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Experiment – 9: AJAX

1) Aim: To study AJAX

2) Theory:

A. How do Synchronous and Asynchronous Requests differ?

Synchronous and asynchronous requests differ in how they interact with the main thread of execution. In a synchronous request, the code execution waits for the response from the server before moving on to the next line of code. This means the browser will be unresponsive until the request completes. On the other hand, an asynchronous request allows the rest of the code to continue running while waiting for the server response. This makes the application more responsive and improves the user experience, as it does not block other operations. Asynchronous requests are commonly used in web applications to update content dynamically without reloading the entire page.

B. Describe various properties and methods used in XMLHttpRequest Object

The XMLHttpRequest object is used to send and receive data asynchronously in web applications. It has several important properties and methods. Key properties include readyState, which shows the state of the request, status and statusText for response status, and responseText to access the returned data. The onreadystatechange property defines a function to be called whenever the readyState changes. Key methods include open() to initialize the request, send() to send it, setRequestHeader() to set HTTP headers, and abort() to cancel the request. These allow developers to create dynamic and interactive web pages without needing to reload the entire page.

3) Problem Statement:

Create a registration page having fields like Name, College, Username and Password (read password twice).

Validate the form by checking for

- 1. Usernameis not same as existing entries
- 2. Name field is not empty
- 3. Retyped password is matching with the earlier one. Prompt a message is

And also auto suggest college names.

Show the message "Successfully Registered" on the same page below the submit button, on Successfully registration. Let all the updations on the page be Asynchronously loaded. Implement the same using XMLHttpRequest Object.

4) Code:

```
Server.php:
<?php
// Simulate existing usernames
$existing usernames = ["john123", "alice", "testuser"];
$name = $ POST['name'] ?? ";
$college = $ POST['college'] ?? ";
$username = $ POST['username'] ?? ";
$password = $ POST['password'] ?? ";
if (in array(strtolower($username), $existing usernames)) {
  echo "Username already taken. Please choose another.";
} else {
  // Simulate saving to DB...
  echo "Successfully Registered";
}
?>
```

```
script.js:
```

```
document.getElementById('regForm').addEventListener('submit', function (e) {
  e.preventDefault(); // Prevent default form submit
  let name = document.getElementById('name').value.trim();
  let college = document.getElementById('college').value.trim();
  let username = document.getElementById('username').value.trim();
  let password = document.getElementById('password').value;
  let repassword = document.getElementByld('repassword').value;
  let message = document.getElementByld('message');
  // Clear message area
  message.textContent = ";
  message.className = ";
  // Basic validation
  if (!name) {
    message.textContent = "Name cannot be empty.";
    message.className = 'error';
    return;
  }
  if (password !== repassword) {
```

```
message.textContent = "Passwords do not match.";
    message.className = 'error';
    return;
  }
  // Create AJAX Request
  let xhr = new XMLHttpRequest();
  xhr.open("POST", "server.php", true);
  xhr.setRequestHeader("Content-Type", "application/x-www-form-urlencoded");
  xhr.onload = function () {
    if (this.status === 200) {
       let response = this.responseText;
       message.textContent = response;
       message.className = response.includes("Successfully") ? "message" : "error";
    }
  };
  let
                                         params
`name=${name}&college=${college}&username=${username}&password=${password}`;
  xhr.send(params);
});
```

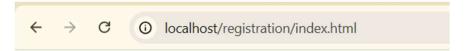
```
// College auto-suggest
document.getElementById("college").addEventListener("input", function () {
  let query = this.value.trim();
  let suggestionBox = document.getElementByld("collegeSuggestions");
  if (query.length < 1) {
    suggestionBox.innerHTML = ";
    return;
  }
  let colleges = ["MIT", "Harvard", "Stanford", "IIT Delhi", "IIT Bombay", "Oxford",
"Cambridge"];
  let filtered = colleges.filter(c => c.toLowerCase().startsWith(query.toLowerCase()));
                                                 filtered.map(c
  suggestionBox.innerHTML
                                                                                    `<div
onclick="selectCollege('${c}')">${c}</div>`).join(");
});
function selectCollege(name) {
  document.getElementById("college").value = name;
  document.getElementById("collegeSuggestions").innerHTML = ";
}
```

Index.html:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>Registration Form</title>
  <style>
    input {
       margin: 5px 0;
       display: block;
    }
    .message {
       color: green;
       margin-top: 10px;
    }
    .error {
       color: red;
    }
  </style>
</head>
```

```
<body>
  <h2>Registration Form</h2>
  <form id="regForm">
    Name: <input type="text" id="name" name="name" required>
    College: <input type="text" id="college" name="college" autocomplete="off">
    <div id="collegeSuggestions"></div>
    Username: <input type="text" id="username" name="username" required>
    Password: <input type="password" id="password" name="password" required>
    Re-type Password: <input type="password" id="repassword" name="repassword"
required>
    <button type="submit">Register/button>
  </form>
  <div id="message" class="message"></div>
  <script src="script.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
```

5) Output:



Registration Form

Name:
College:
Username:
Password:
Re-type Password:
Register

Registration Form

Name:	
Atharva	
College:	
vesit	
Username:	
atharva	
Password:	
•••••	
Re-type Password:	
•••••	
Register	
Successfully Registered	

Conclusion:

Learned how to build a dynamic and user-friendly registration form using XMLHttpRequest for asynchronous data handling includes form validation, real-time username checks, and college name suggestions without reloading the page.