

Experiment – 2.2

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Branch: CSE

Section/Group: 707/B

Subject Name: Competitive Coding II

Subject Code: 20CSP-351

Aim: Find the Difference

Objective:

You are given two strings `s` and `t`.

String `t` is generated by random shuffling string `s` and then add one more letter at a random position.

Return the letter that was added to `t`.

Example 1:

Input: `s = "abcd"`, `t = "abcde"`

Output: `"e"`

Explanation: `'e'` is the letter that was added.

Example 2:

Input: `s = ""`, `t = "y"`

Output: `"y"`

Constraints:

$0 \leq s.length \leq 1000$

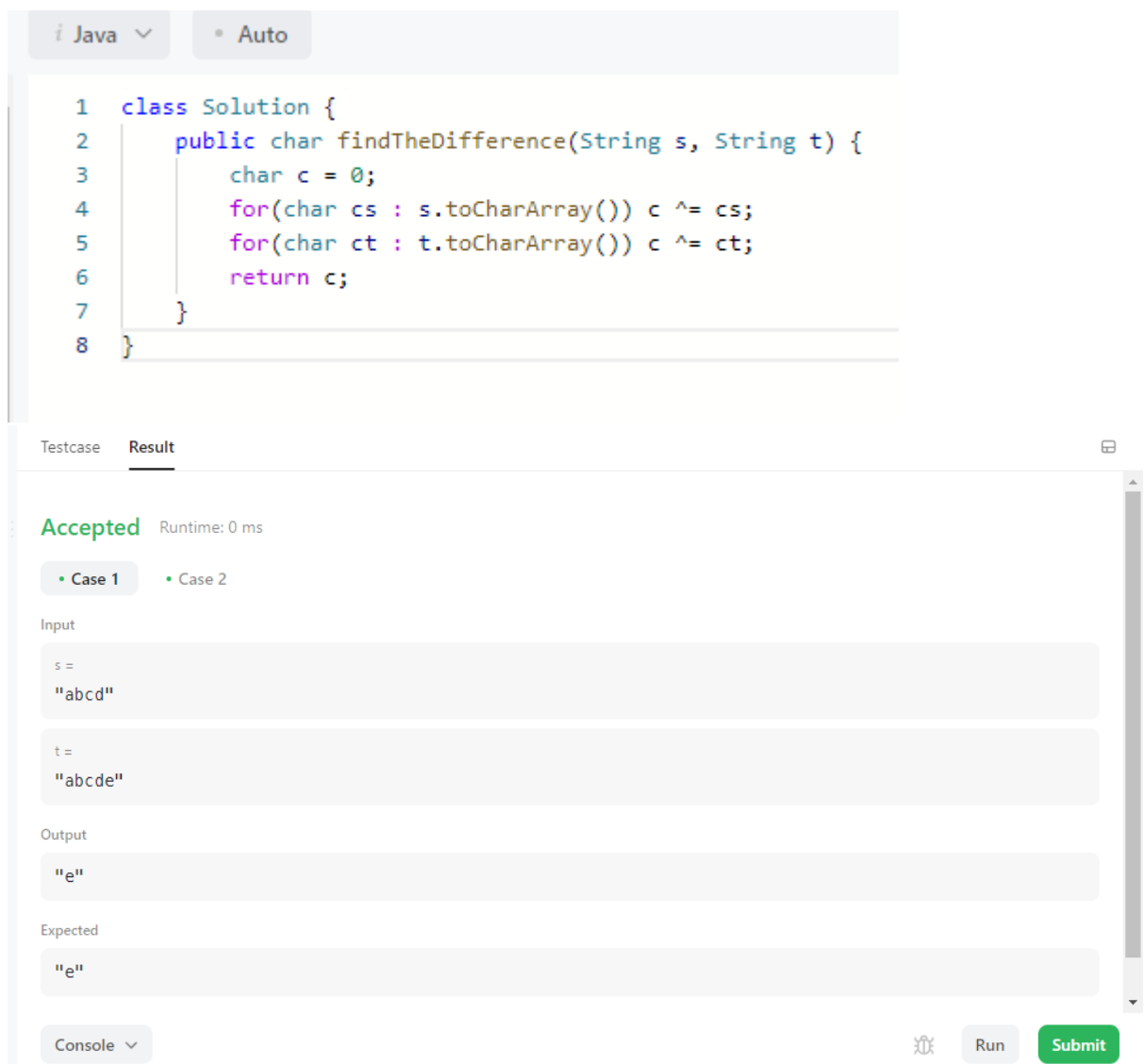
$t.length == s.length + 1$

`s` and `t` consist of lowercase English letters.

