

## Practical No: 01

### **Aim: Logical programming using prolog-Water jug problem**

#### **Code:**


```

water_jug(X,Y):- X>4,Y<3,write('4L jug overflow.').nl.
water_jug(X,Y):- X<4,Y>3,write('3L jug overflow.').nl.
water_jug(X,Y):- X>4,Y>3,write('Both jugs overflow.').nl.
water_jug(X,Y):- (X:=0, Y:=0,nl,write('4L:0 & 3L:3 (Action: Fill 3L jug.)'),YY is 3,
water_jug(X,YY));
(X:=0, Y:=0,nl,write('4L:4 & 3L:0 (Action: Fill 4L jug.)'),XX is 4,
water_jug(XX,Y));
(X:=2, Y:=0,nl,write('4L:2 & 3L:0 (Action: Goal State reached...)'));
(X:=4, Y:=0,nl,write('4L:1 & 3L:3 (Action: Pour water from 4L to 3L jug.)'),XX is
X-3,YY is 3,water_jug(XX,YY));
(X:=0, Y:=3,nl,write('4L:3 & 3L:0 (Action: Pour water from 3L to 4L jug.)'),XX is
3,YY is 0,water_jug(XX,YY));
(X:=1, Y:=3,nl,write('4L:1 & 3L:0 (Action: Empty 3L jug.)'),YY is 0,
water_jug(X,YY));
(X:=3, Y:=0,nl,write('4L:3 & 3L:3 (Action: Fill 3L jug.)'),YY is 3,
water_jug(X,YY));
(X:=3, Y:=3,nl,write('4L:4 & 3L:2 (Action: Pour water from 3L jug to 4L jug untill 4L
jug is full.)'),XX is X+1,YY is Y-1,
water_jug(XX,YY));
(X:=1, Y:=0,nl,write('4L:0 & 3L:1 (Action: Pour water from 4L jug to 3L jug.)'),XX is
Y,YY is X,
water_jug(XX,YY));
(X:=0, Y:=1,nl,write('4L:4 & 3L:1 (Action: Fill 4L jug.)'),XX is 4,
water_jug(XX,Y));
(X:=4, Y:=1,nl,write('4L:2 & 3L:3 (Action: Pour water from 4L to 3L jug untill 3L jug is
full.)'),XX is X-2,YY is Y+2,
water_jug(XX,YY));
(X:=2, Y:=3,nl,write('4L:2 & 3L:0 (Action: Empty 3L jug.)'),YY is 0,
water_jug(X,YY));
(X:=4, Y:=2,nl,write('4L:0 & 3L:2 (Action: Empty 4L jug.)'),XX is 0,
water_jug(XX,Y));
(X:=0, Y:=2,nl,write('4L:2 & 3L:0 (Action: Pour water from 3L jug to 4L jug.)'),XX is
Y,YY is X,
water_jug(XX,YY)).

```

## Output:

```

 SWI-Prolog (AMD64, Multi-threaded, version 9.2.3)
File Edit Settings Run Debug Help
For online help and background, visit https://www.swi-prolog.org
For built-in help, use ?- help(Topic). or ?- apropos(Word).

?-
% d:/AI MI Lab (Sandesh)/water_jug.pl compiled 0.00 sec, 4 clauses
?- water_jug(3,2).
false.

?- water_jug(4,3).
false.

?- water_jug(1,3).
4L:1 & 3L:0 (Action: Empty 3L jug.)
4L:0 & 3L:1 (Action: Pour water from 4L jug to 3L jug.)
4L:4 & 3L:1 (Action: Fill 4L jug.)
4L:2 & 3L:3 (Action: Pour water from 4L to 3L jug untill 3L jug is full.)
4L:2 & 3L:0 (Action: Empty 3L jug.)
4L:2 & 3L:0 (Action: Goal State reached...)
true.

?- water_jug(2,3).
4L:2 & 3L:0 (Action: Empty 3L jug.)
4L:2 & 3L:0 (Action: Goal State reached...)
true.

?- water_jug(2,0).
4L:2 & 3L:0 (Action: Goal State reached...)
true

```

## Practical No:2

### Aim: Introduction to Basic Library in Python

#### Output:

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [3]: list = [1,2,3,4]
array = np.array(list)
print(array)
```

```
[1 2 3 4]
```

```
In [4]: list = [ [1,2,3,4], [5,6,7,8] ]
array = np.array(list)
print(array)
```

```
[[1 2 3 4]
 [5 6 7 8]]
```

```
In [5]: topprice = np.array( [5,8,3,6] )
print(topprice - 2)
```

```
[3 6 1 4]
```

```
In [11]: dataf = pd.DataFrame([
    ['Sandesh', 'THANE', 22],
    ['Manoj', 'SANPADA', 28],
    ['Pratik', 'BHIWANDI', 22],
    ['Aniket', 'THANE', 22],
    ['Abhijeet', 'KALYAN', 21],
],
columns = ['name', 'address', 'age'])

print(dataf)
```

	name	address	age
0	Sandesh	THANE	22
1	Manoj	SANPADA	28
2	Pratik	BHIWANDI	22
3	Aniket	THANE	22
4	Abhijeet	KALYAN	21

```
In [12]: dataf.set_index('name')
```

```
Out[12]:
```

	address	age
name		
Sandesh	THANE	22
Manoj	SANPADA	28
Pratik	BHIWANDI	22
Aniket	THANE	22
Abhijeet	KALYAN	21

## Practical No:3

### Aim: Exploratory data analysis using python

#### Output:

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [5]: data1 = pd.read_csv("E:\AI ML\mtcars - mtcars.csv")
```

```
In [6]: print(data1)
```

	model	mpg	cyl	displacement	horsepower	drat	weight	qsec	vs	am	\
0	Mazda RX4	21.0	6	160.0	110	3.90	2.620	16.46	0	1	
1	Mazda RX4 Wag	21.0	6	160.0	110	3.90	2.875	17.02	0	1	
2	Datsun 710	22.8	4	108.0	93	3.85	2.320	18.61	1	1	
3	Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	258.0	110	3.08	3.215	19.44	1	0	
4	Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	360.0	175	3.15	3.440	17.02	0	0	
5	Valiant	18.1	6	225.0	105	2.76	3.460	20.22	1	0	
6	Duster 360	14.3	8	360.0	245	3.21	3.570	15.84	0	0	
7	Merc 240D	24.4	4	146.7	62	3.69	3.190	20.00	1	0	
8	Merc 230	22.8	4	140.8	95	3.92	3.150	22.90	1	0	
9	Merc 280	19.2	6	167.6	123	3.92	3.440	18.30	1	0	
10	Merc 280C	17.8	6	167.6	123	3.92	3.440	18.90	1	0	
11	Merc 450SE	16.4	8	275.8	180	3.07	4.070	17.40	0	0	
12	Merc 450SL	17.3	8	275.8	180	3.07	3.730	17.60	0	0	
13	Merc 450SLC	15.2	8	275.8	180	3.07	3.780	18.00	0	0	
14	Cadillac Fleetwood	10.4	8	472.0	205	2.93	5.250	17.98	0	0	
15	Lincoln Continental	10.4	8	460.0	215	3.00	5.424	17.82	0	0	
16	Chrysler Imperial	14.7	8	440.0	230	3.23	5.345	17.42	0	0	
17	Fiat 128	32.4	4	78.7	66	4.08	2.200	19.47	1	1	
18	Honda Civic	30.4	4	75.7	52	4.93	1.615	18.52	1	1	
19	Toyota Corolla	33.9	4	71.1	65	4.22	1.835	19.90	1	1	
20	Toyota Corona	21.5	4	120.1	97	3.70	2.465	20.01	1	0	
21	Dodge Challenger	15.5	8	318.0	150	2.76	3.520	16.87	0	0	
22	AMC Javelin	15.2	8	304.0	150	3.15	3.435	17.30	0	0	
23	Camaro Z28	13.3	8	350.0	245	3.73	3.840	15.41	0	0	
24	Pontiac Firebird	19.2	8	400.0	175	3.08	3.845	17.05	0	0	
25	Fiat X1-9	27.3	4	79.0	66	4.08	1.935	18.90	1	1	
26	Porsche 914-2	26.0	4	120.3	91	4.43	2.140	16.70	0	1	
27	Lotus Europa	30.4	4	95.1	113	3.77	1.513	16.90	1	1	
28	Ford Pantera L	15.8	8	351.0	264	4.22	3.170	14.50	0	1	
29	Ferrari Dino	19.7	6	145.0	175	3.62	2.770	15.50	0	1	
30	Maserati Bora	15.0	8	301.0	335	3.54	3.570	14.60	0	1	
31	Volvo 142E	21.4	4	121.0	109	4.11	2.780	18.60	1	1	

```

      gear carb
0       4    4
1       4    4
2       4    1
3       3    1
4       3    2
5       3    1
6       3    4
7       4    2
8       4    2
9       4    4
10      4    4
11      3    3
12      3    3
13      3    3
14      3    4
15      3    4
16      3    4
17      4    1
18      4    2
19      4    1
20      3    1
21      3    2
22      3    2
23      3    4
24      3    2
25      4    1
26      5    2
27      5    2
28      5    4
29      5    6
30      5    8
31      4    2

```

In [7]: data1.head()

Out[7]:

	model	mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
0	Mazda RX4	21.0	6	160.0	110	3.90	2.620	16.46	0	1	4	4
1	Mazda RX4 Wag	21.0	6	160.0	110	3.90	2.875	17.02	0	1	4	4
2	Datsun 710	22.8	4	108.0	93	3.85	2.320	18.61	1	1	4	1
3	Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	258.0	110	3.08	3.215	19.44	1	0	3	1
4	Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	360.0	175	3.15	3.440	17.02	0	0	3	2

In [8]: data1.tail()

