Low Degree Hypergraphs

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Abstract

Martingale poopies: [1], I love my bebis alara!

${\bf Contents}$

1	Introduction 2		
	1.1	Sigma Algebra Generated by a Family of Functions	2
	1.2	Simple Functions	6
	1.3	Filtered Sigma Finite Measure	26
	1.4	Natural Filtration	26
	1.5	Ordered Real Vectors	41
	1.6	Stochastic Process	45
	1.7	Adapted Process	46
	1.8	Discrete-Time Processes	48
	1.9	Predictable Processes	48
	1.10	Martingale	51
	1.11	Submartingale	52
	1.12	Supermartingale	52
	1.13	Martingale Stuff	52
	1.14	Submartingale Stuff	55
	1.15	Supermartingale Stuff	59
2	Disc	crete Time Martingales	62
3	Disc	crete Time Martingales	62
4	Disc	crete Time Submartingales	64
5	Disc	crete Time Supermartingales	65

Introduction 1

```
Alara is best bebis ever!
theory Measure-Space-Addendum
 imports HOL-Analysis. Measure-Space
begin
```

1.1

```
Sigma Algebra Generated by a Family of Functions
definition sigma-gen :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'b \ measure \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ measure \ where
  sigma-gen \ \Omega \ N \ S \equiv sigma \ \Omega \ (\bigcup f \in S. \ \{f - `A \cap \Omega \mid A. \ A \in N\})
lemma [simp]:
  shows sets-sigma-gen: sets (sigma-gen \Omega N S) = sigma-sets \Omega (\bigcup f \in S. {f - f
A \cap \Omega \mid A. A \in N\}
   and space-sigma-gen: space (sigma-gen \Omega N S) = \Omega
  by (auto simp add: sigma-gen-def sets-measure-of-conv space-measure-of-conv)
lemma measurable-sigma-gen:
  assumes f \in S f \in \Omega \rightarrow space N
  shows f \in sigma-gen \ \Omega \ N \ S \rightarrow_M \ N
  using assms by (intro measurableI, auto)
lemma measurable-sigma-gen-singleton:
  assumes f \in \Omega \to space \ N
  shows f \in sigma\text{-}gen \ \Omega \ N \ \{f\} \rightarrow_M N
 using assms measurable-sigma-gen by blast
lemma measurable-iff-contains-sigma-gen:
  shows (f \in M \to_M N) \longleftrightarrow f \in space M \to space N \land sigma-gen (space M) N
\{f\} \subseteq M
proof (standard, goal-cases)
  case 1
 hence f \in space M \rightarrow space N using measurable-space by fast
 thus ?case unfolding sets-sigma-gen by (simp, intro sigma-algebra.sigma-sets-subset,
(blast\ intro:\ sets.sigma-algebra-axioms\ measurable-sets[OF\ 1])+)
\mathbf{next}
  case 2
  thus ?case using measurable-mono[OF - refl - space-sigma-gen, of N M] mea-
surable-sigma-gen-singleton by fast
qed
lemma measurable-iff-contains-sigma-gen':
 shows (S \subseteq M \to_M N) \longleftrightarrow S \subseteq space M \to space N \land sigma-gen (space M)
NS \subseteq M
proof (standard, goal-cases)
  case 1
  hence subset: S \subseteq space M \rightarrow space N using measurable-space by fast
  have \{f - A \cap space \mid A \mid A \in N\} \subseteq M \text{ if } f \in S \text{ for } f \text{ using } measur-
```

```
able-iff-contains-sigma-gen[unfolded sets-sigma-gen, of f] 1 subset that by blast
 then show ?case unfolding sets-sigma-gen using sets.sigma-algebra-axioms by
(simp\ add:\ subset,\ intro\ sigma-algebra.sigma-sets-subset,\ blast+)
next
 case 2
 hence subset: S \subseteq space M \rightarrow space N by simp
 show ?case
 proof (standard, goal-cases)
   case (1 x)
     have sigma-gen (space M) N \{x\}\subseteq M by (metis (no-types, lifting) 1 2
sets-sigma-gen SUP-le-iff sigma-sets-le-sets-iff singletonD)
   thus ?case using measurable-iff-contains-sigma-gen subset[THEN subsetD, OF]
1] by fast
 qed
qed
end
theory Elementary-Metric-Spaces-Addendum
imports\ HOL-Analysis. Elementary-Metric-Spaces\ HOL-Analysis. Bochner-Integration
begin
lemma diameter-comp-strict-mono:
  fixes s :: nat \Rightarrow 'a :: real\text{-}normed\text{-}vector
 assumes strict-mono r bounded \{s \mid i \mid i. \ r \mid n \leq i\}
 shows diameter \{s \ (r \ i) \mid i. \ n \leq i\} \leq diameter \{s \ i \mid i. \ r \ n \leq i\}
proof (rule diameter-subset)
  show \{s \ (r \ i) \mid i. \ n \leq i\} \subseteq \{s \ i \mid i. \ r \ n \leq i\} using assms(1) monotoneD
strict-mono-mono by fastforce
qed (intro assms(2))
lemma diameter-bounded-bound':
 fixes S :: 'a :: metric\text{-}space set
 assumes S: bdd-above (case-prod dist '(S\timesS)) x \in S y \in S
 shows dist\ x\ y \leq diameter\ S
proof -
 have (x,y) \in S \times S using S by auto
  then have dist x y \leq (SUP(x,y) \in S \times S. \ dist \ x \ y) by (rule cSUP-upper2[OF
  with \langle x \in S \rangle show ?thesis by (auto simp: diameter-def)
qed
lemma bounded-imp-dist-bounded:
 assumes bounded (range s)
 shows bounded ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i) \ (s \ j)) \ `(\{n..\} \times \{n..\}))
 using bounded-dist-comp[OF bounded-fst bounded-snd, OF bounded-Times(1,1)[OF
assms(1,1)]] by (rule bounded-subset, force)
lemma cauchy-iff-diameter-tends-to-zero-and-bounded:
 fixes s :: nat \Rightarrow 'a :: real\text{-}normed\text{-}vector
```

```
shows Cauchy s \longleftrightarrow ((\lambda n. \ diameter \ \{s \ i \mid i. \ i \geq n\}) \longrightarrow 0 \land bounded \ (range
s))
proof -
 have \{s \ i \mid i.\ N \leq i\} \neq \{\} for N by blast
  hence diameter-SUP: diameter \{s \mid i.\ N \leq i\} = (SUP\ (i,j) \in \{N..\} \times \{N..\}).
dist (s i) (s j)) for N unfolding diameter-def by (auto intro!: arg-cong[of - - Sup])
  show ?thesis
  proof ((standard; clarsimp), goal-cases)
   case 1
   have \exists N. \forall n \geq N. \text{ norm (diameter } \{s \ i \ | i. \ n \leq i\}) < e \ \text{if } e\text{-pos: } e > 0 \ \text{for } e
   proof -
     obtain N where dist-less: dist (s \ n) \ (s \ m) < (1/2) * e \ \text{if} \ n \ge N \ m \ge N for
n m using 1 CauchyD e-pos dist-norm by (metis mult-pos-pos zero-less-divide-iff
zero-less-numeral zero-less-one)
       fix r assume r > N
       hence dist (s \ n) \ (s \ m) < (1/2) * e \ \text{if} \ n \ge r \ m \ge r \ \text{for} \ n \ m \ \text{using} \ dist-less
that by simp
        hence (SUP\ (i,j) \in \{r..\} \times \{r..\}.\ dist\ (s\ i)\ (s\ j)) \le (1/2) * e by (intro
cSup-least) fastforce+
       also have \dots < e using e-pos by simp
      finally have diameter \{s \ i \ | i. \ r \leq i\} < e \ \text{using} \ diameter\text{-}SUP \ \text{by} \ presburger
     moreover have diameter \{s \ i \ | i. \ r \leq i\} \geq 0 \ \text{for} \ r \ \text{unfolding} \ diameter\text{-}SUP
using bounded-imp-dist-bounded OF cauchy-imp-bounded, THEN bounded-imp-bdd-above,
OF 1] by (intro cSup-upper2, auto)
     ultimately show ?thesis by auto
   ged
   thus ?case using cauchy-imp-bounded[OF 1] by (simp add: LIMSEQ-iff)
  next
   case 2
   have \exists N. \forall n \geq N. \forall m \geq N. dist(s n)(s m) < e \text{ if } e\text{-pos: } e > 0 \text{ for } e
   proof -
       obtain N where diam-less: diameter \{s \ i \ | i. \ r \leq i\} < e \ \text{if} \ r \geq N \ \text{for} \ r
using LIMSEQ-D \ 2(1) \ e-pos by fastforce
       fix n m assume n \ge N m \ge N
     hence dist(s n)(s m) < e using cSUP-lessD[OF bounded-imp-dist-bounded[THEN]
bounded-imp-bdd-above], OF 2(2) diam-less[unfolded diameter-SUP]] by auto
     thus ?thesis by blast
   then show ?case by (intro CauchyI, simp add: dist-norm)
 qed
qed
context
  fixes s r :: nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, real\text{-}normed\text{-}vector,}
banach and M
```

```
assumes bounded: \bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow bounded \ (range \ (\lambda i. \ s \ i \ x))
begin
lemma borel-measurable-diameter:
   assumes [measurable]: \bigwedge i. (s \ i) \in borel-measurable M
   shows (\lambda x. \ diameter \{s \ i \ x \ | i. \ n \leq i\}) \in borel-measurable M
proof -
   have \{s \ i \ x \mid i.\ N \leq i\} \neq \{\} for x \ N by blast
   hence diameter-SUP: diameter \{s \ i \ x \ | i.\ N \leq i\} = (SUP\ (i,j) \in \{N..\} \times \{N..\}.
dist\ (s\ i\ x)\ (s\ j\ x)) for x\ N unfolding diameter-def by (auto\ intro!:\ arg-cong[of\ -
- Sup
   have case-prod dist '(\{s \ i \ x \ | i. \ n \leq i\}) \times \{s \ i \ x \ | i. \ n \leq i\}) = ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x )) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x ))) + ((
(s \ j \ x)) '(\{n..\} \times \{n..\})) for x \ by \ fast
   hence *: (\lambda x. \ diameter \ \{s \ i \ x \mid i. \ n \leq i\}) = (\lambda x. \ Sup \ ((\lambda(i,j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x) \ (s \ j. \ dist \ (s \ i \ x)))
(n...) \cdot (n...) \times (n...) using diameter-SUP by (simp add: case-prod-beta')
   have bounded ((\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x) \ (s \ j \ x)) \ `(\{n..\} \times \{n..\})) \ \text{if} \ x \in space \ M \ \text{for}
x by (rule bounded-imp-dist-bounded[OF bounded, OF that])
   hence bdd: bdd-above ((\lambda(i, j). dist (s i x) (s j x)) `(\{n..\} \times \{n..\})) if x \in space
M for x using that bounded-imp-bdd-above by presburger
   have fst p \in borel-measurable M snd p \in borel-measurable M if p \in s ' \{n..\} \times
s ` \{n..\}  for p using that by fastforce+
   hence (\lambda x. \ fst \ p \ x - snd \ p \ x) \in borel-measurable M \ \textbf{if} \ p \in s \ `\{n..\} \times s \ `\{n..\}
for p using that borel-measurable-diff by simp
   hence (\lambda x. \ case \ p \ of \ (f, \ g) \Rightarrow dist \ (f \ x) \ (g \ x)) \in borel-measurable \ M \ \textbf{if} \ p \in s
\{n..\} \times s \in \{n..\} for p unfolding dist-norm using that by measurable
    moreover have countable (s '\{n..\} × s '\{n..\}) by (intro countable-SIGMA
countable-image, auto)
    ultimately show ?thesis unfolding * by (auto intro!: borel-measurable-cSUP
bdd
qed
lemma integrable-bound-diameter:
   fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow real
   assumes integrable M f
           and [measurable]: \land i. (s i) \in borel-measurable M
           and \bigwedge x \ i. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow norm \ (s \ i \ x) \le f \ x
       shows integrable M (\lambda x. diameter \{s \ i \ x \ | i. \ n \leq i\})
proof -
   have \{s \ i \ x \mid i.\ N \leq i\} \neq \{\} for x \ N by blast
   hence diameter-SUP: diameter \{s \ i \ x \ | i.\ N \leq i\} = (SUP\ (i,j) \in \{N..\} \times \{N..\}.
dist(s i x)(s j x) for x N unfolding diameter-def by (auto intro!: arg-conq[of-dist]
- Sup])
    {
       fix x assume x: x \in space M
       let ?S = (\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ x) \ (s \ j \ x)) \ `(\{n..\} \times \{n..\})
       have case-prod dist '(\{s \ i \ x \ | i. \ n \leq i\} \times \{s \ i \ x \ | i. \ n \leq i\}) = (\lambda(i, j). \ dist \ (s \ i \ j))
(s \ j \ x)) '(\{n..\} \times \{n..\}) by fast
```

```
hence *: diameter \{s \ i \ x \ | i. \ n \leq i\} = Sup \ ?S \ using \ diameter-SUP \ by \ (simp)
add: case-prod-beta')
      have bounded ?S by (rule bounded-imp-dist-bounded[OF bounded[OF x]])
    hence Sup-S-nonneq:0 \le Sup ?S by (auto intro!: cSup-upper? x bounded-imp-bdd-above)
        have dist (s \ i \ x) \ (s \ j \ x) \le 2 * f \ x \ for \ i \ j \ by (intro \ dist-triangle2[THEN])
order-trans, of - 0]) (metis norm-conv-dist assms(3) x add-mono mult-2)
      hence \forall c \in ?S. \ c \leq 2 * fx  by force
      hence Sup ?S \le 2 * f x by (intro cSup-least, auto)
      hence norm (Sup ?S) \le 2 * norm (f x) using Sup-S-nonneg by auto
      also have ... = norm (2 *_R f x) by simp
      finally have norm (diameter \{s \ i \ x \ | i. \ n \leq i\}) \leq norm \ (2 *_R f x) unfolding
  hence AE \ x \ in \ M. \ norm \ (diameter \ \{s \ i \ x \ | i. \ n \leq i\}) \leq norm \ (2 *_R f \ x) \ by \ blast
  thus integrable M (\lambda x. diameter \{s \ i \ x \ | i. \ n \leq i\}) using borel-measurable-diameter
\textbf{by } (intro\ Bochner-Integration.integrable-bound [OF\ assms(1)] THEN\ integrable-scaleR-right [of\ Assms(1
2]]], measurable)
qed
end
end
theory Bochner-Integration-Addendum
   imports HOL-Analysis.Bochner-Integration
begin
1.2
               Simple Functions
lemma integrable-implies-simple-function-sequence:
   fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{banach, second-countable-topology\}
   assumes integrable M f
   obtains s where \bigwedge i. simple-function M (s i)
          and \bigwedge i. emeasure M \{ y \in space M. \ s \ i \ y \neq 0 \} \neq \infty
          and \bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow (\lambda i. \ s \ i \ x) \longrightarrow f \ x
          and \bigwedge x \ i. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow norm \ (s \ i \ x) \le 2 * norm \ (f \ x)
proof-
    have f: f \in borel-measurable M (\int +x. norm (f x) \partial M) < \infty using assms
unfolding integrable-iff-bounded by auto
    obtain s where s: \bigwedge i. simple-function M (s i) \bigwedge x. x \in space M \Longrightarrow (\lambda i. s
i \ x) \longrightarrow f \ x \land i \ x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow norm \ (s \ i \ x) \le 2 * norm \ (f \ x) \ using
borel-measurable-implies-sequence-metric [OF f(1)] unfolding norm-conv-dist by
metis
    {
      \mathbf{fix} i
      have (\int x^+ \cdot x \cdot norm \ (s \ i \ x) \ \partial M) \le (\int x^+ \cdot x \cdot norm \ (f \ x) \cdot \partial M) using
s by (intro nn-integral-mono, auto)
    also have ... < \infty using f by (simp add: nn-integral-cmult enreal-mult-less-top
```

ennreal-mult)

```
finally have sbi: Bochner-Integration.simple-bochner-integrable M (s i) using
s by (intro simple-bochner-integrable I-bounded) auto
             hence emeasure M \{y \in space M. \ s \ i \ y \neq 0\} \neq \infty by (auto intro: inte-
grable I-simple-bochner-integrable simple-bochner-integrable.cases)
     thus ?thesis using that s by blast
     qed
lemma banach-simple-function-indicator-representation:
     fixes f ::'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
     assumes f: simple-function M f and x: x \in space M
     shows f x = (\sum y \in f \text{ 'space } M. \text{ indicator } (f - \{y\} \cap \text{space } M) \text{ } x *_R y)
     (is ? l = ? r)
proof -
     have ?r = (\sum y \in f \text{ 'space } M.
          (if y = fx then indicator (f - \{y\} \cap space M) \times_R y else \theta)) by (auto intro!:
    also have ... = indicator (f - `\{fx\} \cap space M) x *_R fx using assms by (auto
dest: simple-functionD)
     also have ... = f x using x by (auto simp: indicator-def)
     finally show ?thesis by auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ banach\text{-}simple\text{-}function\text{-}indicator\text{-}representation\text{-}}AE:
     fixes f ::'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
     assumes f: simple-function M f
    shows AE \ x \ in \ M. \ f \ x = (\sum y \in f \ `space \ M. \ indicator \ (f - `\{y\} \cap space \ M) \ x
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) AE-I2 banach-simple-function-indicator-representation
lemmas simple-function-scaleR[intro] = simple-function-compose2[\mathbf{where}\ h=(*_R)]
lemma integrable-simple-function:
    assumes simple-function M f emeasure M \{y \in space M. f y \neq 0\} \neq \infty
    shows integrable M f
     {\bf using}\ assms\ has\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integral\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}bochner\mbox{-}integrable\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}simple\mbox{
ple-bochner-integrable.simps by blast
lemma simple-integrable-function-induct[consumes 2, case-names cong indicator
add, induct set: simple-function]:
     fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
     assumes f: simple-function M f emeasure M \{y \in space M. f y \neq 0\} \neq \infty
    assumes cong: \bigwedge f g. simple-function M f \Longrightarrow emeasure M {y \in space\ M.\ f\ y \neq space\ M.\ f\
\{0\} \neq \infty \implies simple\ function \ M \ g \implies emeasure \ M \ \{y \in space \ M. \ g \ y \neq 0\} \neq \infty
\implies (\bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \implies f \ x = g \ x) \implies P \ f \implies P \ g
      assumes indicator: \bigwedge A y. A \in sets M \implies emeasure M A < \infty \implies P (\lambda x.
indicator\ A\ x *_{R}\ y)
     assumes add: \bigwedge f g. simple-function M f \Longrightarrow emeasure M \{ y \in space M. f y \neq a \}
```

```
0\} \neq \infty \Longrightarrow
                    simple-function M g \Longrightarrow emeasure M \{ y \in space M. g y \neq 0 \} \neq
                      (\bigwedge z. \ z \in space \ M \Longrightarrow norm \ (f \ z + g \ z) = norm \ (f \ z) + norm
(g z)) \Longrightarrow
                     P f \Longrightarrow P g \Longrightarrow P (\lambda x. f x + g x)
 shows Pf
proof-
  let ?f = \lambda x. (\sum y \in f \text{ 'space } M. \text{ indicat-real } (f - `\{y\} \cap \text{ space } M) \ x *_R y)
 have f-ae-eq: f x = ?f x if x \in space M for x using banach-simple-function-indicator-representation [OF]
f(1) that ].
 moreover have emeasure M \{y \in space M. ?f y \neq 0\} \neq \infty by (metis (no-types,
lifting) Collect-cong calculation f(2))
 moreover have P(\lambda x. \sum y \in S. indicat-real (f - `\{y\} \cap space M) x *_R y)
                simple-function M (\lambda x. \sum y \in S. indicat-real (f - `\{y\} \cap space M) x
*_R y
                emeasure M \{y \in space M. (\sum x \in S. indicat\text{-real } (f - `\{x\} \cap space \})\}
M) \ y *_R x) \neq 0\} \neq \infty
                if S \subseteq f 'space M for S using simple-functionD(1)[OF \ assms(1),
THEN rev-finite-subset, OF that that
  proof (induction rule: finite-induct)
   case empty
    {
     case 1
     then show ?case using indicator[of {}] by force
   \mathbf{next}
     then show ?case by force
   next
     case \beta
     then show ?case by force
   }
  next
   case (insert x F)
   have (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) \subseteq \{y \in space M. f y \neq 0\}  if x \neq 0 using that by
   moreover have \{y \in space M. f y \neq 0\} = space M - (f - `\{0\} \cap space M)
by blast
     moreover have space M - (f - `\{0\} \cap space M) \in sets M using sim-
ple-functionD(2)[OF f(1)] by blast
    ultimately have fin-0: emeasure M (f - (x) \cap space M) < \infty if x \neq 0
using that by (metis emeasure-mono f(2) infinity-ennreal-def top.not-eq-extremum
   hence fin-1: emeasure M {y \in space M. indicat-real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) y *_R
x \neq 0} \neq \infty if x \neq 0 by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) emeasure-mono f(1) indica-
tor\text{-}simps(2) linorder\text{-}not\text{-}less mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq scaleR\text{-}eq\text{-}0\text{-}iff simple\text{-}functionD(2)
subset I that)
```

```
indicat-real\ (f-`\{y\}\cap space\ M)\ xa*_Ry)+indicat-real\ (f-`\{x\}\cap space\ M)
xa *_R x for xa by (metis (no-types, lifting) Diff-empty Diff-insert0 add.commute
insert.hyps(1) insert.hyps(2) sum.insert-remove)
        have **: \{y \in space \ M. \ (\sum x \in insert \ x \ F. \ indicat-real \ (f - `\{x\} \cap space \ M) \ y \}
*_R x) \neq 0\} \subseteq \{y \in space \ M. \ (\sum x \in F. \ indicat\ real \ (f - `\{x\} \cap space \ M) \ y *_R x)\}
\neq 0 \} \cup \{ y \in space \ M. \ indicat\ real \ (f - `\{x\} \cap space \ M) \ y *_R x \neq 0 \}  unfolding
* by fastforce
             case 1
             hence x: x \in f 'space M and F: F \subseteq f 'space M by auto
            show ?case
             proof (cases x = \theta)
                 \mathbf{case} \ \mathit{True}
                then show ?thesis unfolding * using insert(3)[OF\ F] by simp
             next
                 case False
                 have norm-argument: norm ((\sum y \in F. indicat\text{-real } (f - `\{y\} \cap space M) z))
*_R y) + indicat\text{-real } (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) \ z *_R x) = norm \ (\sum y \in F. \ indicat\text{-real})
(f - `\{y\} \cap space\ M)\ z *_R y) + norm\ (indicat-real\ (f - `\{x\} \cap space\ M)\ z *_R x)
if z: z \in space M for z
                 proof (cases f z = x)
                     {f case}\ True
                     have indicat-real (f - (y) \cap space M) z *_R y = 0 \text{ if } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \in F \text{ for } y \text{ using } y \text{ u
 True insert(2) z that 1 unfolding indicator-def by force
                   hence (\sum y \in F. indicat\text{-real } (f - `\{y\} \cap space M) \ z *_R y) = 0 \text{ by } (meson
sum.neutral)
                     then show ?thesis by force
                 next
                     {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
                     then show ?thesis by force
                show ?thesis using False simple-functionD(2)[OF f(1)] insert(3,5)[OF F]
simple-function-scaleR fin-0 fin-1 by (subst *, subst add, subst simple-function-sum)
(blast\ intro:\ norm-argument\ indicator)+
             qed
        \mathbf{next}
             case 2
             hence x: x \in f 'space M and F: F \subseteq f 'space M by auto
             show ?case
             proof (cases \ x = \theta)
                 case True
                 then show ?thesis unfolding * using insert(4)[OF\ F] by simp
             next
                 case False
            then show ?thesis unfolding * using insert(4)[OFF] simple-functionD(2)[OF
f(1) by fast
             qed
        next
             case 3
```

```
hence x: x \in f 'space M and F: F \subseteq f 'space M by auto
          show ?case
          proof (cases x = \theta)
             case True
             then show ?thesis unfolding * using insert(5)[OF F] by simp
          next
             case False
              have emeasure M \{y \in space M. (\sum x \in insert \ x \ F. \ indicat-real \ (f - `\{x\})\}
-`\{x\} \cap space\ M)\ y *_R x) \neq 0\} \cup \{y \in space\ M.\ indicat\ real\ (f -`\{x\} \cap space\ M)\}
M) y *_R x \neq \emptyset \})
             using ** simple-functionD(2)[OF\ insert(4)[OF\ F]]\ simple-functionD(2)[OF\ insert(4)[OF\ F]]
f(1)] by (intro emeasure-mono, force+)
             also have ... \leq emeasure M {y \in space M. (\sum x \in F. indicat-real (f - `\{x\})
\cap space M) y *_R x \neq 0 + emeasure M \{y \in \text{space M. indicat-real } (f - `\{x\} \cap Y) \}
space M) y *_R x \neq \emptyset
                 using simple-functionD(2)[OF\ insert(4)[OF\ F]]\ simple-functionD(2)[OF\ and below the context of the context
f(1) by (intro emeasure-subadditive, force+)
              also have ... < \infty using insert(5)[OF F] fin-1[OF False] by (simp add:
less-top)
             finally show ?thesis by simp
          qed
      }
   qed
   moreover have simple-function M (\lambda x. \sum y \in f 'space M. indicat-real (f - `\{y\})
\cap space M) x *_R y) using calculation by blast
   moreover have P(\lambda x. \sum y \in f \text{ 'space } M. \text{ indicat-real } (f - \{y\} \cap \text{space } M) \text{ } x
*_R y) using calculation by blast
   ultimately show ?thesis by (intro cong[OF - - f(1,2)], blast, presburger + )
qed
lemma simple-integrable-function-induct-nonneg[consumes 3, case-names cong in-
dicator add, induct set: simple-function]:
    fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
   assumes f: simple-function M f emeasure M \{y \in space M. f y \neq 0\} \neq \infty \land x.
x \in space \ M \longrightarrow f \ x \ge 0
   assumes cong: \bigwedge f g. simple-function M f \Longrightarrow emeasure M {y \in space M. f y
\neq 0 \} \neq \infty \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow f \ x \geq 0) \Longrightarrow simple-function \ M \ g \Longrightarrow
emeasure M \{ y \in space \ M. \ g \ y \neq 0 \} \neq \infty \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow g \ x \geq 0 )
\implies (\bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \implies f \ x = g \ x) \implies P \ f \implies P \ g
   assumes indicator: \bigwedge A y. y \ge 0 \Longrightarrow A \in sets M \Longrightarrow emeasure M A < \infty \Longrightarrow
P(\lambda x. indicator A x *_R y)
   assumes add: \bigwedge f g. (\bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow f \ x \geq 0) \Longrightarrow simple-function \ M \ f
\implies emeasure M \{y \in space M. f y \neq 0\} \neq \infty \Longrightarrow
                                       (\bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow g \ x \ge 0) \Longrightarrow simple-function \ M \ g \Longrightarrow
emeasure M \{ y \in space \ M. \ g \ y \neq 0 \} \neq \infty \Longrightarrow
                                      (\bigwedge z. \ z \in space \ M \Longrightarrow norm \ (f \ z + g \ z) = norm \ (f \ z) + norm
(g z)) \Longrightarrow
```

```
P f \Longrightarrow P g \Longrightarrow P (\lambda x. f x + g x)
 shows P f
proof-
  let ?f = \lambda x. (\sum y \in f \text{ 'space } M. \text{ indicat-real } (f - `\{y\} \cap \text{space } M) \ x *_R y)
 have f-ae-eq: fx = ?fx if x \in space M for x using banach-simple-function-indicator-representation [OF]
 moreover have emeasure M \{y \in space M. ?f y \neq 0\} \neq \infty by (metis (no-types,
lifting) Collect-cong calculation f(2))
  moreover have P (\lambda x. \sum y \in S. indicat-real (f - `\{y\} \cap space M) \ x *_R y)
               simple-function M (\lambda x. \sum y \in S. indicat-real (f - `\{y\} \cap space M) x
*_R y)
                emeasure M \{y \in space M. (\sum x \in S. indicat\text{-real } (f - `\{x\} \cap space \})\}
M) \ y *_R x) \neq 0\} \neq \infty
             \bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow 0 \le (\sum y \in S. \ indicat\text{-real} \ (f - `\{y\} \cap space \ M)
x *_R y
                if S \subseteq f 'space M for S using simple-functionD(1)[OF \ assms(1),
THEN rev-finite-subset, OF that that
 proof (induction rule: finite-subset-induct')
   case empty
    {
     case 1
     then show ?case using indicator[of 0 \ \{\}] by force
     case 2
     then show ?case by force
   next
     case 3
     then show ?case by force
   next
     case 4
     then show ?case by force
   }
  next
   case (insert x F)
   have (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) \subseteq \{y \in space M. f y \neq 0\}  if x \neq 0 using that by
   moreover have \{y \in space M. f y \neq 0\} = space M - (f - `\{0\} \cap space M)
by blast
     moreover have space M - (f - `\{0\} \cap space M) \in sets M using sim-
ple-functionD(2)[OF f(1)] by blast
    ultimately have fin-0: emeasure M (f - (x) \cap space M) < \infty if x \neq 0
using that by (metis emeasure-mono f(2) infinity-ennreal-def top.not-eq-extremum
   hence fin-1: emeasure M {y \in space\ M. indicat-real (f - `\{x\} \cap space\ M)\ y *_R
x \neq 0} \neq \infty if x \neq 0 by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) emeasure-mono f(1) indica-
tor\text{-}simps(2) linorder\text{-}not\text{-}less mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq scaleR\text{-}eq\text{-}0\text{-}iff simple\text{-}functionD(2)
subset I that)
```

