

## Kailash Parshad – Honey-Pots-Logs-To-Elastic-Search-ELK

### Link: -

<https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/deb.html>

### Download and install the public signing key:

#### Command: -

```
wget -qO - https://artifacts.elastic.co/GPG-KEY-elasticsearch | sudo  
gpg --dearmor -o /usr/share/keyrings/elasticsearch-keyring.gpg
```

```
at0m@b0mb:~$ sudo su  
[sudo] password for at0m:  
root@b0mb:/home/at0m# wget -qO - https://artifacts.elastic.co/GPG-KEY-elasticsearch | sudo gpg  
--dearmor -o /usr/share/keyrings/elasticsearch-keyring.gpg
```

### Installing from the APT repository

#### Command: -

```
sudo apt-get install apt-transport-https
```

```
root@b0mb:/home/at0m# sudo apt-get install apt-transport-https
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  apt-transport-https
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 4 not upgraded.
Need to get 1,510 B of archives.
After this operation, 170 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates/universe amd64 apt-transport-https all
2.4.11 [1,510 B]
Fetched 1,510 B in 1s (1,334 B/s)
Selecting previously unselected package apt-transport-https.
(Reading database ... 199765 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../apt-transport-https_2.4.11_all.deb ...
Unpacking apt-transport-https (2.4.11) ...
Setting up apt-transport-https (2.4.11) ...
root@b0mb:/home/at0m#
```

*Save the repository definition to /etc/apt/sources.list.d/elastic-8.x.list*

*Command: -*

```
echo "deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/elasticsearch-keyring.gpg]
https://artifacts.elastic.co/packages/8.x/apt stable main" | sudo
tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/elastic-8.x.list
```

```
root@b0mb:/home/at0m# echo "deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/elasticsearch-keyring.gpg] http
s://artifacts.elastic.co/packages/8.x/apt stable main" | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/elas
tic-8.x.list
deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/elasticsearch-keyring.gpg] https://artifacts.elastic.co/pac
kages/8.x/apt stable main
root@b0mb:/home/at0m#
```

*Elasticsearch Debian package install*

*Command: -*

```
sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install elasticsearch
```

```
root@b0mb:/home/at0m# sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install elasticsearch
Get:1 https://artifacts.elastic.co/packages/8.x/apt stable InRelease [10.4 kB]
Get:2 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security InRelease [110 kB]
Get:3 https://artifacts.elastic.co/packages/8.x/apt stable/main i386 Packages [6,730 B]
Get:4 https://artifacts.elastic.co/packages/8.x/apt stable/main amd64 Packages [79.7 kB]
Hit:5 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRelease
Get:6 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates InRelease [119 kB]
Get:7 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/universe i386 Packages [583 kB]
Hit:8 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports InRelease
Get:9 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates/main i386 Packages [550 kB]
Get:10 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/universe amd64 Packages [827 kB]
39% [9 Packages 369 kB/550 kB 67%] [10 Packages 636 kB/827 kB 77%] 173 kB/s 31s
```

The generated password for the elastic built-in superuser is : **V-e-Q4+QwA6aPhBRZVT2**

If this node should join an existing cluster, you can reconfigure this with  
'/usr/share/elasticsearch/bin/elasticsearch-reconfigure-node --enrollment-token <token-here>'  
after creating an enrollment token on your existing cluster.

You can complete the following actions at any time:

Reset the password of the elastic built-in superuser with  
'/usr/share/elasticsearch/bin/elasticsearch-reset-password -u elastic'.

Generate an enrollment token for Kibana instances with  
'/usr/share/elasticsearch/bin/elasticsearch-create-enrollment-token -s kibana'.

Generate an enrollment token for Elasticsearch nodes with  
'/usr/share/elasticsearch/bin/elasticsearch-create-enrollment-token -s node'.

```
-----
---
### NOT starting on installation, please execute the following statements to configure elastic
search service to start automatically using systemd
sudo systemctl daemon-reload
sudo systemctl enable elasticsearch.service
### You can start elasticsearch service by executing
sudo systemctl start elasticsearch.service
```

## Editing elasticsearch.yml file

Command: -

```
sudo nano /etc/elasticsearch/elasticsearch.yml
```

```
GNU nano 6.2 /etc/elasticsearch/elasticsearch.yml
# https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/index.html
#
# ----- Cluster -----
#
# Use a descriptive name for your cluster:
#
#cluster.name: my_security_cluster
#
# ----- Node -----
#
# Use a descriptive name for the node:
#
#node.name: node-1
#
# Add custom attributes to the node:
#
#node.attr.rack: r1
#
# ----- Paths -----
#
```

```
# By default Elasticsearch is only accessible on localhost. Set a different
# address here to expose this node on the network:
#
#network.host: 0.0.0.0
#
# By default Elasticsearch listens for HTTP traffic on the first free port it
# finds starting at 9200. Set a specific HTTP port here:
#
#http.port: 9200
#
# For more information, consult the network module documentation.
#
# ----- Discovery -----
#
```

## Starting and Enabling Elastic Search Service

Command: -

```
sudo systemctl start elasticsearch
```

```
sudo systemctl enable elasticsearch.service
```

```
(root@b0mb)-[/home/at0m]
# sudo systemctl start elasticsearch

(root@b0mb)-[/home/at0m]
# curl -X GET "localhost:9200"
curl: (52) Empty reply from server

(root@b0mb)-[/home/at0m]
# sudo systemctl enable elasticsearch.service
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/elasticsearch.service → /lib/systemd/system/elasticsearch.service.
```

## Starting and Enabling Elastic Search Service

Command: -

```
root@b0mb:/home/at0m# curl -X GET -k https://elastic: [REDACTED]@localhost:9200
{
  "name" : "b0mb",
  "cluster_name" : "elasticsearch",
  "cluster_uuid" : "poQrWHuPSSyoqUstvjuIyA",
  "version" : {
    "number" : "8.11.4",
    "build_flavor" : "default",
    "build_type" : "deb",
    "build_hash" : "da06c53fd49b7e676ccf8a32d6655c5155c16d81",
    "build_date" : "2024-01-08T10:05:08.438562403Z",
    "build_snapshot" : false,
    "lucene_version" : "9.8.0",
    "minimum_wire_compatibility_version" : "7.17.0",
    "minimum_index_compatibility_version" : "7.0.0"
  },
  "tagline" : "You Know, for Search"
}
root@b0mb:/home/at0m#
```

## Installing Kibana: -

### Command: -

```
sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install kibana
```

```
root@b0mb:/home/at0m# sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install kibana
Hit:1 https://artifacts.elastic.co/packages/8.x/apt stable InRelease
Hit:2 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security InRelease
Hit:3 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRelease
Hit:4 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates InRelease
Hit:5 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports InRelease
Reading package lists... Done
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... 50%
```

## Installing LogStash Command: -

```
udo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install logstash
```

```
root@b0mb:/home/at0m# sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install logstash
Hit:1 https://artifacts.elastic.co/packages/8.x/apt stable InRelease
Get:2 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security InRelease [110 kB]
Hit:3 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRelease
Get:4 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates InRelease [119 kB]
Get:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/main amd64 Packages [1,062 kB]
Hit:6 http://in.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports InRelease
Get:7 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/main i386 Packages [385 kB]
Get:8 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/universe amd64 Packages [827 kB]
Get:9 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/universe i386 Packages [583 kB]
Fetched 3,086 kB in 6s (526 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  logstash
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 9 not upgraded.
Need to get 352 MB of archives.
```

### Creating Enrolment Tickets from Elastic for Kibana: -

Command: -

```
/usr/share/elasticsearch/bin/elasticsearch-create-enrollment-token
-s kibana
```

```
root@b0mb:/home/at0m# /usr/share/elasticsearch/bin/elasticsearch-create-enrollme
nt-token -s kibana
eyJ2ZXIiOiI4LjExLjQlLi6ImQ1N2RjZTIy
NzUyMzhmYzlkMGZMzMzYyN
ZXkiOiJLWmxYRTQwQjk1Q
n0=
root@b0mb:/home/at0m#
```

Doing setup of Kibana from the previously generated Enrolment Ticket:

*Command: -*

```
/usr/share/kibana/bin/kibana-setup
```

```
<After this Enter the Previous Generated Ticket in the previous  
command>
```



```
root@b0mb:/home/at0m# /usr/share/kibana/bin/kibana-setup
```

```
? Enter enrollment token: eyJ2ZXIiOiI  
AwIl0sImZnciI6ImQ1N2RjZTIyNzUyMzhmYzI  
hIZGQyNWVhNTk5M2Q1LCJrZXkiOiJLWmx  
dqVmcwdl93In0=
```

```
✓ Kibana configured successfully.
```

```
To start Kibana run:  
bin/kibana
```

## Starting and Enabling Kibana Service

Command: -

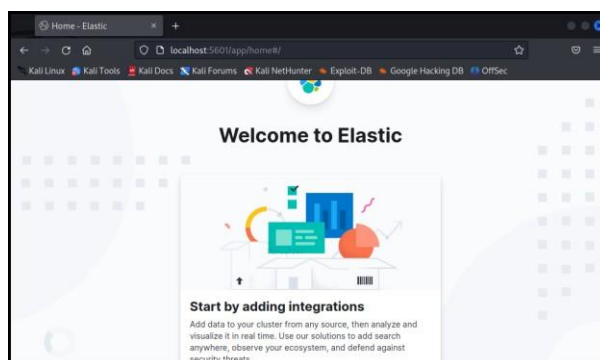
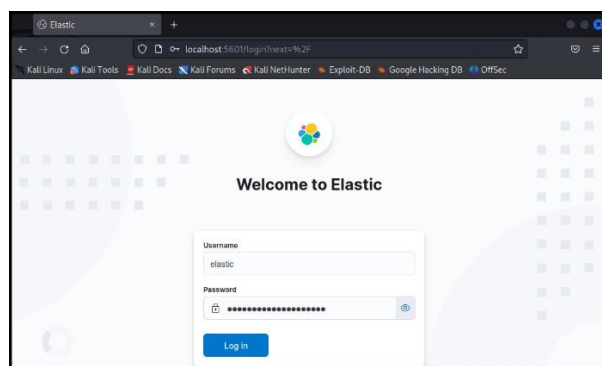
```
sudo systemctl start kibana.service
```

```
sudo systemctl enable kibana.service
```

```
root@b0mb:/home/at0m# sudo systemctl start kibana.service  
root@b0mb:/home/at0m# sudo systemctl enable kibana.service  
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/kibana.service → /li  
b/systemd/system/kibana.service.  
root@b0mb:/home/at0m#
```

