PHSA - Paper VIIB

Full marks 50 Time 2 hours

Answer any one Question

(a) Draw the necessary circuit diagram for drawing B - H loop of a specimen given in the form of an anchor ring.
For calibration of the galvanometer use standard solenoid.

8

Given:

| no. of turns per unit length of the primary of the anchor ring | n_1 | $440m^{-1}$ |
|--|---------------|-------------|
| no. of turns in the secondary of the anchor ring | n_2 | 54 |
| no. of turns per unit length of the primary of the solenoid | n_3 | $620m^{-1}$ |
| no. of turns in the secondary of the anchor ring | n_4 | 6000 |
| mean diameter of the core of the anchor ring | D_1 | 0.015m |
| mean diameter of the primary of the solenoid | D_2 | 0.0265m |
| mean value of $\frac{1}{d}$ (When current in the primary of the solenoid | | |
| changes from $+I$ to $-I$, d is the deflection on the galvanometer scale) | $\frac{I}{d}$ | 25.4A/m |

(b) Let the values of the magnetic field within the specimen are B_1 and B_2 when magnetizing current (through the primary of the anchor ring) values are I_1 and I_2 respectively. When current changes from I_1 to I_2 , galvanometer shows a deflection d_1 . Express $(B_1 - B_2)$ in terms of d_1 , $\frac{I}{d}$ and the constants, mentioned in the above table.

4

(c) Given: $I_1 = 3.5A$

| $I_2(A)$ | $d_1 (cm)$ |
|----------|------------|
| -3.5 | 20.6 |
| 3.0 | 0.4 |
| 2.5 | 0.6 |
| 2.0 | 1.0 |
| 1.5 | 1.6 |
| 1.0 | 2.0 |
| 0.5 | 3.0 |
| 0.25 | 4.1 |
| 0.0 | 4.7 |
| -0.25 | 7.0 |
| -0.5 | 11.5 |

Find B_1 , H_1 . For all I_2 (given), find B_2 , H_2 .

$$(3+3)+(6+6)$$

(d) Draw the part of B - H loop with the data you have (use only B_2 and H_2 values that you have calculated).

10

- (e) i. At which step/steps of the experiment you need to demagnetize the specimen?
 - ii. Can you perform the experiment of drawing B-H loop without using the solenoid? Justify your answer briefly.

4 + 6

- (a) i. Write the relationship between fringe width β, separation between virtual sources d, source to screen distance D and wavelength of the light λ used in Fresnel biprism experiment.
 - ii. What is index error? How the above mentioned relationship will be modified if you incorporate correction for index error x?
 - iii. How can you remove index error without finding its actual value? Write the necessary formula.

$$3 + (3 + 3) + 3$$

(b) The following sets of data are obtained in a Fresnel biprism experiment with monochromatic light.

Fringe Position

| Tinge rosition | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|--|----------|-----------|--|
| SET I | | | SET II | | |
| D = | D = 75cm | | D = 60cm | | |
| Serial | Reading | | Serial | Reading | |
| no. of | at fringe | | no. of | at fringe | |
| fringe | position | | fringe | position | |
| | cm | | | cm | |
| 1 | 12.01 | | 1 | 10.96 | |
| 2 | 12.21 | | 2 | 11.12 | |
| 3 | 12.41 | | 3 | 11.28 | |
| 4 | 12.61 | | 4 | 11.44 | |
| 5 | 12.81 | | 5 | 11.60 | |
| 6 | 13.01 | | 6 | 11.76 | |
| 7 | 13.21 | | 7 | 11.92 | |
| 8 | 13.41 | | 8 | 12.08 | |

Position of real images of the source

| lens position position of left image | | position of right image |
|--------------------------------------|------|-------------------------|
| | cm | cm |
| near eye piece | 9.90 | 10.75 |
| far from eye piece | 9.38 | 15.24 |

Calculate fringe widths and separation between virtual sources. Hence find the wavelength of the light used.

$$(9+9)+6+4$$

(c) Let you have a set of data (D_i, β_i) for $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots$. If β_i s are plotted against D_i s, how the graph will look like? (Comment and draw.) From the graph how can you find the wavelength of the light used and index error?

$$(2+2)+(3+3)$$

- 3. A parallel beam of light of wavelength λ is incident normally on a plane transmission grating.
 - (a) Write the condition of getting principal maximum in the diffraction pattern in terms of separation between slits (d), angle of diffraction (θ) , wavelength of light (λ) and order number (n)

(b) Given data:

| order number | wavelength | reading at left positions of spectral lines |
|--------------|------------|---|
| | nm | degree |
| | 587.6 | 224.27 |
| 2 | 492.2 | 216.67 |
| | 447.1 | 214.58 |
| | 402.6 | 212.07 |
| | 587.6 | 200.67 |
| 1 | 492.2 | 197.63 |
| | 447.1 | 196.48 |
| | 402.6 | 195.70 |

Direct reading of the telescope: 180.32 degree

Calculate the angle of diffraction (θ) for all the observations.

6 + 6

6

(c) Plot two $\sin \theta - \lambda$ graphs for the two orders on the same graph paper. From the graph find separation between slits and rulings per unit length of the grating.

$$(4+4)+(3+3)+(2+2)$$

(d) Instead of visible light, can you perform this experiment with X-ray using the same grating? Justify your answer.

$$2 + 3$$

(e) Express resolving power of a grating in terms of order number and total number of rulings. If at the just resolved condition of the sodium D lines in the 1st order you need 0.158 cm width of a grating, find the number of rulings per unit length of that grating.

