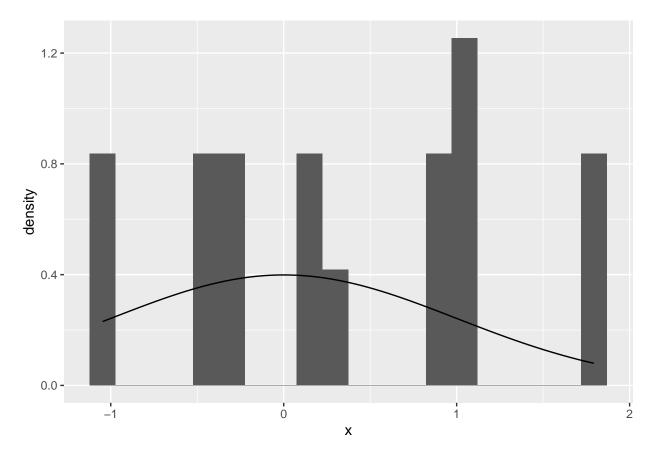
Matrix Refactor

Ali Taqi

Symmetric Normal Matrices

```
RM_normal <- function(M, normal_args = c(0,1), symm = F){</pre>
  # Extract parameters
  mu <- normal_args[1]</pre>
  sd <- normal_args[2]</pre>
  \# Create [M x M] transition matrix
  P \leftarrow matrix(rep(NA, M * M), ncol = M)
  # Generate rows
  for(i in 1:M){
    P[i,] \leftarrow rnorm(n = M, mean = mu, sd = sd)
  # Make symmetric if prompted
  if(symm == T){
    P[lower.tri(P)] <- P[upper.tri(P)]</pre>
  # Return the matrix
}
# Set seed
set.seed(23)
# Set parameters
M <- 4
mu <- 0
sd <- 1
normal_args <- c(mu, sd)</pre>
# Generate matrix
P <- RM_normal(M, normal_args, symm = T)</pre>
                           [,2]
                                       [,3]
                                                  [,4]
               [,1]
## [1,] 0.1932123 -0.4346821 0.9132671 1.7933881
## [2,] -0.4346821 1.1074905 -0.2780863 1.0192055
## [3,] 0.9132671 1.7933881 0.2182885 -1.0465353
## [4,] -0.2780863    1.0192055 -1.0465353    0.3081369
paste("Matrix is symmetric: ",isSymmetric(P),sep="")
## [1] "Matrix is symmetric: FALSE"
visualize_normal_entries(P, normal_args)
```



Non-symmetric Normal Matrices

```
# Set seed
set.seed(23)
# Set parameters
M <- 3
mu <- 1
sd <- 2
# Generate matrixx
P <- RM_normal(M, normal_args = c(mu, sd), symm = F)
paste("Matrix is symmetric: ",isSymmetric(P),sep="")</pre>
```

[1] "Matrix is symmetric: FALSE"

Stochastic Matrices

Sparse

```
# Set seed
set.seed(23)
# Set parameters
M <- 3
mu <- 1
sd <- 2
# Generate matrixx
P <- RM_stoch(M, symm = F, sparsity = T)</pre>
Р
        [,1]
                  [,2]
                             [,3]
## [1,]
          0 0.4019552 0.5980448
## [2,]
        0 1.0000000 0.0000000
         1 0.0000000 0.0000000
## [3,]
paste("Matrix is symmetric: ",isSymmetric(P),sep="")
## [1] "Matrix is symmetric: FALSE"
paste("Matrix is row-stochastic: ",is_row_stochastic(P),sep="")
## [1] "Matrix is row-stochastic: TRUE"
Non-sparse
# Set seed
set.seed(23)
# Set parameters
M <- 3
mu <- 1
sd <- 2
# Generate matrix
P <- RM_stoch(M, symm = F, sparsity = F)</pre>
             [,1]
##
                       [,2]
                                  [,3]
## [1,] 0.5095594 0.1971352 0.2933055
## [2,] 0.3637477 0.4193927 0.2168595
## [3,] 0.3463251 0.3515677 0.3021073
paste("Matrix is symmetric: ",isSymmetric(P),sep="")
## [1] "Matrix is symmetric: FALSE"
paste("Matrix is row-stochastic: ",is_row_stochastic(P),sep="")
## [1] "Matrix is row-stochastic: TRUE"
```

