

CÁLCULO DE FONDOS TORISFÉRICOS

Datos de partida:

Tipo de fondo:

Diámetro exterior:

Material:

Presión de diseño:

Cálculo:

$P =$

$R_{p0,2lt} =$

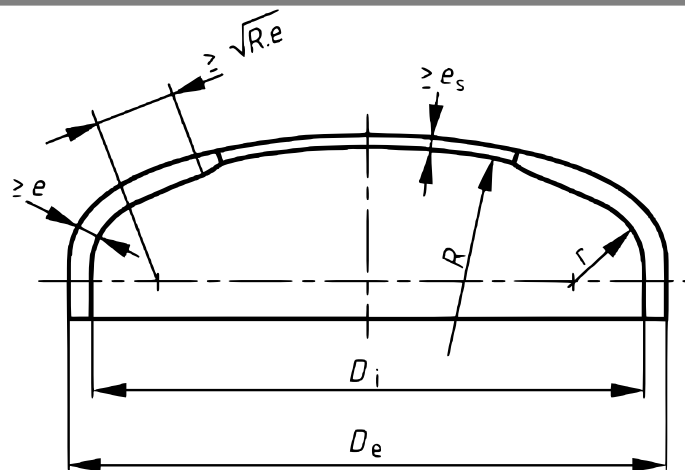
$R =$

$R_{m/20} =$

$$f_d = \text{minimo} \left(\frac{R_{p0,2lt}}{1,5}; \frac{R_{m/20}}{2,4} \right) =$$

$r =$

$z =$



$$e_s = \frac{P \cdot R}{2 \cdot f \cdot z - 0,5 \cdot P} =$$

$$e_y = \frac{\beta \cdot P \cdot (0,75 \cdot R + 0,2 \cdot D_i)}{f} =$$

$\beta =$

$$f_b = \frac{R_{p0,2lt}}{1,5} =$$

$$e_b = (0,75 \cdot R + 0,2 \cdot D_i) \cdot \left[\frac{P}{111 \cdot f_b} \cdot \left(\frac{D_i}{r} \right)^{0,825} \right]^{\frac{1}{1,5}} =$$

$e =$

$D_i =$

$$h_i = R - \sqrt{\left(R - \frac{D_i}{2} \right) \cdot \left(R + \frac{D_i}{2} - 2 \cdot r \right)} =$$

$$P_s = \frac{2 \cdot f \cdot z \cdot e}{R + 0,5 \cdot e} =$$

$$P_y = \frac{f \cdot e}{\beta \cdot (0,75 \cdot R + 0,2 \cdot D_i)} =$$

$$P_b = 111 \cdot f_b \cdot \left(\frac{e}{0,75 \cdot R + 0,2 \cdot D} \right)^{1,5} \cdot \left(\frac{r}{D_i} \right)^{0,825} =$$

$P_{\text{máx}} =$