

# User Input of Scripts for Article Figures: V 174

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## 1 Figure 2

### 1.1 Figure 2a: Control Approach rate (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('approachavoid')*.

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) n
- iii) Enter tasktypedone (or enter "all" for all task types): P2L1
- iv) Which health types do you want to analyze?  
(enter multiple values separated by comma and a space or type 'all' for all types): N/A
- v) Start date? 06/16/2022
- vi) End date? 06/23/2022
- vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) y

### 1.2 Figure 2b: Control Effect of cost on Approach rate (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*approachRateAtDifferentCost*.

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

Do you want average plot? (y/n) y

### 1.3 Figure 2d: Control Distance traveled (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2a**

### 1.4 Figure 2e: Control Number of high sp. runs (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('bigaccelerationperunittravel')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2a**

### 1.5 Figure 2f: Control Approach time (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('entrytime')*.

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans

ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y  
For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as in **Figure 2a**

## 1.6 Figure 2g: Control Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence')*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2a**

## 1.7 Figure 2h: Control Number of stopping points

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6')*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2a**

# 2 Figure 5

## 2.1 Figure 5a: Approach rate (FD vs Control)

Step 1: Get ‘Ad libitum fed’ figure.

For ‘Ad libitum fed’ From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('approachavoid')*.

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) n
- iii) Enter tasktypedone (or enter "all" for all task types): P2L1
- iv) Which health types do you want to analyze?  
(enter multiple values separated by comma and a space or type 'all' for all types): N/A
- v) Start date? 06/16/2022
- vi) End date? 06/23/2022
- vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) n
- viii) Do you want to a graph for specific animal? (y/n) n

Step 2: Get ‘Food dep’ figure.

For ‘Food dep’ From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('approachavoid')*.

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) n
- iii) Enter tasktypedone (or enter "all" for all task types): P2L1

- iv) Which health types do you want to analyze?  
(enter multiple values separated by comma and a space or type 'all' for all types): Food Deprivation
- v) Start date? 08/23/2022
- vi) End date? 08/25/2022
- vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) n
- viii) Do you want to a graph for specific animal? (y/n) n

Step 3: Overlay 'Ad libitum fed' and 'Food dep' figures.

- i) Open *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory
- ii) Paste the figures obtained in step 1 and 2 for 'f1' and 'f2'
- iv) Run the script

## 2.2 Figure 5c: Approach time (FD vs Control)

Step 1: Get 'Ad libitum fed' figure.

For 'Ad libitum fed' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, *masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('entrytime')*. For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step1 in **Figure 5a**

Step 2: Get 'Food dep' figure.

For 'Food dep' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, *masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('entrytime')*.

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step 2 in **Figure 5a**

Step 3: Overlay 'Ad libitum fed' and 'Food dep' figures.

Please follow the same steps as Step 3 in **Figure 5a**

## 2.3 Figure 5d: Distance traveled (FD vs Control)

Step 1: Get 'Ad libitum fed' figure.

For 'Ad libitum fed' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, *masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step1 in **Figure 5a**

Step 2: Get 'Food dep' figure.

For 'Food dep' From "Data Analysis" directory run the function, *masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step 2 in **Figure 5a**

Step 3: Overlay ‘*Ad libitum* fed’ and ‘Food dep’ figures.  
Please follow the same steps as Step 3 in **Figure 5a**

## 2.4 Figure 5e: Number of stopping points (FD vs Control)

Step 1: Get ‘*Ad libitum* fed’ figure.

For ‘*Ad libitum* fed’ From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot*(‘*stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6*’).  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step1 in **Figure 5a**

Step 2: Get ‘Food dep’ figure.

For ‘Food dep’ From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot*(‘*stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6*’).  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step 2 in **Figure 5a**

Step 3: Overlay ‘*Ad libitum* fed’ and ‘Food dep’ figures.  
Please follow the same steps as Step 3 in **Figure 5a**

## 2.5 Figure 5f: Number of high sp. runs (FD vs Control)

Step 1: Get ‘*Ad libitum* fed’ figure.

