## 2021

## **CHEMISTRY — HONOURS**

Paper: CC-10

## [Inorganic Chemistry]

Full Marks: 50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer question no. 1 and any eight from the rest.

## 1. Answer any ten questions:

1×10

- (a) Name a ligand which could effectively be used in chemical separation of *cis* and *trans* isomers of [CrCl<sub>2</sub>(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>]Cl.
- (b) TiCl<sub>3</sub> is easily oxidised in air.— Why?
- (c) Name one eluting agent that could be used in separation of lanthanides in ion exchange method.
- (d) What will be the ground state term for  $[Ni(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$ ?
- (e) Give one use of a lanthanide element or its compound.
- (f) Arrange the following ligands in order of their increasing trans-effect: CO, NH<sub>3</sub>, Cl<sup>-</sup>
- (g) Give an example of high spin cobalt (III) octahedral complex.
- (h)  $[Mn(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$  and  $[MnCl_4]^{2-}$  have  $\mu_{eff}\!\approx\!\mu_s.$  Why?
- (i) Predict the sources of colour in  $\left[\mathrm{Cr}(\mathrm{H_2O})_6\right]^{3+}$  and  $\mathrm{CrO_4}^{2-}$ .
- (j) Write the ground state electronic configuration of Ce (At. No. -58).
- (k) Identify the complex with higher CFSE :  $\left[ \text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6 \right]^{2+}$  or  $\left[ \text{Mn}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6 \right]^{2+}$
- (l) Cite an example of dynamic Jahn-Teller distortion.
- 2. (a) Both  $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$  and  $[Ni(CO)_4]$  are diamagnetic but they have different geometries. Explain.
  - (b) Define lability and inertness with specific examples.

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- **3.** (a) Cu, Ag and Au are present in the same group but their most common oxidation states are different. Comment on their most common oxidation states and justify your answer with reason.
  - (b) For  $[\text{Co X}_6]^{3-}$ , where X is a monodentate, uninegative ligand,  $\Delta_0 = 15000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  and  $P = 18000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , calculate CFSE for the complex.

- 4. (a) K<sub>2</sub>CuF<sub>4</sub> forms crystal with two shortened bonds in an octahedron.— Explain.
  - (b) HgCl<sub>2</sub> is white but HgI<sub>2</sub> is red.— Justify.

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- 5. (a) Calculate octahedral crystal field splitting energy in kJ/mol for  $[Fe(CN)_6]^{4-}$ , if the wavelength of the most intensely absorbed light is 305 nm.
  - (b) Using trans effect phenomenon, how would you chemically separate *cis* and *trans* isomers of diammine dichloro platinum (II)?

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- 6. (a) Chloride substitution by water molecule in *trans*-Co(AA)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> complexes were studied (AA = ethylene diammine) and it was found that the rate is  $3.2 \times 10^5$  sec<sup>-1</sup>. However, the rate gradually increases as we substitute one by one hydrogen of the ethylenic carbon atom of the ligand AA by a methyl group, and the rate becomes very high when AA is NH<sub>2</sub> C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>. Predict the mechanistic path with proper justification.
  - (b) It is easy to separate V from Nb in a mixture but difficult to separate Nb from Ta. Explain. 3+2
- 7. (a) In earlier actinides, electronic spectra show some resemblance with transition metals though the heavier actinides behave more lanthanide—like in this respect. Justify.
  - (b) Suggest the efficient routes to synthesize both *cis* and *trans* isomers of [PtCl<sub>2</sub>(NH<sub>3</sub>)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] starting from PtCl<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>.
- 8. (a) Comment on colour and discuss on magnetic properties of the following compounds:

(i) 
$$[FeF_6]^{3-}$$
 (ii)  $[Fe(CN)_6]^{3-}$ 

(b)  $[NiCl_4]^{2-}$  is tetrahedral but  $[PtCl_4]^{2-}$  is square planar.— Explain.

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- 9. (a) What is tetragonal distortion? Which  $d^n$  configurations would lead to weak and strong Jahn-Teller distortion in octahedral complexes?
  - (b)  $MnO_4^-$  and  $CrO_4^{2-}$  are  $d^o$  systems. Which one will have higher  $\lambda$  value in the absorption spectra? 3+2
- **10.** (a) How many electronic transitions are possible for an octahedral Ni(II) complex? Explain with Orgel diagram.
  - (b) What is the main difference in spectral output of 3d transition metal complexes and lanthanide complexes?
- 11. (a) Justify the following order of spectrochemical series:

$$CO > H_2O > F^-$$

(b)  $Au^{2+}$  is unstable towards disproportionation.— Explain.

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- 12. (a) For isoelectronic series:
  - V(CO)<sub>6</sub><sup>-</sup>, Cr(CO)<sub>6</sub>, Mn(CO)<sub>6</sub><sup>+</sup>, predict and explain the change in MLCT band energies.
  - (b) Predict the type of spinel structure for  $\mathrm{Fe_3O_4}$  and  $\mathrm{Co_3O_4}$ .

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- 13. (a) Which  $d^n$  ion octahedral complexes show orbital contribution towards overall magnetic moment value?
  - (b) Cu(II) acetate monohydrate shows lower  $\mu_{\mbox{\tiny S}}$  value than expected.— Justify.

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