Checking if we can Access Kibana on: -

<http://localhost:5601>



Changing the SSH Port (Target Honeypot Machine): -

```
vi /etc/ssh/sshd_config
```

Download Kippo Honeypot: -



## Starting the SSH Service: -

```
systemctl enable ssh
```

```
(root@b0mb)-[/opt]
# systemctl enable ssh
Synchronizing state of ssh.service with SysV service script with /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-in
nstall.
Executing: /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install enable ssh
```

## Changing the SSH Port:

```
vi /etc/ssh/sshd_config
```

```
# This is the sshd server system-wide configuration file.
# sshd_config(5) for more information.

# This sshd was compiled with PATH=/usr/local/bin:/usr/

# The strategy used for options in the default sshd_config
# OpenSSH is to specify options with their default value
# possible, but leave them commented. Uncommented options
# default value.

Include /etc/ssh/sshd_config.d/*.conf

Port 8822
#AddressFamily any
#ListenAddress 0.0.0.0
#ListenAddress ::

#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key
#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ecdsa_key
#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ed25519_key

# Ciphers and keying
#RekeyLimit default none
```

```
(root@b0mb)-[/opt]
# systemctl status ssh
● ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/ssh.service; enabled; preset: disabled)
   Active: active (running) since Tue 2024-01-16 20:21:08 EST; 1min 7s ago
     Docs: man:sshd(8)
           man:sshd_config(5)
   Process: 17301 ExecStartPre=/usr/sbin/sshd -t (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
  Main PID: 17304 (sshd)
    Tasks: 1 (limit: 4554)
   Memory: 1.5M (peak: 1.8M)
      CPU: 33ms
   CGroup: /system.slice/ssh.service
           └─17304 "sshd: /usr/sbin/sshd -D [listener] 0 of 10-100 startups"

Jan 16 20:21:08 b0mb systemd[1]: Starting ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server...
Jan 16 20:21:08 b0mb sshd[17304]: Server listening on 0.0.0.0 port 8822.
Jan 16 20:21:08 b0mb sshd[17304]: Server listening on :: port 8822.
Jan 16 20:21:08 b0mb systemd[1]: Started ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server.
```

## Installing Dependencies

Command: -

```
sudo apt-get install python3-dev python3-openssl python3-pyasn1 python3-twisted
```

```
(root@b0mb)-[/opt]
# sudo apt-get install python3-dev python3-openssl python3-pyasn1 python3-twisted

Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
python3-dev is already the newest version (3.11.4-5+b1).
python3-dev set to manually installed.
python3-openssl is already the newest version (23.2.0-1).
python3-openssl set to manually installed.
python3-pyasn1 is already the newest version (0.4.8-4).
python3-pyasn1 set to manually installed.
python3-twisted is already the newest version (22.4.0-4).
python3-twisted set to manually installed.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
```

```
sudo apt-get install python3-pip
```

```
sudo pip3 install pyasn1 twisted
```

```
sudo pip3 install 2to3
```

```
(root@b0mb)-[/opt]
# sudo apt-get install python3-pip
sudo pip3 install pyasn1 twisted

Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
python3-pip is already the newest version (23.3+dfsg-1).
python3-pip set to manually installed.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1 in /usr/lib/python3/dist-packages (0.4.8)
Requirement already satisfied: twisted in /usr/lib/python3/dist-packages (22.4.0)
WARNING: Running pip as the 'root' user can result in broken permissions and conflicting behavior with the system package manager. It is recommended to use a virtual environment instead: https://pip.pypa.io/warnings/venv
```

```
(root@b0mb)-[/opt]
# pip3 install 2to3

Collecting 2to3
  Downloading 2to3-1.0-py3-none-any.whl (1.7 kB)
Installing collected packages: 2to3
Successfully installed 2to3-1.0
```

```
apt-get install subversion
```

```
(root@b0mb)-[/opt]
# apt-get install subversion
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
subversion is already the newest version (1.14.3-1).
subversion set to manually installed.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
```

### Creating a Kippo user:-

```
useradd -d /home/kippo -s /bin/bash -m kippo -g sudo
```

```
(root@b0mb)-[/opt]
# useradd -d /home/kippo -s /bin/bash -m kippo -g sudo
```

### Installing AuthBind:

```
apt-get install authbind
```

```
(root@b0mb)-[/opt]
# apt-get install authbind
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  authbind
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
Need to get 18.3 kB of archives.
After this operation, 78.8 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 http://kali.download/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 authbind amd64 2.1.3 [18.3 kB]
Fetched 18.3 kB in 2s (8,899 B/s)
Selecting previously unselected package authbind.
(Reading database ... 410135 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../authbind_2.1.3_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking authbind (2.1.3) ...
Setting up authbind (2.1.3) ...
Processing triggers for kali-menu (2023.4.6) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.12.0-1) ...
```

```
touch /etc/authbind/byport/22
```

```
(root@b0mb)-[/opt]
# touch /etc/authbind/byport/22
```

### Changing Ownership of the Kippo User: -

```
chown kippo /etc/authbind/byport/22
```

```
(root@b0mb)-[/opt]
# chown kippo /etc/authbind/byport/22
```

### Changing the Permissions: -

```
chmod 777 /etc/authbind/byport/22
```

```
(root@b0mb)-[/opt]
# chmod 777 /etc/authbind/byport/22
```

### Downloading the Kippo Honeypot : -

<https://github.com/desaster/kippo>

### Using the Kippo User

```
su kippo
```

```
(kippo@b0mb)-[/opt]
$
```

```
cd
git clone https://github.com/desaster/kippo.git
cd kippo
mv kippo.cfg.dist kippo.cfg
```

```
(kippo@b0mb)-[/opt]
$ cd

(kippo@b0mb)-[~]
$ git clone https://github.com/desaster/kippo.git
Cloning into 'kippo' ...
remote: Enumerating objects: 1557, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (13/13), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (10/10), done.
remote: Total 1557 (delta 0), reused 9 (delta 0), pack-reused 1544
Receiving objects: 100% (1557/1557), 2.65 MiB | 335.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (929/929), done.

(kippo@b0mb)-[~]
$ cd kippo

(kippo@b0mb)-[~/kippo]
$ mv kippo.cfg.dist kippo.cfg

(kippo@b0mb)-[~/kippo]
$
```

### Configuring Kippo:-

```
vi kippo.cfg
```

```
[honeypot]

# IP addresses to listen
#
# (default: 0.0.0.0) = all interfaces
#ssh_addr = 0.0.0.0

# Port to listen for incoming connections
#
# (default: 2222)
ssh_port = 22

# Hostname for the honey
# environment.
#
# (default: svr03)
hostname = svr03

# Directory where to save logs
#
# (default: log)
log_path = log
```

*vi start.sh*

```
    echo "Activating virtualenv \"$VENV\""
    . $VENV/bin/activate
fi

twistd3 --version

echo "Starting kippo in the background..."
authbind --deep twistd3 -y kippo.tac -l log/kippo.log --pidfile kippo.pid
```

*2to3 ./kippo.tac -w*

```

(kippo@b0mb)-[~/kippo]
$ 2to3 ./kippo.tac -w
RefactoringTool: Skipping optional fixer: buffer
RefactoringTool: Skipping optional fixer: idioms
RefactoringTool: Skipping optional fixer: set_literal
RefactoringTool: Skipping optional fixer: ws_comma
RefactoringTool: Refactored ./kippo.tac
— ./kippo.tac (original)
+++ ./kippo.tac (refactored)
@@ -15,11 +15,11 @@
     from twisted.conch.ssh import factory, keys

     if os.name == 'posix' and os.getuid() == 0:
-        print 'ERROR: You must not run kippo as root!'
+        print('ERROR: You must not run kippo as root!')
         sys.exit(1)

     if not os.path.exists('kippo.cfg'):
-        print 'ERROR: kippo.cfg is missing!'
+        print('ERROR: kippo.cfg is missing!')
         sys.exit(1)

     from kippo.core.config import config
RefactoringTool: Files that were modified:
RefactoringTool: ./kippo.tac

```

## Configure Firewall Rules for SSH

*sudo ufw status*

```

root@b0mb:/home/at0m/HoneyPot/kippo# sudo ufw status
Status: inactive
root@b0mb:/home/at0m/HoneyPot/kippo#

```

*IF INACTIVE*

*sudo ufw enable*

```

root@b0mb:/home/at0m/HoneyPot/kippo# sudo ufw enable
Firewall is active and enabled on system startup

```

*sudo ufw allow ssh*

```

root@b0mb:/home/at0m/HoneyPot/kippo# sudo ufw allow ssh
Rule added
Rule added (v6)