Out[8]:

	model	mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
27	Lotus Europa	30.4	4	95.1	113	3.77	1.513	16.9	1	1	5	2
28	Ford Pantera L	15.8	8	351.0	264	4.22	3.170	14.5	0	1	5	4
29	Ferrari Dino	19.7	6	145.0	175	3.62	2.770	15.5	0	1	5	6
30	Maserati Bora	15.0	8	301.0	335	3.54	3.570	14.6	0	1	5	8
31	Volvo 142E	21.4	4	121.0	109	4.11	2.780	18.6	1	1	4	2

In [9]: data1.info()

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 32 entries, 0 to 31
Data columns (total 12 columns):
#   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   model    32 non-null      object
1   mpg      32 non-null      float64
2   cyl      32 non-null      int64
3   disp     32 non-null      float64
4   hp       32 non-null      int64
5   drat     32 non-null      float64
6   wt       32 non-null      float64
7   qsec     32 non-null      float64
8   vs       32 non-null      int64
9   am       32 non-null      int64
10  gear     32 non-null      int64
11  carb     32 non-null      int64
dtypes: float64(5), int64(6), object(1)
memory usage: 3.1+ KB

```

In [10]: data1.isnull()

Out[10]:

	model	mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
0	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
3	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
4	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
5	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
6	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
7	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
8	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
9	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
10	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
11	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
12	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
13	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
14	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
15	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
16	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
17	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
18	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
19	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
20	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
21	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
22	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
23	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
24	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
25	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
26	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
27	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
28	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
29	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
30	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
31	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False

```
In [11]: data1.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[11]: model    0
         mpg      0
         cyl      0
         disp     0
         hp       0
         drat     0
         wt       0
         qsec     0
         vs       0
         am       0
         gear     0
         carb     0
         dtype: int64
```

```
In [12]: data1.describe()
```

```
Out[12]:
```

	mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
count	32.000000	32.000000	32.000000	32.000000	32.000000	32.000000	32.000000	32.000000	32.000000	32.000000	32.0000
mean	20.090625	6.187500	230.721875	146.687500	3.596563	3.217250	17.848750	0.437500	0.406250	3.687500	2.8125
std	6.026948	1.785922	123.938694	68.562868	0.534679	0.978457	1.786943	0.504016	0.498991	0.737804	1.6152
min	10.400000	4.000000	71.100000	52.000000	2.760000	1.513000	14.500000	0.000000	0.000000	3.000000	1.0000
25%	15.425000	4.000000	120.825000	96.500000	3.080000	2.581250	16.892500	0.000000	0.000000	3.000000	2.0000
50%	19.200000	6.000000	196.300000	123.000000	3.695000	3.325000	17.710000	0.000000	0.000000	4.000000	2.0000
75%	22.800000	8.000000	326.000000	180.000000	3.920000	3.610000	18.900000	1.000000	1.000000	4.000000	4.0000
max	33.900000	8.000000	472.000000	335.000000	4.930000	5.424000	22.900000	1.000000	1.000000	5.000000	8.0000

```
In [13]: data1.size
```

```
Out[13]: 384
```

```
In [14]: data1.shape
```

```
Out[14]: (32, 12)
```

```
In [15]: data1.ndim
```

```
Out[15]: 2
```

```
In [16]: data1.at[4, 'model']
```

```
Out[16]: 'Hornet Sportabout'
```

```
In [17]: data1.at[4, 'disp']
```

```
Out[17]: 360.0
```

```
In [18]: data1.iat[4,5]
```

```
Out[18]: 3.15
```

```
In [19]: data1.loc[:, 'model']
```

```
Out[19]: 0      Mazda RX4
1      Mazda RX4 Wag
2      Datsun 710
3      Hornet 4 Drive
4      Hornet Sportabout
5      Valiant
6      Duster 360
7      Merc 240D
8      Merc 230
9      Merc 280
10     Merc 280C
11     Merc 450SE
12     Merc 450SL
13     Merc 450SLC
14     Cadillac Fleetwood
15     Lincoln Continental
16     Chrysler Imperial
17     Fiat 128
18     Honda Civic
19     Toyota Corolla
20     Toyota Corona
21     Dodge Challenger
22     AMC Javelin
23     Camaro Z28
24     Pontiac Firebird
25     Fiat X1-9
26     Porsche 914-2
27     Lotus Europa
28     Ford Pantera L
29     Ferrari Dino
30     Maserati Bora
31     Volvo 142E
Name: model, dtype: object
```

```
In [20]: data1.loc[2, 'model']
```

```
Out[20]: 'Datsun 710'
```

```
In [21]: data1.iloc[0:3, 0:2]
```

```
Out[21]:
```

	model	mpg
0	Mazda RX4	21.0
1	Mazda RX4 Wag	21.0
2	Datsun 710	22.8

```
In [22]: data1.iloc[22:32, :]
```

```
Out[22]:
```

	model	mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
22	AMC Javelin	15.2	8	304.0	150	3.15	3.435	17.30	0	0	3	2
23	Camaro Z28	13.3	8	350.0	245	3.73	3.840	15.41	0	0	3	4
24	Pontiac Firebird	19.2	8	400.0	175	3.08	3.845	17.05	0	0	3	2
25	Fiat X1-9	27.3	4	79.0	66	4.08	1.935	18.90	1	1	4	1
26	Porsche 914-2	26.0	4	120.3	91	4.43	2.140	16.70	0	1	5	2
27	Lotus Europa	30.4	4	95.1	113	3.77	1.513	16.90	1	1	5	2
28	Ford Pantera L	15.8	8	351.0	264	4.22	3.170	14.50	0	1	5	4
29	Ferrari Dino	19.7	6	145.0	175	3.62	2.770	15.50	0	1	5	6
30	Maserati Bora	15.0	8	301.0	335	3.54	3.570	14.60	0	1	5	8
31	Volvo 142E	21.4	4	121.0	109	4.11	2.780	18.60	1	1	4	2



In [23]: data1.dtypes

```
Out[23]: model      object
         mpg        float64
         cyl         int64
         disp        float64
         hp          int64
         drat        float64
         wt          float64
         qsec        float64
         vs          int64
         am          int64
         gear        int64
         carb        int64
         dtype: object
```

In [24]: data1['model'].dtype

Out[24]: dtype('O')

In [25]: data1['wt'].dtype

Out[25]: dtype('float64')

In [26]: data1.axes

```
Out[26]: [RangeIndex(start=0, stop=32, step=1),
         Index(['model', 'mpg', 'cyl', 'disp', 'hp', 'drat', 'wt', 'qsec', 'vs', 'am',
               'gear', 'carb'],
               dtype='object')]
```

In [27]: data1.columns

```
Out[27]: Index(['model', 'mpg', 'cyl', 'disp', 'hp', 'drat', 'wt', 'qsec', 'vs', 'am',
               'gear', 'carb'],
               dtype='object')
```

In [28]: data1['mpg'].mean()

Out[28]: 20.090625000000003

In [29]: data1['mpg'].median()

Out[29]: 19.2

In [30]: data1['mpg'].std()

Out[30]: 6.026948052089105

In [31]: data1['mpg'].describe()

```
Out[31]: count    32.000000
         mean      20.090625
         std        6.026948
         min       10.400000
         25%       15.425000
         50%       19.200000
         75%       22.800000
         max       33.900000
         Name: mpg, dtype: float64
```

## Practical No:4

### Aim: Implementation Of KNN Alogrithm.

#### Output:

```
In [3]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [4]: credit_df = pd.read_csv('E:\AI MI Lab (Sandesh)\CreditRisk.csv')
```

```
In [5]: credit_df.shape
```

```
Out[5]: (614, 13)
```

```
In [6]: credit_df.head()
```

```
Out[6]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
0	LP001002	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0
1	LP001003	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0
2	LP001005	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0
3	LP001006	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0
4	LP001008	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0

```
In [7]: credit_df.head(7)
```

```
Out[7]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
0	LP001002	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0
1	LP001003	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0
2	LP001005	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0
3	LP001006	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0
4	LP001008	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0
5	LP001011	Male	Yes	2	Graduate	Yes	5417	4196.0	267	360.0	1.0
6	LP001013	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2333	1516.0	95	360.0	1.0

```
In [8]: credit_df.tail()
```

```
Out[8]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
609	LP002978	Female	No	0	Graduate	No	2900	0.0	71	360.0	1.0
610	LP002979	Male	Yes	3+	Graduate	No	4106	0.0	40	180.0	1.0
611	LP002983	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	8072	240.0	253	360.0	1.0
612	LP002984	Male	Yes	2	Graduate	No	7583	0.0	187	360.0	1.0
613	LP002990	Female	No	0	Graduate	Yes	4583	0.0	133	360.0	0.0

In [9]: credit\_df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 614 entries, 0 to 613
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#   Column              Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
0   Loan_ID              614 non-null   object  
1   Gender               601 non-null   object  
2   Married              611 non-null   object  
3   Dependents           599 non-null   object  
4   Education             614 non-null   object  
5   Self_Employed        582 non-null   object  
6   ApplicantIncome      614 non-null   int64   
7   CoapplicantIncome    614 non-null   float64  
8   LoanAmount           614 non-null   int64   
9   Loan_Amount_Term     600 non-null   float64  
10  Credit_History       564 non-null   float64  
11  Property_Area        614 non-null   object  
12  Loan_Status          614 non-null   int64   
dtypes: float64(3), int64(3), object(7)
memory usage: 62.5+ KB
```

In [10]: credit\_df.describe()

Out[10]:

	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Loan_Status
count	614.000000	614.000000	614.000000	600.000000	564.000000	614.000000
mean	5403.459283	1621.245798	141.166124	342.000000	0.842199	0.687296
std	6109.041673	2926.248369	88.340630	65.120411	0.364878	0.463973
min	150.000000	0.000000	0.000000	12.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	2877.500000	0.000000	98.000000	360.000000	1.000000	0.000000
50%	3812.500000	1188.500000	125.000000	360.000000	1.000000	1.000000
75%	5795.000000	2297.250000	164.750000	360.000000	1.000000	1.000000
max	81000.000000	41667.000000	700.000000	480.000000	1.000000	1.000000

In [11]: credit\_df.Loan\_Status.value\_counts()

Out[11]:

