Problem 4: Find the roots of $g(z)=z^6+z^4+z^2+1$. (Source: AoPS Precalculus)

Let
$$u = z^2$$
. Then $g(z) = u^3 + u^2 + u + 1$ and $ug(z) = u^4 + u^3 + u^2 + u$.

Subtracting the first equation from the second, we get

$$ug(z) - g(z) = u^4 - 1$$

 $g(z)(u-1) = u^4 - 1$
 $g(z) = \frac{u^4 - 1}{u-1}$ provided $z \neq 1$ and $z \neq -1$
 $g(z) = \frac{(z^2)^4 - 1}{z^2 - 1}$
 $g(z) = \frac{z^8 - 1}{z^2 - 1}$

The roots of g(z) are all of the 8th roots of unity except for ± 1 .

$$z = \{e^{2\pi i/8}, e^{4\pi i/8}, e^{6\pi i/8}, e^{10\pi i/8}, e^{12\pi i/8}, e^{14\pi i/8}\}$$