```

## Enabling SSH On Startup

```

root@b0mb:/home/at0m/HoneyPot/kippo# sudo systemctl enable ssh
Synchronizing state of ssh.service with SysV service script with /lib/systemd/sy
stemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install enable ssh

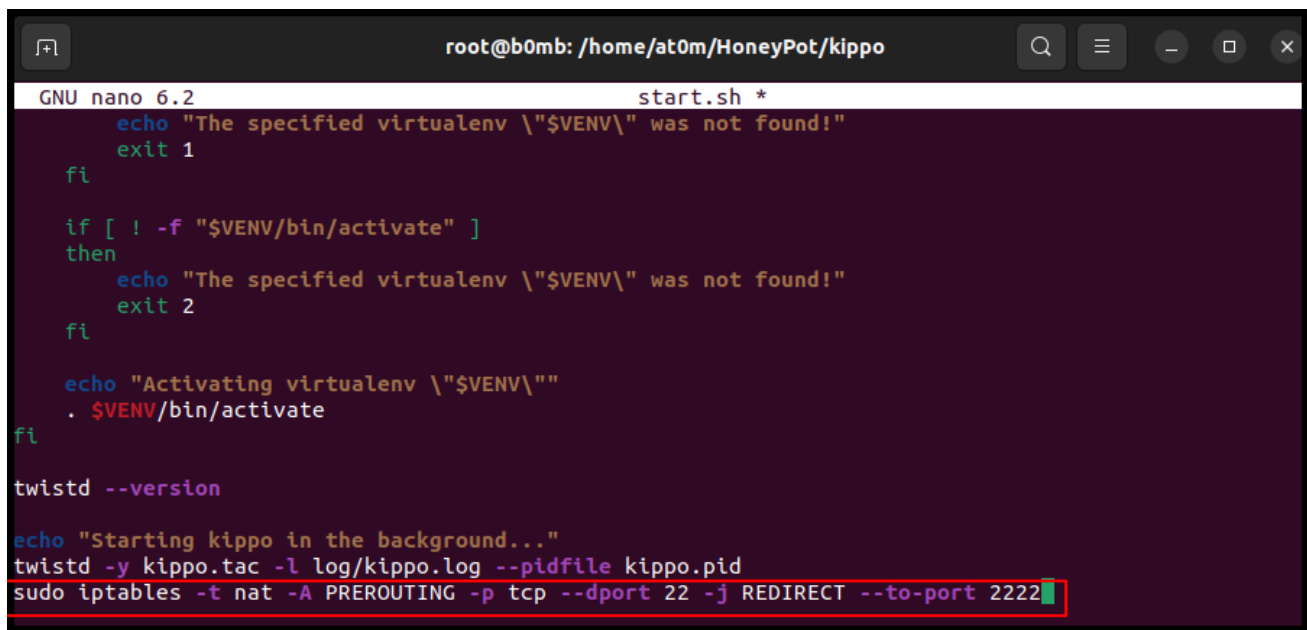
```



```
root@b0mb:/home/at0m/HoneyPot/kippo# sudo systemctl status ssh
● ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server
   Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/ssh.service; enabled; vendor preset: e
   Active: active (running) since Tue 2024-01-16 23:47:24 IST; 7min ago
     Docs: man:sshd(8)
           man:sshd_config(5)
   Main PID: 6743 (sshd)
      Tasks: 1 (limit: 11733)
     Memory: 1.7M
        CPU: 40ms
    CGroup: /system.slice/ssh.service
            └─6743 "sshd: /usr/sbin/sshd -D [listener] 0 of 10-100 startups"
```

### Editing the start.sh file (Port Forwarding)

```
sudo iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -p tcp --dport 22
-j REDIRECT --to-port 2222
```



```
root@b0mb:/home/at0m/HoneyPot/kippo
GNU nano 6.2 start.sh *
    echo "The specified virtualenv \"$VENV\" was not found!"
    exit 1
fi

if [ ! -f "$VENV/bin/activate" ]
then
    echo "The specified virtualenv \"$VENV\" was not found!"
    exit 2
fi

echo "Activating virtualenv \"$VENV\""
. $VENV/bin/activate
fi

twistd --version

echo "Starting kippo in the background..."
twistd -y kippo.tac -l log/kippo.log --pidfile kippo.pid
sudo iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -p tcp --dport 22 -j REDIRECT --to-port 2222
```

### Starting and Enabling Logstash Service

Command: -

```
sudo systemctl start logstash.service
```

```
sudo systemctl enable logstash.service
```









```
(root@b0mb)-[/home/at0m]
# sudo systemctl start logstash

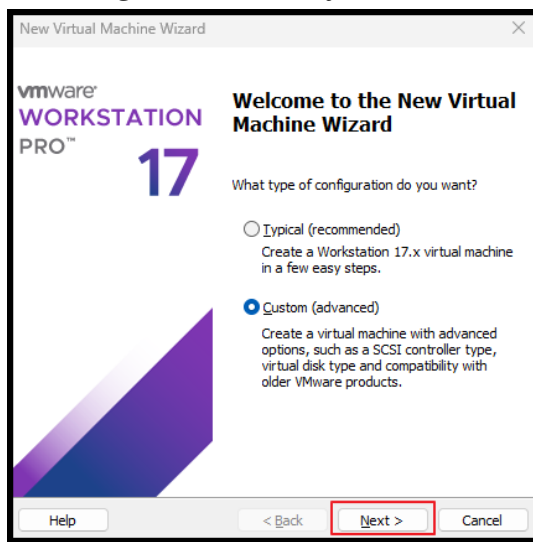
(root@b0mb)-[/home/at0m]
# sudo systemctl enable logstash
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/logstash.service
→ /lib/systemd/system/logstash.service.
```

## Download T-POT ISO

<https://github.com/telekom-security/tpotce/releases>

▼ Assets 6		
 tpot_amd64.iso	46 MB	Apr 30, 2023
 tpot_amd64.sha256	81 Bytes	Apr 30, 2023
 tpot_arm64.iso	115 MB	Apr 30, 2023
 tpot_arm64.sha256	81 Bytes	Apr 30, 2023
 Source code (zip)		Apr 12, 2022
 Source code (tar.gz)		Apr 12, 2022
🔥 15 🍌 14 25 people reacted		
		💬 25 <a href="#">Join discussion</a>

## Making a new VM from T-POT ISO (VMware Pro)



New Virtual Machine Wizard

**Choose the Virtual Machine Hardware Compatibility**  
Which hardware features are needed for this virtual machine?

Virtual machine hardware compatibility

Hardware compatibility: Workstation 17.x

Compatible with: ☒ ESX Server

Compatible products:

- Fusion 13.x
- Workstation 17.x

Limitations:

- 128 GB memory
- 32 processors
- 10 network adapters
- 8 TB disk size
- 8 GB shared graphics memory

Help < Back **Next >** Cancel

New Virtual Machine Wizard

**Guest Operating System Installation**  
A virtual machine is like a physical computer; it needs an operating system. How will you install the guest operating system?

Install from:

☐ Installer disc:  
No drives available

☒ Installer disc image file (iso):  
C:\Users\... \tpot\_amd64.iso Browse...

⚠ Could not detect which operating system is in this disc image.  
You will need to specify which operating system will be installed.

☐ I will install the operating system later.  
The virtual machine will be created with a blank hard disk.

Help < Back **Next >** Cancel

New Virtual Machine Wizard

**Select a Guest Operating System**  
Which operating system will be installed on this virtual machine?

Guest operating system

☐ Microsoft Windows

☒ Linux

☐ VMWare ESX

☐ Other

Version

Debian 11.x 64-bit

Help < Back **Next >** Cancel

New Virtual Machine Wizard

**Name the Virtual Machine**  
What name would you like to use for this virtual machine?

Virtual machine name:  
T-POT

Location:  
C:\Users\Virtual Machines\T-POT Browse...

The default location can be changed at Edit > Preferences.

< Back Next > Cancel

New Virtual Machine Wizard

**Processor Configuration**  
Specify the number of processors for this virtual machine.

Processors

Number of processors: 1

Number of cores per processor: 1

Total processor cores: 1

Help < Back Next > Cancel

New Virtual Machine Wizard

**Network Type**  
What type of network do you want to add?

Network connection

- ☐ Use bridged networking  
Give the guest operating system direct access to an external Ethernet network. The guest must have its own IP address on the external network.
- ☒ Use network address translation (NAT)  
Give the guest operating system access to the host computer's dial-up or external Ethernet network connection using the host's IP address.
- ☐ Use host-only networking  
Connect the guest operating system to a private virtual network on the host computer.
- ☐ Do not use a network connection

Help < Back **Next >** Cancel

New Virtual Machine Wizard

**Select I/O Controller Types**  
Which SCSI controller type would you like to use for SCSI virtual disks?

I/O controller types

SCSI Controller:

- ☐ BusLogic (Not available for 64-bit guests)
- ☒ LSI Logic (Recommended)
- ☐ LSI Logic SAS
- ☐ Paravirtualized SCSI

Help < Back **Next >** Cancel

New Virtual Machine Wizard

**Select a Disk Type**  
What kind of disk do you want to create?

Virtual disk type

☐ IDE

☒ SCSI (Recommended)

☐ SATA

☐ NVMe

Help < Back **Next >** Cancel

New Virtual Machine Wizard

**Select a Disk**  
Which disk do you want to use?

Disk

☒ Create a new virtual disk  
A virtual disk is composed of one or more files on the host file system, which will appear as a single hard disk to the guest operating system. Virtual disks can easily be copied or moved on the same host or between hosts.

☐ Use an existing virtual disk  
Choose this option to reuse a previously configured disk.

☐ Use a physical disk (for advanced users)  
Choose this option to give the virtual machine direct access to a local hard disk. Requires administrator privileges.

Help < Back **Next >** Cancel

New Virtual Machine Wizard

**Specify Disk Capacity**  
How large do you want this disk to be?

Maximum disk size (GB): 20.0

Recommended size for Debian 11.x 64-bit: 20 GB

☐ Allocate all disk space now.  
Allocating the full capacity can enhance performance but requires all of the physical disk space to be available right now. If you do not allocate all the space now, the virtual disk starts small and grows as you add data to it.

☐ Store virtual disk as a single file

☒ Split virtual disk into multiple files  
Splitting the disk makes it easier to move the virtual machine to another computer but may reduce performance with very large disks.

Help < Back **Next >** Cancel

New Virtual Machine Wizard

**Specify Disk File**  
Where would you like to store the disk file?

Disk file  
A 20 GB virtual disk be created using multiple disk files. The disk files will be automatically named based on this file name.

T-POT.vmdk Browse...