have nonneg-x: $x \ge 0$ using insert f by blast

```
have *: (\sum y \in insert \ x \ F. \ indicat-real \ (f - `\{y\} \cap space \ M) \ xa *_R y) =
(\sum y \in F. indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{y\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat\text{-}real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) xa *_R y) + indicat (f - `\{
space M) xa *_R x for xa by (metis (no-types, lifting) add.commute insert.hyps(1)
insert.hyps(4) sum.insert)
        have **: \{y \in space \ M. \ (\sum x \in insert \ x \ F. \ indicat-real \ (f - `\{x\} \cap space \ M) \ y \}
*_R x) \neq 0\} \subseteq \{y \in space \ M. \ (\sum x \in F. \ indicat\ real \ (f - `\{x\} \cap space \ M) \ y *_R x)\}
\neq 0 \} \cup \{ y \in space M. indicat-real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) \ y *_R x \neq 0 \} unfolding
* by fastforce
        {
            case 1
           show ?case
           proof (cases \ x = \theta)
                \mathbf{case} \ \mathit{True}
               then show ?thesis unfolding * using insert by simp
            next
                case False
                have norm-argument: norm ((\sum y \in F. indicat\text{-real } (f - `\{y\} \cap space M) z))
*_R y) + indicat\text{-real } (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) \ z *_R x) = norm \ (\sum y \in F. \ indicat\text{-real})
(f - `\{y\} \cap space\ M)\ z *_R y) + norm\ (indicat-real\ (f - `\{x\} \cap space\ M)\ z *_R x)
if z: z \in space M for z
                proof (cases f z = x)
                    case True
                   have indicat-real (f - (y) \cap space M) z *_R y = 0 if y \in F for y using
 True insert z that 1 unfolding indicator-def by force
                  hence (\sum y \in F. indicat\text{-real } (f - `\{y\} \cap space M) \ z *_R y) = 0 \ \mathbf{by} \ (meson
sum.neutral)
                    thus ?thesis by force
                qed (force)
             show ?thesis using False fin-0 fin-1 f norm-argument by (subst *, subst add,
presburger add: insert, intro insert, intro insert, fastforce simp add: indicator-def
intro!: insert(2) \ f(3), \ auto \ intro!: indicator \ insert \ nonneg-x)
            qed
        next
            case 2
            show ?case
            proof (cases x = \theta)
                \mathbf{case} \ \mathit{True}
                then show ?thesis unfolding * using insert by simp
            next
              then show ?thesis unfolding * using insert simple-functionD(2)[OFf(1)]
by fast
           qed
        next
            case 3
            show ?case
            proof (cases x = \theta)
                case True
                then show ?thesis unfolding * using insert by simp
```

```
\mathbf{next}
               case False
                have emeasure M \{y \in space \ M. \ (\sum x \in insert \ x \ F. \ indicat-real \ (f - `\{x\})\}
\cap space M) y *_R x) \neq 0 \leq emeasure M (\{y \in \text{space } M. (\sum x \in F. \text{ indicat-real } (f \in
-`\{x\} \cap space\ M)\ y *_R x) \neq 0\} \cup \{y \in space\ M.\ indicat\ real\ (f -`\{x\} \cap space\ M)\}
M) y *_R x \neq \emptyset \})
                 using ** simple-functionD(2)[OF\ insert(6)]\ simple-functionD(2)[OF\ f(1)]
insert.IH(2) by (intro\ emeasure-mono,\ blast,\ simp)
               also have ... \leq emeasure M \{y \in space M. (\sum x \in F. indicat\text{-real } (f - `\{x\})\}
\cap space M) y *_R x) \neq 0} + emeasure M \{y \in space M. indicat-real (f - `\{x\} \cap space M) \}
space M) y *_R x \neq 0}
                      using simple-function D(2)[OF\ insert(6)]\ simple-function D(2)[OF\ f(1)]
by (intro emeasure-subadditive, force+)
               also have ... < \infty using insert(7) fin-1[OF False] by (simp add: less-top)
               finally show ?thesis by simp
           qed
       next
           case (4 \xi)
        thus ?case using insert nonneg-xf(3) by (auto simp add: scaleR-nonneg-nonneg
intro: sum-nonneg)
        }
    qed
   moreover have simple-function M (\lambda x. \sum y \in f 'space M. indicat-real (f - `\{y\})
\cap space M) x *_R y) using calculation by blast
    moreover have P (\lambda x. \sum y \in f 'space M. indicat-real (f - `\{y\} \cap space M) x
*_R y) using calculation by blast
    moreover have \bigwedge x. x \in space M \Longrightarrow 0 \le f x using f(3) by simp
     ultimately show ?thesis by (intro cong[OF - - - f(1,2)], blast, blast, fast)
presburger +
qed
proposition integrable-induct' [consumes 1, case-names base add lim, induct pred:
integrable]:
   fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{banach, second-countable-topology\}
   assumes integrable M f
   assumes base: \bigwedge A c. A \in sets M \Longrightarrow emeasure M A < \infty \Longrightarrow P(\lambda x. indicator)
A x *_R c
    assumes add: \bigwedge f g. integrable M f \Longrightarrow P f \Longrightarrow integrable M g \Longrightarrow P g \Longrightarrow P
(\lambda x. f x + g x)
    assumes lim: \bigwedge f s. integrable M f
                                   \implies (\bigwedge i. integrable M (s i))
                                   \implies (\bigwedge i. \ simple-function \ M \ (s \ i))
                                   \implies (\bigwedge i. \ emeasure \ M \ \{y \in space \ M. \ s \ i \ y \neq 0\} \neq \infty)
                                   \implies (\bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \implies (\lambda i. \ s \ i \ x) \longrightarrow f \ x)
                                   \implies (\bigwedge i \ x. \ x \in space \ M \implies norm \ (s \ i \ x) \le 2 * norm \ (f \ x))
                                   \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge i. \ P \ (s \ i)) \Longrightarrow P f
    shows P f
proof -
    have f: f \in borel-measurable M(\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x. \ norm \ (f \ x) \ \partial M) < \infty \ using \ assms(1)
```

```
obtain s where s: \bigwedge i. simple-function M (s i) \bigwedge x. x \in space M \Longrightarrow (\lambda i. s
i\ x) \longrightarrow f\ x\ \bigwedge i\ x.\ x\in space\ M \Longrightarrow norm\ (s\ i\ x) \le 2*norm\ (f\ x) using
borel-measurable-implies-sequence-metric [OF f(1)] unfolding norm-conv-dist by
metis
    {
         \mathbf{fix} f A
         have [simp]: P(\lambda x. \ \theta) using base[of \{\}] undefined] by simp
         have (\bigwedge i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow integrable \ M \ (f i::'a \Rightarrow 'b)) \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge i. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b. \ i \in A \Longrightarrow P \ (f i::'b
i)) \Longrightarrow P(\lambda x. \sum i \in A. \ f \ i \ x) \ \mathbf{by} \ (induct \ A \ rule: infinite-finite-induct) \ (auto \ intro!:
add
     }
    note sum = this
    define s' where [abs-def]: s' i z = indicator (space M) z *_{B} s i z for i z
    hence s'-eq-s: \bigwedge i \ x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow s' \ i \ x = s \ i \ x by simp
    have sf[measurable]: \land i. simple-function M(s'i) unfolding s'-def using s(1)
by (intro simple-function-compose 2 [where h=(*_R)] simple-function-indicator) auto
     {
         \mathbf{fix} i
          have \bigwedge z. \{y.\ s'\ i\ z=y\ \land\ y\in s'\ i\ `space\ M\ \land\ y\neq 0\ \land\ z\in space\ M\}=(if
z \in space \ M \land s' \ i \ z \neq 0 \ then \ \{s' \ i \ z\} \ else \ \{\}\} by (auto simp add: s'-def split:
split-indicator)
        then have \bigwedge z. s' i = (\lambda z. \sum y \in s' i'space M - \{0\}. indicator \{x \in space M. s'\}
i x = y z *_R y using sf by (auto simp: fun-eq-iff simple-function-def s'-def)
    note s'-eq = this
    show P f
    proof (rule lim)
         \mathbf{fix} i
         have (\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x \cdot norm (s' i x) \partial M) \leq (\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x \cdot norm (f x) \partial M) using
s by (intro nn-integral-mono) (auto simp: s'-eq-s)
      also have ... < \infty using f by (simp add: nn-integral-cmult ennreal-mult-less-top
ennreal-mult)
         finally have sbi: Bochner-Integration.simple-bochner-integrable M (s' i) using
sf by (intro simple-bochner-integrable I-bounded) auto
              thus integrable M (s' i) simple-function M (s' i) emeasure M \{y \in space\}
M. s' i y \neq 0} \neq \infty by (auto intro: integrable I-simple-bochner-integrable sim-
ple-bochner-integrable.cases)
              \mathbf{fix} \ x \ \mathbf{assume} x \in \mathit{space} \ M \ s' \ i \ x \neq 0
              then have emeasure M \{y \in space M. s' \mid y = s' \mid x\} \leq emeasure M \{y \in space M. s' \mid y = s' \mid x\}
space M. s' i y \neq 0} by (intro emeasure-mono) auto
              also have \dots < \infty using sbi by (auto elim: simple-bochner-integrable.cases
```

unfolding integrable-iff-bounded by auto

```
simp: less-top)
      finally have emeasure M \{ y \in space M. \ s' \ i \ y = s' \ i \ x \} \neq \infty \ by \ simp
    then show P(s'|i) by (subst s'-eq) (auto intro!: sum base simp: less-top)
    fix x assume x \in space M
    thus (\lambda i. \ s' \ i \ x) \longrightarrow f \ x \ using \ s \ by \ (simp \ add: \ s'-eq-s)
    show norm (s' \mid x) \leq 2 * norm (f \mid x)  using \langle x \in space \mid M \rangle s by (simp \ add: x \in space \mid M \rangle s)
s'-eq-s)
  \mathbf{qed}\ fact
qed
{f lemma}\ finite-nn-integral-imp-ae-finite:
  fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow ennreal
  assumes f \in \textit{borel-measurable } M \ ( \int^+ x. \ f \ x \ \partial M ) < \infty
  shows AE x in M. f x < \infty
proof (rule ccontr, goal-cases)
  case 1
  let ?A = space M \cap \{x. f x = \infty\}
  have *: emeasure M?A > 0 using 1 assms(1) by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)
assms(2) eventually-mono infinity-enreal-def nn-integral-noteq-infinite top.not-eq-extremum)
  have (\int x \cdot f \cdot x \cdot indicator ?A \cdot x \cdot \partial M) = (\int x \cdot x \cdot indicator ?A \cdot x \cdot \partial M) by
(metis\ (mono-tags,\ lifting)\ indicator-inter-arith\ indicator-simps(2)\ mem-Collect-eq
mult-eq-0-iff)
 also have \dots = \infty * emeasure M?A using assms(1) by (intro nn-integral-cmult-indicator,
simp)
  also have ... = \infty using * by fastforce
  finally have (\int x \cdot f x * indicator ?A \times \partial M) = \infty.
  moreover have (\int x \cdot f \cdot x \cdot indicator ?A \cdot x \cdot \partial M) \leq (\int x \cdot f \cdot x \cdot \partial M) by (intro
nn-integral-mono, simp add: indicator-def)
  ultimately show ?case using assms(2) by simp
qed
lemma cauchy-L1-AE-cauchy-subseq:
  fixes s :: nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{banach, second-countable-topology\}
  assumes [measurable]: \bigwedge n. integrable M (s n)
      and \bigwedge e.\ e > 0 \Longrightarrow \exists N.\ \forall i \geq N.\ \forall j \geq N.\ LINT\ x | M.\ dist\ (s\ i\ x)\ (s\ j\ x) < e
  obtains r where strict-mono r AE x in M. Cauchy (\lambda i. s (r i) x)
proof-
  have \exists r. \forall n. (\forall i \geq r \ n. \ \forall j \geq r \ n. \ LINT \ x | M. \ dist \ (s \ i \ x) \ (s \ j \ x) < (1 \ / \ 2) \ \widehat{\ } n)
\land (r (Suc \ n) > r \ n)
  proof (intro dependent-nat-choice, goal-cases)
    case 1
    then show ?case using assms(2) by presburger
  next
    case (2 x n)
    obtain N where *: LINT x|M. dist (s i x) (s j x) < (1 / 2) \hat{} Suc n if i \geq N
j \geq N for i j using assms(2)[of (1 / 2) \cap Suc n] by auto
    {
```

```
hence integral^L M (\lambda x. dist (s i x) (s j x)) < (1 / 2) \cap Suc n using * by
fast force
    then show ?case by fastforce
  qed
  then obtain r where strict-mono: strict-mono r and \forall i \geq r \ n. \ \forall j \geq r \ n. \ LINT
x|M.\ dist\ (s\ i\ x)\ (s\ j\ x)<(1\ /\ 2)\ \widehat{\ } n\ {\bf for}\ n\ {\bf using}\ strict-mono-Suc-iff\ {\bf by}\ blast
  hence r-is: LINT x|M. dist (s (r (Suc n)) x) (s (r n) x) < (1 / 2) \cap n for n
\mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ strict\text{-}mono\text{-}leD)
 define g where g = (\lambda n \ x. \ (\sum i \le n. \ ennreal \ (dist \ (s \ (r \ (Suc \ i)) \ x) \ (s \ (r \ i) \ x))))
  define g' where g' = (\lambda x. \sum i. ennreal (dist (s (r (Suc i)) x) (s (r i) x)))
 have integrable-g: (\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \cdot g \, n \, x \, \partial M) < 2 \text{ for } n
    have (\int_{-}^{+} x. \ g \ n \ x \ \partial M) = (\int_{-}^{+} x. \ (\sum_{i} i \leq n. \ ennreal \ (dist \ (s \ (r \ (Suc \ i)) \ x) \ (s \ ))
(r \ i) \ x))) \ \partial M) using g-def by simp
     also have ... = (\sum i \le n. (\int x)^{+} x. ennreal (dist (s (r (Suc i)) x) (s (r i) x))
\partial M)) by (intro nn-integral-sum, simp)
   also have ... = (\sum i \le n. \ LINT \ x | M. \ dist \ (s \ (r \ (Suc \ i)) \ x) \ (s \ (r \ i) \ x)) unfolding
dist-norm using assms(1) by (subst nn-integral-eq-integral[OF integrable-norm],
   also have ... < ennreal (\sum i \le n. (1/2) \hat{i}) by (intro ennreal-lessI[OF sum-pos
sum-strict-mono[OF finite-atMost - r-is]], auto)
   also have ... \leq ennreal\ 2 unfolding sum\text{-}gp0[of\ 1\ /\ 2\ n] by (intro ennreal-leI,
    finally show (\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \cdot g \cdot n \cdot x \cdot \partial M) < 2 \text{ by } simp
  have integrable-g': (\int + x \cdot g' \cdot x \cdot \partial M) \leq 2
     have incseq (\lambda n. \ g \ n \ x) for x by (intro incseq-SucI, auto simp add: g-def
ennreal-leI)
     hence convergent (\lambda n. \ g \ n \ x) for x unfolding convergent-def using LIM-
SEQ-incseq-SUP by fast
      hence (\lambda n. \ g \ n \ x) \longrightarrow g' \ x for x unfolding g-def g'-def by (intro
summable-iff-convergent'[THEN iffD2, THEN summable-LIMSEQ'], blast)
   hence (\int_{-}^{+} x. g' x \partial M) = (\int_{-}^{+} x. liminf (\lambda n. g n x) \partial M) by (metis lim-imp-Liminf
trivial-limit-sequentially)
   also have ... \leq liminf(\lambda n. \int + x. g n x \partial M) by (intro nn-integral-liminf, simp
add: g\text{-}def
   also have ... \leq liminf(\lambda n. 2) using integrable-q by (intro Liminf-mono) (simp
add: order-le-less)
    also have \dots = 2 using sequentially-bot tendsto-iff-Liminf-eq-Limsup by blast
    finally show ?thesis.
 hence AE x in M. g' x < \infty by (intro finite-nn-integral-imp-ae-finite) (auto simp
add: order-le-less-trans q'-def)
```