```
Loan_Status
1    422
0    192
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

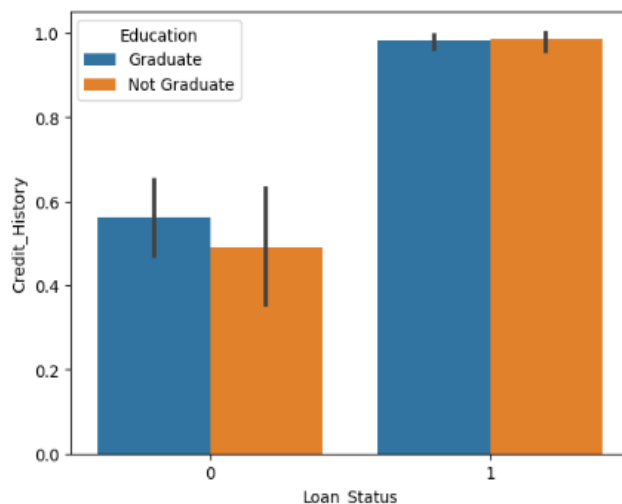
In [12]: credit\_df.groupby(['Education', 'Loan\_Status']).Education.count()

Out[12]:

```
Education  Loan_Status
Graduate   0           140
           1           340
Not Graduate 0           52
           1           82
Name: Education, dtype: int64
```

In [13]: sns.barplot(y='Credit\_History', x='Loan\_Status', hue='Education', data= credit\_df )

Out[13]: <Axes: xlabel='Loan\_Status', ylabel='Credit\_History'>



```
In [14]: 100 * credit_df.isnull().sum() / credit_df.shape[0]
```

```
Out[14]: Loan_ID          0.000000
Gender          2.117264
Married         0.488599
Dependents      2.442997
Education       0.000000
Self_Employed   5.211726
ApplicantIncome 0.000000
CoapplicantIncome 0.000000
LoanAmount      0.000000
Loan_Amount_Term 2.280130
Credit_History  8.143322
Property_Area   0.000000
Loan_Status     0.000000
dtype: float64
```

```
In [15]: credit_df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[15]: Loan_ID          0
Gender          13
Married         3
Dependents      15
Education       0
Self_Employed   32
ApplicantIncome 0
CoapplicantIncome 0
LoanAmount      0
Loan_Amount_Term 14
Credit_History  50
Property_Area   0
Loan_Status     0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [16]: # Segregation
object_columns = credit_df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
numeric_columns = credit_df.select_dtypes(exclude=['object']).columns
```

```
In [17]: for column in object_columns:
majority = credit_df[column].value_counts().iloc[0]
credit_df[column].fillna(majority, inplace=True)
```

```
In [18]: for column in numeric_columns:
mean = credit_df[column].mean()
credit_df[column].fillna(mean, inplace=True)
```

```
In [19]: # remove unwanted columns
credit_df.drop('Loan_ID', axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [20]: credit_df.head()
```

```
Out[20]:
```

	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Property_Area
0	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0	Ur
1	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0	Ri
2	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0	Ur
3	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0	Ur
4	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0	Ur

```
In [21]: credit_df
```

```
Out[21]:
```

	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Property_Area
0	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0	Ur
1	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0	Ri
2	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0	Ur
3	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0	Ur
4	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0	Ur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
609	Female	No	0	Graduate	No	2900	0.0	71	360.0	1.0	Ur
610	Male	Yes	3+	Graduate	No	4106	0.0	40	180.0	1.0	Ur
611	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	8072	240.0	253	360.0	1.0	Ur
612	Male	Yes	2	Graduate	No	7583	0.0	187	360.0	1.0	Ur
613	Female	No	0	Graduate	Yes	4583	0.0	133	360.0	0.0	Semi

614 rows × 12 columns

```
In [22]: #impute => replacing the value (filling null values)
```

```
In [23]: # Categorical Columns
```

```
In [24]: object_columns = credit_df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
```

```
In [25]: credit_df.head()
```

```
Out[25]:
```

	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Property_Area
0	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0	Urban
1	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0	Rural
2	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	86	360.0	1.0	Urban
3	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0	Urban
4	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0	Urban

```
In [26]: credit_df[object_columns].Property_Area
```

```
Out[26]: 0      Urban
1      Rural
2      Urban
3      Urban
4      Urban
...
609    Rural
610    Rural
611    Urban
612    Urban
613  Semiurban
Name: Property_Area, Length: 614, dtype: object
```

```
In [27]: credit_df[object_columns].Property_Area.head()
```

```
Out[27]: 0      Urban
1      Rural
2      Urban
3      Urban
4      Urban
Name: Property_Area, dtype: object
```

```
In [28]: credit_df_dummy = pd.get_dummies(credit_df, columns = object_columns)
```

```
In [29]: credit_df_dummy.shape
```

```
Out[29]: (614, 25)
```

```
In [30]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report
```

```
In [31]: X = credit_df_dummy.drop('Loan_Status',axis=1)
y = credit_df_dummy.Loan_Status
train_x, test_x, train_y, test_y = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=42)
```

```
In [32]: # KNN Model
```

```
In [33]: knn_model = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=7)
```

```
In [34]: knn_model.fit(train_x, train_y)
```

```
Out[34]: KNeighborsClassifier
KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=7)
```

```
In [35]: train_y_hat = knn_model.predict(train_x)
test_y_hat = knn_model.predict(test_x)

print('-'*20, 'Train', '-'*20)
print(classification_report(train_y,train_y_hat))

print('-'*20, 'Test', '-'*20)
print(classification_report(test_y,test_y_hat))
```

```
----- Train -----
      precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.70      0.24      0.35        127
     1       0.75      0.96      0.84        302

 accuracy          0.74        429
 macro avg       0.72      0.60      0.60        429
 weighted avg    0.73      0.74      0.70        429

----- Test -----
      precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.36      0.12      0.18         65
     1       0.65      0.88      0.75        120
```

## Practical No: 5

### Aim: Program to Implement Decision Tree

#### Output:

```
In [31]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [32]: credit_df = pd.read_csv('E:\AI MI Lab (Sandesh)\CreditRisk.csv')
```

```
In [33]: credit_df.shape
```

```
Out[33]: (614, 13)
```

```
In [34]: credit_df.head()
```

```
Out[34]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
0	LP001002	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0
1	LP001003	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0
2	LP001005	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0
3	LP001008	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0
4	LP001008	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0

```
In [35]: credit_df.tail()
```

```
Out[35]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
609	LP002978	Female	No	0	Graduate	No	2900	0.0	71	360.0	1.0
610	LP002979	Male	Yes	3+	Graduate	No	4106	0.0	40	180.0	1.0
611	LP002983	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	8072	240.0	253	360.0	1.0
612	LP002984	Male	Yes	2	Graduate	No	7583	0.0	187	360.0	1.0
613	LP002990	Female	No	0	Graduate	Yes	4583	0.0	133	360.0	0.0

```
In [36]: credit_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 614 entries, 0 to 613
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Loan_ID                614 non-null    object
1   Gender                 601 non-null    object
2   Married                611 non-null    object
3   Dependents             599 non-null    object
4   Education              614 non-null    object
5   Self_Employed          582 non-null    object
6   ApplicantIncome        614 non-null    int64
7   CoapplicantIncome      614 non-null    float64
8   LoanAmount             614 non-null    int64
9   Loan_Amount_Term       600 non-null    float64
10  Credit_History          564 non-null    float64
11  Property_Area           614 non-null    object
12  Loan_Status             614 non-null    int64
dtypes: float64(3), int64(3), object(7)
memory usage: 62.5+ KB
```

```
In [37]: credit_df.describe()
```

```
Out[37]:
```

	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Loan_Status
count	614.000000	614.000000	614.000000	600.000000	564.000000	614.000000
mean	5403.459283	1621.245798	141.166124	342.000000	0.842199	0.687296
std	6109.041673	2926.248369	88.340630	65.12041	0.364878	0.463973
min	150.000000	0.000000	0.000000	12.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	2877.500000	0.000000	98.000000	360.000000	1.000000	0.000000
50%	3812.500000	1188.500000	125.000000	360.000000	1.000000	1.000000
75%	5795.000000	2297.250000	164.750000	360.000000	1.000000	1.000000
max	81000.000000	41667.000000	700.000000	480.000000	1.000000	1.000000

```
In [38]: credit_df.Loan_Status.value_counts()
```

```
Out[38]: Loan_Status
```

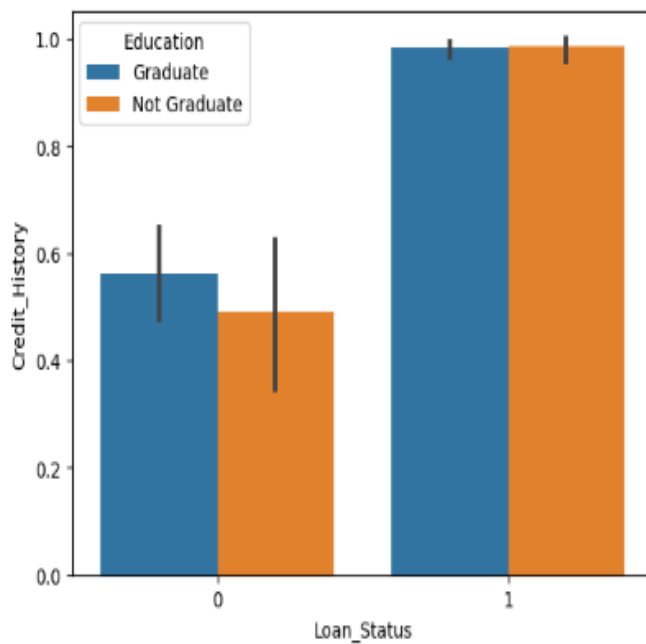
```
1    422
0    192
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [39]: credit_df.groupby(['Education', 'Loan_Status']).Education.count()
```

```
Out[39]: Education    Loan_Status
Graduate           0         140
                  1         340
Not Graduate       0          52
                  1          82
Name: Education, dtype: int64
```

```
In [40]: sns.barplot(y='Credit_History', x='Loan_Status', hue='Education', data=credit_df)
```

```
Out[40]: <Axes: xlabel='Loan_Status', ylabel='Credit_History'>
```





