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## **Experiment-9** Implement LR(0) Items

Aim:

To implement LR(0) items for the given grammar in C/C++.

## Procedure:

- 1. Start.
- 2. Create structure for production with LHS and RHS.
- 3. Open file and read input from file.
- 4. Build state 0 from extra grammar Law S' -> S \$ that is all start symbol of grammar and one

Dot ( . ) before S symbol.

5. If Dot symbol is before a non-terminal, add grammar laws that this non-terminal is in Left

Hand Side of that Law and set Dot in before of first part of Right Hand Side.

- 6. If state exists (a state with this Laws and same Dot position), use that instead.
- 7. Now find set of terminals and non-terminals in which Dot exist in before.
- 8. If step 7 Set is non-empty go to 9, else go to 10.
- 9. For each terminal/non-terminal in set step 7 create new state by using all grammar law that

Dot position is before of that terminal/non-terminal in reference state by increasing Dot point

to next part in Right Hand Side of that laws.

10. Go to step 5.

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11. End of state building.
12. Display the output.
13. End.
Code:
#include<iostream>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
char prod[20][20],listofvar[26]="ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR";
int novar=1,i=0,j=0,k=0,n=0,m=0,arr[30];
int noitem=0;
struct Grammar
{
char lhs;
char rhs[8];
}g[20],item[20],clos[20][10];
int isvariable(char variable)
for(int i=0;i<novar;i++)</pre>
        if(g[i].lhs==variable)
                return i+1;
return 0;
void findclosure(int z, char a)
int n=0,i=0,j=0,k=0,l=0;
for(i=0;i<\!arr[z];i++)
{
```

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for(j=0;j < strlen(clos[z][i].rhs);j++)
                if(clos[z][i].rhs[j]=='.' && clos[z][i].rhs[j+1]==a)
                {
                         clos[noitem][n].lhs=clos[z][i].lhs;
                         strcpy(clos[noitem][n].rhs,clos[z][i].rhs);
                         char temp=clos[noitem][n].rhs[j];
                         clos[noitem][n].rhs[j]=clos[noitem][n].rhs[j+1];
                         clos[noitem][n].rhs[j+1]=temp;
                         n=n+1;
                }
        }
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
        for(j=0;j<strlen(clos[noitem][i].rhs);j++)</pre>
        {
                if(clos[noitem][i].rhs[j]=='.' && isvariable(clos[noitem][i].rhs[j+1])>0)
                {
                         for(k=0;k<novar;k++)</pre>
                                  if(clos[noitem][i].rhs[j+1] == clos[0][k].lhs)
                                  {
                                          for(1=0;1< n;1++)
                                                   if(clos[noitem][1].lhs==clos[0][k].lhs &&
strcmp(clos[noitem][1].rhs,clos[0][k].rhs)==0)
                                                           break;
                                          if(l==n)
                                          {
                                                   clos[noitem][n].lhs=clos[0][k].lhs;
                                          strcpy(clos[noitem][n].rhs,clos[0][k].rhs);
```

```
n=n+1;
                                         }
                                }
                        }
                }
        }
}
arr[noitem]=n;
int flag=0;
for(i=0;i<noitem;i++)
{
        if(arr[i]==n)
        {
                for(j=0;j<arr[i];j++)
                {
                        int c=0;
                        for(k=0;k<arr[i];k++)
                                if(clos[noitem][k].lhs == clos[i][k].lhs \ \&\&
strcmp(clos[noitem][k].rhs,clos[i][k].rhs)==0)
                                         c=c+1;
                        if(c==arr[i])
                                flag=1;
                                goto exit;
                        }
                }
        }
}
exit:;
if(flag==0)
        arr[noitem++]=n;
```

```
}
int main()
cout<<"ENTER THE PRODUCTIONS OF THE GRAMMAR(0 TO END) :\n";
do
{
       cin>>prod[i++];
}while(strcmp(prod[i-1],"0")!=0);
for(n=0;n<i-1;n++)
{
       m=0;
       j=novar;
       g[novar++].lhs=prod[n][0];
       for(k=3;k < strlen(prod[n]);k++)
               if(prod[n][k] != '|')
               g[j].rhs[m++]=prod[n][k];
               if(prod[n][k]=='|')
               {
                       g[j].rhs[m]='\0';
                       m=0;
                       j=novar;
                       g[novar++].lhs=prod[n][0];
               }
        }
}
for(i=0;i<26;i++)
       if(!isvariable(listofvar[i]))
               break;
g[0].lhs=listofvar[i];
```

```
char temp[2]=\{g[1].lhs, \ \ \ \};
strcat(g[0].rhs,temp);
cout<<"\n\n augumented grammar \n";
for(i=0;i<novar;i++)
        cout<<endl<<g[i].lhs<<"->"<<g[i].rhs<<" ";
for(i=0;i<novar;i++)
{
        clos[noitem][i].lhs=g[i].lhs;
        strcpy(clos[noitem][i].rhs,g[i].rhs);
        if(strcmp(clos[noitem][i].rhs,"\varepsilon")==0)
                strcpy(clos[noitem][i].rhs,".");
        else
        {
                for(int j=strlen(clos[noitem][i].rhs)+1;j>=0;j--)
                         clos[noitem][i].rhs[j]=clos[noitem][i].rhs[j-1];
                clos[noitem][i].rhs[0]='.';
        }
}
arr[noitem++]=novar;
for(int z=0;z<noitem;z++)
                                  {
        char list[10];
        int 1=0;
        for(j=0;j<arr[z];j++) {
                for(k=0;k < strlen(clos[z][j].rhs)-1;k++) \; \{
                         if(clos[z][j].rhs[k]=='.') {
                                  for(m=0;m<1;m++)
                                          if(list[m]==clos[z][j].rhs[k+1]) break;
                                  if(m==1) list[1++]=clos[z][j].rhs[k+1]; }
                }
        }
```

```
for(int \ x=0; x<l; x++) findclosure(z, list[x]); \} cout<<"\n THE SET OF ITEMS ARE \n\n"; for(int \ z=0; \ z<noitem; \ z++) \quad \{ cout<<"\n I"<<z<<"\n\n"; for(j=0; j<arr[z]; j++) cout<<clos[z][j].lhs<<"->"<<clos[z][j].rhs<<"\n"; \} \}
```

## Output:

```
ENTER THE PRODUCTIONS OF THE GRAMMAR(0 TO END):
E->E+T
E->T
T->T*F
T->F
0
 augumented grammar
A->E
E->E+T
E->T
T->T*F
T->F
F->E
 THE SET OF ITEMS ARE
 10
A->.E
E->.E+T
T->.T*F
T->.F
F->.E
 I1
A->E.
E->E.+T
F->E.
 12
E->T.
T->T.*F
T->F.
```

```
I4
F->i.
 15
E->E+.T
T->.T*F
T->.F
F->.E
F->.i
E->.E+T
E->.T
 16
T->T*.F
F->.E
F->.i
E->.E+T
E->.T
T->.T*F
T->.F
 17
E->E+T.
T->T.*F
E->T.
 18
F->E.
E->E.+T
 19
T->T*F.
T->F.
```

## Result:

The implementation of LR(0) items was successful.