fix i j assume $i \geq max \ N \ (Suc \ x) \ j \geq max \ N \ (Suc \ x)$

```
moreover have summable (\lambda i. dist (s (r (Suc i)) x) (s (r i) x)) if q' x \neq 0
\infty for x using that unfolding g'-def by (intro summable-suminf-not-top, intro
zero-le-dist, fastforce)
  ultimately have ae-summable: AE x in M. summable (\lambda i.\ s\ (r\ (Suc\ i))\ x-s
(r i) x) using summable-norm-cancel unfolding dist-norm by force
   fix x assume summable (\lambda i. s (r (Suc i)) x - s (r i) x)
   hence (\lambda n. \sum i < n. \ s \ (r \ (Suc \ i)) \ x - s \ (r \ i) \ x) \xrightarrow{} (\sum i. \ s \ (r \ (Suc \ i)) \ x - s \ r)
s\ (r\ i)\ x) using summable-LIMSEQ by blast
   moreover have (\lambda n. (\sum i < n. s (r (Suc i)) x - s (r i) x)) = (\lambda n. s (r n) x - s (r i) x)
s(r \theta) x) using sum-less Than-telescope by fastforce
   ultimately have (\lambda n. \ s \ (r \ n) \ x - s \ (r \ 0) \ x) \longrightarrow (\sum i. \ s \ (r \ (Suc \ i)) \ x - s
(r \ i) \ x) by argo
   hence (\lambda n.\ s\ (r\ n)\ x-s\ (r\ 0)\ x+s\ (r\ 0)\ x) \longrightarrow (\sum i.\ s\ (r\ (Suc\ i))\ x-s
(r\ i)\ x) + s\ (r\ 0)\ x\ \mathbf{by}\ (intro\ isCont\text{-}tendsto\text{-}compose[of\ -\ \lambda z.\ z+s\ (r\ 0)\ x],\ auto)
   hence Cauchy (\lambda n. \ s \ (r \ n) \ x) by (simp \ add: LIMSEQ-imp-Cauchy)
  }
 hence AE x in M. Cauchy (\lambda i. s (r i) x) using ae-summable by fast
  thus ?thesis by (rule\ that[OF\ strict-mono(1)])
\mathbf{qed}
lemma integrable-max[simp, intro]:
  fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology}\}
  assumes fg[measurable]: integrable M f integrable M g
  shows integrable M (\lambda x. max (f x) (g x))
proof (rule Bochner-Integration.integrable-bound)
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ x \ y :: \ 'b
   have norm (max \ x \ y) \le max (norm \ x) (norm \ y) by linarith
   also have ... \leq norm \ x + norm \ y \ by \ simp
   finally have norm (max \ x \ y) \le norm (norm \ x + norm \ y) by simp
 thus AE \ x \ in \ M. \ norm \ (max \ (f \ x) \ (g \ x)) \leq norm \ (norm \ (f \ x) + norm \ (g \ x)) by
\mathbf{qed} (auto intro: Bochner-Integration.integrable-add[OF integrable-norm[OF fg(1)]
integrable-norm[OF\ fg(2)]])
lemma integrable-min[simp, intro]:
  fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology}\}
  assumes [measurable]: integrable M f integrable M g
  shows integrable M (\lambda x. min (f x) (g x))
proof -
 have norm (min (f x) (g x)) \leq norm (f x) \vee norm (min (f x) (g x)) \leq norm (g x)
x) for x by linarith
 thus ?thesis by (intro integrable-bound OF integrable-max OF integrable-norm (1.1),
OF assms]], auto)
qed
```

```
dered-real-vector}
   assumes [measurable]: f \in borel-measurable M and nonneg: AE x in M. 0 \le f x
    shows 0 \leq integral^L M f
proof cases
    assume integrable: integrable M f
     hence max: (\lambda x. \ max \ \theta \ (f \ x)) \in borel-measurable \ M \ \land x. \ \theta \leq max \ \theta \ (f \ x)
integrable M (\lambda x. max \theta (f x)) by auto
    hence 0 \leq integral^L M (\lambda x. max \theta (f x))
    proof -
    obtain s where *: \Lambda i. simple-function M (s i)
                                      \bigwedge i. emeasure M \{ y \in space M. \ s \ i \ y \neq 0 \} \neq \infty
                                      \bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow (\lambda i. \ s \ i \ x) \longrightarrow f \ x
                                           \bigwedge x \ i. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow norm \ (s \ i \ x) \le 2 * norm \ (f \ x)  using
integrable-implies-simple-function-sequence[OF integrable] by blast
       have simple: \Lambda i. simple-function M (\lambda x. max \theta (s i x)) using * by fast
         have \bigwedge i. \{y \in space M. max \theta (s i y) \neq \theta\} \subseteq \{y \in space M. s i y \neq \theta\}
unfolding max-def by force
      moreover have \bigwedge i. \{y \in space \ M. \ s \ i \ y \neq 0\} \in sets \ M \ using * by measurable
          ultimately have \bigwedge i. emeasure M \{y \in space M. max \theta (s i y) \neq \theta\} \leq
emeasure M \{ y \in space \ M. \ s \ i \ y \neq 0 \} by (rule emeasure-mono)
       hence **:\bigwedge i. emeasure M \{y \in space M. max \theta (s i y) \neq \theta\} \neq \infty using *(2)
by (auto intro: order.strict-trans1 simp add: top.not-eq-extremum)
       have \bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow (\lambda i. \ max \ \theta \ (s \ i \ x)) \longrightarrow max \ \theta \ (f \ x) \ using *(3)
tendsto-max by blast
        moreover have \bigwedge x \ i. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow norm \ (max \ 0 \ (s \ i \ x)) \leq norm \ (2 *_R)
f(x) using *(4) unfolding max-def by auto
      ultimately have tendsto: (\lambda i. integral^L M (\lambda x. max \theta (s i x))) \longrightarrow integral^L
M (\lambda x. max \theta (f x))
                 using borel-measurable-simple-function simple integrable by (intro inte-
gral-dominated-convergence [OF max(1) - integrable-norm [OF integrable-scaleR-right],
of - 2f], blast+)
            \mathbf{fix}\ h\ ::\ 'a\Rightarrow\ 'b\ ::\ \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology,\ banach,\ linorder\text{-}topology,\ or\text{-}topology,\ or\text{-}topol
dered-real-vector}
           assume simple-function M h emeasure M \{y \in space M. h y \neq 0\} \neq \infty \land x.
x \in space \ M \longrightarrow h \ x \ge 0
           hence *: integral^L M h \ge 0
           proof (induct rule: simple-integrable-function-induct-nonneg)
               case (cong f g)
               then show ?case using Bochner-Integration.integral-cong by force
           next
               case (indicator\ A\ y)
               hence A \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow y \geq 0 using sets.sets-into-space by fastforce
                     then show ?case using indicator by (cases A = \{\}, auto simp add:
```

fixes $f: 'a \Rightarrow 'b: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-$

lemma integral-nonneg-AE-banach:

```
scaleR-nonneq-nonneq)
     \mathbf{next}
       case (add f g)
       then show ?case by (simp add: integrable-simple-function)
     qed
   thus ?thesis using LIMSEQ-le-const[OF tendsto, of 0] ** simple by fastforce
  also have ... = integral^L M f using nonneg by (auto intro: integral-cong-AE)
  finally show ?thesis.
qed (simp add: not-integrable-integral-eq)
\mathbf{lemma}\ integral	ext{-}mono	ext{-}AE	ext{-}banach:
  fixes f g :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
 assumes integrable M f integrable M q AE x in M. f x < q x
 shows integral^L M f \leq integral^L M g
 using integral-nonneg-AE-banach of \lambda x. qx - fx assms Bochner-Integration.integral-diff OF
assms(1,2)] by force
lemma integral-mono-banach:
  fixes fg::'a \Rightarrow 'b:: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
  assumes integrable M f integrable M g \land x. x \in space M \Longrightarrow f x \leq g x
  shows integral^L M f \leq integral^L M g
  using integral-mono-AE-banach assms by blast
end
theory Set-Integral-Addendum
 imports \ HOL-Analysis. Set-Integral \ Bochner-Integration-Addendum
 begin
lemma set-integral-scaleR-left:
  assumes A \in sets \ M \ c \neq 0 \Longrightarrow integrable \ M \ f
  shows LINT t:A|M. f t *_R c = (LINT t:A|M. f t) *_R c
  unfolding set-lebesque-integral-def
  \mathbf{using}\ integrable\text{-}mult\text{-}indicator[OF\ assms]
 by (subst integral-scaleR-left[symmetric], auto)
lemma nn-set-integral-eq-set-integral:
  assumes [measurable]: integrable M f
     and AE x \in A in M. 0 \le f x A \in sets M
   shows (\int x \in A \cdot f \cdot x \cdot \partial M) = (\int x \in A \cdot f \cdot x \cdot \partial M)
proof-
  have (\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x \cdot indicator A \times_R f \times \partial M) = (\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x \in A \cdot f \times \partial M)
 unfolding set-lebesgue-integral-def using assms(2) by (intro nn-integral-eq-integral) of
- \lambda x. indicat-real A \times_R f[x], blast intro: assms integrable-mult-indicator, fastforce)
 moreover have (\int {}^+x. \ indicator \ A \ x *_R f \ x \ \partial M) = (\int {}^+x \in A. \ f \ x \ \partial M) by (metis
ennreal-0 indicator-simps(1) indicator-simps(2) mult.commute mult-1 mult-zero-left
```

```
real-scaleR-def)
 ultimately show ?thesis by argo
qed
lemma set-integral-restrict-space:
 fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{banach, second-countable-topology\}
 assumes \Omega \cap space M \in sets M
 shows set-lebesque-integral (restrict-space M \Omega) A f = set-lebesque-integral M A
(\lambda x. indicator \Omega x *_R f x)
 {\bf unfolding} \ \textit{set-lebesgue-integral-def}
 by (subst integral-restrict-space, auto intro!: integrable-mult-indicator assms simp:
mult.commute)
lemma set-integral-const:
 fixes c :: 'b::\{banach, second-countable-topology\}
 assumes A \in sets \ M \ emeasure \ M \ A \neq \infty
 shows set-lebesgue-integral M A (\lambda-. c) = measure M A *_R c
 unfolding set-lebesgue-integral-def
 using assms by (metis has-bochner-integral-indicator has-bochner-integral-integral-eq
infinity-ennreal-def less-top)
lemma set-integral-mono-banach:
  fixes fg: 'a \Rightarrow 'b: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
  assumes set-integrable M A f set-integrable M A g
   \bigwedge x. \ x \in A \Longrightarrow f \ x \le g \ x
 shows (LINT x:A|M. fx) \le (LINT x:A|M. gx)
 using assms unfolding set-integrable-def set-lebesque-integral-def
 by (auto intro: integral-mono-banach split: split-indicator)
lemma set-integral-mono-AE-banach:
  fixes fg: 'a \Rightarrow 'b: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
 assumes set-integrable M A f set-integrable M A g AE x \in A in M. f x \leq g x
  shows set-lebesgue-integral M A f \leq set-lebesgue-integral M A g using assms
unfolding set-lebesgue-integral-def by (auto simp add: set-integrable-def intro!:
integral-mono-AE-banach[of\ M\ \lambda x.\ indicator\ A\ x*_R\ f\ x\ \lambda x.\ indicator\ A\ x*_R\ g\ x],
simp add: indicator-def)
theory Sigma-Finite-Measure-Addendum
imports Set-Integral-Addendum
begin
lemma balls-countable-basis:
  obtains D:: 'a:: {metric-space, second-countable-topology} set
  where topological-basis (case-prod ball '(D \times (\mathbb{Q} \cap \{0 < ... \})))
   and countable D
```

```
and D \neq \{\}
proof -
 obtain D: 'a set where dense-subset: countable D D \neq \{\} [open U; U \neq \{\}]
\implies \exists y \in D. \ y \in U \text{ for } U \text{ using } countable\text{-}dense\text{-}exists \text{ by } blast
 have topological-basis (case-prod ball '(D \times (\mathbb{Q} \cap \{0 < ... \})))
  proof (intro topological-basis-iff[THEN iffD2], fast, clarify)
   fix U and x :: 'a assume asm: open U x \in U
   obtain e where e: e > 0 ball x \in U using asm openE by blast
   obtain y where y: y \in D y \in ball x (e / 3) using dense\text{-subset}(3)[OF open\text{-ball},
of x \in /3 centre-in-ball [THEN iffD2, OF divide-pos-pos[OF e(1), of 3]] by force
  obtain r where r: r \in \mathbb{Q} \cap \{e/3 < ... < e/2\} unfolding Rats-def using of-rat-dense[OF]
divide-strict-left-mono [OF - e(1)], of 2 3 by auto
   have *: x \in ball \ y \ r \ using \ r \ y \ by \ (simp \ add: \ dist-commute)
   hence ball y r \subseteq U using r by (intro order-trans[OF - e(2)], simp, metric)
    moreover have ball y r \in (case\text{-prod ball } (D \times (\mathbb{Q} \cap \{0 < ..\}))) using y(1)
r by force
   ultimately show \exists B' \in (case\text{-prod ball } (D \times (\mathbb{Q} \cap \{\theta < ..\}))). \ x \in B' \wedge B' \subseteq
U using * by meson
  thus ?thesis using that dense-subset by blast
qed
context sigma-finite-measure
begin
lemma sigma-finite-measure-induct[case-names finite-measure, consumes 0]:
  assumes \bigwedge(N :: 'a \ measure) \ \Omega. finite-measure N
                             \implies N = \mathit{restrict}\text{-}\mathit{space}\ M\ \Omega
                             \Longrightarrow \Omega \in \operatorname{sets} M
                              \implies emeasure \ N \ \Omega \neq \infty
                             \implies emeasure \ N \ \Omega \neq 0
                             \implies almost-everywhere N Q
      and [measurable]: Measurable.pred M Q
  shows almost-everywhere M Q
proof -
  have *: almost-everywhere N Q if finite-measure N N = restrict-space M \Omega \Omega
\in sets M emeasure N \Omega \neq \infty for N \Omega using that by (cases emeasure N \Omega = 0,
auto intro: emeasure-0-AE \ assms(1))
 obtain A :: nat \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set where } A : range A \subseteq sets M (\bigcup i. A i) = space M \text{ and}
emeasure-finite: emeasure M (A \ i) \neq \infty for i using sigma-finite by metis
 note A(1)[measurable]
 have space\text{-}restr: space \ (restrict\text{-}space \ M\ (A\ i)) = A\ i \ \mathbf{for}\ i \ \mathbf{unfolding}\ space\text{-}restrict\text{-}space
by simp
  {
   \mathbf{fix} i
   have *: \{x \in A \ i \cap space \ M. \ Q \ x\} = \{x \in space \ M. \ Q \ x\} \cap (A \ i) by fast
  have Measurable.pred (restrict-space M(A i)) Q using A by (intro measurable I,
```

```
auto simp add: space-restr intro!: sets-restrict-space-iff[THEN iffD2], measurable,
auto)
 }
 note this[measurable]
  {
   \mathbf{fix} i
   have finite-measure (restrict-space M (A i)) using emeasure-finite by (intro
finite-measureI, subst space-restr, subst emeasure-restrict-space, auto)
   hence emeasure (restrict-space M (A i)) \{x \in A \ i. \ \neg Q \ x\} = 0 using emea-
sure-finite by (intro AE-iff-measurable THEN iffD1, OF - - * |, measurable, subst
space-restr[symmetric], intro sets.top, auto simp add: emeasure-restrict-space)
  hence emeasure M \{x \in A \ i. \ \neg Q \ x\} = 0 by (subst emeasure-restrict-space[symmetric],
auto)
  hence emeasure M (\bigcup i. \{x \in A \ i. \neg Q \ x\}) = \theta by (intro emeasure-UN-eq-\theta,
 moreover have (\bigcup i. \{x \in A \ i. \neg Q \ x\}) = \{x \in space \ M. \neg Q \ x\} \text{ using } A \text{ by }
  ultimately show ?thesis by (intro AE-iff-measurable[THEN iffD2], auto)
qed
lemma averaging-theorem:
  fixes f::- \Rightarrow 'b::\{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach\}
 assumes [measurable]: integrable M f
     and closed: closed S
      and \bigwedge A. A \in sets \ M \Longrightarrow measure \ M \ A > 0 \Longrightarrow (1 \ / measure \ M \ A) *_R
set-lebesque-integral M A f \in S
   shows AE x in M. f x \in S
proof (induct rule: sigma-finite-measure-induct)
 case (finite-measure N \Omega)
 interpret finite-measure N by (rule finite-measure)
 have integrable[measurable]: integrable N f using assms finite-measure by (auto
simp: integrable-restrict-space integrable-mult-indicator)
  have average: (1 / Sigma-Algebra.measure\ N\ A) *_R set-lebesgue-integral\ N\ A\ f
\in S \text{ if } A \in sets \ N \ measure \ N \ A > 0 \ \text{for } A
  proof -
  have *: A \in sets M using that by (simp add: sets-restrict-space-iff finite-measure)
   have A = A \cap \Omega by (metis finite-measure(2,3) inf.orderE sets.sets-into-space
space-restrict-space that(1)
    hence set-lebesque-integral N A f = set-lebesque-integral M A f unfolding
finite-measure by (subst set-integral-restrict-space, auto simp add: finite-measure
set-lebesgue-integral-def indicator-inter-arith[symmetric])
    moreover have measure N A = measure M A using that by (auto intro!:
measure-restrict-space simp add: finite-measure sets-restrict-space-iff)
   ultimately show ?thesis using that * assms(3) by presburger
  qed
```

```
have countable-balls: countable (case-prod ball '(D \times (\mathbb{Q} \cap \{0 < ... \}))) using
countable-rat countable-D by blast
 obtain B where B-balls: B \subseteq case\text{-prod ball} \ (D \times (\mathbb{Q} \cap \{0 < ..\})) \cup B = -S
using topological-basis[THEN iffD1, OF balls-basis] open-Compl[OF assms(2)] by
meson
 hence countable-B: countable B using countable-balls countable-subset by fast
 define b where b = from\text{-}nat\text{-}into\ (B \cup \{\{\}\}\})
 have B \cup \{\{\}\} \neq \{\} by simp
 have range-b: range b = B \cup \{\{\}\} using countable-B by (auto simp add: b-def
intro!: range-from-nat-into)
 have open-b: open (b i) for i unfolding b-def using B-balls open-ball from-nat-into of
B \cup \{\{\}\}\ i by force
 have Union-range-b: \bigcup (range\ b) = -S using B-balls range-b by simp
   fix v r assume ball-in-Compl: ball v r \subseteq -S
   define A where A = f - `ball v r \cap space N
   have dist-less: dist (f x) v < r if x \in A for x using that unfolding A-def
vimage-def by (simp add: dist-commute)
    hence AE-less: AE x \in A in N. norm (f x - v) < r by (auto simp add:
dist-norm)
   have *: A \in sets \ N unfolding A-def by simp
   have emeasure NA = 0
   proof -
      assume asm: emeasure NA > 0
      hence measure-pos: measure NA > 0 unfolding emeasure-eq-measure by
simp
     A) *_R set-lebesque-integral N A (\lambda x. fx - v) using integrable integrable-const * by
(subst\ set\ -integral\ -diff(2),\ auto\ simp\ add:\ set\ -integrable\ -def\ set\ -integral\ -const[OF*]
algebra-simps intro!: integrable-mult-indicator)
         moreover have norm (\int x \in A. (f x - v) \partial N) \leq (\int x \in A. norm (f x))
(v) \partial N using * by (auto intro!: integral-norm-bound of N \lambda x. indicator A x
*_R (f x - v), THEN order-trans integrable-mult-indicator integrable simp add:
set-lebesgue-integral-def)
       ultimately have norm ((1 / measure N A) *_R set-lebesgue-integral N A f
-v) \leq set-lebesgue-integral N A (\lambda x. norm (f x - v)) / measure N A using asm
by (auto intro: divide-right-mono)
      also have ... < set-lebesgue-integral N A (\lambda x. r) / measure N A
        unfolding set-lebesgue-integral-def
        using asm * integrable integrable-const AE-less measure-pos
     by (intro divide-strict-right-mono integral-less-AE[of - - A] integrable-mult-indicator)
          (fastforce simp add: dist-less dist-norm indicator-def)+
```

obtain D:: 'b set where balls-basis: topological-basis (case-prod ball ' $(D \times (\mathbb{Q} \cap \{0<...\}))$) and countable-D: countable D using balls-countable-basis by blast

```
also have ... = r using * measure-pos by (simp add: set-integral-const)
      finally have dist ((1 / measure N A) *_R set-lebesgue-integral N A f) v < r
by (subst dist-norm)
     hence False using average [OF * measure-pos] by (metis ComplD dist-commute
in-mono mem-ball ball-in-Compl)
     thus ?thesis by fastforce
   qed
 note * = this
  {
   fix b' assume b' \in B
   hence ball-subset-Compl: b' \subseteq -S and ball-radius-pos: \exists v \in D. \exists r > 0. b' =
ball v r using B-balls by (blast, fast)
 note ** = this
  hence emeasure N (f - b i \cap space N) = 0 for i by (cases b i = \{\}, simp)
(metis UnE singletonD * range-b[THEN eq-refl, THEN range-subsetD])
  hence emeasure N (\bigcup i. f - b \in S) in S in S in S using open-b by (intro
emeasure-UN-eq-0) fastforce+
  moreover have (\bigcup i. f - b i \cap space N) = f - (\bigcup (range b)) \cap space N by
blast
 ultimately have emeasure N (f - (-S) \cap space N) = 0 using Union-range-b
hence AE \times in \ N. f \times \notin -S using open-Compl[OF \ assms(2)] by (intro \ AE-iff-measurable[THEN])
iffD2], auto)
 thus ?case by force
qed (simp add: pred-sets2[OF borel-closed] assms(2))
lemma density-nonneg:
 fixes f::-\Rightarrow b::\{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, ordered\text{-}real\text{-}vector}\}
 assumes integrable M f
     and \bigwedge A. A \in sets \ M \Longrightarrow set-lebesgue-integral M \ A \ f \ge 0
   shows AE x in M. f x \ge 0
 using averaging-theorem [OF\ assms(1),\ of\ \{0..\},\ OF\ closed-atLeast]\ assms(2)
 by (simp add: scaleR-nonneq-nonneq)
lemma density-zero:
  fixes f::'a \Rightarrow 'b::\{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach\}
 assumes integrable M f
     and density-0: \bigwedge A. A \in sets \ M \Longrightarrow set-lebesgue-integral M \ A \ f = 0
 shows AE x in M. f x = 0
 using averaging-theorem[OF assms(1), of \{0\}] assms(2)
 by (simp add: scaleR-nonneg-nonneg)
lemma density-unique:
  fixes f f'::'a \Rightarrow 'b::\{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
 assumes integrable M f integrable M f'
   and density-eq: \bigwedge A. A \in sets\ M \Longrightarrow set-lebesgue-integral M\ A\ f = set-lebesgue-integral
```

```
M A f'
 shows AE x in M. f x = f' x
proof-
   fix A assume asm: A \in sets M
    hence LINT x|M. indicat-real A x *_R (f x - f' x) = 0 using density-eq
assms(1,2) by (simp\ add:\ set\ -lebesque\ -integral\ -def\ algebra\ -simps\ Bochner\ -Integration\ .integral\ -diff\ OF
integrable-mult-indicator(1,1)])
 }
 thus ?thesis using density-zero[OF\ Bochner-Integration.integrable-diff[OF\ assms(1,2)]]
by (simp add: set-lebesgue-integral-def)
qed
lemma integral-nonneg-AE-eq-0-iff-AE:
  fixes f::'a \Rightarrow 'b:: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or\text{-}
dered-real-vector}
 assumes f[measurable]: integrable M f and nonneg: AE x in M. 0 \le f x
 shows integral^L M f = 0 \longleftrightarrow (AE x in M. f x = 0)
 assume *: integral^L M f = 0
   fix A assume asm: A \in sets M
   have 0 \leq integral^L M (\lambda x. indicator A x *_R f x) using nonneg by (subst inte-
qral-zero[of\ M,\ symmetric],\ intro\ integral-mono-AE-banach\ integrable-mult-indicator
asm f integrable-zero, auto simp add: indicator-def)
  moreover have ... \leq integral^L M f using nonneg by (intro integral-mono-AE-banach
integrable-mult-indicator asm f, auto simp add: indicator-def)
  ultimately have set-lebesque-integral MAf = 0 unfolding set-lebesque-integral-def
using * by force
 thus AE x in M. f x = 0 by (intro density-zero f, blast)
qed (auto simp add: integral-eq-zero-AE)
lemma integral-eq-mono-AE-eq-AE:
 fixes f g :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
 assumes integrable M f integrable M q integral L M f = integral L M q AE x in
M. f x \leq g x
 shows AE x in M. f x = g x
proof -
 define h where h = (\lambda x. g x - f x)
  have AE \ x \ in \ M. \ h \ x = 0 unfolding h-def using assms by (subst inte-
gral-nonneg-AE-eq-0-iff-AE[symmetric]) auto
 then show ?thesis unfolding h-def by auto
qed
end
```

end

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{theory} & \textit{Filtration} \\ \textbf{imports} & \textit{HOL-Probability}. \textit{Conditional-Expectation HOL-Probability}. \textit{Stopping-Time} \\ \textit{Measure-Space-Addendum} \\ \textbf{begin} \\ \end{tabular}$

