# User Input of Scripts for Article Figures: $V\ 174$

### Atanu Giri

### October 11, 2023

### Contents

1	Not	e	4		
<b>2</b>	Figure 2				
	2.1	Figure 2a: Control Approach rate (FvM)	4		
	2.2	Figure 2b: Control Effect of cost on Approach rate (FvM)	4		
	2.3	Figure 2d: Control Distance traveled (FvM)	5		
	2.4	Figure 2e: Control Number of high sp. runs (FvM)	5		
	2.5	Figure 2f: Control Approach time (FvM)	5		
	2.6	Figure 2g: Control Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FvM)	5		
	2.7	Figure 2h: Control Number of stopping points	5		
3	Fig	ure 5	5		
	3.1	Figure 5a: Approach rate (FD vs Control)	5		
	3.2	Figure 5c: Approach time (FD vs Control)	6		
	3.3	Figure 5d: Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FD vs Control).	7		
	3.4	Figure 5e: Number of stopping points (FD vs Control)	7		
	3.5	Figure 5f: Number of high sp. runs (FD vs Control)	7		
	3.6	Figure 5g: Distance traveled (FD vs Control)	8		
	3.7	Figure 5h: Scatter Plots	8		
4	Figu	ure 6	8		
	4.1	Figure 6a. Approach rate (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)	8		
	4.2	Figure 6b. Distance traveled (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)	9		
	4.3	Figure 6c. Number of high speed runs (Control vs Self admin.			
		Oxy)	9		
	4.4	Figure 6d. Approach time (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)	10		
	4.5	Figure 6e. Proportion of trials outside all reward zone (Control			
		vs Self admin. Oxy)	10		
	4.6	Figure 6f. Number of stopping points (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)	10		
	4.7	Figure 6g. Approach rate (Control vs Abstinence)	11		
	4.8	Figure 6h. Distance traveled (Control vs Abstinence)	11		

		Figure 6i. Number of high speed runs (Control vs Abstinence) .	11				
		Figure 6j. Approach time (Control vs Abstinence)	12				
	4.11	Figure 6k. Proportion of trials outside all reward zone (Control					
		vs Abstinence)	12				
		Figure 6l. Number of stopping points (Control vs Abstinence)	12				
		Figure 6m: Self admin oxycodone Approach rate (FvM)	13				
		Figure 6n: Self admin oxycodone Distance traveled (FvM)	13				
		Figure 60: Self admin oxycodone Number of high sp. runs (FvM)	13				
		Figure 6p: Abstinence Approach rate (FvM)	14				
		Figure 6q: Abstinence Distance traveled (FvM)	14				
		Figure 6r: Abstinence Number of high sp. runs (FvM)	14				
	4.19	Figure 6s: Fraction of sigmoid	15				
5 Supplemental Figure 2							
	5.1	Figure S.2a: Individual approach rate at reward level	15				
	5.2	Figure S.2b: Individual approach rate at cost level	15				
	5.3	Figure S.2c: Example of trajectories	15				
	5.4	Figure S.2d: Number of stopping points	15				
	5.5	Figure S.2e: Number of stopping points	16				
	5.6	Figure S.2f: Number of high speed runs	16				
	5.7	Figure S.2g: Proportion of trial outside all reward zones	16				
	5.8	Figure S.2h: Number of rotation points	16				
	5.9	Figure S.2i: Control Distance traveled, approach only (FvM) $$	16				
	5.10	Figure S.2j: Control Number of stopping points, approach only (FvM)	17				
	5.11	Figure S.2k: Control Number of high sp. runs, approach only					
		(FvM)	17				
	5.12	Figure S.2l: Control Prop. of trial out. all reward zones, ap-					
		proach only (FvM)	17				
	5.13	Figure S.2m: Control Number of high sp. runs, reject only (FvM)	17				
	5.14	Figure S.2n: Control Distance traveled, reject only (FvM)	17				
	5.15	Figure S.20: Control Number of stopping points, reject only (FvM)	18				
	5.16	Figure S.2p: Control Prop. of trial out. all reward zones, reject					
		only (FvM)	18				
6	Supplemental Figure 5 18						
	6.1	Figure S.5a. Control vs FD Distance traveled, approach only	18				
	6.2	Figure S.5b. Control vs FD Number of stopping points, approach					
		only	18				
	6.3	Figure S.5c. Control vs FD Number of high speed runs, approach					
		only	18				
	6.4	Figure S.5d. Control vs FD Proportion of trials outside all reward					
		zone, approach only	19				
	6.5	Figure S.5e. Control vs FD Distance traveled, reject only	19				
	6.6	Figure S.5f. Control vs FD Number of stopping points, reject only	19				
	6.7	Figure S.5g. Control vs FD Number of high speed runs, reject only	19				

