matplotlib alapjai II.](#) (towardsdatascience)

[Seaborn tutorial I.](#) (medium.com)

[Seaborn tutorial II.](#) (elitedatascience)

[https://github.com/asztalosaron/BudapestBI2019\\_Matplotlib\\_Seaborn](https://github.com/asztalosaron/BudapestBI2019_Matplotlib_Seaborn)



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