

REPORT

Microprocessor Lab

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Assignment – 1

Q1 : Load the contents of the memory locations 2200H and 2201H into registers. Add these registers and store the result in memory locations 2202H and 2203H.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Program title>
2
3  JMP Start          ; Jump to START
4
5  Start: LXI H,2200H   ; Store 22H to H register and 00H to L register
6          MOV A,M      ; Copy contents of Location 2200H to accumulator
7          INX H        ; Increase the address of H-L register pair by 1
8          MVI D,00H    ; Store 00H to register D
9          ADD M        ; Add content of accumulator to contents of memory location from HL
10         JNC Loop     ; If no carry, enter the LOOP
11         INR D        ; Increase the content of register D by 1
12
13  Loop:  STA 2203H     ; Store contents of accumulator to memory location 2203H
14         MOV A,D      ; Copy contents of register D to accumulator
15
16         STA 2202H     ; Store contents of accumulator to memory location 2202H
17
18  HLT                ; Terminates the program
```

Q2 : Find the sum of N numbers stored in consecutive locations starting from 2500H. The value of N is stored in 2200H. Store the result in locations 2300H and 2301H.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Program title>
2
3  JMP Start          ; Jump to START
4
5  Start: LDA 2200H    ; Load accumulator with content of location 2200H
6          MOV B,A     ; Copy content of accumulator to register B / Setting the Count(N)
7          LXI H,2500H ; Store 25H to H register and 00H to L register
8          MVI A,00H   ; Store 00H to accumulator / Initializing Sum
9          MVI C,00H   ; Store 00H to register C / Initializing Carry
10
11  Skip:  ADD M        ; Add content of accumulator with contents of memory location from H-L register pair
12         INX H        ; Increase the address of H-L register pair by 1
13         JNC Loop     ; If no carry, enter the LOOP
14         INR C        ; Increase the content of register C by 1 / Increment the Carry(C = C+1)
15
16  Loop:  DCR B        ; Decrease the content of register B by 1 / Decrement the Count(N = N-1)
17         JNZ Skip     ; If not zero, jump to SKIP
18
19         STA 2300H    ; Store contents of accumulator to memory location 2300H
20         MOV A,C     ; Copy contents of register C to accumulator / Store the Carry
21         STA 2301H    ; Store contents of accumulator to memory location 2301H
22
23  HLT                ; Terminates the program
```

Q3 : Find the sum of the least significant 4 bits and most significant 4 bits of a byte stored in memory location 2500H. Store the result in 2550H.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Program title>
2
3  JMP Start                ; Jump to START
4
5  Start: LXI H, 2500H      ; Store 25H to H register and 00H to L register
6          MOV A, M         ; Copy contents of Location 2500H to accumulator
7          ANI 0FH          ; Perform AND operation of A with 0F and store it to A
8
9          MOV D, A         ; Copy the content of accumulator to D register
10         MOV A, M         ; Copy the content of Memory to accumulator
11
12         RRC              ; Rotate right accumulator
13         RRC              ; Rotate right accumulator
14         RRC              ; Rotate right accumulator
15         RRC              ; Rotate right accumulator
16
17         ANI 0FH          ; Perform AND operation of A with 0F and store it to A
18         ADD D            ; Add content of D register with accumulator content
19         STA 2550H        ; Store contents of accumulator to memory location 2550H
20
21  HLT;                    ; Terminates the program
```

Q4 : Write a program to count the '1's and '0's of a byte stored in 2500H. Store the result in 2610H and 2511H, respectively

Sol :

