



# Hands-on Lab : Sub-queries and Nested SELECTs

**Estimated time needed:** 20 minutes

In this lab, you will run through some SQL practice problems that will provide hands-on experience with nested SQL SELECT statements (also known as Sub-queries).

**How does a typical Nested SELECT statement syntax look?**

```
SELECT column_name [, column_name ]
FROM table1 [, table2 ]
WHERE column_name OPERATOR
      (SELECT column_name [, column_name ]
      FROM table1 [, table2 ]
      WHERE condition);
```

## Software Used in this Lab

In this lab, you will use an [IBM Db2 Database](#). Db2 is a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) from IBM, designed to store, analyze and retrieve data efficiently.

To complete this lab you will utilize a Db2 database service on IBM Cloud. If you did not already complete this lab task earlier in this module, you will not yet have access to Db2 on IBM Cloud, and you will need to follow the lab below first:

- [Hands-on Lab : Sign up for IBM Cloud, Create Db2 service instance and Get started with the Db2 console](#)

## Database Used in this Lab

The database used in this lab is an internal database. You will be working on a sample HR database. This HR database schema consists of 5 tables called **EMPLOYEES**, **JOB\_HISTORY**, **JOBS**, **DEPARTMENTS** and **LOCATIONS**. Each table has a few rows of sample data. The following diagram shows the tables for the HR database:

## SAMPLE HR DATABASE TABLES

EMPLOYEES

EMP_ID	F_NAME	L_NAME	SSN	B_DATE	SEX	ADDRESS	JOB_ID	SALARY	MANAGER_ID	DEP_ID
E1001	John	Thomas	123456	1976-01-09	M	5631 Rice, Oak Park, IL	100	100000	30001	2
E1002	Alice	James	123457	1972-07-31	F	980 Berry Ln, Elgin, IL	200	80000	30002	5
E1003	Steve	Wells	123458	1980-08-10	M	291 Springs, Gary, IL	300	50000	30002	5

JOB\_HISTORY

EMPL_ID	START_DATE	JOB_ID	DEPT_ID
E1001	2000-01-30	100	2
E1002	2010-08-16	200	5
E1003	2016-08-10	300	5

JOBS

JOB_ID	JOB_TITLE	MIN_SALARY	MAX_SALARY
100	Sr. Architect	60000	100000
200	Sr. Software Developer	60000	80000
300	Jr. Software Developer	40000	60000

DEPARTMENTS

DEPT_ID	DEPT_NAME	MANAGER_ID	LOC_ID
2	Architect Group	30001	L0001
5	Software Development	30002	L0002
7	Design Team	30003	L0003
5	Software	30004	L0004

LOCATIONS

LOC_ID	DEPT_ID
L0001	2
L0002	5
L0003	7

**NOTE:** This lab requires you to have all 5 of these tables of the HR database populated with sample data on Db2. If you didn't complete the earlier lab in this module, you won't have the tables above populated with sample data on Db2, so you will need to go through the lab below first:

- [Hands-on Lab : Create tables using SQL scripts and Load data into tables](#)

## Objectives

After completing this lab you will be able to:

- Write SQL queries that demonstrate the necessity of using sub-queries
- Compose sub-queries in the where clause
- Build Column Expressions (i.e. sub-query in place of a column)
- Write Table Expressions (i.e. sub-query in place of a table)

## Instructions

When you approach the exercises in this lab, follow the instructions to run the queries on Db2:

- Go to the [Resource List](#) of IBM Cloud by logging in where you can find the Db2 service instance that you created in a previous lab under **Services** section. Click on the **Db2-xx service**. Next, open the Db2 Console by clicking on **Open Console** button. Click on the 3-bar menu icon in the top left corner and go to the **Run SQL** page. The Run SQL tool enables you to run SQL statements.
  - If needed, follow [Hands-on Lab : Sign up for IBM Cloud, Create Db2 service instance and Get started with the Db2 console](#)

## Exercise:

1. Problem:

*Execute a failing query (i.e. one which gives an error) to retrieve all employees records whose salary is lower than the average salary.*

- ▶ Hint
- ▶ Solution
- ▶ Output

2. Problem:

*Execute a working query using a sub-select to retrieve all employees records whose salary is lower than the average salary.*

- ▶ Hint
- ▶ Solution
- ▶ Output

3. Problem:

*Execute a failing query (i.e. one which gives an error) to retrieve all employees records with EMP\_ID, SALARY and maximum salary as MAX\_SALARY in every row.*

- ▶ Hint
- ▶ Solution
- ▶ Output

4. Problem:

*Execute a Column Expression that retrieves all employees records with EMP\_ID, SALARY and maximum salary as MAX\_SALARY in every row.*

- ▶ Hint
- ▶ Solution
- ▶ Output

5. Problem:

*Execute a Table Expression for the EMPLOYEES table that excludes columns with sensitive employee data (i.e. does not include columns: SSN, B\_DATE, SEX, ADDRESS, SALARY).*

- ▶ Hint
- ▶ Solution
- ▶ Output

## Solution Script

If you would like to run all the solution queries of the SQL problems in this lab with a script, download the script below. Upload the script to the Db2 console and run it. Follow [Hands-on Lab : Create tables using SQL scripts and Load data into tables](#) on how to upload a script to Db2 console and run it.

- [SubQueries\\_Solution\\_Script.sql](#)

**Congratulations! You have completed this lab, and you are ready for the next topic.**

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## Other Contributor(s)

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## Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2020-12-25	2.1	Steve Ryan	ID Reviewed
2020-12-10	2.0	Sandip Saha Joy	Created revised version from DB0201EN
2020	1.0	Rav Ahuja	Created initial version

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