## Chapter 2 Section 3

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**Problem 1.** Calculate the matrix product

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 7 \\ 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 7 \\ 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6*1+7*3 & 6*2+7*5 \\ 8*1+9*3 & 8*2+9*5 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 27 & 47 \\ 35 & 61 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Problem 2.** Compute the products BA and AB for

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Interpret your answers geometrically, as composites of linear transformation.

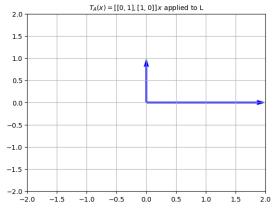
**Solution.** Let  $T_A(\vec{x}) = A\vec{x}$  and  $T_B(\vec{y}) = B\vec{y}$ . We can write

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} T_A(e_1) & T_A(e_2) \end{bmatrix}$$
$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} T_B(e_1) & T_B(e_2) \end{bmatrix}$$

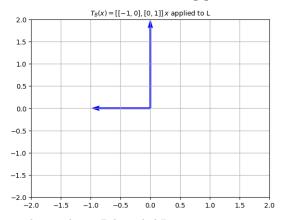
Thus

$$T_A(\vec{e_1}) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, T_A(\vec{e_2}) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$T_B(\vec{e_1}) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, T_B(\vec{e_2}) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

We see that  $T_A$  is a reflection about the line y = x. In other words,  $T_A$  is a reflection about the line spanned by the vector  $\vec{w} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .



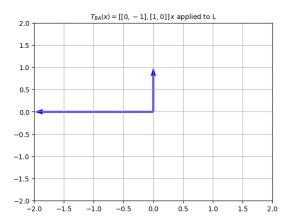
We see that  $T_B$  is a reflection about the line x = 0. In other words,  $T_B$  is a reflection about the line spanned by the vector  $\vec{w} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .



Now let's compute the products BA and AB.

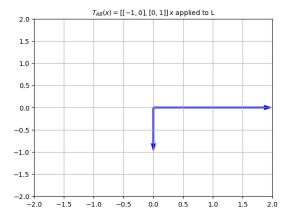
$$BA = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

The product BA is a rotation matrix that rotates a vector ninety degrees counterclockwise.



$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

The product AB is a rotation matrix that rotates a vector ninety degrees clockwise.



**Problem 3.** Multiply the block matrices

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & | & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & | & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & | & 3 \\ \frac{4}{7} & 5 & | & 6 \\ \hline 7 & 8 & | & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$