Help < Back **Next >** Cancel

*Installing T-POT ISO (VMware Pro)*

Debian GNU/Linux installer menu (BIOS mode)

T-Pot 22.04.0 (AMD64)

Advanced options

Accessible dark contrast installer menu

Help

 debian 11



[!!] Select your location

The selected location will be used to set your time zone and also for example to help select the system locale. Normally this should be the country where you live.

This is a shortlist of locations based on the language you selected. Choose "other" if your location is not listed.

Country, territory or area:

Antigua and Barbuda  
Australia  
Botswana  
Canada  
Hong Kong  
**India**  
Ireland  
Israel  
New Zealand  
Nigeria  
Philippines  
Seychelles  
Singapore  
South Africa  
United Kingdom  
United States  
Zambia  
Zimbabwe  
other

<Go Back>

<Tab> moves; <Space> selects; <Enter> activates buttons

[[!]] Configure the keyboard

Keymap to use:

American English

↑  
Albanian  
Arabic  
Asturian  
Bangladesh  
Belarusian  
Bengali  
Belgian  
Berber (Latin)  
Bosnian  
Brazilian  
British English  
Bulgarian (BDS layout)  
Bulgarian (phonetic layout)  
Burmese  
Canadian French  
Canadian Multilingual  
Catalan  
Chinese  
Croatian  
Czech  
Danish  
Dutch  
Dvorak  
Dzongkha  
↓  
Esperanto

<Go Back>

<Enter> activates buttons

## [!] Choose a mirror of the Debian archive

The goal is to find a mirror of the Debian archive that is close to you on the network -- be aware that nearby countries, or even your own, may not be the best choice.

Debian archive mirror country:

Austria  
Belarus  
Belgium  
Brazil  
Bulgaria  
Cambodia  
Canada  
Chile  
China  
Costa Rica  
Croatia  
Czechia  
Denmark  
El Salvador  
Estonia  
Finland  
France  
Georgia  
Germany  
Greece  
Hong Kong  
Hungary  
India



<Go Back>

<Tab> moves; <Space> selects; <Enter> activates buttons

## [!] Choose a mirror of the Debian archive

Please select a Debian archive mirror. You should use a mirror in your country or region if you do not know which mirror has the best Internet connection to you.

Usually, deb.debian.org is a good choice.

Debian archive mirror:

debianmirror.nkn.in  
mirror.cse.iitk.ac.in  
debmirror.hbcse.tifr.res.in  
debian.sbnw.in  
deb.debian.org  
debian-archive.trafficmanager.net

<Go Back>

[!] Choose a mirror of the Debian archive

If you need to use a HTTP proxy to access the outside world, enter the proxy information here. Otherwise, leave this blank.

The proxy information should be given in the standard form of "http://[[user][:pass]@]host[:port]/".

HTTP proxy information (blank for none):

<Go Back>

<Continue>

[ Enter password for console user (tsec) ]

Password

\*\*\*\*\* tsec

< OK >

<Cancel>

[ Enter your web user name ]

Username (tsec not allowed)

at0m

< OK >      <Cancel>

#####

### Getting update information.

Hit:1 http://security.debian.org/debian-security bullseye-security InRelease  
Hit:2 http://deb.debian.org/debian bullseye InRelease  
Hit:3 http://deb.debian.org/debian bullseye-updates InRelease  
Reading package lists...

### Upgrading packages.

info: Trying to set 'docker.io/restart' [boolean] to 'true'  
info: Loading answer for 'docker.io/restart'  
info: Trying to set 'debconf/frontend' [select] to 'noninteractive'  
info: Loading answer for 'debconf/frontend'  
[apt-fast 16:18:11]  
[apt-fast 16:18:11]Working... this may take a while.  
W: --force-yes is deprecated, use one of the options starting with --allow instead.  
Reading package lists...  
Building dependency tree...  
Reading state information...  
Calculating upgrade...  
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.  
W: --force-yes is deprecated, use one of the options starting with --allow instead.

### Installing T-Pot dependencies.

[apt-fast 16:18:11]  
[apt-fast 16:18:11]Working... this may take a while.



## Docker Configurations

```
# T-Pot Image Builder (use only for building docker images)
```

```
version: '2.3'
```

```
services:
```

```
#####
```

```
#### Honeypots
```

```
#####
```

```
# Adbhoney service
```

```
  adbhoney:
```

```
    build: adbhoney/.
```

```
    image: "dtagdevsec/adbhoney:2204"
```

```
# Ciscoasa service
```

```
  ciscoasa:
```

```
    build: ciscoasa/.
```

```
    image: "dtagdevsec/ciscoasa:2204"
```

```
# CitrixHoneypot service
```

```
  citrixhoneypot:
```

```
    build: citrixhoneypot/.
```

```
    image: "dtagdevsec/citrixhoneypot:2204"
```

```
# Conpot IEC104 service
```

```
  conpot_IEC104:
```

```
    build: conpot/.
```

```
    image: "dtagdevsec/conpot:2204"
```

```
# Cowrie service
cowrie:
  build: cowrie/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/cowrie:2204"

# Ddospot service
ddospot:
  build: ddospot/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/ddospot:2204"

# Dicompot service
dicompot:
  build: dicompot/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/dicompot:2204"

# Dionaea service
dionaea:
  build: dionaea/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/dionaea:2204"

# ElasticPot service
elasticpot:
  build: elasticpot/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/elasticpot:2204"

# Endlessh service
endlessh:
  build: endlessh/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/endlessh:2204"

# Glutton service
glutton:
  build: glutton/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/glutton:2204"

# Hellpot service
hellpot:
  build: hellpot/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/hellpot:2204"

# Heralding service
heralding:
  build: heralding/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/heralding:2204"

# Honeybots service
honeybots:
  build: honeybots/.
```



```
    image: "dtagdevsec/honeypots:2204"

# Honeytrap service
honeytrap:
    build: honeytrap/.
    image: "dtagdevsec/honeytrap:2204"

# IPPHoney service
ipphoney:
    build: ipphoney/.
    image: "dtagdevsec/ipphoney:2204"

# Log4Pot service
log4pot:
    build: log4pot/.
    image: "dtagdevsec/log4pot:2204"

# Mailoney service
mailoney:
    build: mailoney/.
    image: "dtagdevsec/mailoney:2204"

# Medpot service
medpot:
    build: medpot/.
    image: "dtagdevsec/medpot:2204"

# Redishoneypot service
redishoneypot:
    build: redishoneypot/.
    image: "dtagdevsec/redishoneypot:2204"

# Sentrypeer service
sentrypeer:
    build: sentrypeer/.
    image: "dtagdevsec/sentrypeer:2204"

#### Snare / Tanner
## Tanner Redis Service
tanner_redis:
    build: tanner/redis/.
    image: "dtagdevsec/redis:2204"

## PHP Sandbox service
tanner_phpox:
    build: tanner/phpox/.
    image: "dtagdevsec/phpox:2204"

## Tanner API Service
```

```
tanner_api:
  build: tanner/tanner/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/tanner:2204"

## Snare Service
snare:
  build: tanner/snare/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/snare:2204"

#####
#### NSM
#####

# Fatt service
fatt:
  build: fatt/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/fatt:2204"

# P0f service
p0f:
  build: p0f/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/p0f:2204"

# Suricata service
suricata:
  build: suricata/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/suricata:2204"

#####
#### Tools
#####

#### ELK
## Elasticsearch service
elasticsearch:
  build: elk/elasticsearch/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/elasticsearch:2204"

## Kibana service
kibana:
  build: elk/kibana/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/kibana:2204"

## Logstash service
logstash:
  build: elk/logstash/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/logstash:2204"
```

```

# Ewsposter service
ewsposter:
  build: ewsposter/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/ewsposter:2204"

# Nginx service
nginx:
  build: nginx/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/nginx:2204"

# Spiderfoot service
spiderfoot:
  build: spiderfoot/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/spiderfoot:2204"

# Map Web Service
map_web:
  build: elk/map/.
  image: "dtagdevsec/map:2204"

```

### *Tpot Configuration Tpot.YML (ELK connectivity with HoneyPots Container)*

```

# T-Pot (Standard)
# Do not erase ports sections, these are used by /opt/tpot/bin/rules.sh to setup
# iptables ACCEPT rules for NFQ (honeytrap / glutton)
version: '2.3'

networks:
  adbhoney_local:
  ciscoasa_local:
  citrixhoneypot_local:
  conpot_local_IEC104:
  conpot_local_guardian_ast:
  conpot_local_ipmi:
  conpot_local_kamstrup_382:
  cowrie_local:
  ddospot_local:
  dicompot_local:
  dionaea_local:
  elasticpot_local:
  heralding_local:
  ipphoney_local:
  mailoney_local:
  medpot_local:
  redishoneypot_local:
  tanner_local:
  ewsposter_local:

