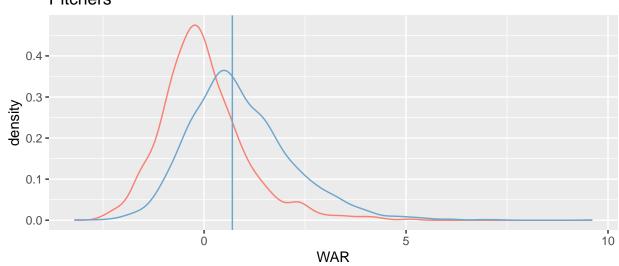
Modeling

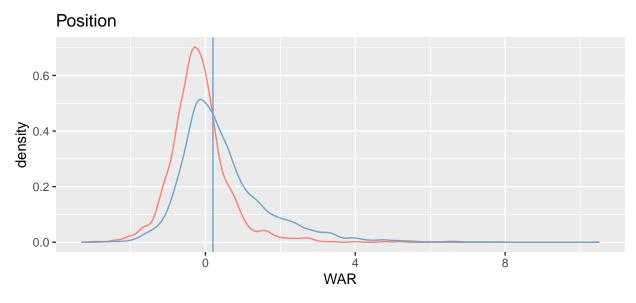
Group 6

The Data

The Couldabeen Classification Problem

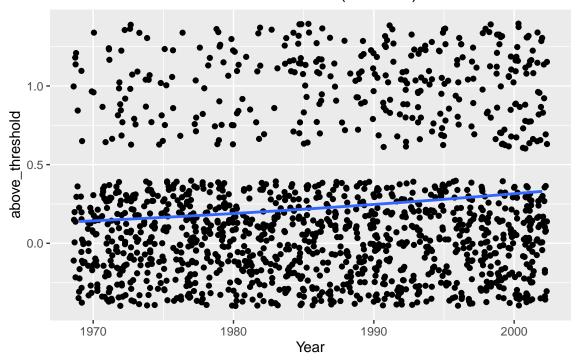
Pitchers





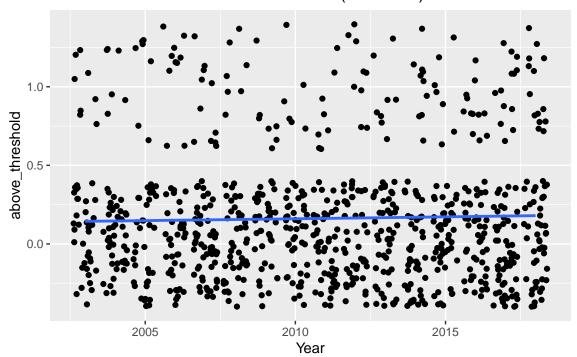
First Look: A Logistic Model

Retirees Above and Below Threshold (Pre-rule)



```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = above_threshold ~ Year, family = "binomial", data = dataset)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                  3Q
                                          Max
## -0.8949 -0.7642 -0.6479 -0.5547
                                       1.9883
##
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept) -68.617412 12.853177 -5.339 9.37e-08 ***
                                      5.247 1.55e-07 ***
                0.033921
                           0.006465
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 1583.3 on 1470 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1554.9 on 1469 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 1558.9
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

Retirees Above and Below Threshold (Post-rule)



```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = above_threshold ~ Year, family = "binomial", data = dataset)
## Deviance Residuals:
       Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                  ЗQ
                                           Max
## -0.6297 -0.6096 -0.5900 -0.5617
                                        1.9697
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -37.46198
                          40.21840 -0.931
                                               0.352
                0.01781
                            0.02000
                                    0.891
                                               0.373
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 781.43 on 880 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 780.63 on 879 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 784.63
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

Computing Retiree Proportions

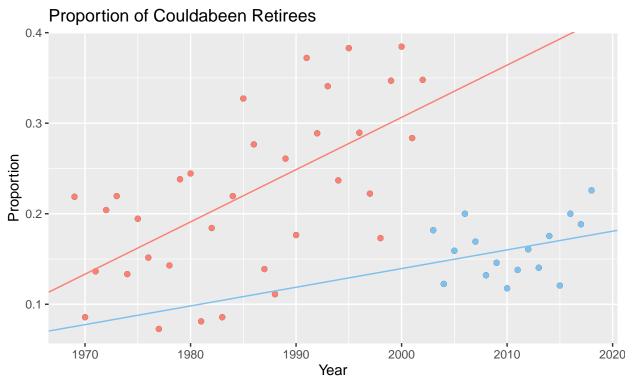
Here is what the proportion-appended couldabeen dataframe looks like:

##		Year	cbns	threshold	retirees	prop
##	1	1969	7	0	32	0.21875000
##	2	1970	3	0	35	0.08571429
##	3	1971	6	0	44	0.13636364
##	4	1972	10	0	49	0.20408163
##	5	1973	9	0	41	0.21951220
##	6	1974	6	0	45	0.13333333

