

March 31 2023

Problem 1: Compute the following definite integral:

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x^4(1-x)^4}{1+x^2} dx$$

(Source: Putnam)

Solution:

We can expand the numerator and then do long division. This gives us

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^1 \frac{x^4(1-x)^4}{1+x^2} dx &= \int_0^1 \left(x^6 - 4x^5 + 5x^4 - 4x^2 + 4 - \frac{4}{1+x^2} \right) dx \\ &= \left(\frac{x^7}{7} - \frac{2x^6}{3} + x^5 - \frac{4x^3}{3} + 4x - 4 \tan^{-1} x \right) \bigg|_0^1 \\ &= \frac{1}{7} - \frac{2}{3} + 1 - \frac{4}{3} + 4 - 4 \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} \\ &= \frac{1}{7} - \frac{6}{3} + 1 + 4 - \pi \\ &= \frac{1}{7} + 3 - \pi \\ &= \boxed{\frac{22}{7} - \pi} \end{aligned}$$