

# Hands-on Lab: Using Views

#### Estimated time needed: 10 minutes

In this lab, you will learn about using views. In SQL, a view is an alternative way of representing data that exists in one or more tables. Just like a real table, it contains rows and columns. The fields in a view are fields from one or more real tables in the database. Though views can be queried like a table, views are dynamic; only the definition of the view is stored, not the data.

#### How does the syntax of a CREATE VIEW statement look?

```
CREATE VIEW view_name AS
SELECT column1, column2, ...
FROM table_name
WHERE condition;
```

#### How does the syntax of a REPLACE VIEW statement look?

```
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW view_name AS
SELECT column1, column2, ...
FROM table_name
WHERE condition;
```

#### How does the syntax of a DROP VIEW statement look?

```
DROP VIEW view_name;
```

#### Software Used in this Lab

In this lab, you will use <u>IBM Db2 Database</u>. Db2 is a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) from IBM, designed to store, analyze and retrieve the data efficiently.

To complete this lab you will utilize a Db2 database service on IBM Cloud. If you did not already complete this lab task earlier in this module, you will not yet have access to Db2 on IBM Cloud, and you will need to follow the lab below first:

Hands-on Lab: Sign up for IBM Cloud, Create Db2 service instance and Get started with the Db2 console

#### Database Used in this Lab

The database used in this lab is an internal database. You will be working on a sample HR database. This HR database schema consists of 5 tables called **EMPLOYEES**, **JOB\_HISTORY**, **JOBS**, **DEPARTMENTS** and **LOCATIONS**. Each table has a few rows of sample data. The following diagram shows the tables for the HR database:

#### SAMPLE HR DATABASE TABLES **EMPLOYEES** L\_NAME SEX ADDRESS EMP\_ID B\_DATE JOB\_ID SALARY MANAGER ID DEP\_ID E1001 John 123456 1976-01-09 5631 Rice, Oak Park, IL 100 100000 30001 Thomas E1002 James 123457 1972-07-31 980 Berry In, Elgin,IL 200 291 Springs, Gary, IL E1003 Steve Wells 123458 1980-08-10 50000 30002 JOB\_HISTORY JOBS EMPL ID JOB IDENT JOB\_TITLE START DATE DEPT ID 2000-01-30 100 Sr. Architect 60000 100000 E1002 2010-08-16 200 5 Sr.SoftwareDeveloper 60000 80000 E1003 2016-08-10 Jr.SoftwareDeveloper **DEPARTMENTS** LOCATIONS DEPT\_ID\_DEP DEP\_NAME MANAGER\_ID LOC\_ID LOCT\_ID DEP\_ID\_LOC L0001 Architect Group 30001 Software Development 30002 L0002 L0003 30003 L0003 Design Team L0004

**NOTE:** This lab requires you to have all 5 of these tables of the HR database populated with sample data on Db2. If you don't have the tables above populated with sample data on Db2, please go through the lab below first:

• Hands-on Lab: Create tables using SQL scripts and Load data into tables

## **Objectives**

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Create a View and show a selection of data for a given table
- Update a View to combine two or more tables in meaningful ways
- Drop a created View

#### Instructions

When you approach the exercises in this lab, follow the instructions to run the queries on Db2:

- Go to the <u>Resource List</u> of IBM Cloud by logging in where you can find the Db2 service instance that you created in a previous lab under <u>Services</u> section. Click on the <u>Db2-xx service</u>. Next, open the Db2 Console by clicking on <u>Open Console</u> button. Click on the 3-bar menu icon in the top left corner and go to the <u>Run SQL</u> page. The Run SQL tool enables you to run SQL statements.
  - o If needed, follow Hands-on Lab: Sign up for IBM Cloud, Create Db2 service instance and Get started with the Db2 console

## **Exercise 1: Create a View**

In this exercise, you will create a View and show a selection of data for a given table.

Let's create a view called EMPSALARY to display salary along with some basic sensitive data of employees from the HR
database. To create the EMPSALARY view from the EMPLOYEES table, copy the code below and paste it to the textbox of the
Run SQL page. Click Run all.

```
CREATE VIEW EMPSALARY AS

SELECT EMP_ID, F_NAME, L_NAME, B_DATE, SEX, SALARY

FROM EMPLOYEES;

Result - Dec 14, 2020 11... 

Result - Dec 14, 2020 11... 

CREATE VIEW EMPSALARY AS

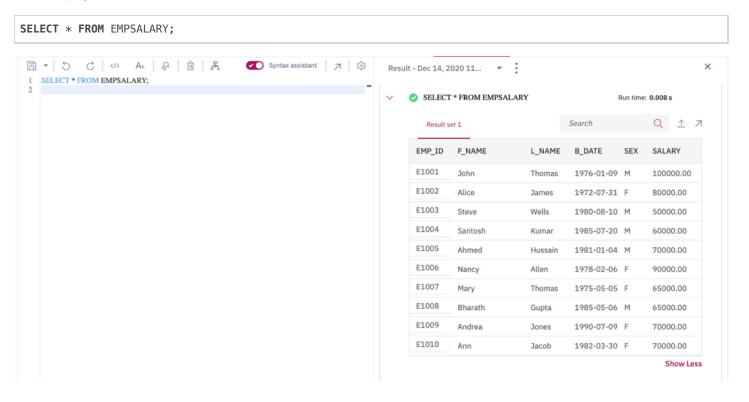
SELECT EMP_ID, F_NAME, L_NAME, B_DATE, SEX, SALARY

PROM EMPLOYEES;

CREATE VIEW EMPSALARY AS SELECT EMP_... Run time: 0.018 s

Status: Success | Affected Rows: 0
```

2. Using SELECT, query the **EMPSALARY** view to retrieve all the records. Copy the code below and paste it to the textbox of the **Run SQL** page. Click **Run all**.