In [41]: # Fill Null Values

```
100 * credit_df.isnull().sum() / credit_df.shape[0]
```

```
Out[41]: Loan_ID      0.000000
Gender      2.117264
Married     0.488599
Dependents  2.442997
Education   0.000000
Self_Employed 5.211726
ApplicantIncome 0.000000
CoapplicantIncome 0.000000
LoanAmount  0.000000
Loan_Amount_Term 2.280130
Credit_History 8.143322
Property_Area 0.000000
Loan_Status 0.000000
dtype: float64
```

```
In [42]: object_columns = credit_df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
numeric_columns = credit_df.select_dtypes(exclude=['object']).columns
```

```
In [43]: for column in object_columns:
majority = credit_df[column].value_counts().iloc[0]
credit_df[column].fillna(majority, inplace=True)
```

```
In [44]: for column in numeric_columns:
mean = credit_df[column].mean()
credit_df[column].fillna(mean, inplace=True)
```

In [45]: #impute

In [46]: credit\_df.head()

Out[46]:

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
0	LP001002	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0
1	LP001003	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0
2	LP001005	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0
3	LP001006	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0
4	LP001008	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0

In [47]: credit\_df.drop('Loan\_ID', axis=1, inplace=True)

In [48]: object\_columns = credit\_df.select\_dtypes(include=['object']).columns

In [49]: credit\_df.head()

Out[49]:

	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Property_A
0	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0	Uri
1	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0	Ri
2	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0	Uri
3	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0	Uri
4	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0	Uri

```
In [50]: # Categorical Columns
```

```
In [51]: credit_df[object_columns].Property_Area
```

```
Out[51]: 0      Urban
         1      Rural
         2      Urban
         3      Urban
         4      Urban
         ...
        609     Rural
        610     Rural
        611     Urban
        612     Urban
        613  Semiurban
        Name: Property_Area, Length: 614, dtype: object
```

```
In [52]: credit_df_dummy = pd.get_dummies(credit_df, columns=object_columns)
```

```
In [53]: credit_df_dummy.shape
```

```
Out[53]: (614, 25)
```

```
In [54]: # Model
```

```
In [55]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report
```

```
In [56]: X = credit_df_dummy.drop('Loan_Status', axis=1)
         y = credit_df_dummy.Loan_Status
         train_x, test_x, train_y, test_y = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 42)
```

```
In [57]: train_x.shape, test_x.shape
```

```
Out[57]: ((429, 24), (185, 24))
```

```
In [58]: dt_model = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=2, min_samples_leaf=2, min_samples_split=2)
```

```
In [59]: dt_model.fit(train_x, train_y)
```

```
Out[59]: DecisionTreeClassifier
         DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=2, min_samples_leaf=2)
```

```
In [60]: train_y_hat = dt_model.predict(train_x)
         test_y_hat = dt_model.predict(test_x)
```

```
In [61]: print('-'*20, 'train', '-'*20)
print(classification_report(train_y, train_y_hat))
print('-'*20, 'test', '-'*20)
print(classification_report(test_y, test_y_hat))
```

```
----- train -----
      precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.92      0.43      0.59      127
     1       0.80      0.98      0.89      302

 accuracy          0.82      429
 macro avg       0.86      0.71      0.74      429
 weighted avg    0.84      0.82      0.80      429

----- test -----
      precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.93      0.42      0.57      65
     1       0.76      0.98      0.86     120

 accuracy          0.78     185
 macro avg       0.84      0.70      0.71     185
 weighted avg    0.82      0.78      0.76     185
```

```
In [62]: confusion_matrix(test_y, test_y_hat)
```

```
Out[62]: array([[ 27,  38],
                [  2, 118]], dtype=int64)
```

## Practical No: 6

### Aim: Implementation Of Support Vector Machine.

#### Output:

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [2]: credit_df = pd.read_csv('E:\AI MI Lab (Sandesh)\CreditRisk.csv')
```

```
In [3]: credit_df.shape
```

```
Out[3]: (614, 13)
```

```
In [4]: credit_df.head()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
0	LP001002	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0
1	LP001003	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0
2	LP001005	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0
3	LP001006	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0
4	LP001008	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0

```
In [5]: credit_df.tail()
```

```
Out[5]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
609	LP002978	Female	No	0	Graduate	No	2900	0.0	71	360.0	1.0
610	LP002979	Male	Yes	3+	Graduate	No	4106	0.0	40	180.0	1.0
611	LP002983	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	8072	240.0	263	360.0	1.0
612	LP002984	Male	Yes	2	Graduate	No	7583	0.0	187	360.0	1.0
613	LP002990	Female	No	0	Graduate	Yes	4583	0.0	133	360.0	0.0

```
In [6]: credit_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 614 entries, 0 to 613
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Loan_ID         614 non-null   object
1   Gender          601 non-null   object
2   Married         611 non-null   object
3   Dependents      599 non-null   object
4   Education       614 non-null   object
5   Self_Employed   582 non-null   object
6   ApplicantIncome 614 non-null   int64
7   CoapplicantIncome 614 non-null   float64
8   LoanAmount      614 non-null   int64
9   Loan_Amount_Term 600 non-null   float64
10  Credit_History   564 non-null   float64
11  Property_Area    614 non-null   object
12  Loan_Status      614 non-null   int64
dtypes: float64(3), int64(3), object(7)
memory usage: 62.5+ KB
```

```
In [7]: credit_df.describe()
```

```
Out[7]:
```

	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Loan_Status
count	614.000000	614.000000	614.000000	600.000000	564.000000	614.000000
mean	5403.459283	1621.245798	141.166124	342.000000	0.842199	0.687296
std	6109.041673	2926.248369	88.340630	65.12041	0.364878	0.463973
min	150.000000	0.000000	0.000000	12.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	2877.500000	0.000000	98.000000	360.000000	1.000000	0.000000
50%	3812.500000	1188.500000	125.000000	360.000000	1.000000	1.000000
75%	5795.000000	2297.250000	164.750000	360.000000	1.000000	1.000000
max	81000.000000	41667.000000	700.000000	480.000000	1.000000	1.000000

```
In [8]: credit_df.Loan_Status.value_counts()
```

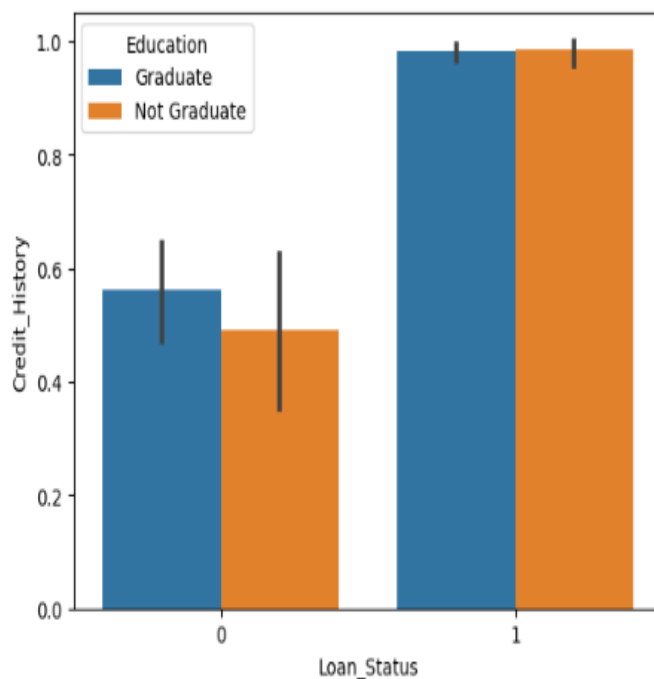
```
Out[8]: Loan_Status
1    422
0    192
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [9]: credit_df.groupby(['Education', 'Loan_Status']).Education.count()
```

```
Out[9]: Education    Loan_Status
Graduate           0         140
                  1         340
Not Graduate       0          52
                  1          82
Name: Education, dtype: int64
```

```
In [10]: sns.barplot(y='Credit_History', x = 'Loan_Status', hue = 'Education', data = credit_df)
```

```
Out[10]: <Axes: xlabel='Loan_Status', ylabel='Credit_History'>
```



In [11]: # Fill Null Values

```
100 * credit_df.isnull().sum() / credit_df.shape[0]
```

```
Out[11]: Loan_ID      0.000000
Gender      2.117264
Married     0.488599
Dependents  2.442997
Education   0.000000
Self_Employed  5.211726
ApplicantIncome  0.000000
CoapplicantIncome  0.000000
LoanAmount  0.000000
Loan_Amount_Term  2.280130
Credit_History  8.143322
Property_Area  0.000000
Loan_Status  0.000000
dtype: float64
```

```
In [12]: object_columns = credit_df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
numeric_columns = credit_df.select_dtypes(exclude = ['object']).columns
```