	6.8	Figure S.5h. Control vs FD Proportion of trials outside all reward	
		zone, reject only	19
	6.9	Figure S.5i: FD Approach rate (FvM)	19
	6.10	Figure S.5j: FD Distance traveled (FvM)	20
		Figure S.5k: FD Number of stopping points (FvM)	20
		Figure S.51: FD Number of high sp. runs (FvM)	20
		Figure S.5m: FD Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FvM)	21
7	Sup	plemental Figure 6	21
	7.1	Figure S.6a: Self admin oxycodone Approach time (FvM)	21
	7.2	Figure S.6b: Self admin oxycodone Prop. of trial out. all reward	
		zones (FvM)	21
	7.3	Figure S.6c: Self admin oxycodone Number of stopping points	
		(FvM)	22
	7.4	Figure S.6d: Abstinence Approach time (FvM)	22
	7.5	Figure S.6e: Abstinence Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FvM)	22
	7.6	Figure S.6f: Abstinence Number of stopping points (FvM)	23
	7.7	Figure S.6g: Individual fraction of sigmoid (Control vs Oxycodone)	23
	7.8	Figure S.6h: Oxycodone I.V. vs Fraction of sigmoid	23
8	Sup	plemental Figure 7	23
	8.1	Figure S.7b: Initial task Approach rate (FvM)	23
	8.2	Figure S.7c: Late task Approach rate (FvM)	24
	8.3	Figure S.7d: Initial task Approach time (FvM) $\dots \dots$	24
	8.4	Figure S.7e: Late task Approach time (FvM) $\dots \dots$	25
	8.5	Figure S.7f: Initial task Number of high sp. runs (FvM)	25
	8.6	Figure S.7g: Late task Number of high sp. runs (FvM)	25
	8.7	Figure S.7h: Initial task Distance traveled (FvM)	26
	8.8	Figure S.7i: Late task Distance traveled (FvM) $\hdots$	26
	8.9	Figure S.7j: Fraction of sigmoid (Control vs Alcohol)	26

#### 1 Note

- a) **Data Analysis** folder contains MATLAB scripts for data analysis and generating figures provided in the paper. Some figures may invoke several other functions from the current folder or other folder in **Data-Analysis** directory. Please make sure that all folders in **Data-Analysis** directory are in the MATLAB path.
- b) Download **Signal Processing Toolbox** to successfully generate figures using these plots.
- c) To overlay plots the user needs to use either mergePlots.m or mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m functions in **Plots** folder. To use these function/script it is necessary to first generate and save the individual plots as .fig files (e.g, f1.fig, f2.fig, etc.).

For mergePlots.m call the function with the specific figure names you want to overlay, like this: mergePlots('f1.fig', 'f2.fig', ...). To use mergePlotsPreserveO-riginalColor.m, replace the figure names in the variables **f1** and **f2** with your desired figures.

#### 2 Figure 2

#### 2.1 Figure 2a: Control Approach rate (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot(`approachavoid').

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) n
- iii) Enter tasktypedone (or enter "all" for all task types): P2L1
- iv) Which health types do you want to analyze?

(enter multiple values separated by comma and a space or type 'all' for all types):  $\mathrm{N/A}$ 

- v) Start date? 06/16/2022
- vi) End date? 06/23/2022
- vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) y

### 2.2 Figure 2b: Control Effect of cost on Approach rate (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, approachRateAtDifferentCost.

