model_HA_DLag_ad.R

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Sat May 27 13:17:05 2017

```
library(MASS)
library(car)
library(DataCombine) # Pair wise correlation
library(stargazer)
library(dplyr)
                    # Data aggregation
library(glmnet)
source('./atchircUtils.r')
       <- read.csv('./intrim/eleckart.csv')
data
# KPI selection
# units, product_mrp, list_mrp, COD, Prepaid are factors
# Insig : Affiliates corr OnlineMarketing
# Insig : Radio corr Other
# Insig : Digitial, ContentMarketing corr SEM
# delivery(b/c)days are corr, lets choose deliverycdays
# will use marketing levers rather TotalInvestment
# Filter significant KPIs
model_data <- subset(data, product_analytic_sub_category=='HomeAudio',</pre>
                   select = -c(product_analytic_sub_category,product_mrp,
                              units, COD, Prepaid, deliverybdays,
                              TotalInvestment, Affiliates, Radio, Digital,
                              ContentMarketing,sla,procurement_sla))
model_data_org <- model_data</pre>
model_data[,c(8:12)] <- model_data[,c(8:12)]*10000000
# #
                    FEATURE ENGINEERING -PASS2 ----
# # . . . List Price Inflation ----
model_data$chnglist <- c(0,diff(model_data$list_mrp))</pre>
# # . . . Discount Inflation ----
model_data$chngdisc <- c(0,diff(model_data$discount))</pre>
# # . . . Ad Stock ----
model_data$adTV
                           <- as.numeric(
 stats::filter(model_data$TV,filter=0.5,method='recursive'))
model_data$adSponsorship <- as.numeric(</pre>
```

```
stats::filter(model_data$Sponsorship,filter=0.5,method='recursive'))
model_data$adOnlineMarketing <- as.numeric(</pre>
  stats::filter(model_data$OnlineMarketing,filter=0.5,method='recursive'))
model data$adSEM
                               <- as.numeric(
  stats::filter(model_data$SEM,filter=0.5,method='recursive'))
model data$adOther
                               <- as.numeric(
  stats::filter(model_data$0ther,filter=0.5,method='recursive'))
# Prune regular
model_data <- subset(model_data,select = -c(TV,Sponsorship,</pre>
                                              OnlineMarketing,
                                              SEM, Other))
# # . . . Lag independent variables----
# # Lag weekly avg discount by 1 week
model_data$laggmv
                         <- data.table::shift(model_data$gmv)</pre>
model_data$lagdiscount <- data.table::shift(model_data$discount)</pre>
model_data$lagdeliverycdays <- data.table::shift(model_data$deliverycdays)</pre>
                         <- data.table::shift(model_data$adTV)</pre>
model_data$lagTV
model_data$lagSponsorship <- data.table::shift(model_data$adSponsorship)</pre>
model_data$lagOnlineMar <- data.table::shift(model_data$adOnlineMarketing)</pre>
model_data$lagSEM
                           <- data.table::shift(model_data$adSEM)</pre>
                          <- data.table::shift(model data$adOther)</pre>
model_data$lagOther
model_data$lagNPS
                           <- data.table::shift(model_data$NPS)</pre>
model data$laglist mrp
                           <- data.table::shift(model data$list mrp)</pre>
model data$lagChnglist <- data.table::shift(model data$chnglist)</pre>
model_data$lagChngdisc <- data.table::shift(model_data$chngdisc)</pre>
```

```
**PROCs:**
```

Linear, Ridge and Lasso Model are wrapped with abstract functions. This would facilitate readable code for model building and Model otpimization. Set Class definitions

Finding min lambda from 1000 iterations Function to find Min Lambda using bootstrap method. minlambda identified over 1000 cross validation trails. observed minlambda used for Ridge and Lasso regression.