```
1  ;<Program title>
2
3  JMP Start                ; Jump to START
4
5  Start: LXI H, 2500H      ; Store 25H to H register and 00H to L register
6          MOV A, M         ; Copy the content of Memory to accumulator
7          MVI B, 08H       ; Store 08H to register B
8          MVI D, 00H       ; Store 00H register D
9
10  LOOP:  RLC              ; Rotate left accumulator
11          JNC SKIP        ; If no carry, jump to SKIP
12          INR D            ; Increase the content of register D by 1
13
14  SKIP:  DCR B            ; Decrease the content of register B by 1
15          JNZ LOOP        ; If not zero, jump to LOOP
16
17          MOV A, D         ; Copy the content of register D to accumulator
18          STA 2610H        ; Store contents of accumulator to memory location 2610H
19          MOV B, A         ; Copy the content of accumulator to register B
20          MVI A, 08H       ; Store 08H to register A
21          SUB B            ; Subtract content of D register from accumulator content
22          STA 2511H        ; Store contents of accumulator to memory location 2511H
23
24  HLT                    ; Terminates the program
```

Q5 : Write a program to sum two 16-bits binary numbers.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Program title>
2
3  JMP Start                ; Jump to START
4
5  Start: LHLD 2200H         ; Load HL direct to 22H and 00H respectively
6          XCHG              ; Exchange contents of DE with contents of HL
7          LHLD 2210H        ; Load HL direct to 22H and 00H respectively
8          DAD D              ; contents of HL = contents of HL + contents of DE
9          MVI B,00H         ; Store 00H register B
10         JNC Loop          ; If no carry, enter the LOOP
11         INR B              ; Increase the content of register B by 1
12
13 Loop:   SHLD 2220H         ; Store HL direct to 22H and 20H respectively
14         MOV A,B            ; Copy the content of register B to accumulator
15
16         STA 2223H          ; Store contents of accumulator to memory location 2223H
17
18 HLT                      ; Terminates the program
```

Assignment - 2

Q1 : Two numbers MNH and KLH are stored in 2050H and 2051H, respectively. Write a program to assemble them as NKH and LMH store them in 2052H and 2053H.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Swap nibbles of two 8 bit numbers and store them in specific addresses>
2
3  JMP Start                ; starts the execution
4
5  Start: LXI H, 2050H      ; take the first number as input
6          MOV A, M         ; move first number (MNH) to accumulator A
7          LXI H, 2051H     ; take the second number as input
8          MOV B, M         ; move second number (KLH) to reg B
9
10 ; calculation for the 2052H position
11     ANI 0FH              ; AND immediate with 0FH, result 0NH
12     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator
13     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator
14     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator
15     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator, result 0NH
16     MOV D, A             ; move 0NH to reg D
17     MOV A, B             ; move second number (KLH) to accumulator A
18     ANI F0H              ; AND immediate with F0H, result 0KH
19     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator
20     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator
21     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator
22     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator, result 0KH
23     ADD D                 ; add 0NH & 0KH, result NKH
24     STA 2052H            ; store NKH at memory address 2052H
25
26 ; calculation for the 2053H position
27     LDA 2050H            ; load accumulator with the first number (MNH)
28     ANI F0H              ; AND immediate with F0H, result 0MH
29     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator
30     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator
31     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator
32     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator, result 0MH
33     MOV D, A             ; move 0MH to reg D
34     MOV A, B             ; move second number (KLH) to accumulator A
35     ANI 0FH              ; AND immediate with 0FH, result 0LH
36     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator
37     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator
38     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator
39     RRC                  ; Rotate right accumulator, result 0LH
40     ADD D                 ; add 0LH & 0MH, result LMH
41     STA 2053H            ; store LMH at memory address 2053H
42
43 HLT                      ; terminates the execution
```

Q2 : Two numbers A & B are stored in 2050H and 2051H, respectively. Write a program to perform $A \times B$ and store the result in 2052H and 2053H.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Multiplication of two 8 bit numbers with carry >
2
3  JMP Start                ; starts the execution
4
5  Start: LXI H, 2050H      ; take the first number as input
6          MOV B, M         ; move first number to reg B
7          LXI H, 2051H     ; take the second number as input
8          MOV C, M         ; move second number to reg C
9
10     MVI A, 00H           ; initialise reg A so that no garbage value resides in it
11     MVI D, 00H           ; initialise the value carry in reg D
12
13 Loop: ADD B               ; add numIn B with numIn accumulator A
14     JNC Skip              ; if no carry generated jump to SKIP
15     INR D                 ; increment the carry if carry is generated
16
17 Skip: DCR C               ; decrement the second number by 1
18     JNZ Loop              ; if result is not 0 jump to LOOP
19     STA 2053H             ; store the number of accumulator at memory address 2053H
20     MOV A, D              ; move the carry part from reg D to accumulator
21     STA 2052H             ; store the carry of accumulator at memory address 2052H
22     HLT                  ; terminates the execution
23
```

