HW10

Alex Parra

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```
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse 1.3.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.5  v purrr  0.3.4
## v tibble 3.1.6  v dplyr  1.0.7
## v tidyr  1.2.0  v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr  2.1.2  v forcats 0.5.1

## -- Conflicts ------- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
```

Problem 1

```
y <- c(1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 3, 3)

x1 <- c(-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3)

x2 <- c(5, 0, -3, -4, -3, 0, 5)

x3 <- c(-1, 1, 1, 0, -1, -1, 1)

df <- data.frame(y, x1, x2, x3)

df

## y x1 x2 x3

## 1 1 -3 5 -1

## 2 0 -2 0 1

## 3 0 -1 -3 1

## 4 1 0 -4 0

## 5 2 1 -3 -1

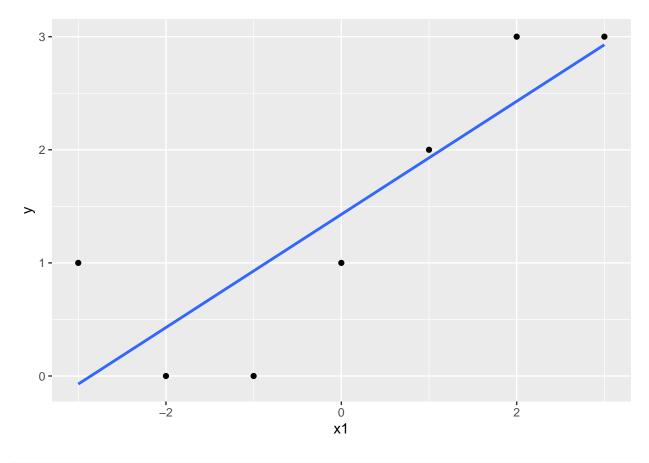
## 6 3 2 0 -1

## 7 3 3 5 1
```

Part (a)

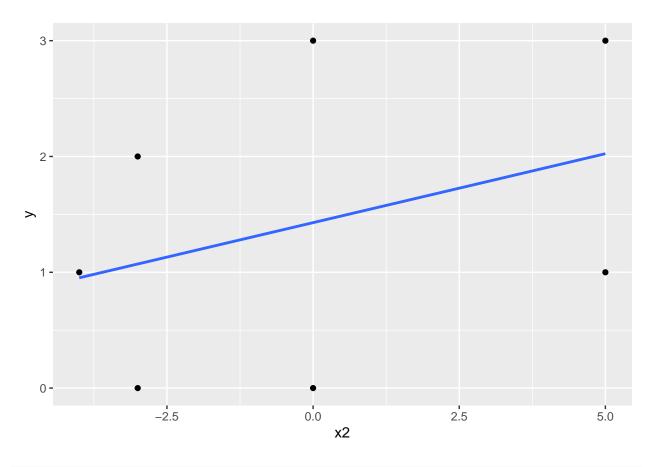
```
m1 <- lm(y ~ x1 + x2 + x3, data = df)
summary(m1)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y \sim x1 + x2 + x3, data = df)
## Residuals:
##
                             3
                                               5
          1
## -0.02381 0.07143 -0.07143 0.04762 -0.07143 0.07143 -0.02381
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.42857
                            0.03367
                                     42.43 2.88e-05 ***
                            0.01684
                                      29.70 8.38e-05 ***
                0.50000
## x1
                0.11905
                            0.00972
                                     12.25 0.001172 **
## x2
## x3
               -0.50000
                            0.03637 -13.75 0.000833 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.08909 on 3 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9975, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9951
## F-statistic: 407 on 3 and 3 DF, p-value: 0.0002058
We get this equation:
                     \hat{y} = 1.42857 + 0.50000 \times x_1 + 0.11905 \times x_2 - 0.50000 \times x_3
ggplot(data = df, aes(x = x1, y = y)) +
 geom_point() +
 stat_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE)
```



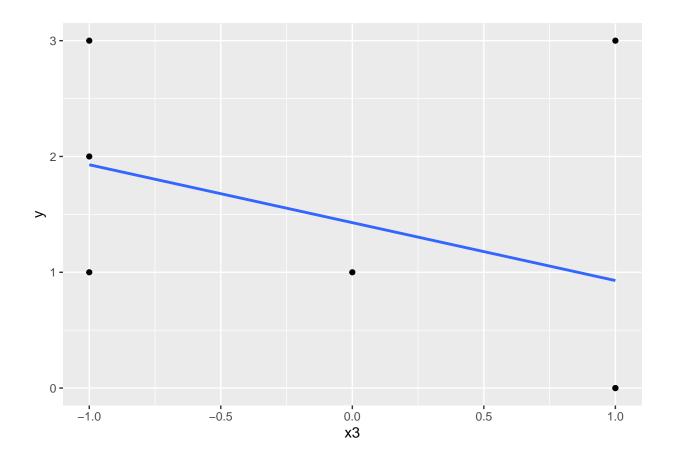
```
ggplot(data = df, aes(x = x2, y = y)) +
geom_point() +
stat_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE)
```

'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'



```
ggplot(data = df, aes(x = x3, y = y)) +
geom_point() +
stat_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE)
```

'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'



Part (b)

```
x_1=1
x_2=-3
x_3=-1
y_hat = 1.42857 + 0.50000 * x_1 + 0.11905 * x_2 -0.50000 * x_3
y_hat
```

[1] 2.07142

Part (c)

```
X = matrix(c(c(1,1,1,1,1,1,1),x1,x2,x3), ncol=4, nrow=7)
Y = matrix(y, ncol=1, nrow=7)
B = matrix(c(1.42857, 0.50000, 0.11905, -0.50000), ncol=1, nrow=4)
SSE=(t(Y)%*%Y)-t(X%*%B)%*%Y
print("SSE: ")
```

```
## [1] "SSE: "
```

```
SSE
##
          [,1]
## [1,] 0.0238
sigma_sq=SSE/(7-3-1)
print("sigma_sq: ")
## [1] "sigma_sq: "
sigma_sq
               [,1]
## [1,] 0.007933333
sigma=sqrt(sigma_sq)
print("sigma: ")
## [1] "sigma: "
sigma
              [,1]
## [1,] 0.08906926
a=matrix(c(1,1,-3,-1), ncol=1, nrow=4)
x=matrix(c(1,-3,-1), ncol=1, nrow=3)
t_alpha=3.182
fix=(t(a)%*%B)
range=t_alpha*sigma*sqrt(1+t(a)%*\%solve(t(X)%*\%X)%*\%a)
##
           [,1]
## [1,] 2.07142
range
            [,1]
## [1,] 0.341561
PI=c(fix-range, fix+range)
print("PI: ")
## [1] "PI: "
```

PT

[1] 1.729859 2.412981