```

```
sentrypeer_local:
spiderfoot_local:

services:

#####
#### Honeypots
#####

# Adbhoney service
adbhoney:
  container_name: adbhoney
  restart: always
  networks:
    - adbhoney_local
  ports:
    - "5555:5555"
  image: "dtagdevsec/adbhoney:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/adbhoney/log:/opt/adbhoney/log
    - /data/adbhoney/downloads:/opt/adbhoney/dl

# Ciscoasa service
ciscoasa:
  container_name: ciscoasa
  restart: always
  tmpfs:
    - /tmp/ciscoasa:uid=2000,gid=2000
  networks:
    - ciscoasa_local
  ports:
    - "5000:5000/udp"
    - "8443:8443"
  image: "dtagdevsec/ciscoasa:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/ciscoasa/log:/var/log/ciscoasa

# CitrixHoneypot service
citrixhoneypot:
  container_name: citrixhoneypot
  restart: always
  networks:
    - citrixhoneypot_local
  ports:
    - "443:443"
  image: "dtagdevsec/citrixhoneypot:2204"
  read_only: true
```

```
volumes:
  - /data/citrixhoneypot/logs:/opt/citrixhoneypot/logs

# Conpot IEC104 service
conpot_IEC104:
  container_name: conpot_iec104
  restart: always
  environment:
    - CONPOT_CONFIG=/etc/conpot/conpot.cfg
    - CONPOT_JSON_LOG=/var/log/conpot/conpot_IEC104.json
    - CONPOT_LOG=/var/log/conpot/conpot_IEC104.log
    - CONPOT_TEMPLATE=IEC104
    - CONPOT_TMP=/tmp/conpot
  tmpfs:
    - /tmp/conpot:uid=2000,gid=2000
  networks:
    - conpot_local_IEC104
  ports:
    - "161:161/udp"
    - "2404:2404"
  image: "dtagdevsec/conpot:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/conpot/log:/var/log/conpot

# Conpot guardian_ast service
conpot_guardian_ast:
  container_name: conpot_guardian_ast
  restart: always
  environment:
    - CONPOT_CONFIG=/etc/conpot/conpot.cfg
    - CONPOT_JSON_LOG=/var/log/conpot/conpot_guardian_ast.json
    - CONPOT_LOG=/var/log/conpot/conpot_guardian_ast.log
    - CONPOT_TEMPLATE=guardian_ast
    - CONPOT_TMP=/tmp/conpot
  tmpfs:
    - /tmp/conpot:uid=2000,gid=2000
  networks:
    - conpot_local_guardian_ast
  ports:
    - "10001:10001"
  image: "dtagdevsec/conpot:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/conpot/log:/var/log/conpot

# Conpot ipmi
conpot_ipmi:
  container_name: conpot_ipmi
```

```
restart: always
environment:
  - CONPOT_CONFIG=/etc/conpot/conpot.cfg
  - CONPOT_JSON_LOG=/var/log/conpot/conpot_ipmi.json
  - CONPOT_LOG=/var/log/conpot/conpot_ipmi.log
  - CONPOT_TEMPLATE=ipmi
  - CONPOT_TMP=/tmp/conpot
tmpfs:
  - /tmp/conpot:uid=2000,gid=2000
networks:
  - conpot_local_ipmi
ports:
  - "623:623/udp"
image: "dtagdevsec/conpot:2204"
read_only: true
volumes:
  - /data/conpot/log:/var/log/conpot
```

#### # Conpot kamstrup\_382

```
conpot_kamstrup_382:
  container_name: conpot_kamstrup_382
  restart: always
  environment:
    - CONPOT_CONFIG=/etc/conpot/conpot.cfg
    - CONPOT_JSON_LOG=/var/log/conpot/conpot_kamstrup_382.json
    - CONPOT_LOG=/var/log/conpot/conpot_kamstrup_382.log
    - CONPOT_TEMPLATE=kamstrup_382
    - CONPOT_TMP=/tmp/conpot
  tmpfs:
    - /tmp/conpot:uid=2000,gid=2000
  networks:
    - conpot_local_kamstrup_382
  ports:
    - "1025:1025"
    - "50100:50100"
  image: "dtagdevsec/conpot:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/conpot/log:/var/log/conpot
```

#### # Cowrie service

```
cowrie:
  container_name: cowrie
  restart: always
  tmpfs:
    - /tmp/cowrie:uid=2000,gid=2000
    - /tmp/cowrie/data:uid=2000,gid=2000
  networks:
    - cowrie_local
```

```

ports:
  - "22:22"
  - "23:23"
image: "dtagdevsec/cowrie:2204"
read_only: true
volumes:
  - /data/cowrie/downloads:/home/cowrie/cowrie/dl
  - /data/cowrie/keys:/home/cowrie/cowrie/etc
  - /data/cowrie/log:/home/cowrie/cowrie/log
  - /data/cowrie/log/tty:/home/cowrie/cowrie/log/tty

# Ddospot service
ddospot:
  container_name: ddospot
  restart: always
  networks:
    - ddospot_local
  ports:
    - "19:19/udp"
    - "53:53/udp"
    - "123:123/udp"
#    - "161:161/udp"
    - "1900:1900/udp"
  image: "dtagdevsec/ddospot:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/ddospot/log:/opt/ddospot/ddospot/logs
    - /data/ddospot/bl:/opt/ddospot/ddospot/bl
    - /data/ddospot/db:/opt/ddospot/ddospot/db

# Dicompot service
# Get the Horos Client for testing: https://horosproject.org/
# Get Dicom images (CC BY 3.0): https://www.cancerimagingarchive.net/collections/
# Put images (which must be in Dicom DCM format or it will not work!) into
/data/dicompot/images
dicompot:
  container_name: dicompot
  restart: always
  networks:
    - dicompot_local
  ports:
    - "11112:11112"
  image: "dtagdevsec/dicompot:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/dicompot/log:/var/log/dicompot
#    - /data/dicompot/images:/opt/dicompot/images

# Dionaea service

```



```
dionaea:
  container_name: dionaea
  stdin_open: true
  tty: true
  restart: always
  networks:
    - dionaea_local
  ports:
    - "20:20"
    - "21:21"
    - "42:42"
    - "69:69/udp"
    - "81:81"
    - "135:135"
    # - "443:443"
    - "445:445"
    - "1433:1433"
    - "1723:1723"
    - "1883:1883"
    - "3306:3306"
    # - "5060:5060"
    # - "5060:5060/udp"
    # - "5061:5061"
    - "27017:27017"
  image: "dtagdevsec/dionaea:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/dionaea/roots/ftp:/opt/dionaea/var/dionaea/roots/ftp
    - /data/dionaea/roots/tftp:/opt/dionaea/var/dionaea/roots/tftp
    - /data/dionaea/roots/www:/opt/dionaea/var/dionaea/roots/www
    - /data/dionaea/roots/upnp:/opt/dionaea/var/dionaea/roots/upnp
    - /data/dionaea:/opt/dionaea/var/dionaea
    - /data/dionaea/binaries:/opt/dionaea/var/dionaea/binaries
    - /data/dionaea/log:/opt/dionaea/var/log
    - /data/dionaea/rtp:/opt/dionaea/var/dionaea/rtp
```

#### # ElasticPot service

```
elasticpot:
  container_name: elasticpot
  restart: always
  networks:
    - elasticpot_local
  ports:
    - "9200:9200"
  image: "dtagdevsec/elasticpot:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/elasticpot/log:/opt/elasticpot/log
```

```
# Heralding service
heralding:
  container_name: heralding
  restart: always
  tmpfs:
    - /tmp/heralding:uid=2000,gid=2000
  networks:
    - heralding_local
  ports:
    # - "21:21"
    # - "22:22"
    # - "23:23"
    # - "25:25"
    # - "80:80"
    - "110:110"
    - "143:143"
    # - "443:443"
    - "465:465"
    - "993:993"
    - "995:995"
    # - "3306:3306"
    # - "3389:3389"
    - "1080:1080"
    - "5432:5432"
    - "5900:5900"
  image: "dtagdevsec/heralding:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/heralding/log:/var/log/heralding

# Honeytrap service
honeytrap:
  container_name: honeytrap
  restart: always
  tmpfs:
    - /tmp/honeytrap:uid=2000,gid=2000
  network_mode: "host"
  cap_add:
    - NET_ADMIN
  image: "dtagdevsec/honeytrap:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/honeytrap/attacks:/opt/honeytrap/var/attacks
    - /data/honeytrap/downloads:/opt/honeytrap/var/downloads
    - /data/honeytrap/log:/opt/honeytrap/var/log

# Ipphoney service
ipphoney:
  container_name: ipphoney
```

```
restart: always
networks:
  - ipphoney_local
ports:
  - "631:631"
image: "dtagdevsec/ipphoney:2204"
read_only: true
volumes:
  - /data/ipphoney/log:/opt/ipphoney/log
```

#### # Mailoney service

```
mailoney:
  container_name: mailoney
  restart: always
  environment:
    - HPFEEDS_SERVER=
    - HPFEEDS_IDENT=user
    - HPFEEDS_SECRET=pass
    - HPFEEDS_PORT=20000
    - HPFEEDS_CHANNELPREFIX=prefix
  networks:
    - mailoney_local
  ports:
    - "25:25"
  image: "dtagdevsec/mailoney:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/mailoney/log:/opt/mailoney/logs
```

#### # Medpot service

```
medpot:
  container_name: medpot
  restart: always
  networks:
    - medpot_local
  ports:
    - "2575:2575"
  image: "dtagdevsec/medpot:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/medpot/log:/var/log/medpot
```