Q3 : N numbers are stored in consecutive m/m location starting from 2050H. The value N is stored in 204FH.

i) Find the maximum among the N numbers.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Find the MAXIMUM number from a list of numbers>
2
3  JMP Start                      ; starts the execution
4
5  Start: LXI H, 204FH             ; taking count of numbers as input
6          MOV D, M                ; storing that count in reg D
7          LXI H, 2050H           ; taking first input of the list of numbers
8          MOV A, M                ; moving taken list input to accumulator
9          DCR D                  ; decrement the count of numbers by 1
10
11 Loop:   INX H                   ; increment the inputIndexValue by 1
12          CMP M                  ; compare content of memory M[HL] with content of accumulator A
13          JNC Skip               ; if numIn A >= numIn M[HL] jump to SKIP
14          MOV A, M               ; if numIn A < numIn M[HL] move content of M to A
15
16 Skip:   DCR D                   ; decrement the count of numbers by 1
17          JNZ Loop               ; if count isNotEqual to 0 jump to LOOP
18          STA 204DH              ; store the larger number at memory address 204DH
19          HLT                    ; terminates the execution
20
```

ii) Find the minimum among the N numbers.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Find the MINIMUM number from a list of numbers>
2
3  JMP Start                      ; starts the execution
4
5  Start: LXI H, 204FH             ; taking count of numbers as input
6          MOV D, M                ; storing that count in reg D
7          LXI H, 2050H           ; taking first input of the list of numbers
8          MOV A, M                ; moving taken list input to accumulator
9          DCR D                  ; decrement the count of numbers by 1
10
11 Loop:   INX H                   ; increment the inputIndexValue by 1
12          CMP M                  ; compare content of memory M[HL] with content of accumulator A
13          JC Skip                ; if numIn A < numIn M[HL] jump to SKIP
14          MOV A, M               ; if numIn A >= numIn M[HL] move content of M to A
15
16 Skip:   DCR D                   ; decrement the count of numbers by 1
17          JNZ Loop               ; if count isNotEqual to 0 jump to LOOP
18          STA 204DH              ; store the smaller number at memory address 204DH
19          HLT                    ; terminates the execution
20
```

iii) Sort the N numbers in ascending order.

Sol:

```
1  ;<Sort given N numbers in ascending order>
2
3  JMP Start                ; starts the execution
4
5  Start: LXI H, 204FH      ; taking count of numbers as input
6          MOV C, M          ; storing that count in reg C
7          DCR C             ; decrement the count of numbers by 1
8          JZ SKIP1         ; if no number is present in the list jump to SKIP1
9
10 LOOP1: MOV B, C          ; moving the count to reg B
11         LXI H, 2050H     ; taking first input of the list of numbers
12
13 LOOP2: MOV A, M          ; moving current list input to accumulator
14         INX H             ; increment inputIndexValue by 1 to take next input
15         MOV E, M          ; moving the next taken input to reg E
16         CMP E             ; comparing num [i] with num [i + 1]
17         JC SKIP2         ; if num [i] < num [i+1] jump to SKIP2
18         DCX H             ; if num [i] >= num [i+1] return to previous index
19         MOV M, E          ; store the (i+1)-th input at i-th position
20         INX H             ; increment inputIndexValue by 1
21         MOV M, A          ; store the i-th input at (i+1)-th position // swapping complete
22
23 SKIP2: DCR B             ; decrement the max index of input array by 1
24         JNZ LOOP2        ; if max index isNotEqualTo 0 jump to LOOP2
25         DCR C             ; decrement the count of numbers by 1
26         JNZ LOOP1        ; if count isNotEqualTo 0 jump to LOOP1
27
28 SKIP1: HLT              ; terminates the execution
29
```

iv) Sort the N numbers in descending order.