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

Do you want average plot? (y/n) y

#### 2.3 Figure 2d: Control Distance traveled (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2a** 

#### 2.4 Figure 2e: Control Number of high sp. runs (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('bigaccelerationperunittravel'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2a** 

#### 2.5 Figure 2f: Control Approach time (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('entrytime'). For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as in **Figure 2a**

# 2.6 Figure 2g: Control Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2a** 

#### 2.7 Figure 2h: Control Number of stopping points

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2a** 

### 3 Figure 5

#### 3.1 Figure 5a: Approach rate (FD vs Control)

Step 1: Get 'Ad libitum fed' figure. For 'Ad libitum fed' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('approachavoid'). For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) n
- iii) Enter tasktypedone (or enter "all" for all task types): P2L1
- iv) Which health types do you want to analyze?

(enter multiple values separated by comma and a space or type 'all' for all types):  $\mathrm{N/A}$ 

- v) Start date? 06/16/2022
- vi) End date? 06/23/2022
- vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) n
- viii) Do you want to a graph for specific animal? (y/n) n

#### Step 2: Get 'Food dep' figure.

For 'Food dep' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('approachavoid').

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) n
- iii) Enter tasktypedone (or enter "all" for all task types): P2L1
- iv) Which health types do you want to analyze?

(enter multiple values separated by comma and a space or type 'all' for all types): Food Deprivation

- v) Start date? 08/23/2022
- vi) End date? 08/25/2022
- vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) n
- viii) Do you want to a graph for specific animal? (y/n) n

#### Step 3: Overlay 'Ad libitum fed' and 'Food dep' figures.

- i) Open mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m from 'Plots' directory
- ii) Paste the figures obtained in step 1 and 2 for 'f1' and 'f2'
- iv) Run the script

#### 3.2 Figure 5c: Approach time (FD vs Control)

Step 1: Get 'Ad libitum fed' figure.

For ' $Ad\ libitum\ fed$ ' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('entrytime'). For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step1 in Figure 5a

Step 2: Get 'Food dep' figure.

For 'Food dep' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('entrytime').

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step 2 in **Figure 5a**

Step 3: Overlay 'Ad libitum fed' and 'Food dep' figures. Please follow the same steps as Step 3 in Figure 5a

### 3.3 Figure 5d: Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FD vs Control)

Step 1: Get 'Ad libitum fed' figure.

For 'Ad libitum fed' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step1 in Figure 5a

Step 2: Get 'Food dep' figure.

For 'Food dep' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step 2 in **Figure 5a** 

Step 3: Overlay 'Ad libitum fed' and 'Food dep' figures. Please follow the same steps as Step 3 in Figure 5a

#### 3.4 Figure 5e: Number of stopping points (FD vs Control)

Step 1: Get 'Ad libitum fed' figure.

For 'Ad libitum fed' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step1 in **Figure 5a** 

Step 2: Get 'Food dep' figure.

For 'Food dep' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step 2 in **Figure 5a** 

Step 3: Overlay 'Ad libitum fed' and 'Food dep' figures. Please follow the same steps as Step 3 in **Figure 5a** 

#### 3.5 Figure 5f: Number of high sp. runs (FD vs Control)

Step 1: Get 'Ad libitum fed' figure.

For 'Ad libitum fed' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('bigaccelerationperunittravel'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step1 in Figure 5a

Step 2: Get 'Food dep' figure.

For 'Food dep' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('bigaccelerationperunittravel').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step 2 in Figure 5a

Step 3: Overlay 'Ad libitum fed' and 'Food dep' figures. Please follow the same steps as Step 3 in **Figure 5a** 

#### 3.6 Figure 5g: Distance traveled (FD vs Control)

Step 1: Get 'Ad libitum fed' figure.

For 'Ad libitum fed' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step1 in Figure 5a

Step 2: Get 'Food dep' figure.

For 'Food dep' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step 2 in **Figure 5a** 

Step 3: Overlay 'Ad libitum fed' and 'Food dep' figures. Please follow the same steps as Step 3 in Figure 5a

#### 3.7 Figure 5h: Scatter Plots

Left panel: From "Data-Analysis/Scatter Plots" directory run the script, *nest-Position* For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Which health types do you want to analyze? N/A iii) Which animal? raissa
- iv) Which task? P2 L1L3

Left panel: From "Data-Analysis/Scatter Plots" directory run the script, nestPosition Use same inputs as left panel, except

ii) Which health types do you want to analyze? Food Deprivation

### 4 Figure 6

### 4.1 Figure 6a. Approach rate (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. Oxy' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

oxy Psychometric Function Plot (`approach avoid').