1.3 Filtered Sigma Finite Measure

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{locale} \ \textit{filtered-sigma-finite-measure} \ = \ \textit{sigma-finite-measure} \ M \ + \ \textit{filtration space} \ M \\ F \ \textbf{for} \ M \ \textbf{and} \ F :: \ 't :: \{\textit{second-countable-topology}, \ \textit{linorder-topology}, \ \textit{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \ 'a \ \textit{measure} \ + \end{array}$

```
assumes subalgebra: \bigwedge i. subalgebra M (F i) and sigma-finite: sigma-finite-measure (restr-to-subalg M (F bot))
```

locale ennreal-filtered-sigma-finite-measure = filtered-sigma-finite-measure $M\ F$ for M and F :: ennreal \Rightarrow -

locale nat-filtered-sigma-finite-measure = filtered-sigma-finite-measure M F for M and F :: $nat \Rightarrow$ -

sublocale filtered-sigma-finite-measure \subseteq sigma-finite-subalgebra M F i **by** (metis bot.extremum sigma-finite sigma-finite-subalgebra.intro subalgebra sets-F-mono sigma-finite-subalgebra.nested-subalgebra-def)

1.4 Natural Filtration

definition natural-filtration :: 'a measure \Rightarrow 's measure \Rightarrow ('t \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 's) \Rightarrow 't :: {second-countable-topology, linorder-topology, order-bot} \Rightarrow 'a measure **where** natural-filtration M N Y = (λ t. restr-to-subalg M (sigma-gen (space M) N {Y i | i. i \leq t}))

lemma

```
assumes \bigwedge i. Y \ i \in M \to_M N

shows sets-natural-filtration[simp]: sets (natural-filtration M \ N \ Y \ t) = sigma-sets

(space \ M) \ (\bigcup i \le t. \ \{Y \ i \ -\ `A \cap space \ M \mid A. \ A \in N\})

and space-natural-filtration[simp]: space (natural-filtration M \ N \ Y \ t) = space \ M

by (standard; (subst natural-filtration-def, subst sets-restr-to-subalg)) (auto \ simp

add: natural-filtration-def space-restr-to-subalg subalgebra-def intro!: sets.sigma-sets-subset

measurable-sets[OF \ assms] \ sigma-sets-mono)
```

end

 ${\bf theory}\ {\it Conditional-Expectation-Banach}$

 $\label{lem:conditional-expectation} \begin{tabular}{l} \textbf{Emports } HOL-Probability. Conditional-Expectation Sigma-Finite-Measure-Addendum Bochner-Integration-Addendum Elementary-Metric-Spaces-Addendum begin \\ \end{tabular}$

definition has-cond-exp:: 'a measure \Rightarrow 'a measure \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b::{real-normed-vector, second-countable-topology}) \Rightarrow bool where

has-cond-exp M F f $a = ((\forall A \in sets F))(f, x \in A \cap f, x \ni M) = (f, x \in A \cap f, x \ni M)$

```
has-cond-exp M F f g = ((\forall A \in sets F. (\int x \in A. f x \partial M) = (\int x \in A. g x \partial M))
```

 \land integrable M f \land integrable M g

```
\land g \in borel\text{-}measurable F
```

```
lemma has-cond-expI'[intro]:
 assumes \bigwedge A. A \in sets \ F \Longrightarrow (\int x \in A. \ f \ x \ \partial M) = (\int x \in A. \ g \ x \ \partial M)
         integrable\ M\ f
         integrable M g
         g \in borel-measurable F
  shows has-cond-exp M F f g
  using assms unfolding has-cond-exp-def by simp
lemma has-cond-expD:
  assumes has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ f\ g
  shows \bigwedge A. A \in sets \ F \Longrightarrow (\int x \in A . \ f \ x \ \partial M) = (\int x \in A . \ g \ x \ \partial M)
       integrable\ M\ f
       integrable M q
       q \in borel-measurable F
  using assms unfolding has-cond-exp-def by simp+
definition cond-exp:: 'a measure \Rightarrow 'a measure \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b::{banach,
second-countable-topology}) where
  cond-exp M F f = (if \exists g. has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp M F f g then (SOME g. has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp M
F f g) else (\lambda -. \theta))
lemma borel-measurable-cond-exp[measurable]: cond-exp M F f \in borel-measurable
 by (metis cond-exp-def someI has-cond-exp-def borel-measurable-const)
lemma integrable-cond-exp[intro]: integrable M (cond-exp M F f)
  by (metis\ cond\text{-}exp\text{-}def\ has\text{-}cond\text{-}expD(3)\ integrable\text{-}zero\ some I)
lemma set-integrable-cond-exp[intro]:
  assumes A \in sets M
shows set-integrable M A (cond-exp M F f) using integrable-mult-indicator [OF
assms integrable-cond-exp, of F f] by (auto simp add: set-integrable-def intro!: in-
tegrable-mult-indicator[OF assms integrable-cond-exp])
context sigma-finite-subalgebra
begin
lemma borel-measurable-cond-exp'[measurable]: cond-exp M F f \in borel-measurable
M
 \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis cond-exp-def some I has-cond-exp-def borel-measurable-const subalg\ measurable})
surable-from-subalg)
\mathbf{lemma}\ cond\text{-}exp\text{-}null:
  assumes \nexists g. has-cond-exp M F f g
  shows cond-exp M F f = (\lambda - 0)
  unfolding cond-exp-def using assms by argo
```

```
lemma has-cond-exp-charact:
  fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
 assumes has-cond-exp M F f g
 shows has-cond-exp M F f (cond-exp M F f)
       AE \ x \ in \ M. \ cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ f \ x = g \ x
proof -
  show cond-exp: has-cond-exp M F f (cond-exp M F f) using assms someI
cond-exp-def by metis
  let ?MF = restr-to-subalg\ M\ F
 interpret sigma-finite-measure ?MF by (rule sigma-fin-subalg)
   fix A assume A \in sets ?MF
    then have [measurable]: A \in sets \ F \ using \ sets-restr-to-subalg[OF \ subalg] by
simp
   have (\int x \in A. \ g \ x \ \partial ?MF) = (\int x \in A. \ g \ x \ \partial M) using assms subalg by (auto
simp add: integral-subalgebra2 set-lebesque-integral-def dest!: has-cond-expD)
    also have ... = (\int x \in A. \ cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ f \ x \ \partial M) using assms cond-exp by
(simp add: has-cond-exp-def)
   also have ... = (\int x \in A. \ cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ f \ x \ \partial ?MF) using subalg by (auto simp
add: integral-subalgebra2 set-lebesgue-integral-def)
   finally have (\int x \in A. \ g \ x \ \partial ?MF) = (\int x \in A. \ cond\text{-exp} \ M \ F \ f \ x \ \partial ?MF) by
simp
  hence AE \ x in ?MF. cond-exp M \ F \ f \ x = g \ x using cond-exp assms subalg by
(intro density-unique, auto dest: has-cond-expD intro!: integrable-in-subalg)
  then show AE x in M. cond-exp M F f x = g x using AE-restr-to-subalg OF
subalg] by simp
qed
lemma cond-exp-F-meas[intro, simp]:
 fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
 assumes integrable M f
         f \in borel-measurable F
   shows AE \ x \ in \ M. \ cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ f \ x = f \ x
 by (rule has-cond-exp-charact(2), auto intro: assms)
    Congruence
lemma has-cond-exp-cong:
  assumes integrable M f \land x. x \in space M \Longrightarrow f x = g x has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp M F g h
 shows has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ f\ h
proof (intro\ has\text{-}cond\text{-}expI'[OF\text{-}assms(1)],\ goal\text{-}cases)
 case (1 A)
 hence set-lebesgue-integral MAf = set-lebesgue-integral MAg by (intro set-lebesgue-integral-cong)
(meson\ assms(2)\ subalg\ in-mono\ subalgebra-def\ sets.sets-into-space\ subalgebra-def
subsetD)+
 then show ?case using 1 assms(3) by (simp add: has-cond-exp-def)
qed (auto simp add: has-cond-expD[OF assms(3)])
lemma cond-exp-cong:
```

```
fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b::\{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology,banach\}
 assumes integrable M f integrable M g \bigwedge x. x \in space M \Longrightarrow f x = g x
 shows AE x in M. cond-exp M F f x = cond-exp M F g x
proof (cases \exists h. has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp M F f h)
  case True
  then obtain h where h: has-cond-exp M F f h has-cond-exp M F g h using
has-cond-exp-cong assms by metis
  show ?thesis using h[THEN \ has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\text{-}charact(2)] by fastforce
next
 case False
 moreover have \nexists h. has-cond-exp M F g h using False has-cond-exp-cong assms
 ultimately show ?thesis unfolding cond-exp-def by auto
qed
lemma has-cond-exp-conq-AE:
 assumes integrable M f AE x in M. f x = q x has-cond-exp M F q h
 shows has-cond-exp M F f h
 using assms(1,2) subalg subalgebra-def subset-iff
 by (intro has-cond-expI', subst set-lebesque-integral-cong-AE[OF-assms(1)]THEN
borel-measurable-integrable]\ borel-measurable-integrable(1)[OF\ has-cond-expD(2)]OF
assms(3)]]])
   (fast\ intro:\ has-cond-expD[OF\ assms(3)]\ integrable-cong-AE-imp[OF\ -\ -\ AE-symmetric])+
lemma has-cond-exp-cong-AE':
  assumes h \in borel-measurable F AE x in M. h x = h' x has-cond-exp M F f h'
 shows has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ f\ h
 using assms(1, 2) subalg subalgebra-def subset-iff
 using AE-restr-to-subalg2 [OF subalg assms(2)] measurable-from-subalg
 by (intro has-cond-expI', subst set-lebesgue-integral-cong-AE[OF - measurable-from-subalg(1,1)[OF
subalg, OF - assms(1) \ has-cond-expD(4)[OF \ assms(3)]])
   (fast\ intro:\ has\text{-}cond\text{-}expD[OF\ assms(3)]\ integrable\text{-}cong\text{-}AE\text{-}imp[OF\ -\ -\ AE\text{-}symmetric]})+
lemma cond-exp-cong-AE:
 fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b::\{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology,banach}\}
 assumes integrable M f integrable M q AE x in M. f x = q x
 shows AE x in M. cond\text{-}exp M F f x = cond\text{-}exp M F g x
proof (cases \exists h. has-cond-exp M F f h)
  case True
  then obtain h where h: has-cond-exp M F f h has-cond-exp M F q h using
has-cond-exp-cong-AE assms by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) eventually-mono)
 show ?thesis using h[THEN\ has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\text{-}charact(2)] by fastforce
\mathbf{next}
 case False
  moreover have \nexists h. has-cond-exp M F g h using False has-cond-exp-cong-AE
assms by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis unfolding cond-exp-def by auto
qed
```

```
assumes integrable M f
 shows has-cond-exp M F f (real-cond-exp M F f)
 by (standard, auto intro!: real-cond-exp-intA assms)
lemma cond-exp-real[intro]:
  fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow real
 assumes integrable M f
 shows AE x in M. cond-exp M F f x = real-cond-exp M F f x
 using has-cond-exp-charact has-cond-exp-real assms by blast
lemma cond-exp-cmult:
 fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow real
 assumes integrable M f
 shows AE x in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. c * f x) x = c * cond-exp M F f x
  using real-cond-exp-cmult[OF\ assms(1),\ of\ c]\ assms(1)[THEN\ cond-exp-real]
assms(1)[THEN integrable-mult-right, THEN cond-exp-real, of c] by fastforce
    Indicator functions
lemma has-cond-exp-indicator:
  assumes A \in sets \ M \ emeasure \ M \ A < \infty
  shows has-cond-exp M F (\lambda x. indicat-real A x *_R y) (\lambda x. real-cond-exp M F
(indicator\ A)\ x *_{R}\ y)
proof (intro has-cond-expI', goal-cases)
 case (1 B)
  have \int x \in B. (indicat-real A \times R y) \partial M = (\int x \in B \text{. indicat-real } A \times \partial M) *_R
y using assms by (intro set-integral-scaleR-left, meson 1 in-mono subalg subalge-
bra-def, blast)
  also have ... = (\int x \in B. \ real\text{-}cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (indicator \ A) \ x \ \partial M) *_R y \ using 1
assms by (subst real-cond-exp-intA, auto)
  also have ... = \int x \in B. (real-cond-exp M F (indicator A) x *_R y) \partial M using
assms by (intro set-integral-scaleR-left[symmetric], meson 1 in-mono subalg subal-
gebra-def, blast)
 finally show ?case.
next
 case 2
 then show ?case using integrable-scaleR-left integrable-real-indicator assms by
blast
next
 case 3
 show ?case using assms by (intro integrable-scaleR-left, intro real-cond-exp-int,
blast+)
\mathbf{next}
 case 4
 then show ?case by (intro borel-measurable-scaleR, intro Conditional-Expectation.borel-measurable-cond-exp.
simp)
qed
```

lemma has-cond-exp-real: fixes $f :: 'a \Rightarrow real$

```
lemma cond-exp-indicator[intro]:
  fixes y :: 'b:: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach\}
 assumes [measurable]: A \in sets \ M \ emeasure \ M \ A < \infty
 shows AE \times in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. indicat-real A \times *_R y) \times = cond-exp M F
(indicator\ A)\ x*_{R}\ y
proof -
 have AE x in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. indicat-real A x *_R y) x = real-cond-exp M F
(indicator\ A)\ x*_R\ y\ using\ has-cond-exp-indicator\ [OF\ assms]\ has-cond-exp-charact
by blast
 thus ?thesis using cond-exp-real[OF integrable-real-indicator, OF assms] by fast-
force
qed
    Addition
lemma has-cond-exp-add:
 fixes fg :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b::\{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology,banach}\}
 assumes has-cond-exp M F f f' has-cond-exp M F g g'
 shows has-cond-exp M F (\lambda x. f x + g x) (\lambda x. f' x + g' x)
proof (intro has-cond-expI', goal-cases)
  case (1 A)
  have \int x \in A. (f x + g x) \partial M = (\int x \in A \cdot f x \partial M) + (\int x \in A \cdot g x \partial M) using
assms[THEN\ has-cond-expD(2)]\ subalg\ 1\ {\bf by}\ (intro\ set\mbox{-}integral\mbox{-}add(2),\ auto\ simp
add: subalgebra-def set-integrable-def intro: integrable-mult-indicator)
  also have ... = (\int x \in A. f' \times \partial M) + (\int x \in A. g' \times \partial M) using assms[THEN
has\text{-}cond\text{-}expD(1)[OF - 1]] by argo
 also have ... = \int x \in A. (f'x + g'x)\partial M using assms[THEN has-cond-expD(3)]
subalg 1 by (intro set-integral-add(2)[symmetric], auto simp add: subalgebra-def
set-integrable-def intro: integrable-mult-indicator)
 finally show ?case.
next
 case 2
 then show ?case by (metis Bochner-Integration.integrable-add assms has-cond-expD(2))
next
 case 3
 then show ?case by (metis Bochner-Integration.integrable-add assms has-cond-expD(3))
next
 case 4
 then show ?case using assms borel-measurable-add has-cond-expD(4) by blast
qed
lemma has-cond-exp-scaleR-right:
  fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
 assumes has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ f\ f'
 shows has-cond-exp M F (\lambda x. c *_R f x) (\lambda x. c *_R f' x)
  using has-cond-expD[OF assms] by (intro has-cond-expI', auto)
lemma cond-exp-scaleR-right:
 fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b::\{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology,banach}\}
 assumes integrable M f
```

```
shows AE x in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. c *_R f x) x = c *_R cond-exp M F f x
proof (cases \exists f'. has-cond-exp M F f f')
 {f case}\ True
 then show ?thesis using assms has-cond-exp-charact has-cond-exp-scaleR-right
by metis
\mathbf{next}
 case False
 show ?thesis
 proof (cases c = \theta)
   case True
   then show ?thesis by simp
 next
   case c-nonzero: False
   have \not\equiv f'. has-cond-exp M F (\lambda x. c *_R f x) f'
   proof (standard, goal-cases)
     case 1
     then obtain f' where f': has-cond-exp M F (\lambda x. c *_R f x) f' by blast
     have has-cond-exp M F f (\lambda x. inverse c *_R f' x) using has-cond-expD[OF
f'| divideR-right[OF c-nonzero] assms by (intro has-cond-expI', auto)
     then show ?case using False by blast
   then show ?thesis using cond-exp-null[OF False] cond-exp-null by force
 qed
qed
lemma cond-exp-uminus:
 fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach\}
 assumes integrable M f
 shows AE x in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. - f x) x = - cond-exp M F f x
 using cond-exp-scaleR-right[OF assms, of -1] by force
lemma has-cond-exp-simple:
 fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
 assumes simple-function M f emeasure M \{y \in space M. f y \neq 0\} \neq \infty
 shows has-cond-exp M F f (cond-exp M F f)
 using assms
proof (induction rule: simple-integrable-function-induct)
 case (conq f q)
 then show ?case using has-cond-exp-cong by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting)
Bochner-Integration.integrable-cong\ has-cond-exp(2)\ has-cond-exp-charact(1))
\mathbf{next}
 case (indicator\ A\ y)
 then show ?case using has-cond-exp-charact[OF has-cond-exp-indicator] by fast
next
 case (add\ u\ v)
 then show ?case using has-cond-exp-add has-cond-exp-charact(1) by blast
```

lemma cond-exp-contraction-real:

```
fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow real
   assumes integrable[measurable]: integrable M f
  shows AE \ x \ in \ M. \ norm \ (cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ f \ x) \leq cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ (f \ x)) \ x
proof-
   have int: integrable M (\lambda x. norm (f x)) using assms by blast
  have *: AE x in M. 0 \le cond\text{-}exp M F (\lambda x. norm (f x)) x using cond\text{-}exp\text{-}real[THEN]
AE-symmetric, OF integrable-norm [OF integrable] [P] real-cond-exp-ge-c [P] integrable-norm [P]
integrable, of 0 norm-ge-zero by fastforce
   have **: A \in sets \ F \Longrightarrow \int x \in A. |f \ x| \ \partial M = \int x \in A. real-cond-exp M \ F \ (\lambda x).
norm (f x)) x \partial M for A unfolding real-norm-def using assms integrable-abs
real-cond-exp-intA by blast
  have norm-int: A \in sets \ F \Longrightarrow (\int x \in A. \ |f \ x| \ \partial M) = (\int x \in A. \ |f \ x| \ \partial M) for A
using assms by (intro nn-set-integral-eq-set-integral[symmetric], blast, fastforce)
(meson\ subalq\ subalqebra-def\ subset D)
 have AE x in M. real-cond-exp MF (\lambda x. norm (fx)) x \ge 0 using int real-cond-exp-qe-c
by force
  hence cond-exp-norm-int: A \in sets \ F \Longrightarrow (\int x \in A. \ real\text{-cond-exp} \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm
(f x) (f x
assms by (intro nn-set-integral-eq-set-integral[symmetric], blast, fastforce) (meson
subalg\ subalgebra-def\ subset D)
   have A \in sets \ F \Longrightarrow \int x \in A. |f x| \partial M = \int x \in A. real-cond-exp M F (\lambda x).
norm (f x) x \partial M for A using ** norm-int cond-exp-norm-int by (auto simp
add: nn-integral-set-ennreal)
   moreover have (\lambda x. \ ennreal \ |f \ x|) \in borel-measurable M by measurable
 moreover have (\lambda x. \ ennreal \ (real\text{-}cond\text{-}exp \ MF \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ (f \ x)) \ x)) \in borel\text{-}measurable
F by measurable
 ultimately have AE x in M. nn-cond-exp MF (\lambda x. ennreal | f x |) x = real-cond-exp
M F (\lambda x. norm (f x)) x by (intro nn-cond-exp-charact[THEN AE-symmetric],
     hence AE \ x \ in \ M. nn\text{-}cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ ennreal \ |f \ x|) \ x \leq cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x.
norm (f x)) x using cond-exp-real [OF int] by force
  moreover have AE \times in M. |real-cond-exp M F f \times x| = norm (cond-exp M F f \times x)
unfolding real-norm-def using cond-exp-real[OF assms] * by force
  ultimately have AE x in M. ennreal (norm (cond-exp M F f x)) \leq cond-exp M F
(\lambda x.\ norm\ (fx))\ x\ using\ real-cond-exp-abs[OF\ assms[THEN\ borel-measurable-integrable]]
by fastforce
   hence AE \times in M. enn2real (ennreal (norm (cond-exp M F f x))) <math>\leq enn2real
(cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ (\lambda x.\ norm\ (f\ x))\ x) using ennreal-le-iff2 by force
   thus ?thesis using * by fastforce
qed
{\bf lemma}\ cond\text{-}exp\text{-}contraction\text{-}simple\text{:}
   fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
   assumes simple-function M f emeasure M \{y \in space M. f y \neq 0\} \neq \infty
  shows AE \ x \ in \ M. \ norm \ (cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ f \ x) \leq cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ (f \ x)) \ x
```