Symmetric Stochastic Matrices

```
# Set seed
set.seed(23)
# Set parameters
M <- 3
# Generate matrix
P <- RM_stoch(M, symm = T, sparsity = T)</pre>
Ρ
             [,1]
                        [,2]
                                  [,3]
## [1,] 0.0000000 0.4019552 0.5980448
## [2,] 0.4019552 0.5980448 0.0000000
## [3,] 0.5980448 0.0000000 0.4019552
paste("Matrix is symmetric: ",isSymmetric(P),sep="")
## [1] "Matrix is symmetric: TRUE"
paste("Matrix is row-stochastic: ",is_row_stochastic(P),sep="")
## [1] "Matrix is row-stochastic: TRUE"
Non-sparse
# Set seed
set.seed(23)
# Set parameters
M <- 3
mu <- 1
sd <- 2
# Generate matrix
P <- RM_stoch(M, symm = T, sparsity = F)</pre>
##
             [,1]
                       [,2]
                                  [,3]
## [1,] 0.5095594 0.1971352 0.2933055
## [2,] 0.1971352 0.5860053 0.2168595
## [3,] 0.2933055 0.2168595 0.4898350
paste("Matrix is symmetric: ",isSymmetric(P),sep="")
## [1] "Matrix is symmetric: TRUE"
paste("Matrix is row-stochastic: ",is_row_stochastic(P),sep="")
## [1] "Matrix is row-stochastic: TRUE"
```

Tridiagonal Matrices

```
# Set seed
set.seed(23)
# Set parameters
M <- 3
# Generate matrix
P <- RM_trid(M)
P

## [1,] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] 0.3864247 1.7933881 0.0000000
## [2,] 1.7933881 -0.8693642 0.9966051
## [3,] 0.0000000 0.9966051 1.8265342

paste("Matrix is symmetric: ",isSymmetric(P),sep="")
## [1] "Matrix is symmetric: TRUE"</pre>
```

p-Sparse Matrices

```
# Set seed
set.seed(23)
# Set parameters
M <- 3
# Set parameters
p <- 0.2
# Generate matrix
P <- RM_erdos(M, p, stoch = F)
paste("Matrix is row-stochastic: ",is_row_stochastic(P),sep="")</pre>
```

[1] "Matrix is row-stochastic: FALSE"

Stochastic p-Sparse Matrices

```
# Set seed
set.seed(23)
# Set parameters
M <- 3
p <- 0.2
# Generate matrix
P <- RM_erdos(M, p, stoch = T)
paste("Matrix is row-stochastic: ",is_row_stochastic(P),sep="")</pre>
```

[1] "Matrix is row-stochastic: TRUE"

Suppose we have a $M \times M$ square matrix \mathbf{P} (for some $M \in \mathbb{N}$) on a field F. We notate $\mathbf{P} \in \mathcal{M}_F[M^2]$. Take $\mathbf{P} \in \mathcal{M}_F[M^2]$.

Structural Properties of Matrices

If P is symmetric, then its upper triangle is equal to the lower triangle.

If P is tridiagonal, then it is a band matrix of width 1.

Entry-wise Properties of Matrices

```
If \mathbf{P} is row-stochastic, then \forall i: \sum_j p_{ij} = 1. 
 \mathrm{RM\_stoch} < \text{-} \mathrm{function}(\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{symm} = \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{sparsity} = \mathrm{F}) \{ \dots \} 
 If \mathbf{P} is \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2), then its entries satisfy p_{ij} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2). 
 \mathrm{RM\_normal} < \text{-} \mathrm{function}(\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{normal\_args} = \mathrm{c}(0,1), \mathrm{symm} = \mathrm{F}) \{ \dots \} 
 If \mathbf{P} is p-\mathrm{sparse}, then \forall i,j \in S_M: p_{ij}/c \sim \mathrm{Bern}(p) for some c \in \mathbb{R}. 
 \mathrm{RM\_erdos} < \text{-} \mathrm{function}(\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{p\_sparse}) \{ \dots \}
```