Problem 4: Let c>0 be a real number. Prove that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{(cn)^n}$ converges if $c>\frac{1}{e}$ and diverges if $c<\frac{1}{e}$.

We can use the Ratio Test.

$$r = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\frac{(n+1)!}{(c(n+1))^{n+1}}}{\frac{n!}{(cn)^n}}$$
$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{n^n}{c(n+1)^n}$$
$$= \frac{1}{c} \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)^n$$

Let $y = \left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)^n$. Then

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \log y = \lim_{n \to \infty} n \log \frac{n}{n+1}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\log \frac{n}{n+1}}{\frac{1}{n}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\frac{n+1}{n} \left(\frac{n+1-n}{(n+1)^2}\right)}{-n^{-2}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{n(n+1)}}{-\frac{1}{n^2}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} -\frac{n}{n+1}$$

$$= -1$$

Now

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} y = \lim_{n \to \infty} e^{\log y} = e^{\lim_{n \to \infty} \log y} = e^{-1} = \frac{1}{e}$$

So

$$r = \frac{1}{c} \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n+1} \right)^n$$
$$= \frac{1}{ec}$$

Now let's find the values of c for which $r = \frac{1}{ec} < 1$.

$$\frac{1}{ec} < 1 \iff \frac{1}{c} < e \iff c > \frac{1}{e}$$

Thus the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{(cn)^n}$ converges for $c > \frac{1}{e}$ and diverges for $c < \frac{1}{e}$ by the Ratio Test.