```
In [13]: # credit_df.columns[credit_df.dtypes == object]
```

```
In [14]: for column in object_columns:
majority = credit_df[column].value_counts().iloc[0]
credit_df[column].fillna(majority, inplace=True)
```

```
In [15]: for column in numeric_columns:
mean = credit_df[column].mean()
credit_df[column].fillna(mean, inplace=True)
```

```
In [16]: #impute
```

```
In [17]: credit_df.head()
```

```
Out[17]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
0	LP001002	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0
1	LP001003	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0
2	LP001005	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0
3	LP001006	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0
4	LP001008	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0

```
In [18]: credit_df.drop('Loan_ID', axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [19]: object_columns = credit_df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
```

```
In [20]: credit_df.head()
```

```
Out[20]:
```

	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Property_Area
0	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0	Urban
1	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0	Rural
2	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0	Urban
3	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0	Urban
4	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0	Urban

```
In [21]: # Categorical Columns
```

```
In [22]: credit_df[object_columns].Property_Area
```

```
Out[22]: 0      Urban
1      Rural
2      Urban
3      Urban
4      Urban
...
609    Rural
610    Rural
611    Urban
612    Urban
613  Semiurban
Name: Property_Area, Length: 614, dtype: object
```

```
In [23]: credit_df_dummy = pd.get_dummies(credit_df, columns=object_columns)
```

```
In [24]: # Sklearn - LabelEncoding
# Sklearn - LabelBinarize
# Sklearn - OneHotEncoding
```

```
In [25]: credit_df_dummy.shape
```

```
Out[25]: (614, 25)
```

```
In [26]: # Model
```

```
In [27]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report
```

```
In [28]: X = credit_df_dummy.drop('Loan_Status', axis=1)
y = credit_df_dummy.Loan_Status
train_x, test_x, train_y, test_y = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 42)
```

```
In [29]: train_x.shape, test_x.shape
```

```
Out[29]: ((429, 24), (185, 24))
```

```
In [30]: # SVM
```

```
In [31]: svm_model = SVC(kernel='rbf', gamma=0.00001, C=1000)
```

```
In [32]: svm_model.fit(train_x, train_y)
```

```
Out[32]: SVC
SVC(C=1000, gamma=1e-05)
```

```
In [33]: train_y_hat = svm_model.predict(train_x)
test_y_hat = svm_model.predict(test_x)
```

```
In [34]: print('-'*20, 'train', '-'*20)
print(classification_report(train_y, train_y_hat))
print('-'*20, 'test', '-'*20)
print(classification_report(test_y, test_y_hat))
```

```
----- train -----
      precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.95      0.95      0.95        127
     1       0.98      0.98      0.98        302

   accuracy          0.97        429
  macro avg       0.96      0.96      0.96        429
 weighted avg       0.97      0.97      0.97        429

----- test -----
      precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.36      0.18      0.24         65
     1       0.65      0.82      0.73        120

   accuracy          0.60        185
  macro avg       0.51      0.50      0.49        185
 weighted avg       0.55      0.60      0.56        185
```

```
In [35]: confusion_matrix(test_y, test_y_hat)
```

```
Out[35]: array([[12, 53],
               [21, 99]], dtype=int64)
```



## Practical No:7

### Aim: Program to Implement Linear Regression

#### Output:

```
In [27]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [28]: data = pd.read_csv('D:/AI MI Lab (Sandesh)/Salary_Data.csv')
```

```
In [29]: data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 30 entries, 0 to 29
Data columns (total 2 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   YearsExperience  30 non-null    float64
1   Salary          30 non-null    int64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(1)
memory usage: 608.0 bytes
```

```
In [30]: data.head()
```

```
Out[30]:
```

	YearsExperience	Salary
0	1.1	39343
1	1.3	46205
2	1.5	37731
3	2.0	43525
4	2.2	39091

```
In [35]: data.describe()
```

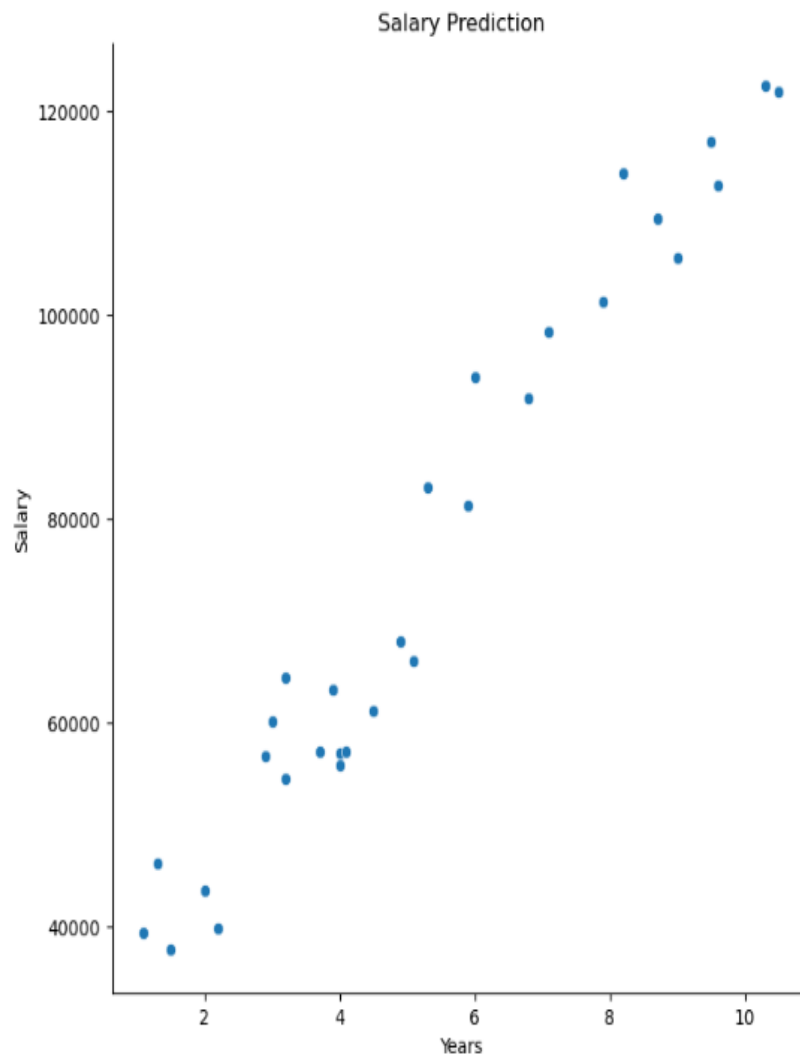
```
Out[35]:
```

	YearsExperience	Salary
count	30.000000	30.000000
mean	5.313333	76003.000000
std	2.837888	27414.429785
min	1.100000	37731.000000
25%	3.200000	56720.750000
50%	4.700000	65237.000000
75%	7.700000	100544.750000
max	10.500000	122391.000000

```
In [48]: plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))
sns.pairplot(data,x_vars=['YearsExperience'],y_vars=['Salary'],size=7,kind='scatter')
plt.xlabel('Years')
plt.ylabel('Salary')
plt.title('Salary Prediction')
plt.show()
```

```
C:\Users\Lab2_45\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\axisgrid.py:2095: UserWarning: The `size` parameter has been renamed to `height`; please update your code.
warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)
```

&lt;Figure size 1200x600 with 0 Axes&gt;



```
In [49]: X = data['YearsExperience']
X.head()
```

```
Out[49]: 0    1.1
         1    1.3
         2    1.5
         3    2.0
         4    2.2
         Name: YearsExperience, dtype: float64
```

```
In [50]: y = data['Salary']
y.head()
```

```
Out[50]: 0    39343
         1    46205
         2    37731
         3    43525
         4    39891
         Name: Salary, dtype: int64
```

```
In [51]: # Split the data for train and test
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,train_size=.7,random_state=42)
X_train = X_train[:,np.newaxis]
X_test = X_test[:,np.newaxis]
```

C:\Users\Lab2\_45\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_8488\1607020857.py:4: FutureWarning: Support for multi-dimensional indexing (e.g. `obj[:, None]`) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert to a numpy array before indexing instead.  
X\_train = X\_train[:,np.newaxis]

C:\Users\Lab2\_45\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_8488\1607020857.py:5: FutureWarning: Support for multi-dimensional indexing (e.g. `obj[:, None]`) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert to a numpy array before indexing instead.  
X\_test = X\_test[:,np.newaxis]

```
In [52]: X_test
```

```
Out[52]: array([[ 9.6],
 [ 4.9],
 [ 8.2],
 [ 5.3],
 [ 3.2],
 [ 3.7],
 [10.3],
 [ 8.7],
 [ 4. ]])
```

```
In [53]: X_train
```

```
Out[53]: array([[ 1.1],
 [ 2.2],
 [ 5.1],
 [ 2.9],
 [ 4.1],
 [ 4. ],
 [ 7.9],
 [ 1.3],
 [ 1.5],
 [ 9. ],
 [ 2. ],
 [ 7.1],
 [ 9.5],
 [ 5.9],
 [10.5],
 [ 6.8],
 [ 3.2],
 [ 3.9],
 [ 4.5],
 [ 6. ],
 [ 3. ]])
```

```
In [54]: #Importing Linear Regression model from scikit Learn
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

```
In [55]: # Fitting the model
lr = LinearRegression()
lr.fit(X_train,y_train)