Sol:

```
1  ;<Sort given N numbers in descending order>
2
3  JMP Start                ; starts the execution
4
5  Start: LXI H, 204FH      ; taking count of numbers as input
6          MOV C, M          ; storing that count in reg C
7          DCR C             ; decrement the count of numbers by 1
8          JZ SKIP1         ; if no number is present in the list jump to SKIP1
9
10 LOOP1: MOV B, C          ; moving the count to reg B
11         LXI H, 2050H     ; taking first input of the list of numbers
12
13 LOOP2: MOV A, M          ; moving current list input to accumulator
14         INX H             ; increment inputIndexValue by 1 to take next input
15         MOV E, M          ; moving the next taken input to reg E
16         CMP E             ; comparing num [i] with num [i + 1]
17         JNC SKIP2        ; if num [i] >= num [i+1] jump to SKIP2
18         DCX H             ; if num [i] < num [i+1] return to previous index
19         MOV M, E          ; store the (i+1)-th input at i-th position
20         INX H             ; increment inputIndexValue by 1
21         MOV M, A          ; store the i-th input at (i+1)-th position // swapping complete
22
23 SKIP2: DCR B             ; decrement the max index of input array by 1
24         JNZ LOOP2        ; if max index isNotEqualTo 0 jump to LOOP2
25         DCR C             ; decrement the count of numbers by 1
26         JNZ LOOP1        ; if count isNotEqualTo 0 jump to LOOP1
27
28 SKIP1: HLT              ; terminates the execution
29
```

Q4 : N numbers are stored in consecutive m/m location starting from 2050H. The value N is stored in 204FH. Write a program to copy the even and odd numbers starting from 2100H and 2200H, respectively. Store the total no. of even and odd numbers in 2300H and 2201H, respectively.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Store and count number of even and odd numbers from a given list of numbers>
2
3  JMP Start                ; starts the execution
4
5  Start: LXI H,204FH        ; taking count of numbers as input
6          MOV B,M           ; storing that count in reg B
7          LXI H,2050H       ; taking first input of the list of numbers
8          MVI C,00H         ; initialise reg C with 00H
9          LXI D,2200H       ; load reg pair [DE] with content from adress 2200H
10
11 LOOP:  MOV A,M            ; move input number to accumulator A
12          RAR              ; Rotate right through Carry
13          JNC SKIP         ; ifNoCarryFound, jump to SKIP
14          INR C             ; increment the count of odd numbers
15          RAL              ; Rotate left through Carry
16          XCHG             ; exchange contents of M[HL] with contents of [DE]
17          MOV M,A          ; move accumulator content to M[HL]
18          XCHG             ; exchange contents of M[HL] with contents of [DE]
19          INX D             ; increment the reg pair address of DE by 1
20
21 SKIP:  DCR B              ; decrement the count of input numbers by 1
22          INX H             ; take the next input
23          JNZ LOOP         ; if count isNotEqualTo 0 jump to LOOP
24          MOV A,C           ; move the count of odd numbers to accumulator
25          STA 2301H         ; store the oddNumberCount at address 2301H
26          LXI H,204FH       ; taking count of numbers as input
27          MOV B,M           ; storing that count in reg B
28          LXI H,2050H       ; taking first input of the list of numbers
29          MVI C,00H         ; initialise reg C with 00H
30          LXI D,2100H       ; load reg pair [DE] with content from adress 2100H
31
32 LOOP1: MOV A,M            ; move input number to accumulator A
33          INX H             ; take the next input
34          RAR              ; Rotate right through Carry
35          JC SKIP1         ; ifCarryFound, jump to SKIP1
36          INR C             ; increment the count of even numbers
37          RAL              ; Rotate left through Carry
38          XCHG             ; exchange contents of M[HL] with contents of [DE]
39          MOV M,A          ; move accumulator content to M[HL]
40          XCHG             ; exchange contents of M[HL] with contents of [DE]
41          INX D             ; increment the reg pair address of DE by 1
42
43 SKIP1: DCR B              ; decrement the count of input numbers by 1
44          JNZ LOOP1        ; if count isNotEqualTo 0 jump to LOOP1
45          MOV A,C           ; move the count of even numbers to accumulator
46          STA 2300H         ; store the evenNumberCount at address 2301H
47          HLT              ; terminates the execution
48
```


Q5 : N numbers are stored in consecutive m/m location starting from 2050H. The value N is stored in 204FH. Write a program to test whether a number stored in 204EH is present in the list. If present, store its position in the list at 204DH; otherwise store FFH.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Find a given number from a list of given numbers>
2
3  JMP Start                ; starts the execution
4
5  Start: LXI H, 204FH      ; taking count of numbers as input
6          MOV D, M         ; storing that count in reg D
7          LXI H, 204EH     ; taking the number to be searched from the list as input
8          MOV E, M         ; storing that number in reg E
9          MVI C, 00H       ; initialise position of the number that is to be searched
10         LXI H, 2050H     ; taking first input of the list of numbers
11
12  Loop:  MOV A, M          ; moving taken list input to accumulator
13         CMP E             ; compare content of reg E with content of accumulator A
14         JNZ Skip          ; if numbers in E and A areNotEqual then jump to SKIP
15         MOV A, C          ; move the positionIndexValue of the number to accumulator A
16         STA 204DH         ; store that positionIndexValue at address 204DH
17         HLT              ; halts the execution
18
19  Skip:  MVI A, FFH        ; finalise the position as FFH ifNumberNotMatched
20         STA 204DH         ; store that positionIndexValue at address 204DH
21         INX H             ; increment the inputIndexValue by 1
22         INR C             ; increment the positionIndexValue by 1
23         DCR D             ; decrement the count of numbers by 1
24         JNZ Loop          ; if count of numbers isNotEqualTo 0 jump to LOOP
25         HLT              ; terminates the execution
26
```