# **Exercise 2: Update a View**

In this exercise, you will update a View to combine two or more tables in meaningful ways.

1. It now seems that the **EMPSALARY** view we created in exercise 1 doesn't contain enough salary information, such as max/min salary and the job title of the employees. Let's update the **EMPSALARY** view:

- o combining two tables EMPLOYEES and JOBS so that we can display our desired information from the HR database.
- including the columns JOB\_TITLE, MIN\_SALARY, MAX\_SALARY of the JOBS table as well as excluding the SALARY
  column of the EMPLOYEES table.

Copy the code below and paste it to the textbox of the Run SQL page. Click Run all.

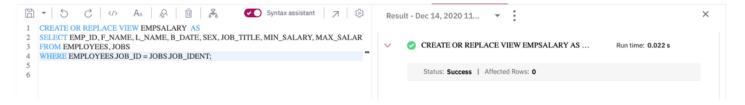
```
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW EMPSALARY AS

SELECT EMP_ID, F_NAME, L_NAME, B_DATE, SEX, JOB_TITLE, MIN_SALARY, MAX_SALARY

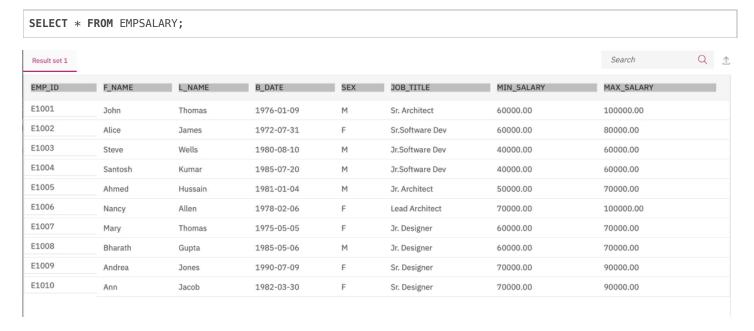
FROM EMPLOYEES, JOBS

WHERE EMPLOYEES.JOB_ID = JOBS.JOB_IDENT;
```

**NOTE:** Don't worry if you don't understand how to combine to two tables using implicit inner join. You will learn more about joins later on. For now, just think you are combining the data of two different tables, **EMPLOYEES** and **JOBS** by connecting their respective columns **JOB\_ID** and **JOB\_IDENT** since both the columns contain common unique data. You can have a look at the diagram (at the beginning of the lab) showing the tables for the HR database to observe how the **JOB\_ID** and **JOB\_IDENT** columns from the **EMPLOYEES** and **JOBS** tables respectively contain common unique data.



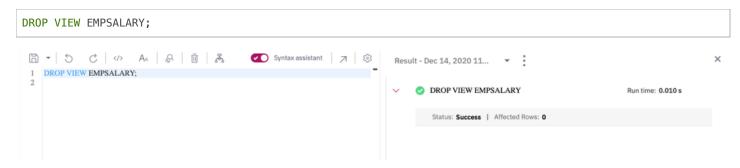
2. Using SELECT, query the updated **EMPSALARY** view to retrieve all the records. Copy the code below and paste it to the textbox of the **Run SQL** page. Click **Run all**.



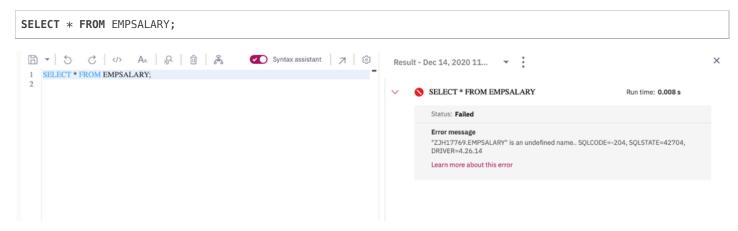
# **Exercise 3: Drop a View**

In this exercise, you will drop a created View.

1. Let's delete the created EMPSALARY view. Copy the code below and paste it to the textbox of the Run SQL page. Click Run all.



2. Using SELECT, you can verify whether the **EMPSALARY** view has been deleted or not. Copy the code below and paste it to the textbox of the **Run SQL** page. Click **Run all**.



Congratulations! You have completed this lab, and you are ready for the next topic.

## Author(s)

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## Other Contributor(s)

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### Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2020-12-24	1.1	Steve Ryan	ID reviewed

2020-12-14 1.0 Sandip Saha Joy Created initial version

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