#### # Redishoneypot service

```
redishoneypot:
  container_name: redishoneypot
  restart: always
  networks:
    - redishoneypot_local
  ports:
```

```
- "6379:6379"
image: "dtagdevsec/redishoneypot:2204"
read_only: true
volumes:
  - /data/redishoneypot/log:/var/log/redishoneypot

# SentryPeer service
sentrypeer:
  container_name: sentrypeer
  restart: always
# SentryPeer offers to exchange bad actor data via DHT / P2P mode by setting the ENV
to true (1)
# In some cases (i.e. internally deployed T-Pots) this might be confusing as
SentryPeer will show
# the bad actors in its logs. Therefore this option is opt-in based.
#   environment:
#     - SENTRYPEER_PEER_TO_PEER=0
networks:
  - sentrypeer_local
ports:
#   - "4222:4222/udp"
#   - "5060:5060/udp"
#   - "127.0.0.1:8082:8082"
image: "dtagdevsec/sentrypeer:2204"
read_only: true
volumes:
  - /data/sentrypeer/log:/var/log/sentrypeer

#### Snare / Tanner
## Tanner Redis Service
tanner_redis:
  container_name: tanner_redis
  restart: always
  tty: true
  networks:
    - tanner_local
  image: "dtagdevsec/redis:2204"
  read_only: true

## PHP Sandbox service
tanner_phpox:
  container_name: tanner_phpox
  restart: always
  tty: true
  networks:
    - tanner_local
  image: "dtagdevsec/phpox:2204"
  read_only: true
```

```
## Tanner API Service
tanner_api:
  container_name: tanner_api
  restart: always
  tmpfs:
    - /tmp/tanner:uid=2000,gid=2000
  tty: true
  networks:
    - tanner_local
  image: "dtagdevsec/tanner:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/tanner/log:/var/log/tanner
  command: tannerapi
  depends_on:
    - tanner_redis

## Tanner Service
tanner:
  container_name: tanner
  restart: always
  tmpfs:
    - /tmp/tanner:uid=2000,gid=2000
  tty: true
  networks:
    - tanner_local
  image: "dtagdevsec/tanner:2204"
  command: tanner
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/tanner/log:/var/log/tanner
    - /data/tanner/files:/opt/tanner/files
  depends_on:
    - tanner_api
#    - tanner_web
    - tanner_phpox

## Snare Service
snare:
  container_name: snare
  restart: always
  tty: true
  networks:
    - tanner_local
  ports:
    - "80:80"
  image: "dtagdevsec/snare:2204"
  depends_on:
    - tanner
```

```
#####
#### NSM
#####

# Fatt service
fatt:
  container_name: fatt
  restart: always
  network_mode: "host"
  cap_add:
    - NET_ADMIN
    - SYS_NICE
    - NET_RAW
  image: "dtagdevsec/fatt:2204"
  volumes:
    - /data/fatt/log:/opt/fatt/log

# P0f service
p0f:
  container_name: p0f
  restart: always
  network_mode: "host"
  image: "dtagdevsec/p0f:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/p0f/log:/var/log/p0f

# Suricata service
suricata:
  container_name: suricata
  restart: always
  environment:
    # For ET Pro ruleset replace "OPEN" with your OINKCODE
    - OINKCODE=OPEN
    # Loading external Rules from URL
    # -
FROMURL="https://username:password@yoururl.com|https://username:password@otherurl.com"
  network_mode: "host"
  cap_add:
    - NET_ADMIN
    - SYS_NICE
    - NET_RAW
  image: "dtagdevsec/suricata:2204"
  volumes:
    - /data/suricata/log:/var/log/suricata
```

```
#####  
#### Tools  
#####  
  
#### ELK  
## Elasticsearch service  
  elasticsearch:  
    container_name: elasticsearch  
    restart: always  
    environment:  
      - bootstrap.memory_lock=true  
      - ES_JAVA_OPTS=-Xms2048m -Xmx2048m  
      - ES_TMPDIR=/tmp  
    cap_add:  
      - IPC_LOCK  
    ulimits:  
      memlock:  
        soft: -1  
        hard: -1  
      nofile:  
        soft: 65536  
        hard: 65536  
    mem_limit: 4g  
    ports:  
      - "127.0.0.1:64298:9200"  
    image: "dtagdevsec/elasticsearch:2204"  
    volumes:  
      - /data:/data  
  
## Kibana service  
  kibana:  
    container_name: kibana  
    restart: always  
    depends_on:  
      elasticsearch:  
        condition: service_healthy  
    mem_limit: 1g  
    ports:  
      - "127.0.0.1:64296:5601"  
    image: "dtagdevsec/kibana:2204"  
  
## Logstash service  
  logstash:  
    container_name: logstash  
    restart: always  
    environment:  
      - LS_JAVA_OPTS=-Xms1024m -Xmx1024m  
    depends_on:  
      elasticsearch:
```

```
        condition: service_healthy
env_file:
  - /opt/tpot/etc/compose/elk_environment
mem_limit: 2g
image: "dtagdevsec/logstash:2204"
volumes:
  - /data:/data

## Map Redis Service
map_redis:
  container_name: map_redis
  restart: always
  stop_signal: SIGKILL
  tty: true
  image: "dtagdevsec/redis:2204"
  read_only: true

## Map Web Service
map_web:
  container_name: map_web
  restart: always
  environment:
    - MAP_COMMAND=AttackMapServer.py
  env_file:
    - /opt/tpot/etc/compose/elk_environment
  stop_signal: SIGKILL
  tty: true
  ports:
    - "127.0.0.1:64299:64299"
  image: "dtagdevsec/map:2204"

## Map Data Service
map_data:
  container_name: map_data
  restart: always
  depends_on:
    elasticsearch:
      condition: service_healthy
  environment:
    - MAP_COMMAND=DataServer_v2.py
  env_file:
    - /opt/tpot/etc/compose/elk_environment
  stop_signal: SIGKILL
  tty: true
  image: "dtagdevsec/map:2204"

#### /ELK

# Ewsposter service
ewsposter:
```



```
container_name: ewsposter
restart: always
networks:
  - ewsposter_local
environment:
  - EWS_HPFEEDS_ENABLE=false
  - EWS_HPFEEDS_HOST=host
  - EWS_HPFEEDS_PORT=port
  - EWS_HPFEEDS_CHANNELS=channels
  - EWS_HPFEEDS_IDENT=user
  - EWS_HPFEEDS_SECRET=secret
  - EWS_HPFEEDS_TLSCERT=false
  - EWS_HPFEEDS_FORMAT=json
env_file:
  - /opt/tpot/etc/compose/elk_environment
image: "dtagdevsec/ewsposter:2204"
volumes:
  - /data:/data
  - /data/ews/conf/ews.ip:/opt/ewsposter/ews.ip
```

#### # Nginx service

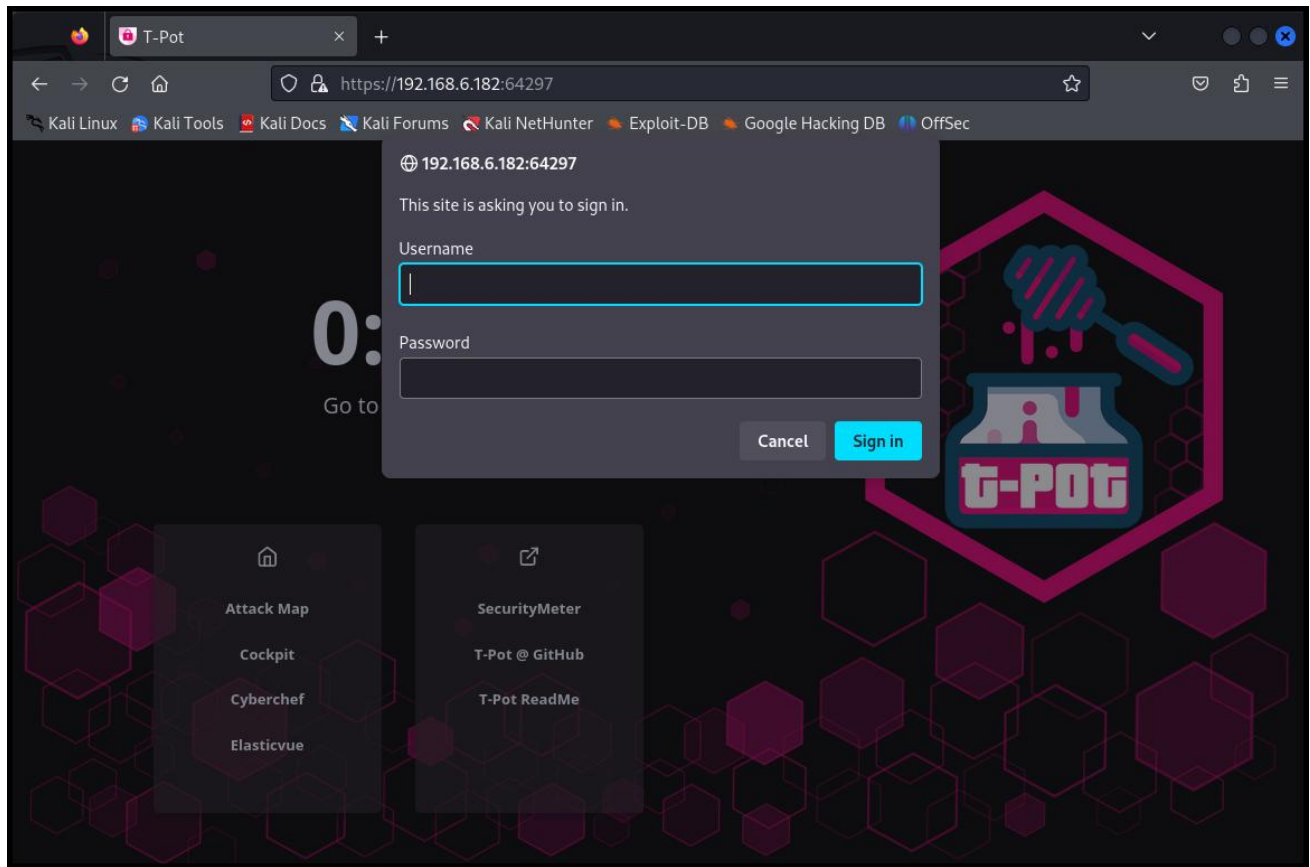
```
nginx:
  container_name: nginx
  restart: always
  tmpfs:
    - /var/tmp/nginx/client_body
    - /var/tmp/nginx/proxy
    - /var/tmp/nginx/fastcgi
    - /var/tmp/nginx/uwsgi
    - /var/tmp/nginx/scgi
    - /run
    - /var/lib/nginx/tmp:uid=100,gid=82
  network_mode: "host"
  #   ports:
  #     - "64297:64297"
  #     - "127.0.0.1:64304:64304"
  image: "dtagdevsec/nginx:2204"
  read_only: true
  volumes:
    - /data/nginx/cert:/etc/nginx/cert:ro
    - /data/nginx/conf/nginxpasswd:/etc/nginx/nginxpasswd:ro
    - /data/nginx/log:/var/log/nginx/
```