# Predicting the Salary for the Test values
y_pred = lr.predict(X_test)
```

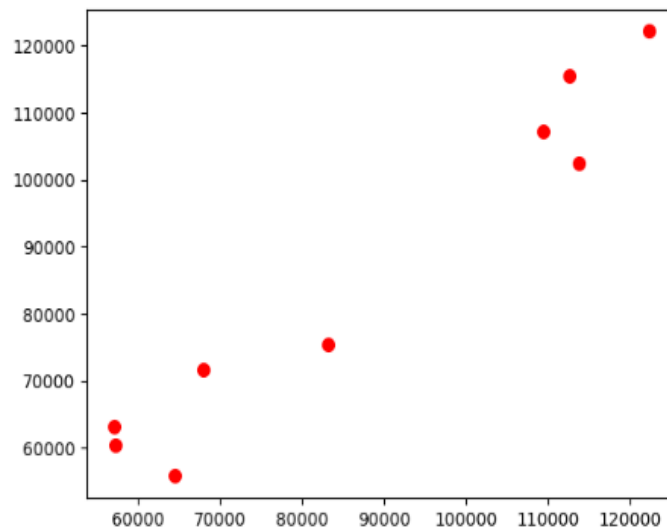
```
In [56]: #Importing metrics for the evaluation of the model
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score,mean_squared_error

#calculate Mean square error
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test,y_pred)

#Calculate R square vale
rsq = r2_score(y_test,y_pred)
print('mean sqaired error :', mse)
print('r sqaure :', rsq)
```

```
mean sqaired error : 37784662.46621314
r sqaure : 0.9414466227178214
```

```
In [57]: #Just plot actual and predicted values for more insights plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))
plt.scatter(y_test,y_pred,color='r',linewidth=2)
plt.show()
```



```
In [47]: # Intecept and coeff of the line
print('Intercept of the model:',lr.intercept_)
print('Coefficient of the line:',lr.coef_)
```

```
Intercept of the model: 25918.438334893202
Coefficient of the line: [9339.08172382]
```

## Practical No:8

### Aim: Program to Implement Logistic Regression

#### Output:

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [2]: credit_df = pd.read_csv('E:\AI MI Lab (Sandesh)\CreditRisk.csv')
```

```
In [3]: credit_df.shape
```

```
Out[3]: (614, 13)
```

```
In [4]: credit_df.head()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
0	LP001002	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0
1	LP001003	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0
2	LP001005	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0
3	LP001006	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0
4	LP001008	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0

```
In [5]: credit_df.head(8)
```

```
Out[5]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
0	LP001002	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0
1	LP001003	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0
2	LP001005	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0
3	LP001006	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0
4	LP001008	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0
5	LP001011	Male	Yes	2	Graduate	Yes	5417	4196.0	267	360.0	1.0
6	LP001013	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2333	1516.0	95	360.0	1.0
7	LP001014	Male	Yes	3+	Graduate	No	3036	2504.0	158	360.0	0.0

```
In [6]: credit_df.tail()
```

```
Out[6]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
609	LP002978	Female	No	0	Graduate	No	2900	0.0	71	360.0	1.0
610	LP002979	Male	Yes	3+	Graduate	No	4106	0.0	40	180.0	1.0
611	LP002983	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	8072	240.0	253	360.0	1.0
612	LP002984	Male	Yes	2	Graduate	No	7583	0.0	187	360.0	1.0
613	LP002990	Female	No	0	Graduate	Yes	4583	0.0	133	360.0	0.0

In [7]: credit\_df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 614 entries, 0 to 613
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
0   Loan_ID               614 non-null   object  
1   Gender                601 non-null   object  
2   Married               611 non-null   object  
3   Dependents            599 non-null   object  
4   Education             614 non-null   object  
5   Self_Employed         582 non-null   object  
6   ApplicantIncome       614 non-null   int64   
7   CoapplicantIncome     614 non-null   float64  
8   LoanAmount            614 non-null   int64   
9   Loan_Amount_Term      600 non-null   float64  
10  Credit_History         564 non-null   float64  
11  Property_Area         614 non-null   object  
12  Loan_Status           614 non-null   int64   
dtypes: float64(3), int64(3), object(7)
memory usage: 62.5+ KB
```

In [8]: credit\_df.describe()

Out[8]:

	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Loan_Status
count	614.000000	614.000000	614.000000	600.000000	564.000000	614.000000
mean	5403.458283	1821.245798	141.166124	342.000000	0.842199	0.687296
std	6109.041673	2928.248369	88.340630	65.12041	0.364878	0.463973
min	150.000000	0.000000	0.000000	12.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	2877.500000	0.000000	98.000000	360.000000	1.000000	0.000000
50%	3812.500000	1188.500000	125.000000	360.000000	1.000000	1.000000
75%	5795.000000	2297.250000	164.750000	360.000000	1.000000	1.000000
max	81000.000000	41667.000000	700.000000	480.000000	1.000000	1.000000

In [9]: credit\_df.Loan\_Status.value\_counts()

Out[9]: Loan\_Status

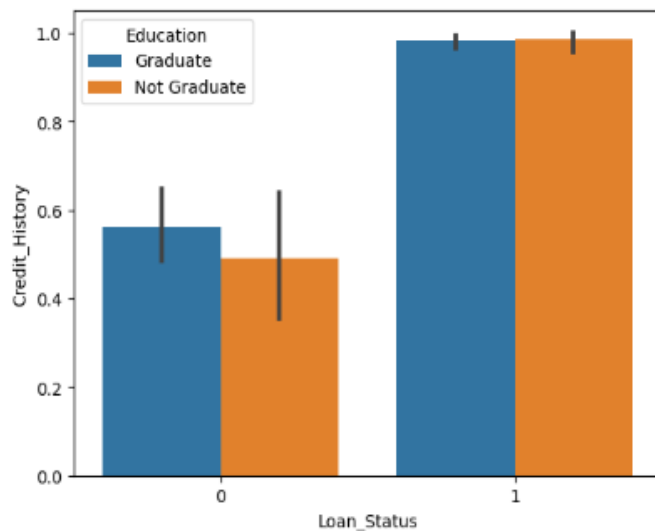
```
1    422
0    192
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [10]: credit\_df.groupby(['Education', 'Loan\_Status']).Education.count()

```
Out[10]: Education    Loan_Status
Graduate             0         140
                  1         340
Not Graduate         0          52
                  1          82
Name: Education, dtype: int64
```

In [11]: sns.barplot(y='Credit\_History', x='Loan\_Status', hue='Education', data=credit\_df)

Out[11]: <Axes: xlabel='Loan\_Status', ylabel='Credit\_History'>



```
In [12]: 100 * credit_df.isnull().sum() / credit_df.shape[0]
```

```
Out[12]: Loan_ID      0.000000
Gender      2.117264
Married     0.488599
Dependents  2.442997
Education   0.000000
Self_Employed  5.211726
ApplicantIncome  0.000000
CoapplicantIncome  0.000000
LoanAmount  0.000000
Loan_Amount_Term  2.280130
Credit_History  8.143322
Property_Area  0.000000
Loan_Status  0.000000
dtype: float64
```

```
In [13]: DF = credit_df.drop(credit_df.columns[0],axis=1)
```

```
In [14]: DF.head()
```

```
Out[14]:
```

	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Property_Area
0	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0	Ur
1	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0	Ri
2	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0	Ur
3	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0	Ur
4	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0	Ur

```
In [15]: object_columns = DF.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
numeric_columns = DF.select_dtypes(exclude=['object']).columns
```

```
In [16]: for column in object_columns:
majority = DF[column].value_counts().iloc[0]
DF[column].fillna(majority, inplace=True)
```

```
In [17]: for column in numeric_columns:
mean = DF[column].mean()
DF[column].fillna(mean, inplace=True)
```

```
In [18]: #Impute
```

```
In [19]: DF.head()
```

```
Out[19]:
```

	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Property_Area
0	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0	Ur
1	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0	Ri
2	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0	Ur
3	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0	Ur
4	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0	Ur

In [20]: DF

Out[20]:

	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Property
0	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0	
1	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0	
2	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0	
3	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0	
4	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
609	Female	No	0	Graduate	No	2900	0.0	71	360.0	1.0	
610	Male	Yes	3+	Graduate	No	4106	0.0	40	180.0	1.0	
611	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	8072	240.0	253	360.0	1.0	
612	Male	Yes	2	Graduate	No	7583	0.0	187	360.0	1.0	
613	Female	No	0	Graduate	Yes	4583	0.0	133	360.0	0.0	Semi

614 rows × 12 columns

In [21]: DF[object\_columns].Property\_Area

```
Out[21]: 0      Urban
1      Rural
2      Urban
3      Urban
4      Urban
...
609    Rural
610    Rural
611    Urban
612    Urban
613  Semiurban
Name: Property_Area, Length: 614, dtype: object
```

In [22]: DF[object\_columns].Property\_Area.head()

```
Out[22]: 0      Urban
1      Rural
2      Urban
3      Urban
4      Urban
Name: Property_Area, dtype: object
```

In [23]: DF\_dummy = pd.get\_dummies(DF, columns=object\_columns)

In [24]: DF\_dummy.head()

Out[24]:

	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Loan_Status	Gender_489	Gender_Female	Gender_Male	Married_396
0	5849	0.0	0	360.0	1.0	1	False	False	True	False
1	4583	1508.0	128	360.0	1.0	0	False	False	True	False
2	3000	0.0	66	360.0	1.0	1	False	False	True	False
3	2583	2358.0	120	360.0	1.0	1	False	False	True	False
4	6000	0.0	141	360.0	1.0	1	False	False	True	False

5 rows × 25 columns

In [25]: DF\_dummy.shape

Out[25]: (614, 25)

```
In [26]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report
```



```
In [27]: X = DF_dummy.drop('Loan_Status', axis=1)
y = DF_dummy.Loan_Status
train_x, test_x, train_y, test_y = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
```

```
In [28]: train_x.shape, test_x.shape
```

```
Out[28]: ((429, 24), (185, 24))
```

```
In [29]: model = LogisticRegression()
```

```
In [30]: model.fit(train_x, train_y)
```

C:\Users\sande\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear\_model\\_logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):  
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.

Increase the number of iterations (max\_iter) or scale the data as shown in:  
<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html>  
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:  
[https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear\\_model.html#logistic-regression](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression)  
n\_iter\_i = \_check\_optimize\_result(