using assms

```
proof (induction rule: simple-integrable-function-induct)
  case (cong f g)
  hence ae: AE x in M. f x = g x by blast
 hence AEx in M. cond-exp MFfx = cond-exp MFqx using conq has-cond-exp-simple
by (subst cond-exp-cong-AE) (auto intro!: has-cond-expD(2))
  hence AE \times in M. norm (cond-exp M F \cap f \times f) = norm (cond-exp M F \cap f \times f) by
force
  moreover have AE x in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. norm (f x)) x = cond-exp M F
(\lambda x. norm (q x)) x using ae cong has-cond-exp-simple by (subst cond-exp-cong-AE)
(auto\ dest:\ has-cond-expD)
  ultimately show ? case using cong(6) by fastforce
next
  case (indicator A y)
  hence AE \ x \ in \ M. \ cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda a. \ indicator \ A \ a *_R \ y) \ x = cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F
(indicator\ A)\ x*_R\ y\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
 hence *: AE \times in M. norm (cond-exp MF(\lambda a. indicat-real A a *_{R} y) \times in N) < norm y
* cond-exp\ M\ F\ (\lambda x.\ norm\ (indicat-real\ A\ x))\ x\ using\ cond-exp-contraction-real\ OF
integrable-real-indicator, OF indicator by fastforce
 have AE \times in M, norm \ y \times cond-exp \ MF \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ (indicat-real \ A \times)) \ x = norm
y * real\text{-}cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ (indicat\text{-}real \ A \ x)) \ x \ using \ cond\text{-}exp\text{-}real[OF]
integrable-real-indicator, OF indicator] by fastforce
  moreover have AE \ x \ in \ M. \ cond-exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ y * norm \ (indicat-real
(A \ x)) x = real\text{-}cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ y * norm \ (indicat\text{-}real \ A \ x)) \ x \ using
indicator by (intro cond-exp-real, auto)
 ultimately have AE x in M. norm y * cond-exp M F (\lambda x. norm (indicat-real A))
x)) x = cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ (\lambda x.\ norm\ y*norm\ (indicat\text{-}real\ A\ x))\ x\ using\ real\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\text{-}cmult|of
\lambda x. norm (indicat-real A x) norm y indicator by fastforce
 moreover have (\lambda x. norm \ y * norm \ (indicat\text{-}real \ A \ x)) = (\lambda x. norm \ (indicat\text{-}real \ x)) = (\lambda x. norm \ (indicat\text{-}real \ x))
A x *_R y) by force
  ultimately show ?case using * by force
  case (add\ u\ v)
 have AE \times in M. norm (cond-exp M F (\lambda a. u a + v a) \times) = norm (cond-exp M F (\lambda a. u a + v a) \times)
F \ u \ x + cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ v \ x) using has-cond-exp-charact(2)[OF has-cond-exp-add,
OF has-cond-exp-simple (1,1), OF add (1,2,3,4) by fastforce
  moreover have AE x in M. norm (cond-exp M F u x + cond-exp M F v x) \leq
norm (cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ u \ x) + norm (cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ v \ x) using norm\text{-}triangle\text{-}ineq
by blast
 moreover have AE \ x \ in \ M. \ norm \ (cond-exp \ MF \ u \ x) + norm \ (cond-exp \ MF \ v
x \le cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ (u \ x)) \ x + cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ (v \ x)) \ x  using
add(6,7) by fastforce
 moreover have AE x in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. norm (u x)) x + cond-exp M F
(\lambda x. \ norm \ (v \ x)) \ x = cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ (u \ x) + norm \ (v \ x)) \ x \ using \ in-
tegrable-simple-function [OF add(1,2)] integrable-simple-function [OF add(3,4)] by
(intro\ has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\text{-}charact(2)[OF\ has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\text{-}add[OF\ has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\text{-}charact(1,1)],}
```

moreover have $AE \ x \ in \ M. \ cond-exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ (u \ x) + norm \ (v \ x)) \ x = cond-exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ (u \ x + v \ x)) \ x \ using \ add(5) \ integrable-simple-function[OF]$

THEN AE-symmetric, auto intro: has-cond-exp-real)

```
add(1,2) integrable-simple-function [OF add(3,4)] by (intro cond-exp-cong, auto)
 ultimately show ?case by force
qed
```

lemma has-cond-exp-lim:

```
fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
assumes integrable[measurable]: integrable M f
    and \bigwedge i. simple-function M (s i)
    and \bigwedge i. emeasure M \{ y \in space M. \ s \ i \ y \neq 0 \} \neq \infty
    and \bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow (\lambda i. \ s \ i \ x) \longrightarrow f \ x
    and \bigwedge x \ i. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow norm \ (s \ i \ x) \le 2 * norm \ (f \ x)
where has-cond-exp M F f (\lambda x. lim (\lambda i. cond-exp M F (s (r i)) x))
       AE \ x \ in \ M. \ convergent \ (\lambda i. \ cond-exp \ M \ F \ (s \ (r \ i)) \ x)
       strict-mono r
```

proof -

have $[measurable]: (s \ i) \in borel-measurable M \ for \ i \ using \ assms(2) \ by \ (simp$ add: borel-measurable-simple-function)

have integrable-s: integrable M ($\lambda x. \ si\ x$) for i using $assms(2)\ assms(3)$ integrable-simple-function by blast

have integrable-4f: integrable M (λx . 4 * norm (f x)) using assms(1) by simphave integrable-2f: integrable M (λx . 2 * norm (f x)) using assms(1) by simp have integrable-2-cond-exp-norm-f: integrable M (λx . 2 * cond-exp M F (λx . norm (f x)) x) by fast

have emeasure $M \{ y \in space \ M. \ s \ i \ y - s \ j \ y \neq 0 \} \leq emeasure \ M \{ y \in space \ M. \ s \ i \ y - s \ j \ y \neq 0 \}$ space M. s i $y \neq 0$ } + emeasure M { $y \in \text{space } M. \text{ s } j \text{ } y \neq 0$ } for i j using $simple-function D(2)[OF\ assms(2)]$ by $(intro\ order-trans[OF\ emeasure-mono\ emea$ sure-subadditive, auto)

hence fin-sup: emeasure M $\{y \in space M. s i y - s j y \neq 0\} \neq \infty$ for $i \ j \ using \ assms(3) \ by \ (metis \ (mono-tags) \ enreal-add-eq-top \ linorder-not-less$ top.not-eq-extremum infinity-ennreal-def)

have emeasure M $\{y \in space M. norm (s i y - s j y) \neq 0\} \leq emeasure M$ $\{y \in space \ M. \ s \ i \ y \neq 0\} + emeasure \ M \ \{y \in space \ M. \ s \ j \ y \neq 0\} \$ for $i \ j \$ using $simple-functionD(2)[OF\ assms(2)]$ by $(intro\ order-trans[OF\ emeasure-mono\ order-tra$ emeasure-subadditive], auto)

hence fin-sup-norm: emeasure $M \{ y \in space M. norm (s i y - s j y) \neq 0 \} \neq \infty$ for i j using assms(3) by $(metis\ (mono-tags)\ ennreal-add-eq-top\ linorder-not-less$ top.not-eq-extremum infinity-ennreal-def)

have Cauchy: Cauchy ($\lambda n. \ s \ n \ x$) if $x \in space \ M$ for $x \ using \ assms(4) \ LIM-$ SEQ-imp-Cauchy that by blast

hence bounded-range-s: bounded (range $(\lambda n. s. n. x)$) if $x \in space\ M$ for x using that cauchy-imp-bounded by fast

have AE x in M. $(\lambda n. diameter \{s \mid x \mid i. n \leq i\}) \longrightarrow \theta$ using Cauchy cauchy-iff-diameter-tends-to-zero-and-bounded by fast

moreover have $(\lambda x. \ diameter \ \{s \ i \ x \ | i. \ n \leq i\}) \in borel-measurable M \ for n$

```
using bounded-range-s borel-measurable-diameter by measurable
  moreover have AE x in M. norm (diameter \{s \mid i \mid i \mid n \leq i\}) \leq 4 * norm (f
x) for n
 proof -
     fix x assume x: x \in space M
       have diameter \{s \ i \ x \ | i. \ n \leq i\} \leq 2 * norm (f \ x) + 2 * norm (f \ x)
by (intro diameter-le, blast, subst dist-norm[symmetric], intro dist-triangle3[THEN
order-trans, of 0], intro add-mono) (auto intro: assms(5)[OF x])
      hence norm (diameter \{s \ i \ x \ | i. \ n \leq i\}) \leq 4 * norm (f \ x) using diame-
ter-ge-0[OF\ bounded-subset[OF\ bounded-range-s],\ OF\ x,\ of\ \{s\ i\ x\ | i.\ n\leq i\}] by
force
   }
   thus ?thesis by fast
 qed
 ultimately have diameter-tendsto-zero: (\lambda n.\ LINT\ x|M.\ diameter\ \{s\ i\ x\mid i.\ n<
i\}) \longrightarrow 0 by (intro integral-dominated-convergence OF borel-measurable-const of
0] - integrable-4f, simplified]) (fast+)
  have diameter-integrable: integrable M (\lambda x. diameter \{s \mid x \mid i. \ n \leq i\}) for n
using assms(1,5) by (intro integrable-bound-diameter OF bounded-range-s inte-
grable-2f, auto)
 have dist-integrable: integrable M (\lambda x. dist (s i x) (s j x)) for i j
    using assms(5) dist-triangle3[of s i - - 0, THEN order-trans, OF add-mono,
of - 2 * norm (f -)
   by (intro Bochner-Integration.integrable-bound[OF integrable-4f]) fastforce+
  hence dist-norm-integrable: integrable M (\lambda x. norm (s i x - s j x)) for i j
unfolding dist-norm by presburger
 have \exists N. \forall i \geq N. \forall j \geq N. LINT x | M. dist (cond-exp M F (s i) x) (cond-exp M
F(s j) x) < e \text{ if } e\text{-pos: } e > 0 \text{ for } e
 proof -
    obtain N where *: LINT x|M. diameter \{s \ i \ x \mid i. \ n \leq i\} < e \ \text{if} \ n \geq N \ \text{for}
n using that order-tendsto-iff[THEN iffD1, OF diameter-tendsto-zero, unfolded
eventually-sequentially e-pos by presburger
     fix i j x assume asm: i \ge N j \ge N x \in space M
     have case-prod dist '(\{s \ i \ x \ | i.\ N \leq i\} \times \{s \ i \ x \ | i.\ N \leq i\}) = case-prod (\lambda i
j. dist (s \ i \ x) \ (s \ j \ x)) '(\{N..\} \times \{N..\}) by fast
     hence diameter \{s \ i \ x \mid i.\ N \leq i\} = (SUP\ (i,j) \in \{N..\} \times \{N..\}.\ dist\ (s\ i)\}
(s \ j \ x) unfolding diameter-def by auto
     moreover have (SUP\ (i,j) \in \{N..\} \times \{N..\}.\ dist\ (s\ i\ x)\ (s\ j\ x)) \ge dist\ (s
i x) (s j x) using asm bounded-imp-bdd-above[OF bounded-imp-dist-bounded, OF
bounded-range-s] by (intro cSup-upper, auto)
       ultimately have diameter \{s \ i \ x \mid i. \ N \leq i\} \geq dist \ (s \ i \ x) \ (s \ j \ x) by
presburger
   }
```

hence LINT x|M. dist $(s\ i\ x)\ (s\ j\ x) < e\ \text{if}\ i \ge N\ j \ge N\ \text{for}\ i\ j\ \text{using}$ that $*\ \text{by}\ (intro\ integral-mono}[OF\ dist-integrable\ diameter-integrable,\ THEN\ order.strict-trans1],\ blast+)$

moreover have LINT x|M. dist (cond-exp M F (s i) x) (cond-exp M F (s j) x) \leq LINT x|M. dist (s i x) (s j x) for i j proof—

have LINT x|M. dist (cond-exp M F $(s\ i)$ x) (cond-exp M F $(s\ j)$ x) = LINT x|M. norm (cond-exp M F $(s\ i)$ x + - 1 $*_R$ cond-exp M F $(s\ j)$ x) unfolding dist-norm by simp

also have ... = LINT x|M. norm (cond-exp M F (λx . s i x - s j x) x) using has-cond-exp-charact(2)[OF has-cond-exp-add[OF - has-cond-exp-scaleR-right, OF has-cond-exp-charact(1,1), OF has-cond-exp-simple(1,1)[OF assms(2,3)]], THEN AE-symmetric, of i -1 j] by (intro integral-cong-AE) force+

also have $... \le LINT \ x | M. \ cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ (s \ i \ x - s \ j \ x)) \ x \ using cond-exp-contraction-simple [OF - fin-sup, of i j] integrable-cond-exp \ assms(2) by (intro integral-mono-AE, fast+)$

also have ... = $LINT \, x | M$. norm ($s \, i \, x - s \, j \, x$) unfolding set-integral-space(1)[OF integrable-cond-exp, symmetric] set-integral-space[OF dist-norm-integrable, symmetric] by (intro has-cond-expD(1)[OF has-cond-exp-simple[OF - fin-sup-norm], symmetric]) (metis assms(2) simple-function-compose1 simple-function-diff, metis sets.top subalg subalgebra-def)

finally show ?thesis unfolding dist-norm.

ultimately show ?thesis using order.strict-trans1 by meson qed

then obtain r where strict-mono-r: strict-mono r and AE-Cauchy: AE x in M. Cauchy (λi . cond-exp M F (s (r i)) x) by ($rule\ cauchy$ -L1-AE-cauchy-subseq[$OF\ integrable$ -cond-exp], auto)

hence ae-lim-cond-exp: $AE \ x \ in \ M$. $(\lambda n. \ cond-exp \ M \ F \ (s \ (r \ n)) \ x) \longrightarrow lim \ (\lambda n. \ cond-exp \ M \ F \ (s \ (r \ n)) \ x)$ using Cauchy-convergent-iff convergent-LIMSEQ-iff by fastforce

have cond-exp-bounded: AE x in M. norm (cond-exp M F (s (r n)) x) \leq cond-exp M F (λx . 2 * norm (f x)) x for n proof -

have $AE \ x \ in \ M. \ norm \ (cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (s \ (r \ n)) \ x) \leq cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ (s \ (r \ n) \ x)) \ x \ \mathbf{by} \ (rule \ cond\text{-}exp\text{-}contraction\text{-}simple[OF \ assms(2,3)])$

moreover have AE x in M. real-cond-exp M F $(\lambda x. norm (s (r n) x)) <math>x \le real$ -cond-exp M F $(\lambda x. 2 * norm (f x)) <math>x$ **using** integrable-s integrable-s

ultimately show ?thesis using cond-exp-real[OF integrable-norm, OF integrable-s, of r n] cond-exp-real[OF integrable-2f] by force

have lim-integrable: integrable M (λx . lim (λi . cond-exp M F (s (r i)) s) by (intro integrable-dominated-convergence [OF - borel-measurable-cond-exp'] integrable-cond-exp ae-lim-cond-exp cond-exp-bounded, simp)

fix A assume A-in-sets-F: $A \in sets F$

```
have AE x in M. norm (indicator A x *_R cond\text{-}exp M F (s (r n)) x) \leq cond\text{-}exp
M F (\lambda x. 2 * norm (f x)) x  for n
   proof -
     have AE x in M. norm (indicator A x *_R cond\text{-}exp M F (s (r n)) x) \leq norm
(cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ (s\ (r\ n))\ x) unfolding indicator\text{-}def by simp
     thus ?thesis using cond-exp-bounded[of n] by force
   qed
   hence lim-cond-exp-int: (\lambda n. \ LINT \ x:A|M. \ cond-exp \ M \ F \ (s \ (r \ n)) \ x) \longrightarrow
LINT x:A|M. lim (\lambda n. cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (s \ (r \ n)) \ x)
    using ae-lim-cond-exp measurable-from-subalg [OF subalg borel-measurable-indicator,
OF A-in-sets-F] cond-exp-bounded
     unfolding set-lebesgue-integral-def
     by \ (intro\ integral-dominated-convergence [OF\ borel-measurable-scaleR\ borel-measurable-scaleR] 
integrable-cond-exp]) \ (fastforce \ simp \ add: \ tends to-scale R)+
   have AE x in M. norm (indicator A x *_R s (r n) x) \le 2 * norm (f x) for n
   proof -
      have AE x in M. norm (indicator A x *_R s (r n) x) \leq norm (s (r n) x)
unfolding indicator-def by simp
     thus ?thesis using assms(5)[of - r n] by fastforce
   qed
   hence lim-s-int: (\lambda n. \ LINT \ x:A|M. \ s \ (r \ n) \ x) \longrightarrow LINT \ x:A|M. \ f \ x
    using measurable-from-subalg[OF subalg borel-measurable-indicator, OF A-in-sets-F]
LIMSEQ-subseq-LIMSEQ[OF\ assms(4)\ strict-mono-r]\ assms(5)
     unfolding set-lebesgue-integral-def comp-def
     by \ (intro\ integral-dominated-convergence [OF\ borel-measurable-scaleR\ borel-measurable-scaleR] 
integrable-2f]) (fastforce simp add: tendsto-scaleR)+
    have LINT x:A|M. lim (\lambda n. cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (s \ (r \ n)) \ x) = lim \ (\lambda n. \ LINT
x:A|M. cond-exp M F (s(r n)) x) using limI[OF lim-cond-exp-int] by argo
   also have ... = \lim (\lambda n. \ LINT \ x:A|M. \ s \ (r \ n) \ x) using has\text{-}cond\text{-}expD(1)[OF]
has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\text{-}simple[OF\ assms(2,3)]\ A\text{-}in\text{-}sets\text{-}F,\ symmetric}] by presburger
   also have ... = LINT x:A|M. fx using limI[OF lim-s-int] by argo
   finally have LINT x:A|M. lim(\lambda n. cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ (s\ (r\ n))\ x) = LINT\ x:A|M.
fx.
  hence has-cond-exp M F f (\lambda x. lim (\lambda i. cond-exp M F (s (r i)) x)) using
assms(1) lim-integrable by (intro has-cond-expI', auto)
  thus thesis using AE-Cauchy Cauchy-convergent strict-monor by (auto intro!
that)
\mathbf{qed}
lemma cond-exp-lim:
   fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
 assumes [measurable]: integrable M f
     and \bigwedge i. simple-function M (s i)
     and \bigwedge i. emeasure M \{ y \in space M. \ s \ i \ y \neq 0 \} \neq \infty
     and \bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow (\lambda i. \ s \ i \ x) \longrightarrow f \ x
     and \bigwedge x \ i. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow norm \ (s \ i \ x) \le 2 * norm \ (f \ x)
```

```
obtains r where AE x in M. (\lambda i. cond-exp M F (s (r i)) x) \longrightarrow cond-exp M
F f x strict-mono r
proof -
  obtain r where AE x in M. cond-exp M F f x = lim (\lambda i. cond-exp M F (s (r)))
i)) x) AE x in M. convergent (\lambda i. cond-exp M F (s(r i)) x) strict-mono r using
has-cond-exp-charact(2) by (auto intro: has-cond-exp-lim[OF assms])
 thus ?thesis by (auto intro!: that[of r] simp: convergent-LIMSEQ-iff)
qed
lemma has-cond-expI:
 fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b::\{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology,banach}\}
 assumes integrable M f
 shows has-cond-exp M F f (cond-exp M F f)
 using assms
proof (induction rule: integrable-induct')
 case (base A c)
 show ?case using has-cond-exp-indicator[OF base(1,2)] has-cond-exp-charact(1)
by blast
next
 case (add\ u\ v)
  show ?case using has-cond-exp-add[OF add(3,4)] has-cond-exp-charact(1) by
blast
next
 case (lim f s)
 show ?case using has-cond-exp-lim[OF lim(1,3,4,5,6)] has-cond-exp-charact(1)
by meson
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{has}\text{-}\mathit{cond}\text{-}\mathit{exp}\text{-}\mathit{nested}\text{-}\mathit{subalg}\text{:}
 fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b::\{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
 assumes subalgebra\ G\ F\ has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ f\ h\ has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\ M\ G\ f\ h'
 shows has-cond-exp M F h' h
 by standard (metis assms has-cond-expD in-mono subalgebra-def)+
lemma cond-exp-nested-subalg:
 fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
 assumes integrable M f subalgebra M G subalgebra G F
 shows AE \xi in M. cond-exp M F f \xi = cond-exp M F (cond-exp M G f) \xi
 using has-cond-expI assms sigma-finite-subalgebra-def by (auto intro!: has-cond-exp-nested-subalg[THEN]
has\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\text{-}charact(2), THEN\ AE\text{-}symmetric]\ sigma\text{-}finite\text{-}subalgebra.has\text{-}cond\text{-}expI[OF]
sigma-finite-subalgebra.intro[OF\ assms(2)]]\ nested-subalg-is-sigma-finite)
lemma cond-exp-set-integral:
 fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
 assumes integrable M f A \in sets F
 shows (\int x \in A. f x \partial M) = (\int x \in A. cond\text{-}exp M F f x \partial M)
  using has-cond-expD(1)[OF\ has-cond-expI,\ OF\ assms] by argo
```

lemma cond-exp-add:

```
fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach\}
  assumes integrable M f integrable M g
  shows AE \ x in M. cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ f \ x + g \ x) \ x = cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ f \ x + g \ x
cond-exp M F g x
 using has-cond-exp-add OF has-cond-expI(1,1), OF assms, THEN has-cond-exp-charact (2)
lemma cond-exp-diff:
  fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach\}
  assumes integrable M f integrable M g
  shows AE \ x \ in \ M. \ cond-exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ f \ x - g \ x) \ x = cond-exp \ M \ F \ f \ x -
cond-exp M F g x
 using has-cond-exp-add[OF - has-cond-exp-scaleR-right, OF has-cond-expI(1,1),
OF assms, THEN has-cond-exp-charact(2), of -1] by simp
lemma cond-exp-diff':
  fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
  assumes integrable M f integrable M g
  shows AE \times in M. cond-exp M F (f - g) \times = cond-exp M F f \times - cond-exp M
  unfolding fun-diff-def using assms by (rule cond-exp-diff)
lemma cond-exp-contraction:
  fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b::\{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
  assumes integrable M f
 shows AE x in M. norm (cond-exp M F f x) \leq cond-exp M F (\lambda x. norm (f x))
proof -
  obtain s where s: \bigwedge i. simple-function M (s i) \bigwedge i. emeasure M \{y \in space M.
\{s \ i \ y \neq 0\} \neq \infty \ \land x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow (\lambda i. \ s \ i \ x) \longrightarrow f \ x \ \land i \ x. \ x \in space \ M
\implies norm (s i x) \leq 2 * norm (f x)
   by (blast intro: integrable-implies-simple-function-sequence[OF assms])
  obtain r where r: AE x in M. (\lambda i. cond-exp M F (s (r i)) x) \longrightarrow cond-exp
M F f x strict-mono r using cond-exp-lim[OF assms s] by blast
  have norm-s-r: \bigwedge i. simple-function M (\lambda x. norm (s (r i) x)) \bigwedge i. emeasure M
\{y \in space \ M. \ norm \ (s \ (r \ i) \ y) \neq 0\} \neq \infty \ \bigwedge x. \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow (\lambda i. \ norm \ (s \ (r \ i) \ i) \}
(i) \ x) \longrightarrow norm \ (f \ x) \land i \ x \in space \ M \Longrightarrow norm \ (norm \ (s \ (r \ i) \ x)) \le 2 *
norm (norm (f x))
    using s by (auto intro: LIMSEQ-subseq-LIMSEQ[OF tendsto-norm r(2), un-
folded\ comp-def|\ simple-function-compose1)
 obtain r' where r': AE x in M. (\lambda i. (cond-exp\ M\ F\ (\lambda x.\ norm\ (s\ (r\ (r'\ i))\ x))
x)) \longrightarrow cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ (\lambda x.\ norm\ (f\ x))\ x\ strict\text{-}mono\ r'\ using\ cond\text{-}exp\text{-}lim[OF]
integrable-norm norm-s-r, OF assms] by blast
```