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Which data do you want to analyze? Print "Oxycodon" or "Incubation" Oxycodon
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) n
- iii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) n

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in Figure 5a

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures. Use mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m from 'Plots' directory

## 4.2 Figure 6b. Distance traveled (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. Oxy' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('distance after to neuntillimiting timestamp').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Figure 6a

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in Figure 5d

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures. Use mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m from 'Plots' directory

### 4.3 Figure 6c. Number of high speed runs (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. Oxy' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot(`bigaccelerationperunittravel').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Figure 6a

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in Figure 5f

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures. Use mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m from 'Plots' directory

# 4.4 Figure 6d. Approach time (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. Oxy' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('entrytime'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6a** except ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5c** 

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures. Use mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m from 'Plots' directory

### 4.5 Figure 6e. Proportion of trials outside all reward zone (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. Oxy' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6a** 

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5g** 

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures. Use mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m from 'Plots' directory

# 4.6 Figure 6f. Number of stopping points (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. Oxy' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6a** 

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5e** 

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures. Use mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m from 'Plots' directory

#### 4.7 Figure 6g. Approach rate (Control vs Abstinence)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot(`approachavoid').

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Which data do you want to analyze? Print "Oxycodon" or "Incubation" Incubation
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) n
- iii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) n

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in Figure 5a

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures. Use mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m from 'Plots' directory

#### 4.8 Figure 6h. Distance traveled (Control vs Abstinence)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Figure 6g

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in Figure 5d

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures. Use mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m from 'Plots' directory

### 4.9 Figure 6i. Number of high speed runs (Control vs Abstinence)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('bigaccelerationperunittravel').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Figure 6g

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in Figure 5f

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures. Use mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m from 'Plots' directory

#### 4.10 Figure 6j. Approach time (Control vs Abstinence)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

oxy Psychometric Function Plot (`entry time').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Figure 6g, except

ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in Figure 5c

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m from 'Plots' directory

# 4.11 Figure 6k. Proportion of trials outside all reward zone (Control vs Abstinence)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,  $\,$ 

oxy Psychometric Function Plot (`passing central zone reject initial presence').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Figure 6g

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in Figure 5g

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m from 'Plots' directory

### 4.12 Figure 6l. Number of stopping points (Control vs Abstinence)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

 $oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6').$ 

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Figure 6g

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in Figure 5e

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m from 'Plots' directory

### 4.13 Figure 6m: Self admin oxycodone Approach rate (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. oxy' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot(`approachavoid').

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Which data do you want to analyze? Print "Oxycodon" or "Incubation" Oxycodon
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) n
- iii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as Figure 2a

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Overlay using mergePlots.m from 'Plots' directory

### 4.14 Figure 6n: Self admin oxycodone Distance traveled (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. oxy' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('distance after to neuntillimiting timestamp').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6m**.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as Figure 2d

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Overlay using mergePlots.m from 'Plots' directory

### 4.15 Figure 6o: Self admin oxycodone Number of high sp. runs (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. oxy' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('bigaccelerationperunittravel').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6m**.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as Figure 2e

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using mergePlots.m from 'Plots' directory

#### 4.16 Figure 6p: Abstinence Approach rate (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('approachavoid'). For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Which data do you want to analyze? Print "Oxycodon" or "Incubation" Incubation
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) n
- iii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as Figure 2a

Step 3: Overlay 'Abstinence' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory

#### 4.17 Figure 6q: Abstinence Distance traveled (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6p**.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2d** 

Step 3: Overlay 'Abstinence' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory

### 4.18 Figure 6r: Abstinence Number of high sp. runs (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot(`bigaccelerationperunittravel').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6p**.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2e** 

Step 3: Overlay 'Abstinence' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory

#### 4.19 Figure 6s: Fraction of sigmoid

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, barPlotOfOxy.m.

### 5 Supplemental Figure 2

#### 5.1 Figure S.2a: Individual approach rate at reward level

Step 1: Get individual plots

- i) vi) follow same steps as in Figure 2a.
- vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) n
- viii) Do you want to a graph for specific animal? (y/n) y
- ix) Which Animal? alexis

Do same for all other animals.