```
Out[30]: LogisticRegression
LogisticRegression()
```

```
In [31]: train_y_hat = model.predict(train_x)
test_y_hat = model.predict(test_x)
```

```
In [32]: print('train accuracy', accuracy_score(train_y, train_y_hat))
print('test accuracy', accuracy_score(test_y, test_y_hat))
```

```
train accuracy 0.8205128205128205
test accuracy 0.7837837837837838
```

```
In [33]: print(confusion_matrix(train_y, train_y_hat))
```

```
[[ 57 70]
 [ 7 295]]
```

```
In [34]: print(confusion_matrix(test_y, test_y_hat))
```

```
[[ 27 38]
 [ 2 118]]
```

```
In [35]: test_y.value_counts()
```

```
Out[35]: Loan_Status
1    120
0     65
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [36]: pd.Series(test_y_hat).value_counts()
```

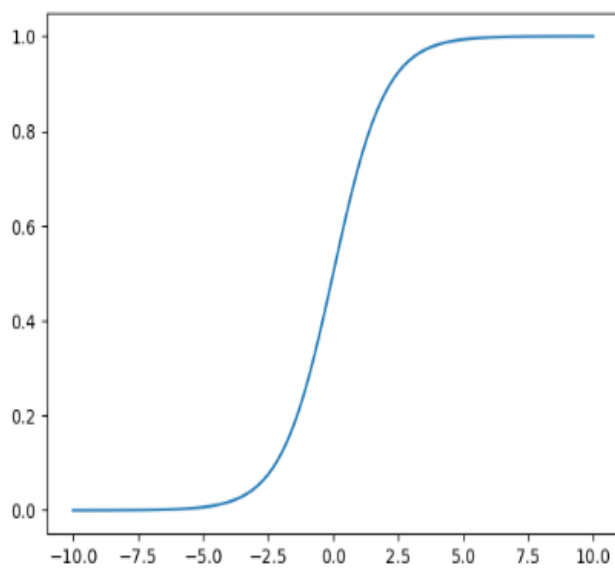
```
Out[36]: 1    156
0     29
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [37]: print(classification_report(test_y, test_y_hat))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.93	0.42	0.57	65
1	0.76	0.98	0.86	120
accuracy			0.78	185
macro avg	0.84	0.70	0.71	185
weighted avg	0.82	0.78	0.76	185

```
In [38]: x = np.linspace(-10,10,100)
y = 1 / (1 + np.exp(-x)) #Sigmoid
plt.plot(x, y)
```

```
Out[38]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x24968702510>]
```



## Practical No: 9

### Aim: Program to Implement AdaBoost

#### Output:

```
In [1]: from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier
from sklearn import datasets
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn import metrics
```

```
In [2]: iris = datasets.load_iris()
X = iris.data
y = iris.target
```

```
In [3]: # Split dataset into training set and test set
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2)
# 80% training and 20% test
```

```
In [4]: # Create adaboost classifier object
AdaModel = AdaBoostClassifier(n_estimators=100, learning_rate=1)

# Train Adaboost Classifier
model = AdaModel.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
In [5]: #Predict the response for test dataset
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [6]: # Model Accuracy, how often is the classifier correct?
print("Accuracy:",metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))

Accuracy: 0.9333333333333333
```

```
In [7]: # Import Support Vector Classifier
from sklearn.svm import SVC

#Import scikit-Learn metrics module for accuracy calculation
from sklearn import metrics
svc=SVC(probability=True, kernel='linear')
```

```
In [8]: # Create adaboost classifier object
abc =AdaBoostClassifier(n_estimators=50, base_estimator=svc,learning_rate=1)
```

```
In [9]: # Train Adaboost Classifier
model = abc.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
C:\Users\sande\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\ensemble\_base.py:166: FutureWarning: `base_estimator` was renamed to `estimator` in version 1.2 and will be removed in 1.4.
  warnings.warn(
```

```
In [10]: #Predict the response for test dataset
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [12]: # Model Accuracy, how often is the classifier correct?
print("Accuracy:",metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))

Accuracy: 0.9333333333333333
```

## Practical No:10

### Aim: Aim: Program to Implement Random Forest Regression

#### Output:

```
In [27]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [28]: train = pd.read_csv("D:\AI ML\Titanic-Dataset.csv")
```

```
In [29]: print(train.shape)
```

```
(891, 12)
```

```
In [30]: #checking for missing data
NAS = pd.concat([train.isnull().sum()], axis=1, keys=["Train"])
NAS[NAS.sum(axis=1) > 0]
```

```
Out[30]:
```

	Train
Age	177
Cabin	687
Embarked	2

```
In [31]: train.pop("Cabin")
train.pop("Name")
train.pop("Ticket")
```

```
Out[31]: 0      A/5 21171
1      PC 17599
2      STON/O2. 3101282
3      113803
4      373450
...
886      211536
887      112053
888      W./C. 6607
889      111369
890      370376
Name: Ticket, Length: 891, dtype: object
```

```
In [32]: # Filling missing Age values with mean
train["Age"] = train["Age"].fillna(train["Age"].mean())
```

```
In [33]: # Filling missing Embarked values with most common value
train["Embarked"] = train["Embarked"].fillna(train["Embarked"].mode()[0])
```

```
In [34]: train["Pclass"] = train["Pclass"].apply(str)
```

```
In [35]: # Getting Dummies from all other categorical vars
for col in train.dtypes[train.dtypes == "object"].index:
    for_dummy = train.pop(col)
    train = pd.concat([train, pd.get_dummies(for_dummy, prefix=col)], axis=1)
train.head()
```

```
Out[35]:
```

	PassengerId	Survived	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Pclass_1	Pclass_2	Pclass_3	Sex_female	Sex_male	Embarked_C	Embarked_Q	Embarked_S
0	1	0	22.0	1	0	7.2500	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1
1	2	1	38.0	1	0	71.2833	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
2	3	1	28.0	0	0	7.9250	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
3	4	1	35.0	1	0	53.1000	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
4	5	0	35.0	0	0	8.0500	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1

```
In [36]: labels = train.pop("Survived")
```

```
In [37]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(train, labels, test_size=0.25)
```

```
In [38]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100)
rf.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[38]:
RandomForestClassifier
RandomForestClassifier()
```

```
In [39]: y_pred = rf.predict(x_test)
```

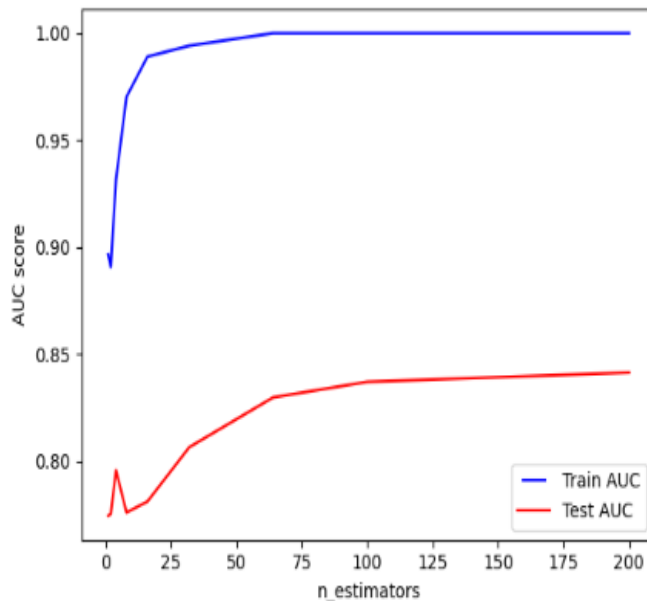
```
In [40]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_pred)
roc_auc = auc(false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate)
roc_auc
```

```
Out[40]: 0.8238414530639959
```

```
In [41]: n_estimators = [1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 100, 200]
train_results = []
test_results = []
```

```
In [42]: for estimator in n_estimators:
    rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=estimator, n_jobs=-1)
    rf.fit(x_train, y_train)
    train_pred = rf.predict(x_train)
    false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate, thresholds = roc_curve(y_train, train_pred)
    roc_auc = auc(false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate)
    train_results.append(roc_auc)
    y_pred = rf.predict(x_test)
    false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_pred)
    roc_auc = auc(false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate)
    test_results.append(roc_auc)
```

```
In [43]: from matplotlib.legend_handler import HandlerLine2D
line1, = plt.plot(n_estimators, train_results, "b", label="Train AUC")
line2, = plt.plot(n_estimators, test_results, "r", label="Test AUC")
plt.legend(handler_map={line1: HandlerLine2D(numpoints=2)})
plt.ylabel("AUC score")
plt.xlabel("n_estimators")
plt.show()
```



```
In [44]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=200)
rf.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[44]: RandomForestClassifier
RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=200)
```