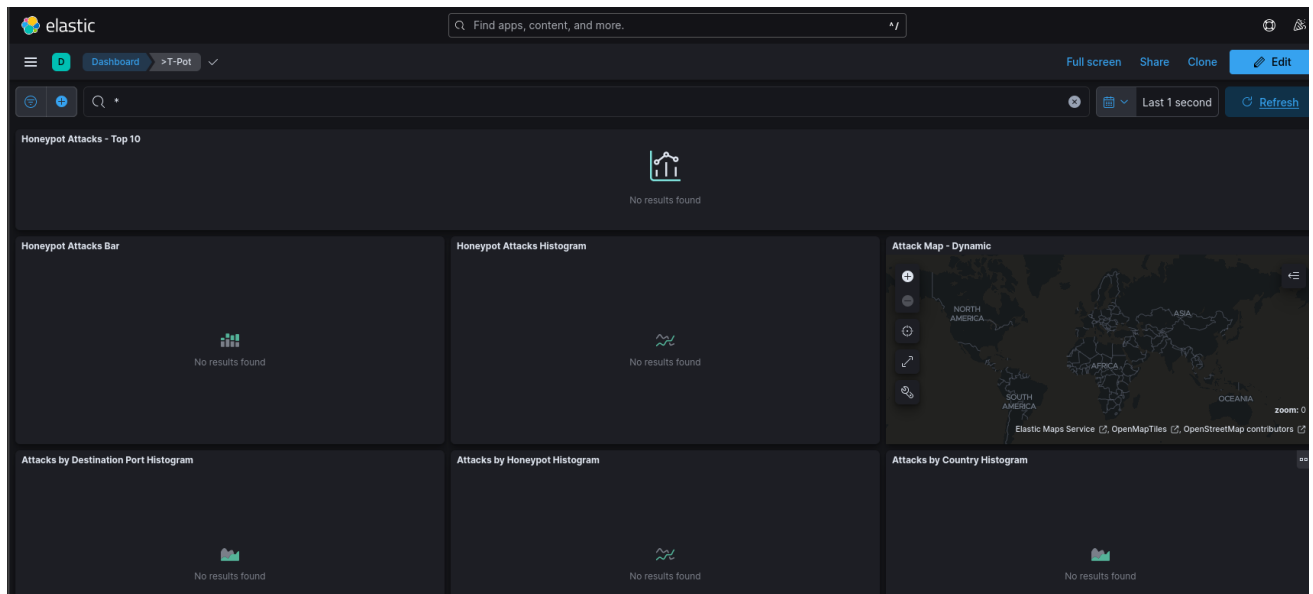
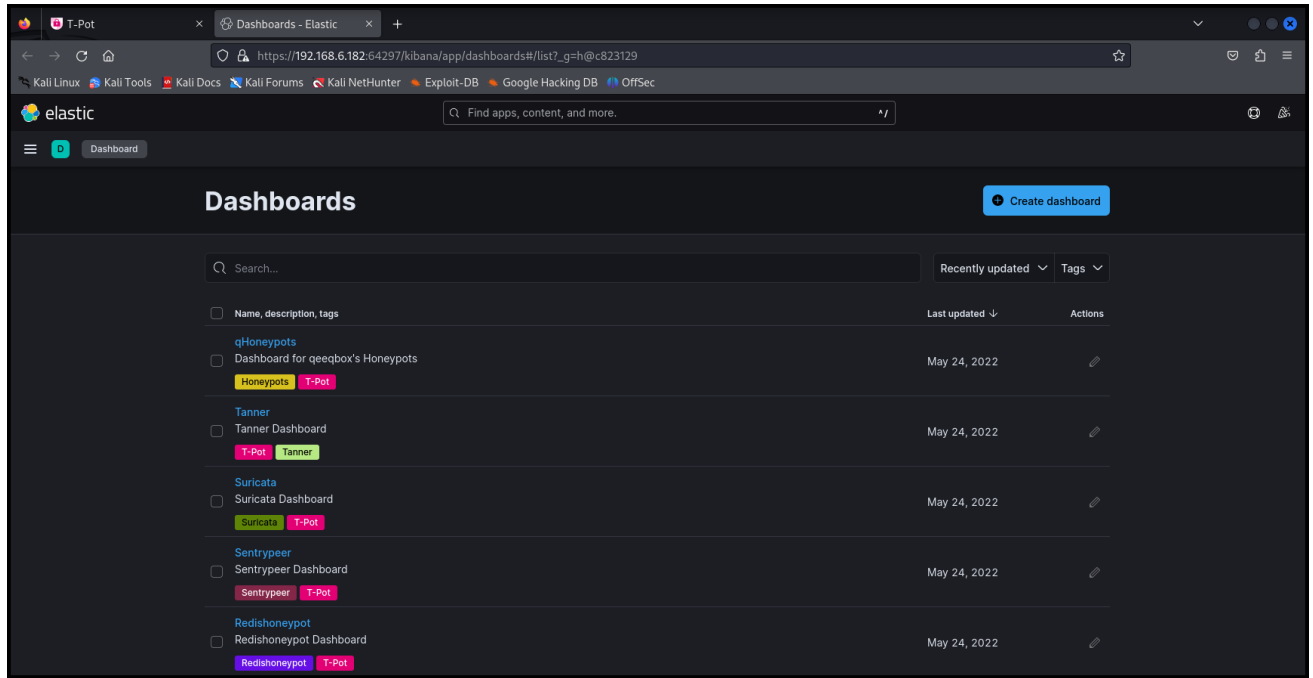
#### # Spiderfoot service

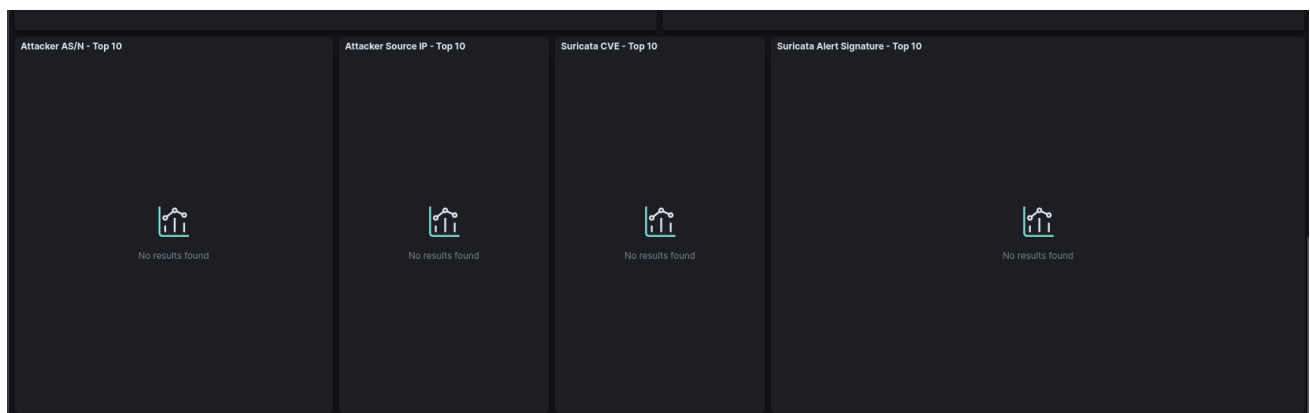
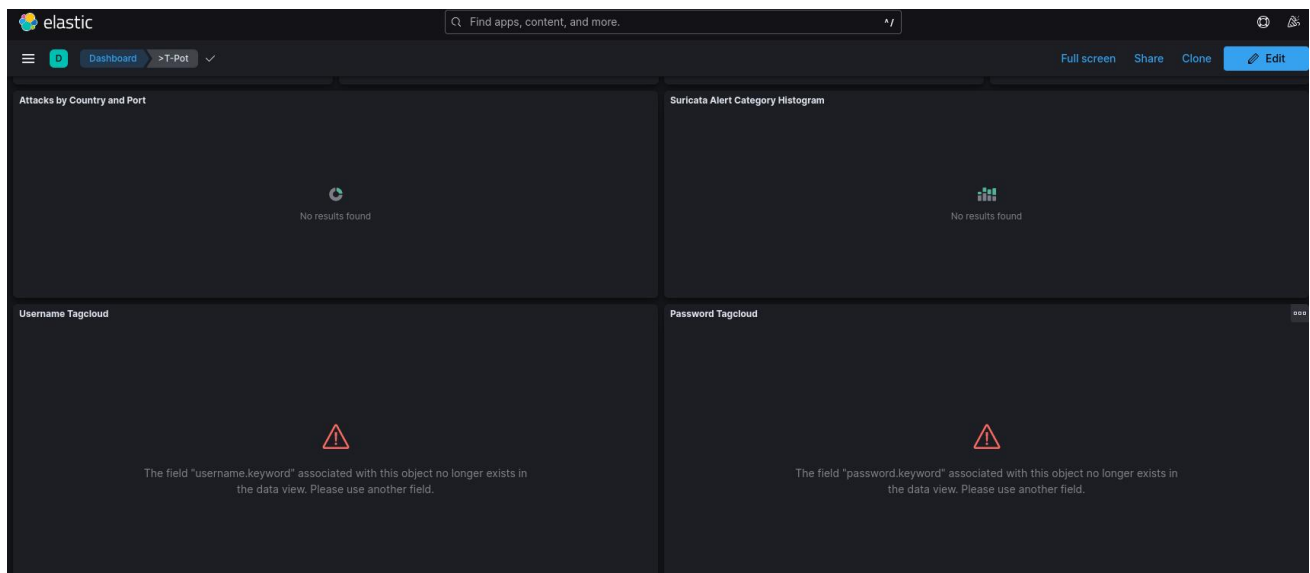
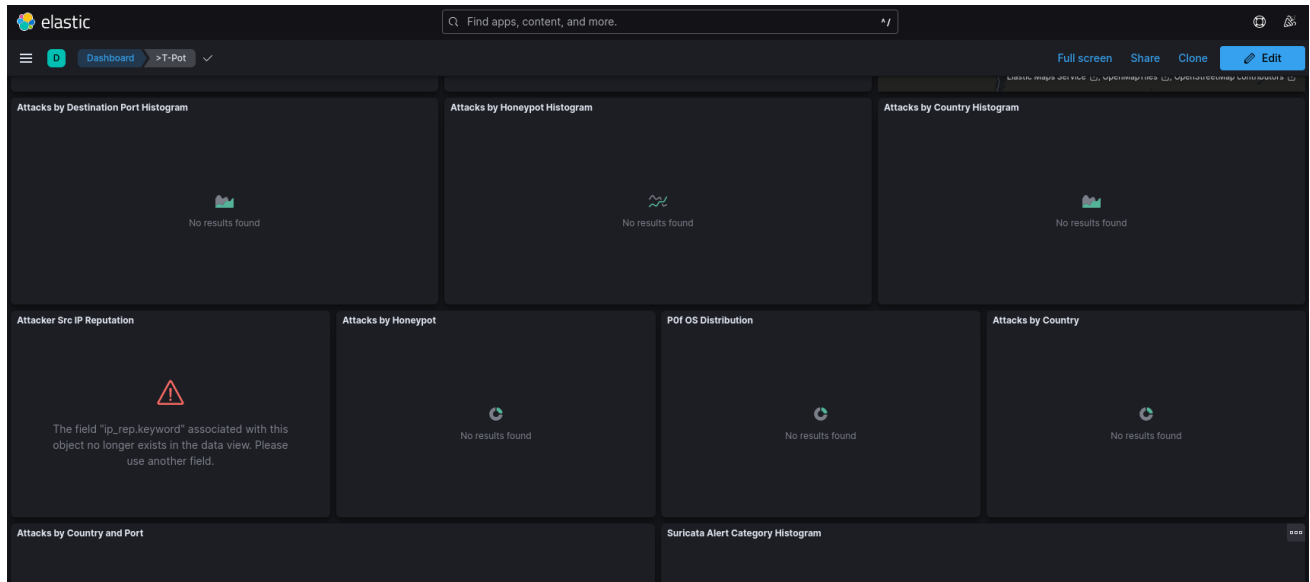
```
spiderfoot:
  container_name: spiderfoot
  restart: always
  networks:
    - spiderfoot_local
```

```
ports:
  - "127.0.0.1:64303:8080"
image: "dtagdevsec/spiderfoot:2204"
volumes:
  - /data/spiderfoot:/home/spiderfoot/.spiderfoot
```