have $AE \ x \ in \ M. \ \forall \ i. \ norm \ (cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (s \ (r \ (r' \ i))) \ x) \leq cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ norm \ (s \ (r \ (r' \ i)) \ x)) \ x \ using \ s \ by \ (auto \ intro: \ cond\text{-}exp\text{-}contraction\text{-}simple \ simp}$

```
add: AE-all-countable)
   moreover have AE \ x \ in \ M. \ (\lambda i. \ norm \ (cond-exp \ M \ F \ (s \ (r \ (r' \ i))) \ x)) —
norm\ (cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ f\ x)\ \mathbf{using}\ r\ LIMSEQ\text{-}subseq\text{-}LIMSEQ[OF\ tendsto\text{-}norm
r'(2), unfolded comp-def by fast
   ultimately show ?thesis using LIMSEQ-le r'(1) by fast
qed
lemma cond-exp-sum [intro, simp]:
    fixes f :: 't \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach}\}
   assumes [measurable]: \bigwedge i. integrable M (f i)
   shows AE \ x \ in \ M. \ cond-exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ \sum i \in I. \ f \ i \ x) \ x = (\sum i \in I. \ cond-exp \ M \ F
proof (rule has-cond-exp-charact, intro has-cond-expI')
   fix A assume [measurable]: A \in sets F
   then have A-meas [measurable]: A \in sets M by (meson subsetD subalg subalge-
bra-def)
    have (\int x \in A. \ (\sum i \in I. \ f \ i \ x) \partial M) = (\int x. \ (\sum i \in I. \ indicator \ A \ x *_R f \ i \ x) \partial M)
unfolding set-lebesgue-integral-def by (simp add: scaleR-sum-right)
   also have ... = (\sum i \in I. (\int x. indicator A x *_R f i x \partial M)) using assms by (auto
intro!: Bochner-Integration.integral-sum\ integrable-mult-indicator)
   also have ... = (\sum i \in I. (\int x. indicator A x *_R cond-exp M F (f i) x \partial M)) using
cond-exp-set-integral [OF assms] by (simp add: set-lebesgue-integral-def)
     also have ... = (\int x. (\sum i \in I. indicator \ A \ x *_R cond-exp \ M \ F \ (f \ i) \ x)\partial M)
using assms by (auto intro!: Bochner-Integration.integral-sum[symmetric] inte-
grable-mult-indicator)
  also have ... = (\int x \in A. (\sum i \in I. cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F(fi) \ x) \partial M) unfolding set-lebesque-integral-def
by (simp add: scaleR-sum-right)
   finally show (\int x \in A. \ (\sum i \in I. \ f \ i \ x) \partial M) = (\int x \in A. \ (\sum i \in I. \ cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ (f \ i)) \partial M)
(x)\partial M) by auto
qed (auto simp add: assms integrable-cond-exp)
1.5
                Ordered Real Vectors
lemma cond-exp-gr-c:
     fixes f: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
   assumes integrable M f AE x in M. f x > c
    shows AE x in M. cond-exp M F f x > c
    define X where X = \{x \in space M. cond\text{-}exp M F f x \leq c\}
    have [measurable]: X \in sets \ F unfolding X-def by measurable (metis sets.top
subalg\ subalgebra-def)
    hence X-in-M: X \in sets \ M using sets-restr-to-subalg subalgebra-def by
blast
   have emeasure M X = 0
   proof (rule ccontr)
       assume emeasure M X \neq 0
       have emeasure (restr-to-subalq MF) X = \text{emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by } (\text{simp add: emeasure } M X \text{ by }
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```
sure-restr-to-subalq subalq)
   hence emeasure (restr-to-subalg M F) X > 0 using \langle \neg (emeasure\ M\ X) = 0 \rangle
gr-zeroI by auto
    then obtain A where A: A \in sets (restr-to-subalg M F) A \subseteq X emeasure
(restr-to-subalg M F) A > 0 emeasure (restr-to-subalg M F) A < \infty
   using sigma-fin-subalq by (metis emeasure-notin-sets ennreal-0 infinity-ennreal-def
le-less-linear neq-top-trans not-gr-zero order-refl sigma-finite-measure. approx-PInf-emeasure-with-finite)
   hence [simp]: A \in sets \ F  using subalg \ sets-restr-to-subalg by blast
   hence [simp]: A \in sets M using sets-restr-to-subalg subalgebra-def by
blast
    have [simp]: set-integrable M A (\lambda x. c) using A subalg by (auto simp add:
set-integrable-def emeasure-restr-to-subalg)
   have [simp]: set-integrable M A f unfolding set-integrable-def by (rule inte-
grable-mult-indicator, auto\ simp\ add:\ assms(1))
   have AE \ x \ in \ M. indicator A \ x *_R \ c = indicator \ A \ x *_R \ f \ x
   proof (rule integral-eq-mono-AE-eq-AE)
     show LINT x|M. indicator A \times R c = LINT \times M. indicator A \times R f \times R
     proof (simp only: set-lebesgue-integral-def[symmetric], rule antisym)
          show (\int x \in A. \ c \ \partial M) \le (\int x \in A. \ f \ x \ \partial M) using assms(2) by (intro
set-integral-mono-AE-banach) auto
          have (\int x \in A. \ f \ x \ \partial M) = (\int x \in A. \ cond\text{-}exp \ M \ F \ f \ x \ \partial M) by (rule
cond-exp-set-integral, auto simp\ add: \langle integrable\ M\ f \rangle \rangle
     also have ... \leq (\int x \in A. \ c \ \partial M) using A by (auto intro!: set-integral-mono-banach
simp add: X-def)
       finally show (\int x \in A. \ f \ x \ \partial M) \le (\int x \in A. \ c \ \partial M) by simp
     qed
     then have measure M A *_R c = LINT x | M. indicator A x *_R f x using A
by (auto simp: set-lebesque-integral-def emeasure-restr-to-subalg subalg)
    show AE x in M. indicator A x *_R c \leq indicator A x *_R f x using assms by
(auto simp add: X-def indicator-def)
   qed (auto simp add: set-integrable-def[symmetric])
   then have AE x \in A in M. c = f x by auto
   then have AE \ x \in A \ in \ M. False using assms(2) by auto
   have A \in null\text{-sets } M unfolding ae-filter-def by (meson AE-iff-null-sets A
\in sets \ M \land \langle AE \ x \in A \ in \ M. \ False \rangle)
  then show False using A(3) by (simp add: emeasure-restr-to-subalq null-setsD1
subalq)
  qed
 then show ?thesis using AE-iff-null-sets[OF X-in-M] unfolding X-def by auto
qed
lemma cond-exp-less-c:
  fixes f: 'a \Rightarrow 'b: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
 assumes integrable M f AE x in M. f x < c
 shows AE x in M. cond-exp M F f x < c
  have AE x in M. cond-exp M F f x = - cond-exp M F (\lambda x. - f x) x using
```

cond-exp-uminus[OF assms(1)] by auto

```
moreover have AE x in M. cond-exp MF (\lambda x. -f x) x > -c using assms by
(intro cond-exp-gr-c) auto
 ultimately show ?thesis by (force simp add: minus-less-iff)
qed
lemma cond-exp-mono-strict:
  fixes f: 'a \Rightarrow 'b: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
 assumes integrable M f integrable M g AE x in M. f x < g x
 shows AE x in M. cond\text{-}exp M F f x < cond\text{-}exp M F g x
 using cond-exp-less-c[OF Bochner-Integration.integrable-diff, OF assms(1,2), of
\theta
       cond-exp-diff[OF assms(1,2)] assms(3) by auto
lemma cond-exp-qe-c:
  fixes f: 'a \Rightarrow 'b: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
 assumes [measurable]: integrable M f
     and AE x in M. f x \ge c
 shows AE x in M. cond-exp M F f x \ge c
 let ?F = restr-to-subalg M F
 interpret sigma-finite-measure restr-to-subalg M F using sigma-fin-subalg by
auto
   fix A assume asm: A \in sets ?F 0 < measure ?F A
  have [simp]: sets ?F = sets\ F\ measure\ ?F\ A = measure\ M\ A\ using\ asm\ by\ (auto
simp add: measure-def sets-restr-to-subalq[OF subalq] emeasure-restr-to-subalq[OF
subalg])
   have M-A: emeasure M A < \infty using measure-zero-top asm by (force simp
add: top.not-eq-extremum)
   hence F-A: emeasure ?F A < \infty using asm(1) emeasure-restr-to-subalq subalq
by fastforce
    have set-lebesgue-integral M A (\lambda-. c) \leq set-lebesgue-integral M A f using
assms asm M-A subalg by (intro set-integral-mono-AE-banach, auto simp add:
set-integrable-def integrable-mult-indicator subalgebra-def sets-restr-to-subalg)
  also have ... = set-lebesque-integral M A (cond-exp M F f) using cond-exp-set-integral [OF]
assms(1)] asm by auto
  also have ... = set-lebesque-integral ?F A (cond-exp M F f) unfolding set-lebesque-integral-def
using asm borel-measurable-cond-exp by (intro integral-subalgebra2 OF subalg, sym-
metric, simp)
  finally have (1 / measure ?FA) *_R set-lebesgue-integral ?FA (cond-exp M F f)
\in \{c..\} using asm subala M-A by (auto simp add: set-integral-const subalgebra-def
intro!: pos-divideR-le-eq[THEN iffD1])
  thus ?thesis using AE-restr-to-subalg[OF subalg] averaging-theorem[OF inte-
grable-in-subalg closed-atLeast, OF subalg borel-measurable-cond-exp integrable-cond-exp
by auto
qed
```

```
fixes f: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
 assumes integrable M f
     and AE x in M. f x \leq c
 shows AE x in M. cond-exp M F f x \le c
  have AE x in M. cond-exp M F f x = - cond-exp M F (\lambda x. - f x) x using
cond-exp-uminus[OF assms(1)] by force
  moreover have AE x in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. - f x) x \ge -c using assms
by (intro cond-exp-ge-c) auto
 ultimately show ?thesis by (force simp add: minus-le-iff)
qed
lemma cond-exp-mono:
  fixes f: 'a \Rightarrow 'b: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
 assumes integrable M f integrable M g AE x in M. f x \leq g x
 shows AE x in M. cond-exp M F f x \leq cond-exp M F g x
  using cond-exp-le-c[OF Bochner-Integration.integrable-diff, OF assms(1,2), of
\theta
       cond-exp-diff[OF assms(1,2)] assms(3) by auto
lemma cond-exp-min:
  fixes f: 'a \Rightarrow 'b: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
 assumes integrable M f integrable M g
 shows AE \xi in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. min (f x) (g x)) \xi \leq min (cond-exp <math>M F
f \xi) (cond-exp M F g \xi)
proof -
 have AE \xi in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. min (f x) (g x)) \xi \leq cond-exp M F f \xi by
(intro cond-exp-mono integrable-min assms, simp)
 moreover have AE \xi in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. min (f x) (g x)) \xi \leq cond-exp
M F g \xi by (intro cond-exp-mono integrable-min assms, simp)
  ultimately show AE \ \xi \ in \ M. \ cond-exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ min \ (f \ x) \ (q \ x)) \ \xi < min
(cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ f\ \xi)\ (cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ g\ \xi)\ \mathbf{by}\ fastforce
qed
lemma cond-exp-max:
  fixes f: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector}
 assumes integrable M f integrable M g
 shows AE \xi in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. max (f x) (g x)) \xi \geq max (cond-exp M F)
f \xi) (cond-exp M F g \xi)
proof -
 have AE \xi in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. max (f x) (g x)) \xi \geq cond-exp M F f \xi by
(intro cond-exp-mono integrable-max assms, simp)
 moreover have AE \ \xi \ in \ M. \ cond-exp \ M \ F \ (\lambda x. \ max \ (f \ x) \ (g \ x)) \ \xi \geq cond-exp
```

lemma cond-exp-le-c:

```
M F g \xi by (intro cond-exp-mono integrable-max assms, simp)
  ultimately show AE \xi in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. max (f x) (g x)) <math>\xi \geq max
(cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ f\ \xi)\ (cond\text{-}exp\ M\ F\ g\ \xi)\ \mathbf{by}\ fastforce
qed
lemma cond-exp-inf:
  fixes f: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector, lattice}
  assumes integrable M f integrable M g
  shows AE \xi in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. inf (f x) (g x)) \xi \leq inf (cond-exp M F f)
\xi) (cond-exp M F g \xi)
  unfolding inf-min using assms by (rule cond-exp-min)
lemma cond-exp-sup:
  fixes f::'a \Rightarrow 'b:: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach, linorder\text{-}topology, or-
dered-real-vector, lattice}
  assumes integrable M f integrable M q
 shows AE \xi in M. cond-exp M F (\lambda x. sup (f x) (g x)) \xi \ge sup (cond-exp <math>M F f
\xi) (cond-exp M F g \xi)
  unfolding sup-max using assms by (rule cond-exp-max)
end
end
theory Stochastic-Process
imports Filtration
begin
        Stochastic Process
1.6
locale stochastic-process = sigma-finite-measure M for M +
 fixes X :: 't :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, linorder\text{-}topology}\} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{real\text{-}normed\text{-}vector, \}
second-countable-topology
  assumes random-variable [measurable]: \bigwedge i. X i \in borel-measurable M
begin
definition left-continuous where left-continuous = (AE \ \xi \ in \ M. \ \forall i. \ continuous
(at\text{-left }i)\ (\lambda i.\ X\ i\ \xi))
definition right-continuous where right-continuous = (AE \ \xi \ in \ M. \ \forall \ i. \ continuous
(at\text{-}right\ i)\ (\lambda i.\ X\ i\ \xi))
lemma compose:
  assumes \bigwedge i. f i \in borel-measurable borel
  shows stochastic-process M (\lambda i \xi. (f i) (X i \xi))
  by (unfold-locales, intro measurable-compose[OF random-variable assms])
lemma norm: stochastic-process M (\lambda i \xi. norm (X i \xi)) by (auto intro: compose
```

borel-measurable-norm)

```
lemma scaleR:
 assumes stochastic-process M R
 shows stochastic-process M (\lambda i \ \xi. (R \ i \ \xi) *_R \ (X \ i \ \xi))
  by (unfold-locales) (simp add: borel-measurable-scaleR random-variable assms
stochastic-process.random-variable)
lemma scaleR-const-fun:
  assumes f \in borel-measurable M
 shows stochastic-process M (\lambda i \xi. f \xi *_R (X i \xi))
 by (unfold-locales, intro borel-measurable-scaleR assms random-variable)
lemma scaleR-const: stochastic-process M (\lambda i \xi. c *_R (X i \xi)) by (auto intro:
scaleR-const-fun borel-measurable-const)
lemma add:
 assumes stochastic-process M Y
 shows stochastic-process M (\lambda i \xi. X i \xi + Y i \xi)
 by (unfold-locales) (simp add: borel-measurable-add random-variable assms stochas-
tic-process.random-variable)
lemma diff:
 assumes stochastic-process M Y
 shows stochastic-process M (\lambda i \xi. X i \xi - Y i \xi)
 by (unfold-locales) (simp add: borel-measurable-diff random-variable assms stochas-
tic-process.random-variable)
lemma uminus: stochastic-process M(-X) using scaleR-const[of -1] by (simp
add: fun-Compl-def)
end
1.7
       Adapted Process
locale \ adapted-process = filtered-sigma-finite-measure M\ F + stochastic-process M
X for M and F :: 't :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, linorder\text{-}topology, order\text{-}bot\} \Rightarrow
- and X :: 't \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach} +
 assumes adapted[measurable]: \bigwedge i. X i \in borel-measurable (F i)
begin
lemma const-fun:
 assumes f \in borel-measurable (F bot)
 shows adapted-process M F (\lambda - f)
  using assms by (unfold-locales) (blast intro: measurable-from-subalg subalgebra,
metis borel-measurable-subalgebra bot.extremum sets-F-mono space-F)
lemma compose:
 assumes \bigwedge i. f i \in borel-measurable borel
 shows adapted-process M F (\lambda i \xi. (f i) (X i \xi))
```

by (unfold-locales, intro measurable-compose [OF random-variable assms], intro

```
measurable-compose[OF adapted assms])
lemma norm: adapted-process M F (\lambda i \xi. norm (X i \xi)) by (auto intro: compose
borel-measurable-norm)
lemma scaleR:
 assumes adapted-process M F R
 shows adapted-process M F (\lambda i \xi. (R i \xi) *_R (X i \xi))
proof -
 interpret R: adapted-process M F R by (rule assms)
 show ?thesis by (unfold-locales) (auto simp add: borel-measurable-scaleR adapted
random-variable assms R.random-variable R.adapted)
qed
lemma scaleR-const-fun:
 assumes f \in borel-measurable (F bot)
 shows adapted-process M F (\lambda i \xi. f \xi *_R (X i \xi))
 using assms by (fast intro: scaleR const-fun)
lemma scaleR-const: adapted-process M F (\lambda i \xi. c *_R (X i \xi)) by (auto intro:
scaleR-const-fun borel-measurable-const)
lemma add:
 assumes adapted-process M F Y
 shows adapted-process M F (\lambda i \xi. X i \xi + Y i \xi)
proof -
 interpret Y: adapted-process M F Y by (rule assms)
 show ?thesis by (unfold-locales) (auto simp add: borel-measurable-add adapted
random-variable Y.random-variable Y.adapted)
qed
lemma diff:
 assumes adapted-process M F Y
 shows adapted-process M F (\lambda i \xi. X i \xi - Y i \xi)
proof -
 interpret Y: adapted-process M F Y by (rule assms)
 show ?thesis by (unfold-locales) (auto simp add: borel-measurable-diff adapted
random-variable Y.random-variable Y.adapted)
qed
lemma uminus: adapted-process M F(-X) using scaleR-const[of -1] by (simp
```

end

add: fun-Compl-def)

 $\label{eq:cond-control} \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{locale} \ \ adapted\mbox{-}process\mbox{-}ocss\mbox{-}M\mbox{-}F\mbox{-}X\mbox{-}for\mbox{-}M\mbox{-}F\mbox{-}and\mbox{-}X\mbox{::}\mbox{'}t\mbox{::}\mbox{:}\mbox{'}t\mbox{::}\mbox{:}\mbox$