Step 2: Overlay plots. Overlay using mergePlots.m from 'Plots' directory

#### 5.2 Figure S.2b: Individual approach rate at cost level

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, approachRateAtDifferentCost.m. For user inputs please enter the following inputs: Do you want average plot? (y/n) n

#### 5.3 Figure S.2c: Example of trajectories

From "Feature-extraction/Trajectory plots" directory run the function, trajectoryPlot(88385) and trajectoryPlot(91303)

#### 5.4 Figure S.2d: Number of stopping points

From "Feature-extraction/Stop Time" directory run the function, stopTimeFun(92597) and stopTimeFun(135600)

#### 5.5 Figure S.2e: Number of stopping points

From "Feature-extraction/Stop Time" directory run the function, stopTimeFun(3) and stopTimeFun(75)

#### 5.6 Figure S.2f: Number of high speed runs

From "Feature-extraction/Acceleration and Jerk Outliers" directory run the function,

jerkOutlierWOPlot(137421) and jerkOutlierWOPlot(91864)

### 5.7 Figure S.2g: Proportion of trial outside all reward zones

Left Panel: From "Feature-extraction/Passing Central Zone" directory run the function,

 $passing Central Zone Reject Initial Presence ((90956,\ 0.5)).$ 

For the rest of the figures use 88092, 90788, 92732, 91504, respectively as the first input of the function.

Then, overlay using mergePlots.m from 'Plots' directory.

Right Panel: Use 134830, 137350, 137342, 137502, 138178, respectively as the first input of the function.

Then, overlay using mergePlots.m from 'Plots' directory.

#### 5.8 Figure S.2h: Number of rotation points

From "Feature-extraction/Rotation Points" directory run the function, rotationPtFun(200894) and rotationPtFun(206523)

# 5.9 Figure S.2i: Control Distance traveled, approach only (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp'). For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2a**

# 5.10 Figure S.2j: Control Number of stopping points, approach only (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6'). For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure S.2i** 

### 5.11 Figure S.2k: Control Number of high sp. runs, approach only (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('bigaccelerationperunittravel'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2i** 

### 5.12 Figure S.2l: Control Prop. of trial out. all reward zones, approach only (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2i** 

### 5.13 Figure S.2m: Control Number of high sp. runs, reject only (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('bigaccelerationperunittravel'). For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans

ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2a** 

### 5.14 Figure S.2n: Control Distance traveled, reject only (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Figure S.2m

## 5.15 Figure S.20: Control Number of stopping points, reject only (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure S.2m** 

### 5.16 Figure S.2p: Control Prop. of trial out. all reward zones, reject only (FvM)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('passing central zone reject initial presence'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2m** 

### 6 Supplemental Figure 5

### 6.1 Figure S.5a. Control vs FD Distance traveled, approach only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5d** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y 2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

### 6.2 Figure S.5b. Control vs FD Number of stopping points, approach only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5e** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y 2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

# 6.3 Figure S.5c. Control vs FD Number of high speed runs, approach only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5f** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y 2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

# 6.4 Figure S.5d. Control vs FD Proportion of trials outside all reward zone, approach only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5g** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

### 6.5 Figure S.5e. Control vs FD Distance traveled, reject only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5d** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject

2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject

### 6.6 Figure S.5f. Control vs FD Number of stopping points, reject only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5e** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject

2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject

# 6.7 Figure S.5g. Control vs FD Number of high speed runs, reject only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5f** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject

2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject

### 6.8 Figure S.5h. Control vs FD Proportion of trials outside all reward zone, reject only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5g** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject

2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject

#### 6.9 Figure S.5i: FD Approach rate (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'FD' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('approachavoid'). For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) vi) same as Figure 5a.
- vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2a** 

Step 3: Overlay 'FD' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory.

#### 6.10 Figure S.5j: FD Distance traveled (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'FD' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Supplemental Figure 5i**.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2d** 

Step 3: Overlay 'FD' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory.

#### 6.11 Figure S.5k: FD Number of stopping points (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'FD' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Supplemental Figure 5i**.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2h** 

Step 3: Overlay 'FD' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory.

#### 6.12 Figure S.5l: FD Number of high sp. runs (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'FD' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('bigaccelerationperunittravel').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Supplemental Figure 5i.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2e** 

Step 3: Overlay 'FD' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory.