## *Dashboard of T-Pot*







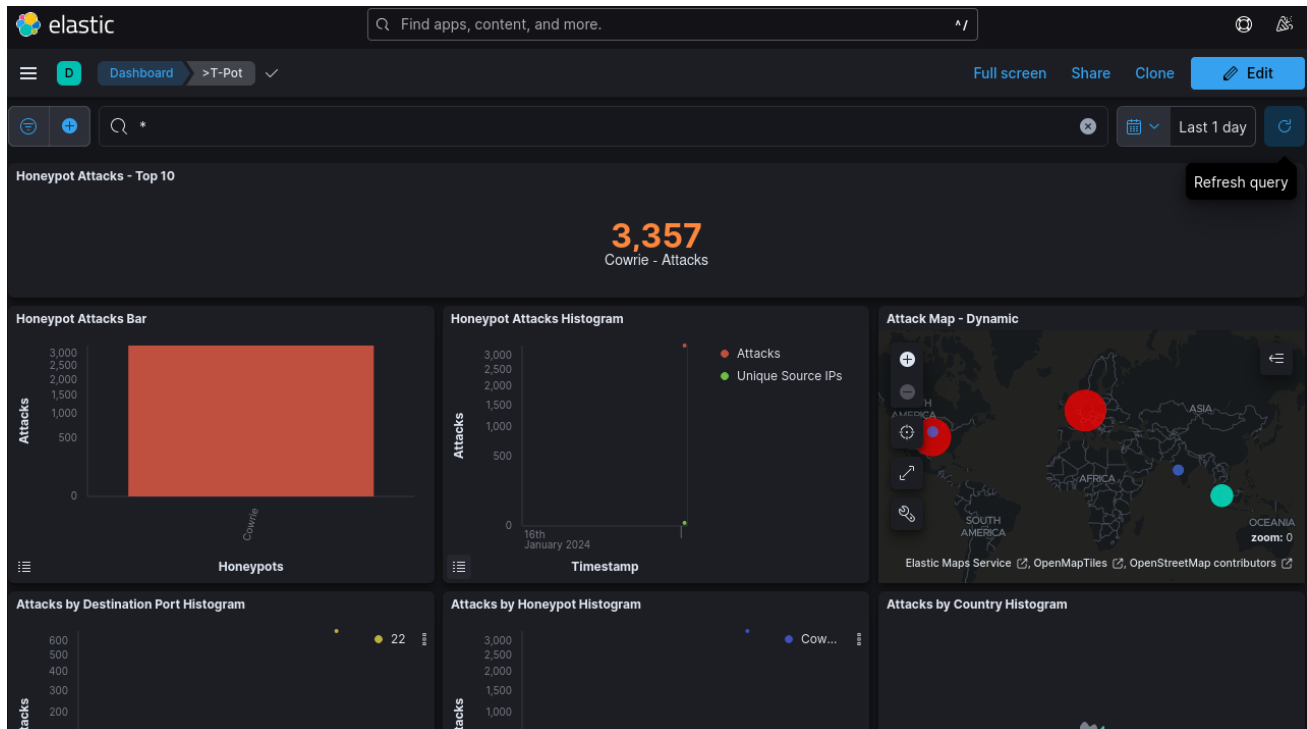
*Attacking the Host: -*

**SSH BRUTE FORCE ATTACK:-**

```
nmap <IPAddress> -p 22 --script ssh-brute --script-args
```

*userdb=/usr/share/wordlists/metasploit/unix\_users.txt ,  
passdb=/usr/share/wordlists/metasploit/unix\_passwords.txt*

```
(root@b0mb)-[/home/at0m]
# nmap 192.168.6.182 -p 22 --script ssh-brute --script-args userdb=/usr/share/wordlists/metasploit/unix_users.txt
, passdb=/usr/share/wordlists/metasploit/unix_passwords.txt
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-01-17 00:49 EST
Failed to resolve ":",
Unable to split netmask from target expression: "passdb=/usr/share/wordlists/metasploit/unix_passwords.txt"
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: :
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: 4Dgifts:4dgifts
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: abrt:abrt
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: adm:adm
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: admin:admin
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: administrator:administrator
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: anon:anon
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: _apt:_apt
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: arpwat:arpwatch
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: auditor:auditor
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: avahi:avahi
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: avahi-autoipd:avahi-autoipd
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: backup:backup
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: bbs:bbs
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: beef-xss:beef-xss
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: bin:bin
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: bitnami:bitnami
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: checkfs:checkfs
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: checkfsys:checkfsys
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: checksys:checksys
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: chronos:chronos
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: chrony:chrony
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: cmwlogin:cmwlogin
NSE: [ssh-brute] Trying username/password pair: cockpit-ws:cockpit-ws
```



Username Tagcloud

games fax abrt  
Debian-snmp  
Debian-exim  
falEZsetup \_apt  
gnats ftp (empty)

Password Tagcloud

12345678 administrator chrony demo  
color abc123 123456 dbus checkfs  
diag qwerty (empty) daniel  
avahi adm root 4dgifts arptwatch  
bin anon \_apt 12345 1234567 bbs  
bitnami abrt 123456789 nicole  
auditor  
checksys  
couchdb chronos avahi-autoipd backup checkfsys demos

Attacker AS/N - Top 10

No results found

Attacker Source IP - Top 10

Source IP
192.168.6.177

Suricata CVE - Top 10

CVE ID
CVE-2020-11899
CVE-2002-0013 CVE-...
CVE-2012-0152

Suricata Alert Signature - Top 10

ID	Description
2003068	ET SCAN Potential SSH Scan OUTBOUND
2027759	ET DNS Query for .co TLD
2260000	SURICATA Applayer Mismatch protocol both directions

Attacker AS/N - Top 10

No results found

Attacker Source IP - Top 10

Source IP
192.168.6.177

Suricata CVE - Top 10

CVE ID
CVE-2020-11899

Suricata Alert Signature - Top 10

ID	Description
2003068	ET SCAN Potential SSH Scan OUTBOUND
2260000	SURICATA Applayer Mismatch protocol both directions
2002752	ET POLICY Reserved Internal IP Traffic
2027759	ET DNS Query for .co TLD
2030387	ET EXPLOIT Possible CVE-2020-11899 Multicast out-of-bou
2022218	ET POLICY Lets Encrypt Free SSL Cert Observed
2035190	ET INFO Observed Let's Encrypt Certificate from Active Inter
2001117	ET DNS Standard query response, Name Error
2001219	ET SCAN Potential SSH Scan
2001978	ET POLICY SSH session in progress on Expected Port

Checking the IP address of the Attacker PC

```

(root@b0mb)-[/home/at0m]
# ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 192.168.6.177 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.6.255
    inet6 fe80::f0c4:bf59:682f:405f prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    ether 00:0c:29:69:5d:48 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 231830 bytes 119527023 (113.9 MiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 256020 bytes 47520194 (45.3 MiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
    loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
    RX packets 4 bytes 240 (240.0 B)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 4 bytes 240 (240.0 B)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
  
```

## Running a Port Scan

```
nmap -T4 -p- -A 192.168.6.182
```

```
(root@b0mb)-[/home/at0m]
# nmap -T4 -p- -A 192.168.6.182
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-01-17 00:52 EST
```

Attacker Source IP - Top 10	Suricata CVE - Top 10	Suricata Alert Signature - Top 10
Source IP	CVE ID	ID Description
192.168.6.177	CVE-2020-11899	2003068 ET SCAN Potential SSH Scan OUTBOUND
	CVE-2002-0013 CVE-...	2260000 SURICATA Applayer Mismatch protocol both directions
	CVE-2012-0152	2027759 ET DNS Query for .co TLD
		2002752 ET POLICY Reserved Internal IP Traffic
		2100402 GPL ICMP_INFO Destination Unreachable Port Unreachable
		2001117 ET DNS Standard query response, Name Error
		2009582 ET SCAN NMAP -sS window 1024
		2030387 ET EXPLOIT Possible CVE-2020-11899 Multicast out-of-bou
		2001219 ET SCAN Potential SSH Scan
		2001978 ET POLICY SSH session in progress on Expected Port

