```
# Code by Sarah Wiegreffe (saw@gatech.edu)
# Fall 2019
import numpy as np
import torch
from torch import nn
import random
###### Do not modify these imports.
class ClassificationTransformer(nn.Module):
    A single-layer Transformer which encodes a sequence of text and
    performs binary classification.
    The model has a vocab size of V, works on
    sequences of length T, has an hidden dimension of H, uses word
vectors
    also of dimension H, and operates on minibatches of size N.
    def __init__(self, word_to_ix, hidden_dim=128, num_heads=2,
dim feedforward=2048, dim k=96, dim v=96, dim q=96, max length=43):
        :param word to ix: dictionary mapping words to unique indices
        :param hidden dim: the dimensionality of the output embeddings
that go into the final layer
        :param num heads: the number of Transformer heads to use
        :param dim feedforward: the dimension of the feedforward network
model
        :param dim k: the dimensionality of the key vectors
        :param dim q: the dimensionality of the query vectors
        :param dim v: the dimensionality of the value vectors
        1 1 1
        super(ClassificationTransformer, self). init ()
        assert hidden dim % num heads == 0
        self.num heads = num heads
        self.word embedding dim = hidden dim
        self.hidden dim = hidden dim
        self.dim feedforward = dim feedforward
        self.max length = max length
        self.vocab size = len(word to ix)
        self.dim k = dim k
        self.dim v = dim v
        self.dim q = dim q
        seed torch(0)
```

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# Deliverable 1: Initialize what you need for the embedding
lookup (1 line). #
      # Hint: you will need to use the max length parameter above.
#####
     self.token embeddings =
nn.Embedding(num embeddings=self.vocab size,embedding dim=self.hidden dim
     self.positional embeddings =
nn.Embedding(num embeddings=self.max length,embedding dim=self.hidden dim
#####
                             END OF YOUR CODE
#####
# Deliverable 2: Initializations for multi-head self-attention.
      # You don't need to do anything here. Do not modify this code.
#####
     # Head #1
     self.k1 = nn.Linear(self.hidden dim, self.dim k)
     self.v1 = nn.Linear(self.hidden_dim, self.dim v)
     self.q1 = nn.Linear(self.hidden dim, self.dim q)
     # Head #2
     self.k2 = nn.Linear(self.hidden dim, self.dim k)
     self.v2 = nn.Linear(self.hidden dim, self.dim v)
     self.q2 = nn.Linear(self.hidden_dim, self.dim_q)
     self.softmax = nn.Softmax(dim=2)
     self.attention head projection = nn.Linear(self.dim v *
self.num heads, self.hidden dim)
     self.norm mh = nn.LayerNorm(self.hidden dim)
```

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#####
    # Deliverable 3: Initialize what you need for the feed-forward
layer.
    # Don't forget the layer normalization.
#####
    self.ffdLayer1 = nn.Linear(self.hidden dim, self.dim feedforward)
    self.reluLayer = nn.ReLU()
    self.ffdLayer2 = nn.Linear(self.dim feedforward,self.hidden dim)
    self.norm ff = nn.LayerNorm(self.hidden dim)
#####
    #
                      END OF YOUR CODE
#####
#####
    # Deliverable 4: Initialize what you need for the final layer (1-
2 lines).
#####
    self.finalLayer = nn.Linear(self.hidden dim,1)
    self.sigmoid = nn.Sigmoid()
#####
                      END OF YOUR CODE
#####
  def forward(self, inputs):
    This function computes the full Transformer forward pass.
    Put together all of the layers you've developed in the correct
order.
```

```
:param inputs: a PyTorch tensor of shape (N,T). These are integer
lookups.
     :returns: the model outputs. Should be normalized scores of shape
(N, 1).
     outputs = None
####
     # Deliverable 5: Implement the full Transformer stack for the
forward pass. #
     # You will need to use all of the methods you have previously
defined above.#
     # You should only be calling ClassificationTransformer class
methods here. #
####
     embeddings = self.embed(inputs)
     multi head attention = self.multi head attention(embeddings)
     ffd layer output = self.feedforward layer(multi head attention)
     outputs = self.final layer(ffd layer output)
#####
                           END OF YOUR CODE
#####
     return outputs
  def embed(self, inputs):
     :param inputs: intTensor of shape (N,T)
     :returns embeddings: floatTensor of shape (N.T.H)
     embeddings = None
####
     # Deliverable 1: Implement the embedding lookup.
     # Note: word to ix has keys from 0 to self.vocab size - 1
     # This will take a few lines.
####
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```
embeddings = self.token embeddings(inputs)
     embeddings +=
self.positional embeddings(torch.arange(inputs.shape[1]))
#####
                             END OF YOUR CODE
      #
#####
     return embeddings
  def multi head attention(self, inputs):
      :param inputs: float32 Tensor of shape (N,T,H)
     :returns outputs: float32 Tensor of shape (N,T,H)
     Traditionally we'd include a padding mask here, so that pads are
ignored.
     This is a simplified implementation.
     outputs = None
####
      # Deliverable 2: Implement multi-head self-attention followed by
add + norm.#
     # Use the provided 'Deliverable 2' layers initialized in the
constructor.
####
     atn1 =
torch.bmm(self.softmax(self.q1(inputs).bmm(self.k1(inputs).transpose(1,2)
)/np.sqrt(self.dim k)),self.v1(inputs))
     atn2 =
torch.bmm(self.softmax(self.q2(inputs).bmm(self.k2(inputs).transpose(1,2)
)/np.sqrt(self.dim k)),self.v2(inputs))
     outputs = self.attention head projection(torch.cat((atn1,atn2),
dim=2)
     outputs = self.norm mh(inputs + outputs)
#####
                             END OF YOUR CODE
#
```

```
#####
     return outputs
  def feedforward layer(self, inputs):
     :param inputs: float32 Tensor of shape (N,T,H)
     :returns outputs: float32 Tensor of shape (N,T,H)
     outputs = None
####
     # Deliverable 3: Implement the feedforward layer followed by add
+ norm.
     # Use a ReLU activation and apply the linear layers in the order
you
     # initialized them.
     # This should not take more than 3-5 lines of code.
####
     ffd1Out = self.ffdLaver1(inputs)
     reluOut = self.reluLaver(ffd1Out)
     ffd2Out = self.ffdLaver2(reluOut)
     outputs = self.norm ff(ffd2Out+inputs)
#####
     #
                          END OF YOUR CODE
#####
     return outputs
  def final layer(self, inputs):
     :param inputs: float32 Tensor of shape (N,T,H)
     :returns outputs: float32 Tensor of shape (N,1)
     outputs = None
# Deliverable 4: Implement the final layer for the Transformer
classifier. #
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# This should not take more than 2 lines of code.
####
     inputs = inputs[:,0,:].squeeze(1)
     final o = self.finalLayer(inputs)
     outputs = self.sigmoid(final o)
#####
                          END OF YOUR CODE
#####
     return outputs
def seed torch(seed=0):
  random.seed(seed)
  np.random.seed(seed)
  torch.manual seed(seed)
  torch.cuda.manual seed(seed)
  torch.backends.cudnn.benchmark = False
  torch.backends.cudnn.deterministic = True
```