

## Data Structure and Algorithm Practicals

### 6. Demonstration of Linear Queue

```
<html>
<head>
<title>Linear Queue</title>
<script>
class Node
{
    constructor()
    {
        this.data=document.getElementById("inputstr").value;
        this.next=null;
    }
}
class Queue
{
    constructor()
    {
        this.front=null;
        this.rear=null;
    }
    insert()
    {
        var temp=new Node();
        if(this.rear==null)
        {
            this.front=temp;
            this.rear=temp;
        }
        else
        {
            this.rear.next=temp;
            this.rear=temp;
        }
    }
    display()
    {
        if(this.front==null)
        {
            document.getElementById("outputstr").innerHTML="Queue is Empty";
        }
        else
        {
            var curr=this.front;
            var str="Elements of Linear Queue are : <br>Front --> ";
            while(curr!=null)
```

```

        {
            str=str+curr.data+" --> ";
            curr=curr.next;
        }
        document.getElementById("outputstr").innerHTML=str+"Rea
r";
    }
}
delete()
{
    if(this.front==null)
    {
        document.getElementById("outputstr").innerHTML="Queue is E
mpty";
    }
    else
    {
        var temp=this.front;
        this.front=this.front.next;
        if(this.front==null)
        {
            this.rear=null;
        }
        document.getElementById("outputstr").innerHTML="Deleted Ele
ment is : "+temp.data;
    }
}
}
var obj=new Queue();
</script>
</head>
<body>
    <label>Linear Queue Using Linked List :</label>
    <br><br>
    <label>Enter Element Here : </label>
    <input type="text" id="inputstr"/>
    <br><br>
    <button onclick="obj.insert.call(obj)">Insert</button>
    <button onclick="obj.delete.call(obj)">Delete</button>
    <button onclick="obj.display.call(obj)">Display</button>
    <br><br>
    <p id="outputstr"></p>
</body>
</html>

```