# **Lab: Encapsulation**

Problems for exercises and homework for the "Java OOP Basics" course @ SoftUni.

You can check your solutions here: <a href="https://judge.softuni.bg/Contests/475/Encapsulation-Lab">https://judge.softuni.bg/Contests/475/Encapsulation-Lab</a> .

# 1. Sort by Name and Age

Create a class **Person**, which should have **private** fields for:

firstName: String
lastName: String
age: Integer
toString() - override

You should be able to use the class like this:

```
Main.java
public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
    BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
    int n = Integer.parseInt(reader.readLine());
    List<Person> people = new ArrayList<>();
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        String[] input = reader.readLine().split(" ");
        people.add(new Person(input[0], input[1], Integer.parseInt(input[2])));
    }
    Collections.sort(people, (firstPerson, secondPerson) -> {
        int sComp = firstPerson.getFirstName().compareTo(secondPerson.getFirstName());
        if (sComp != 0) {
            return sComp;
        } else {
            return Integer.compare(firstPerson.getAge(), secondPerson.getAge());
        }
    });
    for (Person person : people) {
        System.out.println(person.toString());
    }
```

## **Examples**

Input	Output
5 Asen Ivanov 65 Boiko Borisov 57 Ventsislav Ivanov 27 Asen Harizanoov 44 Boiko Angelov 35	Asen Harizanoov is 44 years old. Asen Ivanov is 65 years old. Boiko Angelov is 35 years old. Boiko Borisov is 57 years old. Ventsislav Ivanov is 27 years old.



















#### Solution

Create a new class and ensure proper naming. Define the private fields

```
private String firstName;
private String lastName;
private Integer age;

Create getters and apply them access modifiers, which are as strictly as possible

public String getFirstName() {
    return firstName;
}

private String getLastName() {
    return lastName;
}

Override toString() method:

@Override
public String toString() {
    return this.firstName + this.lastName + " is a " + this.age + " yaers old.";
}
```

## 2. Salary Increase

Read person with their names, age and salary. Read percent bonus to every person salary. Persons younger than 30 get half bonus. Expand **Person** from previous task. Add **salary field** and **property** with proper **access**.

New fields and methods

- Salary: Double
- IncreaseSalary(Double bonus)

You should be able to use the class like this:

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
    //TODO: Add reading logic
    doube bonus = Double.parseDouble(reader.readLine());
    for (Person person : people) {
        person.increaseSalary(bonus);
        System.out.println(person.toString());
    }
}
```

## **Examples**

Input	Output
5 Asen Ivanov 65 2200 Boiko Borisov 57 3333 Ventsislav Ivanov 27 600 Asen Harizanoov 44 666.66 Boiko Angelov 35 559.4 20	Asen Ivanov get 2640.0 leva Boiko Borisov get 3999.6 leva Ventsislav Ivanov get 660.0 leva Asen Harizanoov get 799.992 leva Boiko Angelov get 671.28 leva





















#### Solution

Add new private field for salary and proper setters and getters for it

```
private Double salary;

public Double getSalary() {
    return salary;
}

private void setSalary(Double salary) {
    this.salary = salary;
}
```

Add new method, which will increase salary with bonus

```
public void increaseSalary(Double bonus) {
    if(this.age > 30) {
        this.salary += this.salary * bonus / 100;
    } else {
        this.salary += this.salary * bonus / 200;
    }
}
```

Refactor toString() method for this task.

Note: do not use String.format() in toString() method.

### 3. Validation Data

Expand **Person** with proper validation for every field:

- Names must be at least 3 symbols
- Age must not be zero or negative
- Salary can't be less than 460.0

Print proper message to end user (look at example for messages).

Don't use **System.out.println()** in Person class.

## **Examples**

Input	Output
5 Asen Ivanov -6 2200 B Borisov 57 3333 Ventsislav Ivanov 27 600 Asen H 44 666.66 Boiko Angelov 35 300 20	Age cannot be zero or negative integer First name cannot be less than 3 symbols Last name cannot be less than 3 symbols Salary cannot be less than 460 leva Ventsislav Ivanov gets 660.0 leva



















#### Solution

Add validation to all setters in Person. Validation may look like this or something similar:

```
private void setSalary(Double salary) {
   if (salary < 460) {
        throw new IllegalArgumentException("Salary cannot be less than 460 leva");
   }
   this.salary = salary;
}</pre>
```

### 4. First and Reserve Team

Create a **Team** class. Add to this team all person you read. All person **younger** than 40 go in **first team**, others go in **reverse team**. At the end print first and reserve team sizes.

The class should have private fields for:

Name: String

First Team Players: List<Person>

Reserve Team Players: List<Person>

The class should have **constructors**:

• **Team(**String name)

The class should also have public methods for:

- addPlayer(Person person): void
- getFirstTeam(): Collections.unmodifiableList
- getReserveTeam(): Collections.unmodifiableList

You should be able to use the class like this:

```
Team team = new Team( name: "Minior");
for (Person person : persons) {
    team.addPlayer(person);
}
System.out.println("First team have " + team.getFirstTeam().size() + " players");
System.out.println("First team have " + team.getReserveTeam().size() + " players");
```

You should **NOT** be able to use the class like this:

```
Team team = new Team( name: "Minior");
for (Person person : persons) {
   if (person.getAge() < 40) {
      team.getFirstTeam().add(person);
   } else {
      team.getReserveTeam().add(person);
   }
}</pre>
```





















### **Examples**

Input	Output
5 Asen Ivanov 20 2200 Boiko Borisov 57 3333 Ventsislav Ivanov 27 600 Grigor Dimitrov 25 666.66 Boiko Angelov 35 555	First team have 4 players Reserve team have 1 players

### Solution

Add new class Team. Its fields and constructor look like:

```
private String name;
private List<Person> firstTeam;
private List<Person> reserveTeam;

public Team(String name) {
    this.setName(name);
    this.firstTeam = new ArrayList<>();
    this.reserveTeam = new ArrayList<>();
}
```

Properties for firstTeam and reserveTeam have only getters:

```
public List<Person> getFirstTeam() {
    return Collections.unmodifiableList(this.firstTeam);
}

public List<Person> getReserveTeam() {
    return Collections.unmodifiableList(this.reserveTeam);
}
```

There will be only one method, which add players to teams:

```
public void addPlayer(Person person) {
   if (person.getAge() < 40) {
      firstTeam.add(person);
   } else {
      reserveTeam.add(person);
   }
}</pre>
```