Assignment – 3

Q1 : A set of N data bytes is stored in m/m locations starting from 2501H. The value of N is stored in 2500H. Write a program to store these data bytes from m/m location 2600H if D0 or D7 is 1; otherwise reject the data byte.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Copy numbers either starting or ending with 1 to another location>
2
3  JMP Start                ; starts the execution
4
5  Start: LXI H,2600H        ; to set the location where numbers will be stored after execution
6          XCHG              ; exchange content of H-L reg pair with content of D-E reg pair
7          LXI H,2500H       ; taking the count of numbers as input
8          MOV B,M           ; reg B stores the count of numbers
9
10 LOOP1: INX H              ; taking the input to form a list of numbers
11          MOV A,M          ; move that taken input to accumulator A
12          RRC              ; rotate right accumulator
13          JNC LOOP2        ; is D7 isEqualTo 0 jump to LOOP2
14          RLC              ; rotate left accumulator
15          XCHG              ; exchange content of H-L reg pair with content of D-E reg pair
16          MOV M,A          ; move accumulator content to M [HL]
17          INX H            ; take the next input of numbers
18          XCHG              ; exchange content of H-L reg pair with content of D-E reg pair
19          JMP SKIP         ; unconditionally jump to SKIP
20
21
22 LOOP2: RLC                ; rotate left accumulator
23          RLC              ; rotate left accumulator
24          JNC SKIP         ; if D0 isNotEqualTo 1 jump to SKIP
25          RRC              ; rotate right accumulator if D0 isEqualTo 1
26          XCHG              ; exchange content of H-L reg pair with content of D-E reg pair
27          MOV M,A          ; move accumulator content to M [HL]
28          INX H            ; taking the input to form a list of numbers
29          XCHG              ; exchange content of H-L reg pair with content of D-E reg pair
30
31 SKIP:   DCR B              ; decrementing the count of numbers by 1
32          JNZ LOOP         ; is count isNotEqualTo 0 jump to LOOP
33          HLT              ; terminates the execution
34
```

Q2 : There are N data bytes stored from m/m location 2200H. The value of N is stored in 21FFH. Write an 8085 program to find the sum of integers whose LSB and MSB are 1. Store the result in 2500H and 2501H.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Store those numbers whose sum of LSB and MSB are 1 at certain positions>
2
3  JMP Start                ; starts the execution
4
5  Start: LXI H,21FFH        ; taking the count of numbers as input
6          MOV B,M           ; move the count to reg B
7          LXI H,2200H       ; taking the first input of numbers
8          MVI C,00H         ; initialising C reg
9          MVI A,00H         ; initialising A reg
10
11 LOOP:   STA 2600H          ; store accumulator content at address 2600H
12          MOV A,M           ; number taken as input is moved to Accumulator
13          ANI 81H           ; 1000 0001 ANDed
14          CPI 81H           ; check if LSB=1 and MSB=1
15          JNZ SKIP1         ; if LSB AND MSB not = 1 then goto SKIP1
16          LDA 2600H         ; stores the existing sum
17          ADD M             ; add the new number to sum
18          JNC SKIP          ; if no carry found, jump to SKIP
19          INR C             ; increment reg C content
20          JMP SKIP          ; unconditionally jump to SKIP
21
22 SKIP1:  LDA 2600H          ; load accumulator from address 2600H
23          INX H             ; increment M [HL]
24          DCR B             ; decrement the count by 1
25          JNZ LOOP          ; if count isNotEqualTo 0, jump to LOOP
26          JMP LAST          ; unconditionally jump to LAST
27
28 SKIP:   INX H             ; increment M [HL]
29          DCR B             ; decrement the count by 1
30          JNZ LOOP          ; if count isNotEqualTo 0, jump to LOOP
31
32 LAST:   STA 2500H          ; store the count of numbers with SumOfLSB = 1 at address 2500H
33          MOV A,C           ; move the count of numbers having SumOfMSB = 1 to accumulator
34          STA 2501H         ; store the count of numbers with SumOfMSB = 1 at address 2501H
35          HLT               ; terminates the execution
```