For ‘*Ad libitum* fed’ From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot*(‘*bigaccelerationperunittravel*’).  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step1 in **Figure 5a**

Step 2: Get ‘Food dep’ figure.

For ‘Food dep’ From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot*(‘*bigaccelerationperunittravel*’).  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step 2 in **Figure 5a**

Step 3: Overlay ‘*Ad libitum* fed’ and ‘Food dep’ figures.  
Please follow the same steps as Step 3 in **Figure 5a**

## 2.6 Figure 5g: Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FD vs Control)

Step 1: Get ‘*Ad libitum* fed’ figure.

For ‘*Ad libitum* fed’ From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot*(‘*passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence*’).  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step1 in **Figure 5a**

Step 2: Get ‘Food dep’ figure.  
 For ‘Food dep’ From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence’)*.  
 For user inputs please enter the same inputs as Step 2 in **Figure 5a**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Ad libitum fed’ and ‘Food dep’ figures.  
 Please follow the same steps as Step 3 in **Figure 5a**

## 2.7 Figure 5h: Scatter Plots

Left panel: From “Data-Analysis/Scatter Plots” directory run the script, *nest-Position* For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Which health types do you want to analyze? N/A iii) Which animal? raissa
- iv) Which task? P2 L1L3

Left panel: From “Data-Analysis/Scatter Plots” directory run the script, *nestPosition* Use same inputs as left panel, except  
 ii) Which health types do you want to analyze? Food Deprivation

## 3 Figure 6

### 3.1 Figure 6a. Approach rate (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)

Step 1: Get ‘Self admin. Oxy’ figure.  
 From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘approachavoid’)*.  
 For user inputs please enter the following inputs:  
 i) Which data do you want to analyze? Print ”Oxycodon” or ”Incubation”  
 Oxycodon  
 ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) n  
 iii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) n

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.  
 Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5a**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Self admin. Oxy’ and ‘Control’ figures.  
 Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory



### 3.2 Figure 6b. Distance traveled (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)

Step 1: Get ‘Self admin. Oxy’ figure.

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,

*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp’)*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6a**

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5d**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Self admin. Oxy’ and ‘Control’ figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 3.3 Figure 6c. Number of high speed runs (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)

Step 1: Get ‘Self admin. Oxy’ figure.

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,

*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘bigaccelerationperunittravel’)*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6a**

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5f**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Self admin. Oxy’ and ‘Control’ figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 3.4 Figure 6d. Approach time (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)

Step 1: Get ‘Self admin. Oxy’ figure.

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,

*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘entrytime’)*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6a** except

ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5c**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Self admin. Oxy’ and ‘Control’ figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 3.5 Figure 6e. Proportion of trials outside all reward zone (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. Oxy' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6a**

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5g**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

### 3.6 Figure 6f. Number of stopping points (Control vs Self admin. Oxy)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. Oxy' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6a**

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5e**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

### 3.7 Figure 6g. Approach rate (Control vs Abstinence)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('approachavoid')*.

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Which data do you want to analyze? Print "Oxycodon" or "Incubation"  
Incubation
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) n
- iii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) n

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5a**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

### 3.8 Figure 6h. Distance traveled (Control vs Abstinence)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6g**

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5d**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

### 3.9 Figure 6i. Number of high speed runs (Control vs Abstinence)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('bigaccelerationperunittravel')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6g**

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5f**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

### 3.10 Figure 6j. Approach time (Control vs Abstinence)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. Oxy' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('entrytime')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6g**, except

ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5c**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

### 3.11 Figure 6k. Proportion of trials outside all reward zone (Control vs Abstinence)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6g**

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5g**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

### 3.12 Figure 6l. Number of stopping points (Control vs Abstinence)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6g**

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as in Step 1 in **Figure 5e**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. Oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

### 3.13 Figure 6m: Self admin oxycodone Approach rate (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. oxy' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('approachavoid')*.

