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5. Maximum Likelihood Estimate

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Exercises due Apr 19, 2023 08:59 -03 Completed

Maximum Likelihood Estimate**Video** [Download video file](#)**Transcripts** [Download SubRip \(.srt\) file](#) [Download Text \(.txt\) file](#)**Number of Parameters**

1/1 point (graded)

For the following set of questions, let us consider generating documents that are English (assume no spaces or punctuation), i.e. the vocabulary $W = \{a, b, c \dots, z\}$ made up of all the letters in the English alphabet.

We would like to generate documents using this vocabulary using a multinomial model M . As described in the lecture, what is the minimal number of parameters the model M should have? Enter your answer below.



Submit

You have used 2 of 2 attempts

☐
$$\theta_z = 2 \theta_e$$

☒
$$\theta_e = 2 \theta_z$$

☐
$$\theta_z = \theta_e$$

☐
$$\theta_z + \theta_e = 2$$



Submit

You have used 1 of 2 attempts

Maximum Likelihood Estimate for Poisson Distribution

2/2 points (graded)

Maximum Likelihood Estimate (MLE) is a very general method that can be applied to both discrete and continuous distributions. In this problem, we assume we have a training data x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n that are drawn from a Poisson distribution, with probability mass function

$$P(X=x) = \frac{\lambda^x e^{-\lambda}}{x!}.$$

We want to use MLE to fit the parameter λ with the training data. So, we first compute the log likelihood of our training data, or in other words, log of the probability of the sample x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n given the model and with the assumption that the x_i are independent. The log likelihood is...

☐
$$\log \lambda \sum_{i=1}^n x_i + n \lambda + \sum_{i=1}^n \log (x_i!)$$

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☒
$$\log \lambda \sum_{i=1}^n x_i - n \lambda - \sum_{i=1}^n \log (x_i!)$$

☐
$$\log \lambda \prod_{i=1}^n x_i - n \lambda - \prod_{i=1}^n \log (x_i!)$$



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? What does it mean by the minimal number of parameters?

I thought the minimal number of parameter is 26. But it isn't correct. I wonder I misunderstand the meaning o

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