Q3 : Write an 8085 program to generate N th fibonacci number using function and store it in 2050H. The value of N (8-bits) is stored in memory 2060H.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Print N-th Fibonacci number using function>
2
3  JMP Start                ; starts the execution
4
5  Start: CALL Func         ; calls the function
6          HLT              ; terminates the execution
7
8  Func:  LDA 2060H         ; take count (N) of number as input
9          MOV C,A          ; move the count (N) to reg C
10         MVI A,00H        ; base condition
11         DCR C            ; decrement the count by 1 (N = N-1)
12         JZ Skip          ; ifCountEqualsToZero jump to SKIP
13         MVI A,01H        ; base condition
14         DCR C            ; decrement the count by 1 (N = N-2)
15         JZ Skip          ; ifCountEqualsToZero jump to SKIP
16         MVI B,00H        ; initialise buffer as 00H
17
18  Loop:  MOV D,A          ; move the sum (Fib(N-1)) to reg D from accumulator A
19         ADD B            ; calculate the N-th number here (Fib(N) = Fib(N-1) + Fib(N-2))
20         MOV B,D          ; move previous number of the series (Fib(N-2)) to reg B
21         DCR C            ; decrement the count by 1
22         JNZ Loop         ; ifCountNotEqualsToZero, jump to LOOP
23
24  Skip:  STA 2050H        ; store the result at 2050H
25         RET              ; return the function
26
```

Q4 : Write a program to transfer a block of bytes of size N from location1 to location2 (location2 > location1) when the size of overlap between the two locations is defined by M. The values of N and M are stored in 201EH and 201FH, respectively.

Sol :

```
1  ;<Print N-th Fibonacci number using function>
2
3  JMP Start                ; starts the execution
4
5  Start: LXI H,201EH        ;
6          MOV B,M           ; STORE N AT REG-B
7          INR L             ;
8          MOV C,M           ; STORE M AT REG-C
9          MOV A,B           ;
10         SUB C              ; A = (N-M)
11         LXI H,2050H        ; HL -> LOCATION1
12         ADD L              ; A -> A+L
13         JNC Skip           ;
14         INR H              ;
15
16  Skip:  MOV L,A            ; HL = (HL+A) OR HL->LOCATION2
17          MOV C,B           ;
18          MVI B,00H         ;
19          DCX B              ; BC -> N-1
20          DAD B              ;
21          XCHG              ; STORE THE END-ADDRESS OF LOCATION2 IN DE PAIR
22          LXI H,2050H        ;
23          DAD B              ; STORE END-ADDRESS OF LOCATION1 IN HL PAIR
24          INX B              ; C = N
25
26  LOOP:  MOV A,M            ;
27          XCHG              ;
28          MOV M,A           ; SWAP CONTENT OF HL WITH DE
29          DCX D              ;
30          DCX H              ;
31          XCHG              ;
32          DCR C              ; DECREMENT N
33          JNZ LOOP          ; CONTINUE UNTIL N IS 0
34
35          HLT               ; terminates the execution
```