Linear Model with Regularization Wrapper function for Ridge and Lasso regression. functions performs Ridge/Lasso regression and returns R2, Model and Predicted values as atcglmnet object

```
atcLmReg <- function(x,y,1112,folds) {
    # l1l2 = 0 for L1, 1 for L2

if (1112) { # Lasso/L2
    min_lambda <- findMinLambda(x,y,1,folds)
} else { # Ridge/L1
    min_lambda <- findMinLambda(x,y,0,folds)
}
mdl <- glmnet(x,y,alpha=1112,lambda = min_lambda)</pre>
```

```
pred <- predict(mdl,s= min_lambda,newx=x)

# MSE
mean((pred-y)^2)
R2 <- 1 - (sum((y-pred )^2)/sum((y-mean(pred))^2))
return(new('atcglmnet', R2 = R2, mdl=mdl, pred=pred))
}</pre>
```

MODELING

Linear Model:

```
##
## Linear Regression Results
##
                                 Dependent variable:
##
##
                           (1)
                                                   (2)
## ------
                 336,682.600* (180,400.300) 290,411.700* (172,082.800)
3,326.815** (1,583.111) 3,283.593** (1,539.487)
217,219.500*** (51,306.430) 228,479.000*** (48,634.130)
## n_saledays
## chnglist
## chngdisc
## adSponsorship
                      0.014* (0.008)
                                               0.006* (0.003)
## adOther
                      0.006 (0.019)
## lagSponsorship
                       -0.007 (0.010)
## lagOnlineMar
                      0.017 (0.015)
                                              0.019* (0.011)
## lagSEM
                      0.0004 (0.019)
                    0.003 (0.019)
## lagOther
                 86,401.720* (48,137.400) 90,909.710* (46,736.960)
## lagChngdisc
                4,825,223.000*** (871,313.700) 5,040,480.000*** (801,989.800)
## Constant
## Observations
                            49
## R2
                           0.645
                                                   0.627
## Adjusted R2
                           0.540
                                                   0.563
## Residual Std. Error 1,822,386.000 (df = 37)
                                           1,776,226.000 (df = 41)
                                           9.830*** (df = 7; 41)
## F Statistic 6.120*** (df = 11; 37)
## Note:
                                            *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01
```

knitr::kable(viewModelSummaryVIF(step_mdl))

var	Estimate	Std.Error	t-value	$\Pr(> t)$	Significance	vif
adSponsorship	6.071 e-03	3.139e-03	1.934	0.06002		1.406512

var	Estimate	Std.Error	t-value	$\Pr(> t)$	Significance	vif
chngdisc	2.285e + 05	4.863e + 04	4.698	2.95e-05	***	1.461986
chnglist	3.284e + 03	1.539e + 03	2.133	0.03897	*	1.155502
lagChngdisc	9.091e+04	4.674e + 04	1.945	0.05864		1.350122
lagOnlineMar	1.894 e-02	1.056e-02	1.795	0.08006		1.882258
$n_saledays$	2.904e+05	1.721e + 05	1.688	0.09908		1.182246
week	-7.558e + 04	2.208e + 04	-3.423	0.00142	**	1.622559

```
pred_lm <- predict(step_mdl, model_data)</pre>
```

Regularized Linear Model:

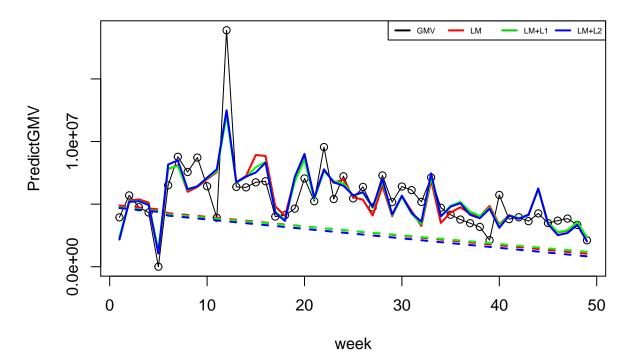
```
x = as.matrix(subset(model_data, select=-gmv))
y = as.vector(model_data$gmv)

ridge_out <- atcLmReg(x,y,0,3) # x, y, alpha, nfolds
lasso_out <- atcLmReg(x,y,1,3) # x, y, alpha, nfolds</pre>
```

PLOTTING MODEL RESULTS

Plot Model prediction and base sales:

HomeAudio Distribute Lag Model - Final



```
*
```

```
*Model Coefficients:**
coeff_lm <- as.data.frame(as.matrix(coef(step_mdl)))</pre>
coeff_l1 <- as.data.frame(as.matrix(coef(ridge_out@mdl)))</pre>
coeff_12 <- as.data.frame(as.matrix(coef(lasso_out@mdl)))</pre>
lm_df=data.frame('x'=rownames(coeff_lm),'y'=coeff_lm)
colnames(lm df) = c('coeff','lm')
11_df=data.frame('x'=rownames(coeff_l1),'y'=coeff_l1)
colnames(l1_df)= c('coeff','l1')
12_df=data.frame('x'=rownames(coeff_12),'y'=coeff_12)
colnames(12_df) <- c('coeff','12')</pre>
smry <- merge(lm_df,l1_df,all = TRUE)</pre>
smry <- merge(smry,12_df,all=TRUE)</pre>
print(smry)
##
                                               11
               coeff
                                lm
## 1
         (Intercept) 5.040480e+06 4.880196e+06 4.837104e+06
## 2
             adOther
                                NA 4.731087e-03 6.222712e-03
## 3
       adSponsorship 6.071219e-03 9.983133e-03 1.370185e-02
## 4
            chngdisc 2.284790e+05 2.040410e+05 2.170890e+05
## 5
            chnglist 3.283593e+03 3.028442e+03 3.311031e+03
## 6
         lagChngdisc 9.090971e+04 7.739293e+04 8.602225e+04
## 7
        lagOnlineMar 1.894473e-02 1.367702e-02 1.723475e-02
## 8
            lag0ther
                                NA 4.273968e-03 3.014204e-03
## 9
              lagSEM
                                NA -1.115231e-03 0.000000e+00
## 10 lagSponsorship
                                NA -2.417106e-03 -6.937415e-03
## 11
          n_saledays 2.904117e+05 3.246721e+05 3.348200e+05
## 12
                week -7.557616e+04 -6.954235e+04 -7.560628e+04
print(paste0('Ridge regression R2 : ',ridge_out@R2))
## [1] "Ridge regression R2 : 0.63883048037934"
print(paste0('Lasso regression R2 : ',lasso_out@R2))
## [1] "Lasso regression R2 : 0.645282465837913"
print(paste0('Linear Mode
                               R2 : ',getModelR2(step_mdl)))
## [1] "Multiple R-squared: 0.6266, \tAdjusted R-squared: 0.5629"
## [1] "Linear Mode
                         R2 : Multiple R-squared: 0.6266, \tAdjusted R-squared: 0.5629 "
```

Significant KPI

Lasso(LM+L2) regression results a simple explainable model with significant KPIs as Discount Inflation, Deliverycday, sale days, Sponsorship week, discount,

```
# Model Optimization
                                             12
#coeff
                 lm
                               11
#1
       (Intercept) 5.040480e+06 4.880196e+06 4.837104e+06
#2
          adOther
                             NA 4.731087e-03 6.222712e-03
    adSponsorship 6.071219e-03 9.983133e-03 1.370185e-02
#3
         chngdisc 2.284790e+05 2.040410e+05 2.170890e+05
#4
#5
         chnqlist 3.283593e+03 3.028442e+03 3.311031e+03
       lagChngdisc 9.090971e+04 7.739293e+04 8.602225e+04
#6
#7
      lagOnlineMar 1.894473e-02 1.367702e-02 1.723475e-02
         lagOther
                             NA 4.273968e-03 3.014204e-03
#8
#9
           lagSEM
                             NA -1.115231e-03 0.000000e+00
                             NA -2.417106e-03 -6.937415e-03
#10 lagSponsorship
       n_saledays 2.904117e+05 3.246721e+05 3.348200e+05
#11
#12
             week -7.557616e+04 -6.954235e+04 -7.560628e+04
#[1] "Ridge regression R2 : 0.63883048037934"
#[1] "Lasso regression R2 : 0.645282465837913"
#[1] "Multiple R-squared: 0.6266, \tAdjusted R-squared: 0.5629 "
#[1] "Linear Mode R2 : Multiple R-squared: 0.6266, \tAdjusted R-squared: 0.5629 "
```