### 6.13 Figure S.5m: FD Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'FD' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Supplemental Figure 5i**.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2g** 

Step 3: Overlay 'FD' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory.

#### 7 Supplemental Figure 6

### 7.1 Figure S.6a: Self admin oxycodone Approach time (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. oxy' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot(`entrytime').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Figure 6m, except

ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as Figure 2f

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using mergePlots.m from 'Plots' directory.

### 7.2 Figure S.6b: Self admin oxycodone Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. oxy' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6m** 

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2g** 

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory.

### 7.3 Figure S.6c: Self admin oxycodone Number of stopping points (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. oxy' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6m** 

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2h** 

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using mergePlots.m from 'Plots' directory.

### 7.4 Figure S.6d: Abstinence Approach time (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('entrytime').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Figure 6p, except

ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2f** 

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using mergePlots.m from 'Plots' directory.

### 7.5 Figure S.6e: Abstinence Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Figure 6p

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2g** 

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using mergePlots.m from 'Plots' directory.

### 7.6 Figure S.6f: Abstinence Number of stopping points (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6p** 

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2h** 

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory.

### 7.7 Figure S.6g: Individual fraction of sigmoid (Control vs Oxycodone)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, individualFractionOfSigmoid.m.

#### 7.8 Figure S.6h: Oxycodone I.V. vs Fraction of sigmoid

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, pokeCorrelation.m.

### 8 Supplemental Figure 7

#### 8.1 Figure S.7b: Initial task Approach rate (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Initial task performance' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

alcohol Psychometric Function Plot (`approach avoid').

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) n
- iii) Enter tasktypedone (or enter "all" for all task types): P2A
- iv) Which health types do you want to analyze?

(enter multiple values separated by comma and a space or type 'all' for all types): N/A

- v) Start date? 09/16/2022
- vi) End date? 10/03/2022
- vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as Figure 2a

Step 3: Overlay 'Initial task performance' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory.

#### 8.2 Figure S.7c: Late task Approach rate (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Late task performance' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot(`approachavoid').

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: lg\_boost, lg\_etoh
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) n
- iii) Enter tasktypedone (or enter "all" for all task types): P2A
- iv) Which health types do you want to analyze?

(enter multiple values separated by comma and a space or type 'all' for all types):  $\mathrm{N/A}$ 

- v) Start date? 11/02/2022
- vi) End date? 12/01/2022
- vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as Figure 2a

Step 3: Overlay 'Late task performance' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using mergePlots.m from 'Plots' directory.

#### 8.3 Figure S.7d: Initial task Approach time (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Initial task performance' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot(`entrytime')

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) y

For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as in Figure S.7b

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as Figure 2f

Step 3: Overlay 'Initial task performance' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory.

#### 8.4 Figure S.7e: Late task Approach time (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Late task performance' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot('entrytime')

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: lg\_boost, lg\_etoh
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) y

For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as in Figure S.7c

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as Figure 2f

Step 3: Overlay 'Late task performance' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory.

### 8.5 Figure S.7f: Initial task Number of high sp. runs (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Initial task performance' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot('bigaccelerationperunittravel').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Figure S.7b.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as Figure 2e

Step 3: Overlay 'Initial task performance' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory.

# 8.6 Figure S.7g: Late task Number of high sp. runs (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Late task performance' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

alcohol Psychometric Function Plot (`bigacceleration per unit travel').

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure S.7c**.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as Figure 2e

Step 3: Overlay 'Late task performance' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using *mergePlots.m* from 'Plots' directory.

#### 8.7 Figure S.7h: Initial task Distance traveled (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Initial task performance' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure S.7b**.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as Figure 2d

Step 3: Overlay 'Initial task performance' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using mergePlots.m from 'Plots' directory.

#### 8.8 Figure S.7i: Late task Distance traveled (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Late task performance' figure. From "Data Analysis" directory run the function.

alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp'). For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure S.7c**.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure. Use same steps as Figure 2d

Step 3: Overlay 'Late task performance' and 'Control' figures. Overlay using mergePlots.m from 'Plots' directory.

#### 8.9 Figure S.7j: Fraction of sigmoid (Control vs Alcohol)

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, barPlotOfOxy.m.