# A type system for dynamic instances Delft University of Technology

Albert ten Napel September 4, 2019



#### Outline

1 Effects

- 2 Algebraic effects and handlers
- 3 Miro

#### **Effects**

```
Example
guesses = 0
// guess : () -> Int
def guess():
  global guesses
  n = input("give a number: ")
  guesses += 1
  if n == "42":
    print("you guessed correctly!")
  else:
    print("wrong number")
  return guesses
```





# Algebraic effect interfaces

```
Example
effect State {
  get : () -> Int
 put : Int -> ()
effect IO {
  input : String -> String
  print : String -> ()
}
```



# Using algebraic effects

```
Example
guess : () -> Int!{State, I0}
guess () =
  n <- #input("give a number: ");</pre>
  x <- #get();
  #put(x + 1);
  if n == "42" then
    #print("you guessed correctly!")
  else:
    #print("wrong number");
  guesses <- #get();</pre>
  return guesses
```



## Handling algebraic effects

```
Example
handleGuessIO : (List Int)!{State}
handleGuessIO =
  handle( guess() ) {
    input msg k -> (k "13") ++ (k "42")
    print msg k -> k ()
    return x -> return [x]
}
```





#### Multiple state cells

```
Example
effect State1 {
  get1 : () -> Int
  put1 : Int -> ()
effect State2 {
  get2 : () -> Int
 put2 : Int -> ()
}
```



## Dynamic effect instances

```
Example
r1 <- new State;
r2 <- new State;
handle#r1 (
    x <- r1#get();
    r2#put (x + 1)
) { ... }</pre>
```



#### **Escaping instances**

```
Example
escape ref =
  return \() -> ref#get ()

escaped =
  ref <- new State;
  fn <- handle#ref (escape ref) { ... };
  return fn</pre>
```





# Miro - Creating instances

```
Example
effect Config {
  get : () -> Int
}
makeConfig : forall s. Int -> (Inst s Config)!{s}
makeConfig [s] v =
  new Config@s {
    get () k -> k v
    return x -> return x
    finally x \rightarrow x
  } as x in return x
```



## Miro - Using and handling instances