Code:

```
class Solution {  
    public char findTheDifference(String s, String t) {  
        char c = 0;  
        for(char cs : s.toCharArray()) c ^= cs;  
        for(char ct : t.toCharArray()) c ^= ct;  
        return c;  
    }  
}
```

Output:



The screenshot shows a Java IDE interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Java' and 'Auto'. The main editor area displays the following code:

```
1 class Solution {  
2     public char findTheDifference(String s, String t) {  
3         char c = 0;  
4         for(char cs : s.toCharArray()) c ^= cs;  
5         for(char ct : t.toCharArray()) c ^= ct;  
6         return c;  
7     }  
8 }
```

Below the code editor, there are tabs for 'Testcase' and 'Result'. The 'Result' tab is active, showing the following information:

- Accepted** Runtime: 0 ms
- Case 1 • Case 2
- Input**
 - s = "abcd"
 - t = "abcde"
- Output**
 - "e"
- Expected**
 - "e"

At the bottom of the interface, there are buttons for 'Console', 'Run', and 'Submit'.

Aim: Predict the Winner

Objective:

You are given an integer array `nums`. Two players are playing a game with this array: player 1 and player 2.

Player 1 and player 2 take turns, with player 1 starting first. Both players start the game with a score of 0. At each turn, the player takes one of the numbers from either end of the array (i.e., `nums[0]` or `nums[nums.length - 1]`) which reduces the size of the array by 1. The player adds the chosen number to their score. The game ends when there are no more elements in the array.

Return `true` if Player 1 can win the game. If the scores of both players are equal, then player 1 is still the winner, and you should also return `true`. You may assume that both players are playing optimally.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,5,2]`

Output: `false`

Explanation: Initially, player 1 can choose between 1 and 2.

If he chooses 2 (or 1), then player 2 can choose from 1 (or 2) and 5. If player 2 chooses 5, then player 1 will be left with 1 (or 2).

So, final score of player 1 is $1 + 2 = 3$, and player 2 is 5.

Hence, player 1 will never be the winner and you need to return `false`.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [1,5,233,7]`

Output: `true`

Explanation: Player 1 first chooses 1. Then player 2 has to choose between 5 and 7. No matter which number player 2 choose, player 1 can choose 233.

Finally, player 1 has more score (234) than player 2 (12), so you need to return `True` representing player1 can win.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 20$

$0 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^7$

Code:

```
public class Solution {  
    public boolean PredictTheWinner(int[] nums) {  
        if(nums.length == 1) return true;  
        int su = 0;  
        for (int i: nums) su += i;  
        int res = ans(nums, 0, nums.length - 1);  
        if (res < (su - res)) return false;  
        return true;  
    }  
    public static int ans(int[] nums, int left, int right) {  
        if (left > right) return 0;  
        int choice1 = nums[left] + Math.min(ans(nums, left + 2, right),  
ans(nums, left + 1, right - 1));  
        int choice2 = nums[right] + Math.min(ans(nums, left + 1, right - 1),  
ans(nums, left, right - 2));  
        return Math.max(choice1, choice2);  
    }  
}
```

Output:

Java

Auto

```
1 public class Solution {
2     public boolean PredictTheWinner(int[] nums) {
3         if(nums.length == 1) return true;
4         int su = 0;
5         for (int i: nums) su += i;
6         int res = ans(nums, 0, nums.length - 1);
7         if (res < (su - res)) return false;
8         return true;
9     }
10    public static int ans(int[] nums, int left, int right) {
11        if (left > right) return 0;
12        int choice1 = nums[left] + Math.min(ans(nums, left + 2, right), ans(nums, left + 1, right - 1));
13        int choice2 = nums[right] + Math.min(ans(nums, left + 1, right - 1), ans(nums, left, right - 2));
14        return Math.max(choice1, choice2);
15    }
16 }
```

Testcase

Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1

Case 2

Input

nums =
[1,5,2]

Output

false

Expected

false

Console

Run

Submit