Year as Predictor: Linear Modeling

```
#========#
# Modeling #
#=======#
# Partition dataset into years before and after rule
couldabeens_pre <- prerule(couldabeens)
couldabeens_post <- postrule(couldabeens)
# Obtain linear model for pre-rule years
model_pre <- linear_model(couldabeens_pre)
coefs_pre <- model_pre$coefficients
# Obtain linear model for post-rule years
model_post <- linear_model(couldabeens_post)
coefs_post <- model_post$coefficients</pre>
```

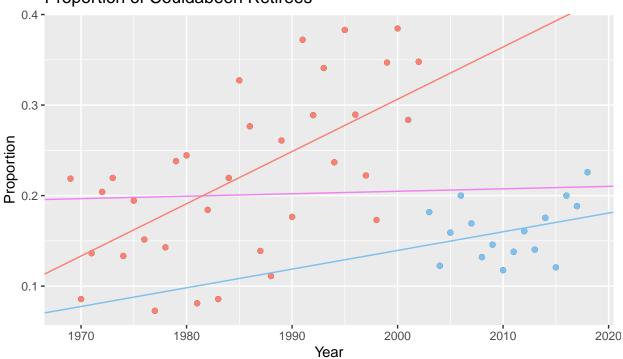
Couldabeens: A Comprehensive Look



Simpson's Paradox

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = prop ~ I(Year), data = dataset)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q
                     Median
                                   ЗQ
                                           Max
  -0.12581 -0.06211 -0.01833 0.04358 0.17984
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.3379371 1.6395066 -0.206
                                               0.838
## I(Year)
               0.0002714 0.0008224
                                      0.330
                                               0.743
## Residual standard error: 0.08392 on 48 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.002263, Adjusted R-squared: -0.01852
## F-statistic: 0.1089 on 1 and 48 DF, p-value: 0.7429
```

Proportion of Couldabeen Retirees



Couldabeens: Pre-rule Era (1969-2002)

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = prop ~ I(Year), data = dataset)
##
## Residuals:
##
         Min
                    1Q
                          Median
                                        3Q
                                                 Max
##
   -0.126056 -0.044806
                        0.005781
                                 0.053314
##
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
   (Intercept) -11.238735
                            2.549750
                                      -4.408 0.00011 ***
                            0.001284
                                       4.495 8.56e-05 ***
                 0.005773
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
## Residual standard error: 0.07346 on 32 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3871, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3679
## F-statistic: 20.21 on 1 and 32 DF, p-value: 8.56e-05
```

Proportion of Couldabeen Retirees (1969–2002)

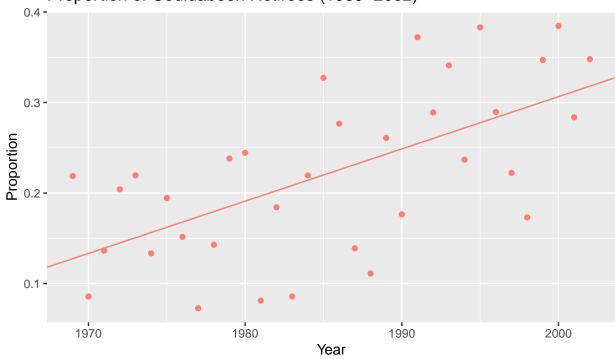


Figure 1: Proportion of Retirees who were Coulabeens prior to the implementation of the Luxury Tax

Couldabeens: Post-rule Era (2003-2018)

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = prop ~ I(Year), data = dataset)
##
## Residuals:
##
         Min
                          Median
                                        3Q
                    1Q
                                                 Max
   -0.049689 -0.024453 0.001825
##
                                 0.018410
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -3.987717
                           3.481582
                                     -1.145
                                               0.271
## I(Year)
                0.002064
                           0.001732
                                      1.192
                                               0.253
## Residual standard error: 0.03193 on 14 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.09209,
                                    Adjusted R-squared: 0.02724
## F-statistic: 1.42 on 1 and 14 DF, p-value: 0.2532
```

Proportion of Couldabeen Retirees (2003–2018)

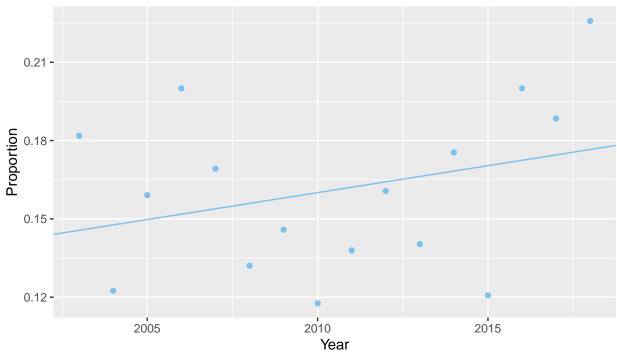


Figure 2: Proportion of Retirees who were Coulabeens after the implementation of the Luxury Tax

Quadratic Regression Model