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

i) Which data do you want to analyze? Print "Oxycodon" or "Incubation"

Oxycodon

ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) n

iii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as **Figure 2a**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures.  
Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

### 3.14 Figure 6n: Self admin oxycodone Distance traveled (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. oxy' figure.  
From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,  
*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp')*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6m**.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.  
Use same steps as **Figure 2d**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures.  
Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

### 3.15 Figure 6o: Self admin oxycodone Number of high sp. runs (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Self admin. oxy' figure.  
From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,  
*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('bigaccelerationperunittravel')*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6m**.

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.  
Use same steps as **Figure 2e**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures.  
Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

### 3.16 Figure 6p: Abstinence Approach rate (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.  
From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,  
*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('approachavoid')*.  
For user inputs please enter the following inputs:  
i) Which data do you want to analyze? Print "Oxycodon" or "Incubation"  
Incubation  
ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) n  
iii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.  
Use same steps as **Figure 2a**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Abstinence’ and ‘Control’ figures.  
Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 3.17 Figure 6q: Abstinence Distance traveled (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘Abstinence’ figure.  
From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘distanceaftertoneuntilimitingtimestamp’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6p**.

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.  
Use same steps as **Figure 2d**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Abstinence’ and ‘Control’ figures.  
Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 3.18 Figure 6r: Abstinence Number of high sp. runs (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘Abstinence’ figure.  
From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘bigaccelerationperunittravel’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6p**.

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.  
Use same steps as **Figure 2e**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Abstinence’ and ‘Control’ figures.  
Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 3.19 Figure 6s: Fraction of sigmoid

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function, *barPlotOfOxy.m*.

## 4 Supplemental Figure 2

### 4.1 Figure S.2a: Individual approach rate at reward level

Step 1: Get individual plots

i) - vi) follow same steps as in **Figure 2a**.

vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) n

viii) Do you want to a graph for specific animal? (y/n) y

ix) Which Animal? alexis

Do same for all other animals.

Step 2: Overlay plots.

### 4.2 Figure S.2b: Individual approach rate at cost level

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,

*approachRateAtDifferentCost.m*.

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

Do you want average plot? (y/n) n

### 4.3 Figure S.2c: Example of trajectories

From “Feature-extraction/Trajectory plots” directory run the function,

*trajectoryPlot*(88385) and *trajectoryPlot*(91303)

### 4.4 Figure S.2d: Number of stopping points

From “Feature-extraction/Stop Time” directory run the function,

*stopTimeFun*(92597) and *stopTimeFun*(135600)

### 4.5 Figure S.2e: Number of stopping points

From “Feature-extraction/Stop Time” directory run the function,

*stopTimeFun*(3) and *stopTimeFun*(75)

### 4.6 Figure S.2f: Number of high speed runs

From “Feature-extraction/Acceleration and Jerk Outliers” directory run the function,

*jerkOutlierWOPlot*(137421) and *jerkOutlierWOPlot*(91864)

#### 4.7 Figure S.2g: Proportion of trial outside all reward zones

Left Panel: From “Feature-extraction/Passing Central Zone” directory run the function,

*passingCentralZoneRejectInitialPresence*((90956, 0.5)).

For the rest of the figures use 88092, 90788, 92732, 91504, respectively as the first input of the function.

Then, overlay Plots.

Right Panel: Use 134830, 137350, 137342, 137502, 138178, respectively as the first input of the function.

Then, overlay Plots.

#### 4.8 Figure S.2h: Number of rotation points

From “Feature-extraction/Rotation Points” directory run the function, *rotationPtFun*(200894) and *rotationPtFun*(206523)

#### 4.9 Figure S.2i: Control Distance traveled, approach only (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,

*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot*(‘distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp’).

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans

ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2a**

#### 4.10 Figure S.2j: Control Number of stopping points, approach only (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,

*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot*(‘stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6’).

For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure S.2i**

#### 4.11 Figure S.2k: Control Number of high sp. runs, approach only (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,

*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot*(‘bigaccelerationperunittravel’).