1.8 Discrete-Time Processes

```
locale \ discrete-time-stochastic-process = stochastic-process \ M \ X \ for \ M \ and \ X ::
nat \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow -
locale \ discrete-time-adapted-process = adapted-process \ M \ F \ X \ for \ M \ F \ and \ X ::
nat \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow -
locale discrete-time-adapted-process-order = adapted-process-order M F X for M
F and X :: nat \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow -
sublocale discrete-time-adapted-process-order \subseteq discrete-time-adapted-process by
(unfold-locales)
sublocale discrete-time-adapted-process \subseteq discrete-time-stochastic-process by (unfold-locales)
sublocale discrete-time-adapted-process \subseteq nat-filtered-sigma-finite-measure by (unfold-locales)
1.9
       Predictable Processes
context filtered-sigma-finite-measure
begin
definition predictable-sigma :: ('t \times 'a) measure where
 predictable-sigma = sigma (UNIV × space M) ({{s<..t} × A | A s t. A \in F s \land
s < t} \cup {{bot}} \times A | A. A \in F bot})
lemma space-predictable-sigma[simp]: space predictable-sigma = (UNIV \times space)
M) unfolding predictable-sigma-def space-measure-of-conv by blast
lemma sets-predictable-sigma[simp]: sets predictable-sigma = sigma-sets (UNIV \times
space\ M) (\{\{s < ...t\} \times A \mid A \ s \ t. \ A \in F \ s \land s < t\} \cup \{\{bot\} \times A \mid A. \ A \in F \ bot\})
 unfolding predictable-sigma-def sets-measure-of-conv
 using space-F sets.sets-into-space
 by (fastforce intro!: if-P)
definition predictable :: ('t \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{second\text{-}countable\text{-}topology, banach\}) \Rightarrow
bool where
 predictable \ X = (case-prod \ X \in borel-measurable \ (predictable-sigma))
lemmas predictableD = measurable-sets[OF predictable-def[THEN iffD1], unfolded
space-predictable-sigma]
lemma (in nat-filtered-sigma-finite-measure) predictable-sets-in-F:
 assumes (\bigcup i. \{i\} \times A \ i) \in predictable-sigma
 shows A (Suc i) \in F i
       A \ \theta \in F \ \theta
 using assms unfolding sets-predictable-sigma
proof (induction (\bigcup i. \{i\} \times A \ i) arbitrary: A)
 case Basic
   assume \exists S. (\bigcup i. \{i\} \times A \ i) = \{bot\} \times S
   then obtain S where S: (\bigcup i. \{i\} \times A \ i) = \{bot\} \times S \ by \ blast
   hence S \in F 0 using Basic by (fastforce simp add: times-eq-iff bot-nat-def)
```

```
moreover have A \ i = \{\} if i \neq bot for i using that S by blast
   moreover have A bot = S using S by blast
   ultimately have A (Suc i) \in F i A \theta \in F \theta for i unfolding bot-nat-def by
(auto simp add: bot-nat-def)
  }
 note * = this
  {
   assume \nexists S. (\bigcup i. \{i\} \times A \ i) = \{bot\} \times S
   then obtain s \ t \ B where B: (\bigcup i. \ \{i\} \times A \ i) = \{s < ...t\} \times B \ B \in sets \ (F \ s)
s < t using Basic by auto
   hence A \ i = B \ \text{if} \ i \in \{s < ...t\} \ \text{for} \ i \ \text{using} \ that \ \text{by} \ fast
   moreover have A i = \{\} if i \notin \{s < ... t\} for i using B that by fastforce
   ultimately have A (Suc i) \in F i A \theta \in F \theta for i unfolding bot-nat-def using
B sets-F-mono by (auto simp add: bot-nat-def) (metis less-Suc-eq-le sets.empty-sets
subset-eq)
  }
 note ** = this
 show A (Suc i) \in sets (F i) A \theta \in sets (F \theta) using *(1)[of i] *(2) **(1)[of i]
**(2) by auto blast+
\mathbf{next}
 case Empty
  {
   case 1
   then show ?case using Empty by simp
 next
   case 2
   then show ?case using Empty by simp
  }
\mathbf{next}
 case (Compl\ a)
 have a-in: a \subseteq UNIV \times space\ M using Compl(1)\ sets.sets-into-space\ sets-predictable-sigma
space-predictable-sigma by metis
 hence A-in: A i \subseteq space \ M for i \ using \ Compl(4) by blast
 have a: a = UNIV \times space M - (\bigcup i. \{i\} \times A \ i) using a-in Compl(4) by blast
 also have ... = (\bigcup j. \{j\} \times (space M - A j)) by blast
  finally have *: (space\ M-A\ (Suc\ i))\in F\ i\ (space\ M-A\ 0)\in F\ 0 using
Compl(2,3) by auto
  {
   case 1
    then show ?case using * A-in by (metis double-diff sets.compl-sets space-F
subset-refl)
 next
   case 2
    then show ?case using * A-in by (metis double-diff sets.compl-sets space-F
subset-refl)
 }
next
 case (Union \ a)
  have a-in: a i \subseteq UNIV \times space \ M for i using Union(1) sets.sets-into-space
```

```
sets-predictable-sigma space-predictable-sigma by metis
    hence A-in: A i \subseteq space\ M for i using Union(4) by blast
    have snd \ x \in snd \ (a \ i \cap (\{fst \ x\} \times space \ M)) \ \textbf{if} \ x \in a \ i \ \textbf{for} \ i \ x \ \textbf{using} \ that
a-in by fastforce
    hence a-i: a i = (\bigcup j. \{j\} \times (snd \ (a \ i \cap (\{j\} \times space \ M)))) for i by force
     have A-i: A i = snd ' (\bigcup (range a) \cap (\{i\} \times space M)) for i unfolding
 Union(4) using A-in by force
    have *: snd '(a \ j \cap (\{Suc\ i\} \times space\ M)) \in F\ i\ snd '(a \ j \cap (\{\emptyset\} \times space\ M))
\in F \ \theta \text{ for } j \text{ using } Union(2,3)[OF \ a-i] \text{ by } auto
    {
        case 1
        have (\bigcup j. \ snd \ (a \ j \cap (\{Suc \ i\} \times space \ M))) \in F \ i \ using * by \ fast
        moreover have (\bigcup j. \ snd \ `(a \ j \cap (\{Suc \ i\} \times space \ M))) = snd \ `(\bigcup \ (range))
a) \cap (\{Suc\ i\} \times space\ M)) by fast
        ultimately show ?case using A-i by metis
    next
        case 2
        have (\bigcup j. \ snd \ (a \ j \cap (\{0\} \times space \ M))) \in F \ 0 \ using * by fast
        moreover have (\bigcup j. snd '(a \ j \cap (\{0\} \times space \ M))) = snd '(\bigcup (range \ a) \cap \{0\} \times space \ M)))
(\{\theta\} \times space\ M)) by fast
        ultimately show ?case using A-i by metis
qed
lemma (in nat-filtered-sigma-finite-measure) predictable-discrete-time-process-measurable:
    assumes predictable X
    shows X i \in borel-measurable (F (i - 1))
proof (cases i)
    case \theta
        fix S :: 'b \ set \ assume \ open-S: \ open \ S
           hence \{0\} \times space \ M \in predictable-sigma \ by (auto simp add: bot-nat-def)
space-F[symmetric, of bot])
         moreover have case-prod X - 'S \cap (UNIV \times space M) \in predictable-sigma
using open-S by (intro predictableD[OF assms], simp add: borel-open)
          ultimately have case-prod X - S \cap (\{0\} \times space M) \in predictable-sigma
{f unfolding}\ sets-predictable-sigma\ {f using}\ space-F\ sets.sets-into-space
         by (subst Times-Int-distrib1 [of {0}] UNIV space M, simplified], subst inf.commute[of
-\times -], subst Int-assoc[symmetric], subst Int-range-binary)
                   (intro\ sigma-sets-Inter\ binary-in-sigma-sets,\ fast)+
        \textbf{moreover have } \textit{case-prod} \ X \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ (\{\theta\} \ \times \textit{space} \ M) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \text{`} S \ \cap \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - \ A) = \{\theta\} \ \times \ (X \ \theta \ - 
space M) by (auto simp add: le-Suc-eq)
        moreover have ... = (\bigcup i. \{i\} \times (if \ i = 0 \ then \ X \ 0 \ - `S \cap space \ M \ else \{\}))
by (auto split: if-splits)
         ultimately have (\bigcup i. \{i\} \times (if \ i = 0 \ then \ X \ 0 \ - `S \cap space \ M \ else \{\})) \in
predictable-sigma by argo
         then have X \ \theta - S \cap Space \ M \in sets \ (F \ \theta) using predictable-sets-in-F[of
\lambda i. \ if \ i = 0 \ then \ X \ 0 \ - \ S \cap space \ M \ else \ \{\}] \ \mathbf{by} \ presburger
    }
```

```
hence X \theta \in borel-measurable (F \theta) by (fastforce simp add: bot-nat-def space-F
intro!: borel-measurableI)
 thus ?thesis using \theta by force
next
  case (Suc \ i)
   fix S :: 'b \ set \ assume \ open-S: \ open \ S
   have \{Suc\ i\} = \{i < ... Suc\ i\} by fastforce
   hence \{Suc\ i\} \times space\ M \in predictable\text{-}sigma\ unfolding\ space\text{-}}F[symmetric,
of i] by (auto intro!: sigma-sets.Basic)
   moreover have case-prod X - ' S \cap (UNIV \times space M) \in predictable-sigma
using open-S by (intro predictableD[OF assms], simp add: borel-open)
   ultimately have case-prod X - 'S \cap (\{Suc\ i\} \times space\ M) \in predictable-sigma
{f unfolding}\ sets-predictable-sigma\ {f using}\ space-F\ sets.sets-into-space
       by (subst Times-Int-distrib1 of {Suc i} UNIV space M, simplified], subst
inf.commute[of - \times -], subst\ Int-assoc[symmetric], subst\ Int-range-binary)
        (intro sigma-sets-Inter binary-in-sigma-sets, fast)+
    moreover have case-prod X - S \cap (\{Suc\ i\} \times space\ M) = \{Suc\ i\} \times (X)
(Suc\ i) - 'S\cap space\ M) by (auto simp add: le-Suc-eq)
    moreover have ... = (\bigcup j. \{j\} \times (if \ j = Suc \ i \ then \ (X \ (Suc \ i) - `S \cap space)
M) else {})) by (auto split: if-splits)
    ultimately have (\bigcup j. \{j\} \times (if \ j = Suc \ i \ then \ (X \ (Suc \ i) - `S \cap space \ M)
else \{\})) \in predictable-sigma by argo 
   then have X (Suc i) - 'S \cap space M \in sets (F i) using predictable-sets-in-F[of
\lambda j. if j = Suc \ i \ then \ (X \ (Suc \ i) - `S \cap space \ M) \ else \ \{\}] by presburger
 hence X (Suc i) \in borel-measurable (F i) by (fastforce simp add: space-F intro!:
borel-measurableI)
 then show ?thesis using Suc by force
qed
end
end
theory Martingale
 imports Stochastic-Process Conditional-Expectation-Banach
begin
         Martingale
1.10
unbundle lattice-syntax
locale \ martingale = adapted-process +
  assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
      and martingale-property: \bigwedge i \ j. i \le j \Longrightarrow AE \ \xi in M. X i \ \xi = cond\text{-exp} \ M
(F i) (X j) \xi
lemma (in filtered-sigma-finite-measure) martingale-const[intro]:
 assumes integrable M f f \in borel-measurable (F \perp)
```

```
shows martingale M F (\lambda-. f)
using assms cond-exp-F-meas[OF assms(1), THEN AE-symmetric]
by (unfold-locales)
(simp add: borel-measurable-integrable,
metis bot.extremum measurable-from-subalg sets-F-mono space-F subalge-bra-def, blast,
metis (mono-tags, lifting) borel-measurable-subalgebra bot-least filtration.sets-F-mono filtration-axioms space-F)

lemma (in filtered-sigma-finite-measure) martingale-cond-exp[intro]:
assumes integrable M f
shows martingale M F (\lambda i. cond-exp M (F i) f)
by (unfold-locales,
auto simp add: subalgebra borel-measurable-cond-exp borel-measurable-cond-exp'
intro!: cond-exp-nested-subalg[OF assms],
simp add: sets-F-mono space-F subalgebra-def)
```

1.11 Submartingale

```
locale submartingale = adapted-process-order + assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M (X i) and submartingale-property: \bigwedge i j. i \leq j \Longrightarrow AE \xi in M. X i \xi \leq cond-exp M (F i) (X j) \xi
```

1.12 Supermartingale

```
locale supermartingale = adapted-process-order + assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M (X i) and supermartingale-property: \bigwedge i j. i \leq j \Longrightarrow AE \xi in M. X i \xi \geq cond-exp M (F i) (X j) \xi
```

1.13 Martingale Stuff

```
locale martingale-order = martingale M F X for M F and X :: - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - :: {linorder-topology, ordered-real-vector} begin
```

lemma is-submartingale: submartingale M F X using martingale-property by (unfold-locales) (force simp add: integrable)+

lemma is-supermartingale: supermartingale M F X using martingale-property by (unfold-locales) (force simp add: integrable)+

end

sublocale martingale-order \subseteq martingale-is-submartingale: submartingale **by** (rule is-submartingale)

sublocale martingale-order \subseteq martingale-is-supermartingale: supermartingale by (rule is-supermartingale)

```
- :: {linorder-topology, lattice, ordered-real-vector}
locale supermartingale-lattice = supermartingale M F X for M F and X :: \rightarrow -
\Rightarrow - :: {linorder-topology, lattice, ordered-real-vector}
locale martingale-lattice = martingale M F X for M F and X :: - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - ::
\{linorder\text{-}topology,\ lattice,\ ordered\text{-}real\text{-}vector\}
begin
lemma is-submartingale: submartingale-lattice M F X using martingale-property
by (unfold-locales) (force simp add: integrable)+
lemma is-supermartingale: supermartingale-lattice MFX using martingale-property
by (unfold-locales) (force simp add: integrable)+
end
sublocale martingale-lattice \subseteq martingale-is-submartingale: submartingale-lattice
by (rule is-submartingale)
sublocale martingale-lattice \subseteq martingale-is-supermartingale: supermartingale-lattice
by (rule is-supermartingale)
context martingale
begin
lemma set-integral-eq:
 assumes A \in F \ i \ i \leq j
 shows set-lebesgue-integral M A (X i) = set-lebesgue-integral M A (X j)
proof -
  have \int x \in A. X \ i \ x \ \partial M = \int x \in A. cond-exp M (F \ i) (X \ j) x \ \partial M using
martingale-property[OF assms(2)] borel-measurable-cond-exp' assms(1) subalgebra
subalgebra-def by (intro\ set-lebesgue-integral-cong-AE[OF - random-variable]) fast-
  also have ... = \int x \in A. X \neq x \partial M using assms(1) by (auto simp: integrable
intro: cond-exp-set-integral[symmetric])
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma scaleR-const[intro]:
 shows martingale M F (\lambda i \ x. \ c *_R X \ i \ x)
proof -
  {
   fix i j :: 'b assume i \leq j
   hence AE \ x \ in \ M. \ c *_R \ X \ i \ x = cond\text{-}exp \ M \ (F \ i) \ (\lambda x. \ c *_R \ X \ j \ x) \ x
       using cond-exp-scaleR-right[OF integrable, of i c, THEN AE-symmetric]
martingale-property by force
```

locale submartingale-lattice = submartingale M F X for M F and X :: - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow

```
thus ?thesis by (unfold-locales) (auto simp add: borel-measurable-const-scaleR
adapted random-variable integrable)
qed
lemma uminus[intro]:
 shows martingale M F (-X)
 using scaleR-const[of -1] by (force\ intro:\ back-subst[of\ martingale\ M\ F])
lemma add[intro]:
 assumes martingale MFY
 shows martingale M F (\lambda i \xi. X i \xi + Y i \xi)
proof -
 interpret Y: martingale M F Y by (rule assms)
   fix i j :: 'b assume asm: i < j
   have AE \xi in M. X i \xi + Y i \xi = cond\text{-}exp M (F i) (<math>\lambda x. X j x + Y j x) \xi
     using cond-exp-add[OF integrable martingale.integrable[OF assms], of i j j,
THEN AE-symmetric
          martingale-property[OF asm] martingale.martingale-property[OF assms
asm] by force
 }
 thus ?thesis using assms
 by (unfold-locales) (auto simp add: borel-measurable-add random-variable adapted
integrable Y.adapted Y.random-variable martingale.integrable)
qed
lemma diff[intro]:
 assumes martingale MFY
 shows martingale M F (\lambda i x. X i x - Y i x)
 interpret Y: martingale M F Y by (rule assms)
   fix i j :: 'b assume asm: i \leq j
   have AE \xi in M. X i \xi - Y i \xi = cond\text{-}exp M (F i) (<math>\lambda x. X j x - Y j x) \xi
     using cond-exp-diff[OF integrable martingale.integrable[OF assms], of i j j,
THEN AE-symmetric, unfolded fun-diff-def]
           martingale-property[OF asm] martingale.martingale-property[OF assms
asm] by fastforce
 thus ?thesis using assms by (unfold-locales) (auto simp add: borel-measurable-diff
random-variable adapted integrable Y.random-variable Y.adapted martingale.integrable)
qed
end
lemma (in adapted-process) martingale-of-set-integral-eq:
 assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
```

```
and \bigwedge A \ i \ j. \ i \leq j \Longrightarrow A \in F \ i \Longrightarrow \textit{set-lebesgue-integral} \ M \ A \ (X \ i) =
set-lebesgue-integral M A (X j)
   shows martingale\ M\ F\ X
proof (unfold-locales)
 fix i j :: 't assume asm: i < j
 interpret sigma-finite-measure restr-to-subalq M (Fi) by (simp add: sigma-fin-subalq)
   fix A assume A \in restr-to-subalg M (F i)
   hence *: A \in F i using sets-restr-to-subalg subalgebra by blast
  have set-lebesgue-integral (restr-to-subalg M(Fi)) A(Xi) = set-lebesgue-integral
M \ A \ (X \ i) \ using * subalg \ by \ (auto \ simp: set-lebesgue-integral-def \ intro: inte-
gral-subalgebra2 borel-measurable-scaleR adapted borel-measurable-indicator)
    also have ... = set-lebesgue-integral M A (cond-exp M (F i) (X j)) using *
assms(2)[OF\ asm]\ cond-exp-set-integral[OF\ integrable]\ {f by}\ auto
  finally have set-lebesque-integral (restr-to-subalq M(Fi)) A(Xi) = set-lebesque-integral
(restr-to-subalq\ M\ (F\ i))\ A\ (cond-exp\ M\ (F\ i)\ (X\ j))\ using *subalq\ by\ (auto\ simp:
set-lebesque-integral-def intro!: integral-subalgebra2 [symmetric] borel-measurable-scaleR
borel-measurable-cond-exp borel-measurable-indicator)
 hence AE \xi in restr-to-subalq M(Fi). Xi \xi = cond\text{-}exp M(Fi)(Xj) \xi by (intro
density-unique, auto intro: integrable-in-subalg subalg borel-measurable-cond-exp in-
tegrable)
 thus AE \xi in M. Xi \xi = cond\text{-}exp \ M \ (Fi) \ (Xj) \xi using AE\text{-}restr\text{-}to\text{-}subalg[OF]
subalg by blast
qed (simp add: integrable)
lemma martingale-orderI:
 assumes submartingale M F X supermartingale M F X
 shows martingale-order M F X
proof -
 interpret submartingale M F X by (rule assms)
 interpret supermartingale M F X by (rule assms)
  show ?thesis using integrable submartingale-property supermartingale-property
by (unfold-locales) (fast intro: antisym)+
qed
lemma martingale-iff: martingale M F X \longleftrightarrow submartingale M F X \land super-
martingale\ M\ F\ X
 {f using}\ marting a le-order I\ marting a le-order. is-submarting a le\ marting a le-order. is-supermarting a le
martingale-order-def by blast
1.14
         Submartingale Stuff
context submartingale
begin
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{set-integral-le} :
 assumes A \in F \ i \ i \leq j
 shows set-lebesque-integral M A (X i) \leq \text{set-lebesque-integral } M A (X j)
```

```
unfolding cond-exp-set-integral[OF integrable <math>assms(1), of j]
  using submartingale-property[OF assms(2)]
  by (simp only: set-lebesgue-integral-def, intro integral-mono-AE-banach, metis
assms(1) in-mono integrable integrable-mult-indicator subalgebra subalgebra-def,
metis assms(1) in-mono integrable-mult-indicator subalgebra subalgebra-def inte-
grable-cond-exp)
    (auto intro: scaleR-left-mono)
lemma cond-exp-diff-nonneg:
 assumes i \leq j
 shows AE \ x \ in \ M. \ 0 \le cond\text{-}exp \ M \ (F \ i) \ (\lambda \xi. \ X \ j \ \xi - X \ i \ \xi) \ x
 using submartingale-property [OF \ assms] \ cond-exp-diff [OF \ integrable (1,1), \ of \ i \ j
i] cond-exp-F-meas[OF integrable adapted, of i] by fastforce
lemma add[intro]:
 assumes submartingale M F Y
 shows submartingale M F (\lambda i \xi. X i \xi + Y i \xi)
proof -
 interpret Y: submartingale M F Y by (rule assms)
   fix i j :: 'b assume asm: i \leq j
   have AE \xi in M. X i \xi + Y i \xi \leq cond\text{-}exp M (F i) (<math>\lambda x. X j x + Y j x) \xi
     using cond-exp-add[OF integrable submartingale.integrable[OF assms], of i j
j
        submartingale-property[OF asm] submartingale-submartingale-property[OF
assms asm] add-mono[of X i - - Y i -] by force
 thus ?thesis using assms by (unfold-locales) (auto simp add: borel-measurable-add
random-variable adapted integrable Y-random-variable Y-adapted submartingale.integrable)
qed
lemma diff[intro]:
 assumes supermartingale\ M\ F\ Y
 shows submartingale M F (\lambda i \xi. X i \xi - Y i \xi)
 interpret Y: supermartingale M F Y by (rule assms)
   fix i j :: 'b assume asm: i \leq j
   have AE \xi in M. X i \xi - Y i \xi \leq cond\text{-}exp M (F i) (<math>\lambda x. X j x - Y j x) \xi
     using cond-exp-diff[OF integrable supermartingale.integrable[OF assms], of i
j j, unfolded fun-diff-def
       submartingale-property[OF asm] supermartingale-supermartingale-property[OF
assms asm] diff-mono[of X i - - - Y i -] by force
 thus ?thesis using assms by (unfold-locales) (auto simp add: borel-measurable-diff
random-variable adapted integrable Y.random-variable Y.adapted supermartingale.integrable)
```

qed

```
lemma scaleR-nonneg:
 assumes c \geq \theta
 shows submartingale M F (\lambda i \xi. c *_R X i \xi)
proof
   fix i j :: 'b assume asm: i \leq j
   show AE \xi in M. c *_R X i \xi \leq cond\text{-}exp M (F i) (\lambda \xi. c *_R X j \xi) \xi
    using cond-exp-scaleR-right[OF integrable, of i c j] submartingale-property[OF
asm] by (auto intro!: scaleR-left-mono[OF - assms])
  }
qed (auto simp add: borel-measurable-integrable borel-measurable-scaleR integrable
random-variable adapted borel-measurable-const-scaleR)
lemma scaleR-nonpos:
 assumes c < \theta
 shows supermartingale M F (\lambda i \ \xi. \ c *_R X i \ \xi)
proof
   fix i j :: 'b assume asm: i \leq j
   show AE \xi in M. c *_R X i \xi \geq cond\text{-}exp M (F i) (\lambda \xi. c *_R X j \xi) \xi
    using cond-exp-scaleR-right[OF integrable, of i c j] submartingale-property[OF
asm] by (auto intro!: scaleR-left-mono-neg[OF - assms])
 }
qed (auto simp add: borel-measurable-integrable borel-measurable-scaleR integrable
random-variable adapted borel-measurable-const-scaleR)
lemma uminus[intro]:
 shows supermartingale M F (-X)
 unfolding fun-Compl-def using scaleR-nonpos[of -1] by simp
lemma max:
 assumes submartingale M F Y
 shows submartingale M F (\lambda i \xi. max (X i \xi) (Y i \xi))
proof (unfold-locales)
 interpret Y: submartingale M F Y by (rule assms)
   fix i j :: 'b assume asm: i < j
    have AE \ \xi \ in \ M. \ max \ (X \ i \ \xi) \ (Y \ i \ \xi) \le max \ (cond-exp \ M \ (F \ i) \ (X \ j) \ \xi)
(cond\text{-}exp\ M\ (F\ i)\ (Y\ j)\ \xi) using submartingale\text{-}property\ Y.submartingale\text{-}property
asm unfolding max-def by fastforce
    thus AE \xi in M. max (X i \xi) (Y i \xi) \leq cond\text{-}exp M (F i) (\lambda \xi) max (X j \xi)
(Y j \xi)) \xi using cond-exp-max[OF integrable Y.integrable, of i j j] order.trans by
fast
 show \bigwedge i. (\lambda \xi. \max (X i \xi) (Y i \xi)) \in borel-measurable M \bigwedge i. (\lambda \xi. \max (X i \xi))
(Y \mid \xi) \in borel-measurable (F \mid i) \land i. integrable M (\lambda \xi. max (X \mid \xi) (Y \mid i)) by
(force intro: Y.integrable integrable assms)+
qed
```

```
lemma max-\theta:
   shows submartingale M F (\lambda i \xi. max \theta (X i \xi))
proof -
  interpret zero: submartingale M F \lambda- -. 0 by (intro martingale-order is-submartingale,
unfold-locales, auto)
   show ?thesis by (intro zero.max submartingale-axioms)
qed
end
lemma (in submartingale-lattice) sup:
   assumes submartingale-lattice M F Y
   shows submartingale-lattice M F (\lambda i \xi. sup (X i \xi) (Y i \xi))
    using submartingale-lattice.intro submartingale.max[OF\ submartingale-axioms
assms[THEN\ submartingale-lattice.axioms]] unfolding sup-max[symmetric].
lemma (in adapted-process-order) submartingale-of-cond-exp-diff-nonneg:
   assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
         and diff-nonneg: \bigwedge i j. i \leq j \Longrightarrow AE \ x \ in \ M. \ 0 \leq cond-exp \ M \ (F \ i) \ (\lambda \xi. \ X \ j)
\xi - X i \xi x
      shows submartingale\ M\ F\ X
proof (unfold-locales)
   {
      fix i j :: 't assume asm: i \leq j
      show AE \xi in M. X i \xi \leq cond\text{-}exp M (F i) (X j) \xi
       using diff-nonneq[OF\ asm]\ cond-exp-diff[OF\ integrable(1,1),\ of\ i\ j\ i]\ cond-exp-F-meas[OF\ integrable(1,1),\ of\ i\ j]\ c
integrable adapted, of i by fastforce
qed (intro integrable)
lemma (in adapted-process-order) submartingale-of-set-integral-le:
   assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
             and \bigwedge A \ i \ j. \ i \leq j \Longrightarrow A \in F \ i \Longrightarrow set-lebesgue-integral M A (X i) \leq
set-lebesgue-integral M A (X j)
      shows submartingale M F X
\mathbf{proof} (unfold-locales)
      fix i j :: 't assume asm: i < j
    interpret sigma-finite-measure restr-to-subalg M (F i) by (simp add: sigma-fin-subalg)
         fix A assume A \in restr-to-subalg M (F i)
         hence *: A \in F i using sets-restr-to-subalg subalgebra by blast
       have set-lebesgue-integral (restr-to-subalg M(Fi)) A(Xi) = set-lebesgue-integral
M \ A \ (X \ i) \ \mathbf{using} \ * \ subalg \ \mathbf{by} \ (auto \ simp: \ set-lebesgue-integral-def \ intro: \ inte-
gral-subalgebra2 borel-measurable-scaleR adapted borel-measurable-indicator)
          also have ... \leq set-lebesque-integral M A (cond-exp M (F i) (X j)) using *
assms(2)[OF asm] cond-exp-set-integral[OF integrable] by auto
           also have ... = set-lebesgue-integral (restr-to-subalg M (F i)) A (cond-exp
```

```
M(F i)(X j) using * subalq by (auto simp: set-lebesque-integral-def intro!:
integral-subalgebra2[symmetric] borel-measurable-scaleR borel-measurable-cond-exp
borel-measurable-indicator)
   finally have 0 \le set-lebesgue-integral (restr-to-subalg M (F i)) A (\lambda \xi. cond-exp
M(Fi)(Xj) \xi - Xi \xi) using * subalq by (subst set-integral-diff, auto simp add:
set-integrable-def sets-restr-to-subalq intro!: integrable adapted integrable-in-subalq
borel-measurable-scaleR borel-measurable-indicator borel-measurable-cond-exp inte-borel-measurable-scaleR
grable-mult-indicator)
   }
     hence AE \xi in restr-to-subalg M (F i). 0 \leq cond-exp M (F i) (X j) \xi
-X i \xi by (intro density-nonneg integrable-in-subalg subalg borel-measurable-diff
borel-measurable-cond-exp adapted Bochner-Integration.integrable-diff integrable-cond-exp
integrable)
  thus AE \xi in M. Xi \xi \leq cond\text{-}exp\ M\ (Fi)\ (Xj)\ \xi using AE\text{-}restr\text{-}to\text{-}subalg[OF]
subalq by simp
qed (intro integrable)
         Supermartingale Stuff
context supermartingale
begin
lemma set-integral-ge:
 assumes A \in F \ i \ i \leq j
 shows set-lebesgue-integral M A (X i) \geq set-lebesgue-integral M A (X j)
 unfolding cond-exp-set-integral[OF integrable <math>assms(1), of j]
 using supermartingale-property[OF assms(2)]
  by (simp only: set-lebesgue-integral-def, intro integral-mono-AE-banach, metis
assms(1) in-mono integrable-mult-indicator subalgebra subalgebra-def integrable-cond-exp,
metis assms(1) in-mono integrable integrable-mult-indicator subalgebra subalgebra-def)
```

```
assumes i \leq j shows AE \ x \ in \ M. \ 0 \leq cond\text{-}exp \ M \ (F \ i) \ (\lambda \xi. \ X \ i \ \xi - X \ j \ \xi) \ x using supermartingale\text{-}property[OF \ assms] \ cond\text{-}exp\text{-}diff[OF \ integrable(1,1), of } i \ i \ j] \ cond\text{-}exp\text{-}F\text{-}meas[OF \ integrable \ adapted, of } i] \ \text{by } fastforce
\text{lemma } add[intro]:
\text{assumes } supermartingale \ M \ F \ Y
\text{shows } supermartingale \ M \ F \ (\lambda i \ \xi. \ X \ i \ \xi + Y \ i \ \xi)
\text{proof } -
\text{interpret } Y: \ supermartingale \ M \ F \ Y \ \text{by } \ (rule \ assms)
\{
\text{fix } i \ j :: \ 'b \ \text{assume} \ asm: \ i \leq j
\text{have } AE \ \xi \ in \ M. \ X \ i \ \xi + Y \ i \ \xi \geq cond\text{-}exp \ M \ (F \ i) \ (\lambda x. \ X \ j \ x + Y \ j \ x) \ \xi
\text{using } cond\text{-}exp\text{-}add[OF \ integrable \ supermartingale.integrable[OF \ assms], of } i
```