4 + 5

4. (a) A triangular waveform with time period T and amplitude V_0 is represented by

$$\begin{array}{lcl} V(t) & = & \displaystyle \frac{2V_0}{T}t & \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq \frac{T}{2} \\ \\ & = & \displaystyle 2V_0(1-\frac{t}{T}) & \text{for } \frac{T}{2} \leq t \leq T \end{array}$$

Sketch the wave form as a function of t. Write down the Fourier spectrum of the triangular waveform.

2 + 3

(b) Sketch the circuit diagram for generation for half-sinusoidal wave

5

(c) Consider a parallel resonant circuit with C and L in parallel with R in series, where r represents the resistance of the inductor coil. (symbols have their usual meanings). Given $C = 0.01 \,\mu F$, $R = 100 \,K\Omega$, $r = 15.7 \,\Omega$, Find out the resonant frequency (f_0) , value of L and Dynamic resistance.

3+3+4

(d) Given data for triangular waveform:

| Frequency of the input in kHz | Order number of harmonic | Peak-to-peak voltage in mV |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 8.06 | 1 | 1.32 |
| 2.68 | 3 | 0.148 |
| 1.61 | 5 | 0.0516 |
| 1.15 | 7 | 0.026 |

Calculate the corresponding amplitudes. Make a comparison with the amplitude obtained theoretically.

5 + 5

(e) Plot a graph between relative amplitudes obtained experimentally and no. of harmonics.

10

(f) What is a band-pass filter?

5

(g) What is the resistance and reactance offered by the parallel resonant circuit at resonance?

- 5. (a) Draw the circuit diagram (dc balance) for determination of self-inductance of a coil by Anderson's bridge. Denote P, Q, R, S as the four arms of the bridge with coil in the S arm and r as the variable resistance.
 - (b) Write down the ac and dc balanced conditions of the network . How do you balance the circuit for dc and ac ?

5 + 5

8

(c) Varying the frequency of the oscillator, a graph is plotted between r (in Ω) and $\frac{1}{C}$ (C is in μF). How will the graph look like? If the slope of the graph is given by 150 $\Omega - \mu F$, then find out the value of L (Given: R = S and $R = 100 \Omega$).

3 + 3

(d) If $L_1 = 20.35 \, mH$, $L_2 = 30.15 \, mH$ and the resultant inductance L of the two inductances L_1 and L_2 is given by $39.5 \, mH$, then calculate their mutual inductance M and coefficient of coupling K

6

(e) Given data for variation of L with angle ϕ between the coils :

| Dial reading, ϕ in degree | L in mH |
|--------------------------------|---------|
| 0 | 62.4 |
| 20 | 61.5 |
| 40 | 59.8 |
| 60 | 56.5 |
| 80 | 54.8 |
| 120 | 45.5 |
| 150 | 40.0 |

Plot the variation of L as a function of ϕ .

10

(f) How will the graph look like if $L > L_1 + L_2$?

5

(g) Can you perform the experiment without using an ac source?

- 6. (a) A laser source is placed in front of a crossed grating and diffraction pattern is obtained on the screen, situated at a distance D from the grating. If the nth order fringe is at a distance x_n (perpendicular to D) from the central point, then find the angle of diffraction θ_n if $D >> x_n$.
 - (b) Given data:

Distance of the screen from the grating $D=34.5~\mathrm{cm}$

| Order no. of the spot | Mean position of the spot along y -axis (cm) | Mean currrent (mA) |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------|
| 3 | 13.575 | 2.0 |
| 2 | 11.250 | 4.0 |
| 1 | 9.00 | 13.5 |
| 0 | 6.755 | 33.0 |
| 1 | 4.550 | 13.4 |
| 2 | 2.322 | 4.2 |
| 3 | 0.004 | 2.1 |

Make a table and calculate (only from the first four rows) the distances of the ordered fringes from the central fringe. Also calculate $\sin \theta_n$ for those fringes.

5 + 5

5

(c) Plot a graph between mean current (mA) vs order number (n).

10

(d) Plot a graph between $\sin \theta_n$ vs n.

10

(e) Given the wavelength of the laser source $\lambda = 6328A^0$, find out the grating constant from the graph.

5

(f) Why should be the screen placed at a large distance away from the crossed grating?

5

(g) Draw schematically the fraunhofer diffraction pattern due to single slit.

- 7. (a) Write down the ratio of amplitude $\frac{E_{10}}{E_0}$ (where E_0 represent electric field amplitude before reflection and E_{10} represent amplitude after reflection) of the electric vector from a plane interface between two media when
 - (i) Electric vector is parallel to the plane of incidence
 - (ii) Electric vector is perpendicular to the plane of incidence.

3+3

(b) Given angle of prism $A = 60^{\circ}$, minimum deviation $50^{\circ}15'$ find out refractive index of the prism and Brewster's angle θ_p .

3 + 3

(c) Given data:

Initial reading of the telescope polaroid when light is extinguished = $X^0 = 123^0$.

| Angle of incidence (θ) | Reading of telescope polaroid when light is extinguished | Rotation of polaroid | β_r |
|-------------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------|
| 80^{0} | 87 ⁰ | | |
| 60^{0} | 125^{0} | | |
| 50^{0} | 148^{0} | | |
| 40^{0} | 165^{0} | | |

Calculate the values in the unfilled columns . β_r represents the angle between the plane of vibration and plane of incidence for reflected wave.

4+4

(d) Calculate the values for θ_2 (angle of refraction) and $(\frac{E_{10}}{E_0})_{||}$

10

(e) Plot a graph between $(\frac{E_{10}}{E_0})_{||}$ vs θ . Locate the point where the graph crosses the θ axis.

8+2

(f) When an unpolarized plane light falls on the plane interface at Brewster's angle, what is the state of polarization of the reflected light.

5

(g) Comment about the phase change on reflection if the wave is reflected from (i) denser medium (ii) rarer medium.