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2i**



#### 4.12 Figure S.2l: Control Prop. of trial out. all reward zones, approach only (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2i**

#### 4.13 Figure S.2m: Control Number of high sp. runs, reject only (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘bigaccelerationperunittravel’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the following inputs:  
i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans  
ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject  
For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2a**

#### 4.14 Figure S.2n: Control Distance traveled, reject only (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure S.2m**

#### 4.15 Figure S.2o: Control Number of stopping points, reject only (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure S.2m**

#### 4.16 Figure S.2p: Control Prop. of trial out. all reward zones, reject only (FvM)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 2m**

## 5 Supplemental Figure 5

### 5.1 Figure S.5a. Control vs FD Distance traveled, approach only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5d** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

### 5.2 Figure S.5b. Control vs FD Number of stopping points, approach only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5e** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

### 5.3 Figure S.5c. Control vs FD Number of high speed runs, approach only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5f** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

### 5.4 Figure S.5d. Control vs FD Proportion of trials outside all reward zone, approach only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5g** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) y

### 5.5 Figure S.5e. Control vs FD Distance traveled, reject only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5d** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject

2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject

### 5.6 Figure S.5f. Control vs FD Number of stopping points, reject only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5e** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject  
2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject

### 5.7 Figure S.5g. Control vs FD Number of high speed runs, reject only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5f** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject  
2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject

### 5.8 Figure S.5h. Control vs FD Proportion of trials outside all reward zone, reject only

Use same steps as in **Figure 5g** except the following: 1. In 'Step 1' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject  
2. In 'Step 2' ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n/reject) reject

### 5.9 Figure S.5i: FD Approach rate (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'FD' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('approachavoid')*.

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

i) - vi) same as **Figure 5a**.

vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as **Figure 2a**

Step 3: Overlay 'FD' and 'Control' figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

### 5.10 Figure S.5j: FD Distance traveled (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'FD' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot('distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Supplemental Figure 5i**.

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.  
Use same steps as **Figure 2d**

Step 3: Overlay ‘FD’ and ‘Control’ figures.  
Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 5.11 Figure S.5k: FD Number of stopping points (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘FD’ figure.  
From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Supplemental Figure 5i**.

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.  
Use same steps as **Figure 2h**

Step 3: Overlay ‘FD’ and ‘Control’ figures.  
Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 5.12 Figure S.5l: FD Number of high sp. runs (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘FD’ figure.  
From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘bigaccelerationperunittravel’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Supplemental Figure 5i**.

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.  
Use same steps as **Figure 2e**

Step 3: Overlay ‘FD’ and ‘Control’ figures.  
Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 5.13 Figure S.5m: FD Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘FD’ figure.  
From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*masterPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Supplemental Figure 6a**.

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.  
Use same steps as **Figure 2g**

Step 3: Overlay ‘FD’ and ‘Control’ figures.  
Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

## 6 Supplemental Figure 6

### 6.1 Figure S.6a: Self admin oxycodone Approach time (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘Self admin. oxy’ figure.  
From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘entrytime’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6m**, except  
ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.  
Use same steps as **Figure 2f**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Self admin. oxy’ and ‘Control’ figures.  
Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 6.2 Figure S.6b: Self admin oxycodone Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘Self admin. oxy’ figure.  
From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6m**

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.  
Use same steps as **Figure 2g**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Self admin. oxy’ and ‘Control’ figures.  
Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 6.3 Figure S.6c: Self admin oxycodone Number of stopping points (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘Self admin. oxy’ figure.  
From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,

*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6m**

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as **Figure 2h**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

#### 6.4 Figure S.6d: Abstinence Approach time (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('entrytime')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6p**, except

ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as **Figure 2f**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

#### 6.5 Figure S.6e: Abstinence Prop. of trial out. all reward zones (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('passingcentralzonerejectinitialpresence')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6p**

Step 2: Get 'Control' figure.

Use same steps as **Figure 2g**

Step 3: Overlay 'Self admin. oxy' and 'Control' figures.

Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from 'Plots' directory

#### 6.6 Figure S.6f: Abstinence Number of stopping points (FvM)

Step 1: Get 'Abstinence' figure.