(auto intro: scaleR-left-mono)

lemma cond-exp-diff-nonneq:

```
supermartingale-property [OF asm] supermartingale. supermartingale-property [OF
assms asm] add-mono[of - Xi - - Yi -] by force
 thus ?thesis using assms by (unfold-locales) (auto simp add: borel-measurable-add
random-variable adapted integrable Y.random-variable Y.adapted supermartingale.integrable)
qed
lemma diff[intro]:
 assumes submartingale\ M\ F\ Y
 shows supermartingale M F (\lambda i \xi. X i \xi - Y i \xi)
 interpret Y: submartingale M F Y by (rule assms)
   fix i j :: 'b assume asm: i < j
   have AE \xi in M. X i \xi - Y i \xi \ge cond\text{-}exp M (F i) (<math>\lambda x. X j x - Y j x) \xi
     using cond-exp-diff[OF integrable submartingale.integrable[OF assms], of i j
j, unfolded fun-diff-def]
       supermarting ale	ext{-property}[OF\ asm]\ submarting ale	ext{-submarting} ale	ext{-property}[OF\ asm]
assms asm] diff-mono[of - X i - Y i -] by force
 thus ?thesis using assms by (unfold-locales) (auto simp add: borel-measurable-diff
random-variable adapted integrable Y.random-variable Y.adapted submartingale.integrable)
qed
lemma scaleR-nonneg:
 assumes c \geq \theta
 shows supermartingale M F (\lambda i \xi. c *_R X i \xi)
proof
   fix i j :: 'b assume asm: i \leq j
   show AE \xi in M. c *_R X i \xi \geq cond\text{-}exp M (F i) (<math>\lambda \xi. c *_R X j \xi) \xi
   \mathbf{using}\ cond\text{-}exp\text{-}scaleR\text{-}right[OF\ integrable,\ of\ i\ c\ j]\ supermartingale\text{-}property[OF\ integrable]
asm
     by (auto intro!: scaleR-left-mono[OF - assms])
qed (auto simp add: borel-measurable-integrable borel-measurable-scaleR integrable
random-variable adapted borel-measurable-const-scaleR)
lemma scaleR-nonpos:
 assumes c \leq \theta
 shows submartingale M F (\lambda i \xi. c *_R X i \xi)
proof
  {
   fix i j :: 'b assume asm: i \leq j
   show AE \xi in M. c*_R X i \xi \leq cond\text{-}exp\ M\ (F\ i)\ (\lambda \xi.\ c*_R X\ j\ \xi)\ \xi
    using cond-exp-scaleR-right[OF integrable, of i c j] supermartingale-property[OF
asm
```

```
by (auto intro!: scaleR-left-mono-neg[OF - assms])
{\bf qed} \ (auto \ simp \ add: \ borel-measurable-integrable \ borel-measurable-scaleR \ integrable
random-variable adapted borel-measurable-const-scaleR)
lemma uminus[intro]:
 shows submartingale M F (-X)
 unfolding fun-Compl-def using scaleR-nonpos[of -1] by simp
lemma min:
 assumes supermartingale M F Y
 shows supermartingale M F (\lambda i \xi. min (X i \xi) (Y i \xi))
proof (unfold-locales)
 interpret Y: supermartingale M F Y by (rule assms)
   fix i j :: 'b assume asm: i < j
  have AE \xi in M. min(X i \xi)(Y i \xi) \ge min(cond-exp M(F i)(X j)\xi)(cond-exp
M(F i)(Y j) \xi) using supermartingale-property Y.supermartingale-property asm
unfolding min-def by fastforce
   thus AE \xi in M. min(X i \xi)(Y i \xi) \geq cond\text{-}exp(M (F i)(\lambda \xi), min(X j \xi)(Y i \xi))
(j \xi)) \xi using cond-exp-min[OF integrable Y.integrable, of (i j j)] order.trans by fast
 show \bigwedge i. (\lambda \xi. \min (X i \xi) (Y i \xi)) \in borel-measurable M \bigwedge i. (\lambda \xi. \min (X i \xi))
(Y \ i \ \xi)) \in borel-measurable \ (F \ i) \ \land i. integrable \ M \ (\lambda \xi. \ min \ (X \ i \ \xi) \ (Y \ i \ \xi))  by
(force intro: Y.integrable integrable assms)+
qed
lemma min-\theta:
 shows supermartingale M F (\lambda i \xi. min 0 (X i \xi))
proof -
 interpret zero: supermartingale MF \lambda--. 0 by (intro martingale-order is-supermartingale,
unfold-locales, auto)
 show ?thesis by (intro zero.min supermartingale-axioms)
qed
end
lemma (in supermartingale-lattice) inf:
 assumes supermartingale-lattice M F Y
 shows supermartingale-lattice M F (\lambda i \xi. inf (X i \xi) (Y i \xi))
 {\bf using} \ supermarting a le-lattice. intro \ supermarting a le.min [OF \ supermarting a le-axioms] \\
assms[THEN\ supermartingale-lattice.axioms]] unfolding inf-min[symmetric].
lemma (in adapted-process-order) supermartingale-of-cond-exp-diff-nonneg:
 assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
     and diff-nonneg: \bigwedge i \ j. i \le j \Longrightarrow AE \ x \ in \ M. 0 \le cond\text{-exp} \ M (F \ i) (\lambda \xi. \ X \ i
\xi - X j \xi x
   shows supermartingale M F X
proof
```

```
fix i j :: 't assume asm: i \leq j
         show AE \xi in M. X i \xi \geq cond\text{-}exp M (F i) (X j) \xi
          using diff-nonneq[OF\ asm]\ cond-exp-diff[OF\ integrable(1,1),\ of\ i\ i]\ cond-exp-F-meas[OF\ integrable(1,1),\ of\ i\ i]\ cond
integrable adapted, of i by fastforce
qed (intro integrable)
lemma (in adapted-process-order) supermartingale-of-set-integral-ge:
    assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
                   and \bigwedge A \ i \ j. \ i \leq j \Longrightarrow A \in F \ i \Longrightarrow set-lebesgue-integral M A (X j) \leq
set-lebesgue-integral M A (X i)
         shows supermartingale M F X
proof -
  interpret uminus-X: adapted-process-order MF-X by (intro adapted-process-order intro
   \mathbf{note} * = set\text{-}integral\text{-}uminus[unfolded set\text{-}integrable\text{-}def, OF integrable\text{-}mult\text{-}indicator]OF
- integrable]]
  have supermartingale MF(-(-X)) using ord-eq-le-trans OF * ord-le-eq-trans OF
le\text{-}imp\text{-}neg\text{-}le[OF\ assms(2)]\ *[symmetric]]]\ subalg
      by (intro submartingale.uminus uminus-X.submartingale-of-set-integral-le) (auto
simp add: subalgebra-def integrable fun-Compl-def, blast)
     thus ?thesis unfolding fun-Compl-def by simp
qed
```

2 Discrete Time Martingales

```
locale discrete-time-martingale = martingale M F X for M F and X :: nat \Rightarrow - | locale discrete-time-submartingale = submartingale M F X for M F and X :: nat \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - | locale discrete-time-supermartingale = supermartingale M F X for M F and X :: nat \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - | sublocale discrete-time-martingale \subseteq discrete-time-adapted-process by (unfold-locales) | sublocale discrete-time-submartingale \subseteq discrete-time-adapted-process by (unfold-locales) | sublocale discrete-time-supermartingale \subseteq discrete-time-adapted-process by (unfold-locales)
```

3 Discrete Time Martingales

```
lemma (in discrete-time-martingale) predictable-eq-bot: assumes predictable X shows AE \ \xi \ in \ M. \ X \ i \ \xi = X \ \bot \ \xi proof (induction i) case \theta then show ?case by (simp add: bot-nat-def) next case (Suc i)
```

```
thus ?case using predictable-discrete-time-process-measurable OF assms, of Suc
i
               martingale-property[OF le-SucI, of i]
                cond-exp-F-meas[OF integrable, of Suc i i] Suc by fastforce
qed
lemma (in discrete-time-adapted-process) martingale-of-set-integral-eq-Suc:
 assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
    and \bigwedge A \ i. \ A \in F \ i \Longrightarrow set-lebesgue-integral M \ A \ (X \ i) = set-lebesgue-integral
M A (X (Suc i))
   shows discrete-time-martingale M F X
proof (intro discrete-time-martingale.intro martingale-of-set-integral-eq)
 fix i j A assume asm: i \leq j A \in sets (F i)
 show set-lebesgue-integral M A (X i) = set-lebesgue-integral M A (X j) using
 proof (induction j - i arbitrary: i j)
   case \theta
   then show ?case using asm by simp
 \mathbf{next}
   case (Suc \ n)
   hence *: n = j - Suc \ i \ \mathbf{by} \ linarith
   have Suc\ i \leq j using Suc(2,3) by linarith
    thus ?case using sets-F-mono[OF le-SucI] Suc(4) Suc(1)[OF *] by (auto
intro: assms(2)[THEN \ trans])
 qed
qed (simp add: integrable)
lemma (in discrete-time-adapted-process) martingale-nat:
 assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
     and \bigwedge i. AE \xi in M. X i \xi = cond-exp M (F i) (X (Suc i)) \xi
   shows discrete-time-martingale M F X
proof (unfold-locales)
 fix i j :: nat assume asm: i \leq j
 show AE \xi in M. X i \xi = cond\text{-}exp M (F i) (X j) \xi using asm
 proof (induction j - i arbitrary: i j)
   case \theta
   hence j = i by simp
  thus ?case using cond-exp-F-meas[OF integrable adapted, THEN AE-symmetric]
by presburger
 next
   case (Suc \ n)
   have j: j = Suc (n + i) using Suc by linarith
   have n: n = n + i - i using Suc by linarith
   have *: AE \xi in M. cond-exp M (F(n+i))(Xj)\xi = X(n+i)\xi unfolding
j using assms(2)[THEN\ AE-symmetric] by blast
   have AE \xi in M. cond-exp M (F i) (X j) \xi = cond-exp M (F i) (cond-exp M)
(F(n+i))(X_j) \xi by (intro cond-exp-nested-subalg integrable subalg, simp add:
subalgebra-def space-F sets-F-mono)
   hence AE \xi in M. cond-exp M (F i) (X j) \xi = cond-exp M (F i) (X (n + i))
```

```
\xi \  \, \text{using} \  \, cond\text{-}exp\text{-}cong\text{-}AE[OF \  \, integrable\text{-}cond\text{-}exp \  \, integrable\  \, *] \  \, \text{by} \  \, force} \\ \  \, \text{thus} \  \, ?case \  \, \text{using} \  \, Suc(1)[OF \  \, n] \  \, \text{by} \  \, fastforce} \\ \  \, \text{qed} \\ \  \, \text{qed} \  \, (simp \  \, add: \  \, integrable) \\ \\ \  \, \text{lemma} \  \, (\text{in} \  \, discrete\text{-}time\text{-}adapted\text{-}process) \  \, martingale\text{-}of\text{-}cond\text{-}exp\text{-}diff\text{-}Suc\text{-}eq\text{-}0\text{:}} \\ \  \, \text{assumes} \  \, integrable: \  \, \land i. \  \, integrable \  \, M \  \, (X \  i) \\ \  \, \text{and} \  \, \land i. \  \, AE \  \, \xi \  \, in \  \, M. \  \, 0 = cond\text{-}exp \  \, M \  \, (F \  i) \  \, (\lambda \xi. \  \, X \  \, (Suc \  i) \  \, \xi - X \  i \  \, \xi) \  \, \xi \\ \  \, \text{shows} \  \, discrete\text{-}time\text{-}martingale \  \, M \  \, F \  \, X \\ \\ \  \, \text{proof} \  \, (intro \  \, martingale\text{-}nat \  \, integrable) \\ \  \, \text{fix} \  \, i \\ \  \, \text{show} \  \, AE \  \, \xi \  \, in \  \, M. \  \, X \  i \  \, \xi = cond\text{-}exp \  \, M \  \, (F \  i) \  \, (X \  \, (Suc \  i)) \  \, \xi \  \, \text{using} \  \, cond\text{-}exp\text{-}diff[OF \  \, integrable(1,1), of \  \, i \  \, Suc \  \, i \  \, ] \  \, cond\text{-}exp\text{-}F\text{-}meas[OF \  \, integrable \  \, adapted, of \  \, i] \  \, assms(2)[of \  \, i] \  \, \text{by} \  \, fastforce \\ \  \, \text{qed} \\ \  \, \text{qed}
```

4 Discrete Time Submartingales

```
lemma (in discrete-time-submartingale) predictable-qe-bot:
 assumes predictable X
 shows AE \xi in M. X i \xi \geq X \perp \xi
proof (induction i)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by (simp add: bot-nat-def)
next
 case (Suc\ i)
 thus ?case using predictable-discrete-time-process-measurable[OF assms, of Suc
                submartingale-property[OF le-SucI, of i]
                cond-exp-F-meas[OF integrable, of Suc i i] Suc by fastforce
qed
lemma (in discrete-time-adapted-process-order) submartingale-of-set-integral-le-Suc:
 assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
    and \bigwedge A i. A \in F i \Longrightarrow set-lebesgue-integral M A (X i) \leq set-lebesgue-integral
M A (X (Suc i))
   shows discrete-time-submartingale M F X
proof (intro discrete-time-submartingale.intro submartingale-of-set-integral-le)
 fix i j A assume asm: i \leq j A \in sets (F i)
 show set-lebesgue-integral M A (X i) \leq set-lebesgue-integral M A (X j) using
 proof (induction j - i arbitrary: i j)
   case \theta
   then show ?case using asm by simp
 next
   case (Suc \ n)
   hence *: n = j - Suc \ i \ \mathbf{by} \ linarith
   have Suc\ i \leq j using Suc(2,3) by linarith
    thus ?case using sets-F-mono[OF le-SucI] Suc(4) Suc(1)[OF *] by (auto
```

```
intro: assms(2)[THEN \ order-trans])
    qed
qed (simp add: integrable)
lemma (in discrete-time-adapted-process-order) submartingale-nat:
    assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
            and \bigwedge i. AE \xi in M. X i \xi \leq cond-exp M (F i) (X (Suc i)) \xi
        shows discrete-time-submartingale M F X
    using subalg integrable assms(2)
   \textbf{by} \ (intro\ submarting ale-of-set-integral-le-Suc\ ord-le-eq-trans[OF\ set-integral-mono-AE-banach]) and the submarting ale-of-set-integral-le-suc\ ord-le-suc\ ord-le-
cond-exp-set-integral[symmetric]], simp)
                   (meson in-mono integrable-mult-indicator set-integrable-def subalgebra-def,
               meson\ integrable\-cond\-exp\ in\-mono\ integrable\-mult\-indicator\ set\-integrable\-def
subalgebra-def,
                     auto simp add: subalgebra-def, metis (mono-tags, lifting) AE-I2 AE-mp)
lemma (in discrete-time-adapted-process-order) submartingale-of-cond-exp-diff-Suc-nonneg:
    assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
            and \bigwedge i. AE \xi in M. 0 \leq cond\text{-}exp\ M\ (F\ i)\ (\lambda \xi.\ X\ (Suc\ i)\ \xi-X\ i\ \xi)\ \xi
        shows discrete-time-submartingale M F X
proof (intro submartingale-nat integrable)
   \mathbf{fix} \ i
   show AE \xi in M. Xi \xi \leq cond\text{-}exp\ M\ (Fi)\ (X\ (Suc\ i))\ \xi using cond\text{-}exp\text{-}diff[OF]
integrable (1,1), of i Suc i i] cond-exp-F-meas[OF integrable adapted, of i] assms(2)[of
i] by fastforce
qed
5
              Discrete Time Supermartingales
lemma (in discrete-time-supermartingale) predictable-le-bot:
```

```
assumes predictable X
 shows AE \xi in M. X i \xi \leq X \perp \xi
proof (induction i)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by (simp add: bot-nat-def)
next
 case (Suc\ i)
  thus ?case using predictable-discrete-time-process-measurable[OF assms, of Suc
                 supermartingale-property[OF le-SucI, of i]
                 cond-exp-F-meas[OF integrable, of Suc i i] Suc by fastforce
qed
\mathbf{lemma} \ (\mathbf{in} \ discrete-time-adapted-process-order) \ supermarting a le-of-set-integral-ge-Suc:
 assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
   and \bigwedge A \ i. \ A \in F \ i \Longrightarrow set-lebesgue-integral M \ A \ (X \ (Suc \ i)) \le set-lebesgue-integral
M A (X i)
   shows discrete-time-supermartingale M F X
proof -
```

```
interpret uminus-X: discrete-time-adapted-process-order MF-X by (intro dis-
crete-time-adapted-process-order.intro\ adapted-process-order.intro\ uminus)
 \mathbf{note} * = set\text{-}integral\text{-}uminus[unfolded set\text{-}integrable\text{-}def, OF integrable\text{-}mult\text{-}indicator]OF
- integrable]]
  have discrete-time-supermartingale M F (-(-X)) using ord-eq-le-trans OF *
ord-le-eq-trans[OF\ le-imp-neq-le[OF\ assms(2)]\ *[symmetric]]]\ subalg
  by (intro\ discrete-time-supermartingale.intro\ submartingale.uminus\ discrete-time-submartingale.axioms
uminus-X.submartingale-of-set-integral-le-Suc) (auto simp add: subalgebra-def in-
tegrable fun-Compl-def, blast)
  thus ?thesis unfolding fun-Compl-def by simp
qed
\mathbf{lemma} (in \mathit{discrete-time-adapted-process-order}) \mathit{supermartingale-nat}:
  assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
     and \bigwedge i. AE \xi in M. X i \xi > cond\text{-}exp\ M\ (F\ i)\ (X\ (Suc\ i))\ \xi
   shows discrete-time-supermartingale M F X
proof
 interpret uminus-X: discrete-time-adapted-process-order M F-X by (intro dis-
crete-time-adapted-process-order.intro adapted-process-order.intro uminus)
 have AE \notin in M. -X i \notin S = cond\text{-}exp M (F i) (\lambda x. - X (Suc i) x) \notin for i using
assms(2) cond-exp-uminus[OF integrable, of i Suc i] by force
 hence discrete-time-supermartingale MF(-(-X)) by (intro discrete-time-supermartingale.intro
submarting a le. uminus\ discrete-time-submarting a le. axioms\ uminus-X. submarting a le-nat)
(simp only: fun-Compl-def, intro integrable-minus integrable, auto simp add: fun-Compl-def)
  thus ?thesis unfolding fun-Compl-def by simp
qed
lemma (in discrete-time-adapted-process-order) supermartingale-of-cond-exp-diff-Suc-nonneg:
  assumes integrable: \bigwedge i. integrable M(X i)
     and \bigwedge i. AE \xi in M. 0 \leq cond\text{-}exp\ M\ (F\ i)\ (\lambda \xi.\ X\ i\ \xi - X\ (Suc\ i)\ \xi)\ \xi
   shows discrete-time-supermartingale M F X
proof (intro supermartingale-nat integrable)
 \mathbf{fix} i
 show AE \xi in M. Xi \xi \geq cond-exp M (Fi) (X (Suc i)) \xi using cond-exp-diff[OF]
integrable(1,1), of i \ i \ Suc \ i] \ cond-exp-F-meas[OF integrable \ adapted, of \ i] \ assms(2)[of
i by fastforce
qed
end
```

References

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