The latest developments in advanced architectural patterns: a survey

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Abstract—In this document, the common software architectural patterns are brifely discussed. The document further describes latest advancements in service oriented architecture, microservices, reactive programming and resilient software development.

Index Terms—SOA, microservice, reactive programming, resilient software

I. ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN PATTERNS

Large enterprise needs software that scales with ever chaging and increasing needs of the business. Selecting the right architecture before diving into the actual work is crucial to the success of the application and enterprise. This section explores various architectural patterns used in the industry. The pros and cons will be discussed for each of the pattern.

A. Layered architecture

It is the most common architecture style, that organize similar modules into horizontal layers. The layers are independent of others and inteact using exported APIs. An application can be designed using any number of layers. The network protocol stack is a good example of layered architecture. The in upper layer is transmitted to lower layers using encapsulated packets. A layer don't have to know the inner working of other layer and communication happens through a set of APIs exposed by each layer. Another example of bussiness application, that is divided into presentation, logic and data tiers. Following of some of the benefits offered by this architecture.

- Layers can be developed and tested independently.
- Changes made in one layer doesn't affect the other layer, hence maintainable.
- · Low coupling and high cohesion
- Lower layers have no dependency on higher layer and hence reusable.

The disadvantages can be summarized as follow.

 A change to any component may trigger a redeployment of the entire application.

Identify applicable funding agency here. If none, delete this.

- Each layer can have separate physical deployment or an entire application can be replicated. It is too coarse grained from deployment perspective.
- Communication across layers can be a performance bottleneck for certain applications.

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$$a + b = \gamma \tag{1}$$

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An excellent style manual for science writers is [7].

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TABLE I TABLE TYPE STYLES

Table	Table Column Head		
Head	Table column subhead	Subhead	Subhead
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^aSample of a Table footnote.

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Fig. 1. Example of a figure caption.

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ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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