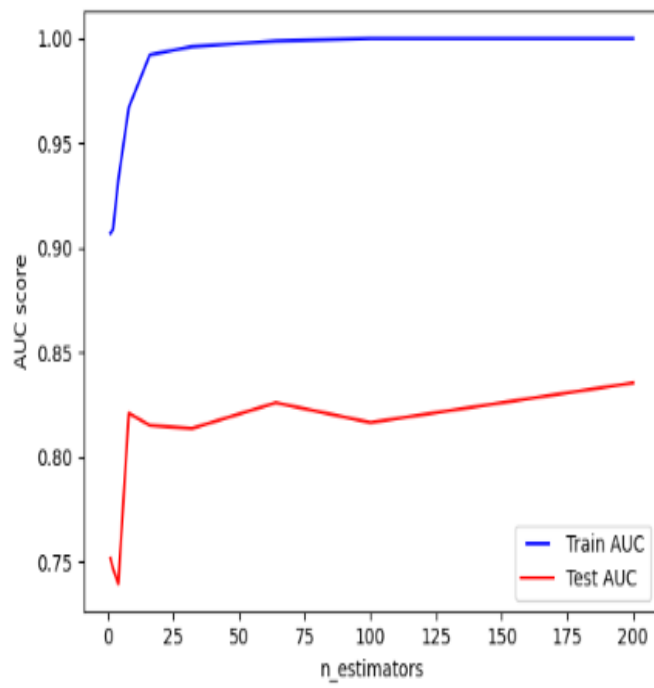
```
In [45]: y_pred = rf.predict(x_test)
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_pred)
roc_auc = auc(false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate)
roc_auc
```

```
Out[45]: 0.8201918180274997
```

```
In [46]: n_estimators = [1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 100, 200]
train_results = []
test_results = []
```

```
In [47]: for estimator in n_estimators:
    rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=estimator, n_jobs=-1)
    rf.fit(x_train, y_train)
    train_pred = rf.predict(x_train)
    false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate, thresholds = roc_curve(y_train, train_pred)
    roc_auc = auc(false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate)
    train_results.append(roc_auc)
    y_pred = rf.predict(x_test)
    false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_pred)
    roc_auc = auc(false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate)
    test_results.append(roc_auc)
```

```
In [48]: from matplotlib.legend_handler import HandlerLine2D
line1, = plt.plot(n_estimators, train_results, "b", label="Train AUC")
line2, = plt.plot(n_estimators, test_results, "r", label="Test AUC")
plt.legend(handler_map={line1: HandlerLine2D(numpoints=2)})
plt.ylabel("AUC score")
plt.xlabel("n_estimators")
plt.show()
```



## Practical No: 11

### Aim: Program to Implement K-Means Clustering Algorithm

#### Output:

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
        from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [3]: df = pd.read_csv('E:\AI MI Lab (Sandesh)\driver-data.csv')
        df.head()
```

```
Out[3]:
```

	id	mean_dist_day	mean_over_speed_perc
0	3423311935	71.24	28
1	3423313212	52.53	25
2	3423313724	64.54	27
3	3423311373	55.69	22
4	3423310999	54.58	25

```
In [4]: df.describe()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

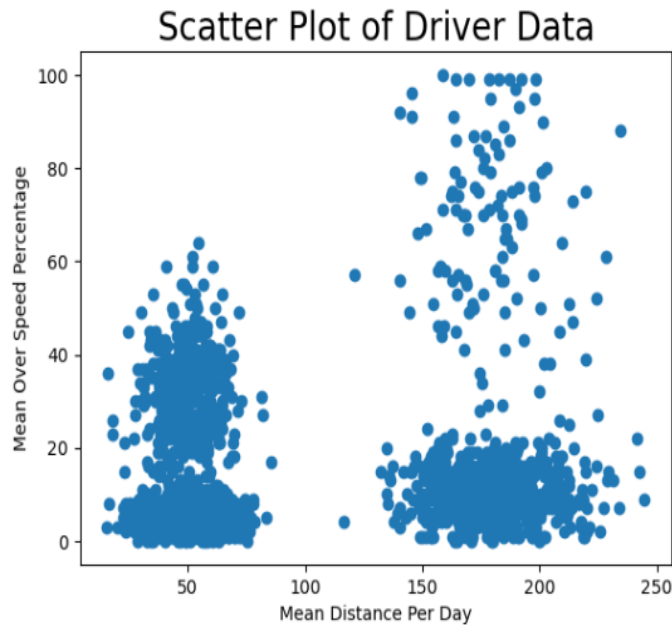
	id	mean_dist_day	mean_over_speed_perc
count	4.000000e+03	4000.000000	4000.000000
mean	3.423312e+09	76.041522	10.721000
std	1.154845e+03	53.469563	13.708543
min	3.423310e+09	15.520000	0.000000
25%	3.423311e+09	45.247500	4.000000
50%	3.423312e+09	53.330000	6.000000
75%	3.423313e+09	65.632500	9.000000
max	3.423314e+09	244.790000	100.000000

```
In [5]: df.shape
```

```
Out[5]: (4000, 3)
```

```
In [6]: plt.plot(df.mean_dist_day, df.mean_over_speed_perc, 'o')
        plt.xlabel('Mean Distance Per Day')
        plt.ylabel('Mean Over Speed Percentage')
        plt.title('Scatter Plot of Driver Data', fontsize=20)
        plt.show()
```





```
In [7]: df.head()
```

```
Out[7]:
```

	id	mean_dist_day	mean_over_speed_perc
0	3423311935	71.24	28
1	3423313212	52.53	25
2	3423313724	64.54	27
3	3423311373	55.69	22
4	3423310999	54.58	25

```
In [8]: data = df.drop(['id'], axis=1)
cluster_model = KMeans(n_clusters=2, n_init='auto')
cluster_model.fit(data)
```

```
Out[8]:
```

```
KMeans
KMeans(n_clusters=2, n_init='auto')
```

```
In [9]: df['labels'] = cluster_model.labels_
```

```
In [10]: df.head()
```

```
Out[10]:
```

	id	mean_dist_day	mean_over_speed_perc	labels
0	3423311935	71.24	28	0
1	3423313212	52.53	25	0
2	3423313724	64.54	27	0
3	3423311373	55.69	22	0
4	3423310999	54.58	25	0

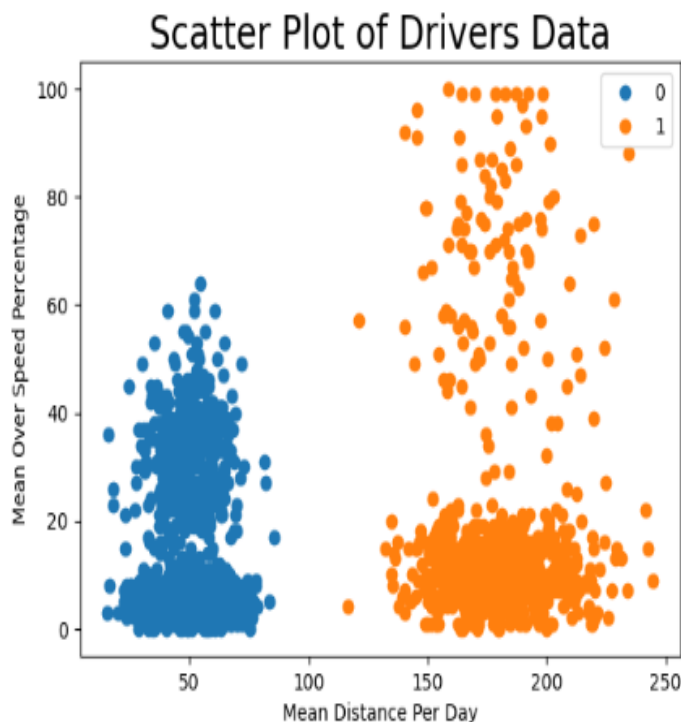
```
In [11]: df.labels.unique()
```

```
Out[11]: array([0, 1])
```

```
In [12]: df['labels'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[12]: labels
0      3200
1       800
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [13]: for label in df.labels.unique():
          plt.plot(df.loc[df.labels == label, 'mean_dist_day'],
                   df.loc[df.labels == label, 'mean_over_speed_perc'], 'o', label=label)
plt.xlabel('Mean Distance Per Day')
plt.ylabel('Mean Over Speed Percentage')
plt.title('Scatter Plot of Drivers Data', fontsize=20)
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

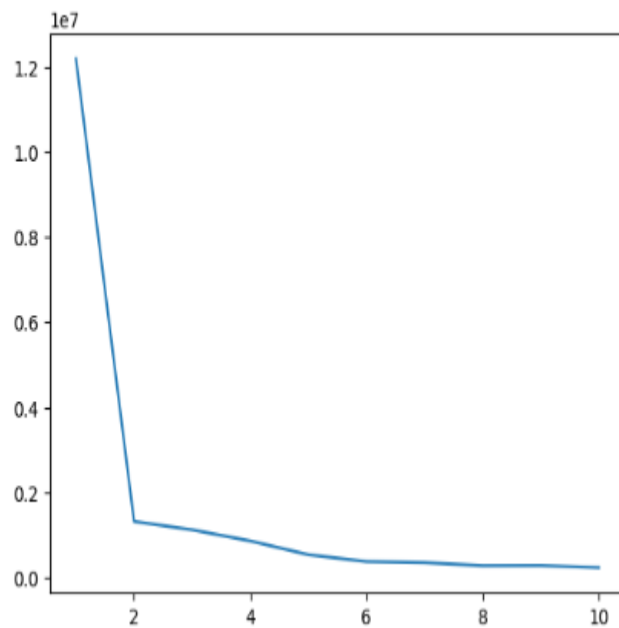


```
In [14]: cluster_model.cluster_centers_
```

```
Out[14]: array([[ 50.04763438,  8.82875   ],
                [180.017075 , 18.29    ]])
```

```
In [15]: error = []
          for k in range(1,11):
              cluster_model = KMeans(k, n_init='auto')
              cluster_model.fit(data)
              error.append(cluster_model.inertia_)
```

```
In [16]: plt.plot(range(1,11), error)
plt.show()
```



```
In [17]: df[df.labels == 0]
```

Out[17]:

	id	mean_dist_day	mean_over_speed_perc	labels
0	3423311935	71.24	28	0
1	3423313212	52.53	25	0
2	3423313724	64.54	27	0
3	3423311373	55.69	22	0
4	3423310909	54.58	25	0
...	...	...	...	...
3195	3423312761	47.56	5	0
3196	3423314346	39.39	8	0
3197	3423313451	46.85	7	0
3198	3423313552	37.68	7	0
3199	3423312908	50.56	5	0

3200 rows x 4 columns