From "Data Analysis" directory run the function,

*oxyPsychometricFunctionPlot('stoppingpts\_per\_unittravel\_method6')*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure 6p**

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure.  
Use same steps as **Figure 2h**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Self admin. oxy’ and ‘Control’ figures.  
Use *mergePlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

## 6.7 Figure S.6g: Individual fraction of sigmoid (Control vs Oxycodone)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*individualFractionOfSigmoid.m*.

## 6.8 Figure S.6h: Oxycodone I.V. vs Fraction of sigmoid

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*pokeCorrelation.m*.

# 7 Supplemental Figure 7

## 7.1 Figure S.7b: Initial task Approach rate (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘Initial task performance’ figure. From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,

*alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘approachavoid’)*.

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

- i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans
- ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) n
- iii) Enter tasktypedone (or enter ”all” for all task types): P2A
- iv) Which health types do you want to analyze?  
(enter multiple values separated by comma and a space or type ’all’ for all types): N/A
- v) Start date? 09/16/2022
- vi) End date? 10/03/2022
- vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2a**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Initial task performance’ and ‘Control’ figures. Use *merge-PlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

## 7.2 Figure S.7c: Late task Approach rate (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘Late task performance’ figure. From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,

*alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘approachavoid’).*

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

i) Enter genotype: lg.boost, lg.etoH

ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) n

iii) Enter tasktypedone (or enter ”all” for all task types): P2A

iv) Which health types do you want to analyze?

(enter multiple values separated by comma and a space or type ’all’ for all types): N/A

v) Start date? 11/02/2022

vi) End date? 12/01/2022

vii) Do you want to split the graph by gender? (y/n) y

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2a**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Late task performance’ and ‘Control’ figures. Use *merge-PlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

## 7.3 Figure S.7d: Initial task Approach time (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘Initial task performance’ figure. From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,

*alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘entrytime’)*

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

i) Enter genotype: CRL: Long Evans

ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) y

For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as in **Figure S.7b**

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2f**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Initial task performance’ and ‘Control’ figures. Use *merge-PlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

## 7.4 Figure S.7e: Late task Approach time (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘Late task performance’ figure. From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,

*alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘entrytime’)*

For user inputs please enter the following inputs:

i) Enter genotype: lg.boost, lg.etoH

ii) Do you want to analyze only approach trials? (y/n) y



For rest of the user inputs please enter the same inputs as in **Figure S.7c**

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2f**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Late task performance’ and ‘Control’ figures. Use *merge-PlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 7.5 Figure S.7f: Initial task Number of high sp. runs (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘Initial task performance’ figure. From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘bigaccelerationperunittravel’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure S.7b**.

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2e**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Initial task performance’ and ‘Control’ figures. Use *merge-PlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 7.6 Figure S.7g: Late task Number of high sp. runs (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘Late task performance’ figure. From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘bigaccelerationperunittravel’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure S.7c**.

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2e**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Late task performance’ and ‘Control’ figures. Use *merge-PlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

### 7.7 Figure S.7h: Initial task Distance traveled (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘Initial task performance’ figure. From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,  
*alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp’)*.  
For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure S.7b**.

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2d**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Initial task performance’ and ‘Control’ figures. Use *merge-PlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

## 7.8 Figure S.7i: Late task Distance traveled (FvM)

Step 1: Get ‘Late task performance’ figure. From “Data Analysis” directory run the function,

*alcoholPsychometricFunctionPlot(‘distanceaftertoneuntillimitingtimestamp’)*.

For user inputs please enter the same inputs as **Figure S.7c**.

Step 2: Get ‘Control’ figure. Use same steps as **Figure 2d**

Step 3: Overlay ‘Late task performance’ and ‘Control’ figures. Use *merge-PlotsPreserveOriginalColor.m* from ‘Plots’ directory

## 7.9 Figure S.7j: Fraction of sigmoid (Control vs Alcohol)

From “Data Analysis” directory run the function, *barPlotOfOxy.m*.