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CSE DS D1

DAA EXP 5

Aim:

Matrix Chain multiplication using Dynammic Programming

Algorithm:

```
MATRIX-CHAIN-ORDER(p)
 1 \quad n = p.length - 1
 2 let m[1...n, 1...n] and s[1...n-1, 2...n] be new tables
 3 for i = 1 to n
        m[i,i] = 0
 5 for l=2 to n
                             // l is the chain length
 6
        for i = 1 to n - l + 1
            j = i + l - 1
7
 8
            m[i,j] = \infty
9
            for k = i to j - 1
                q = m[i,k] + m[k+1,j] + p_{i-1}p_kp_i
10
11
                if q < m[i, j]
12
                     m[i,j] = q
                     s[i,j] = k
13
14 return m and s
```

```
PRINT-OPTIMAL-PARENS (s, i, j)

1 if i = j

2 then print "A";

3 else print "("

4 PRINT-OPTIMAL-PARENS (s, i, s[i, j])

5 PRINT-OPTIMAL-PARENS (s, s[i, j] + 1, j)

6 print ")"
```

In the example of Figure 15.3, the call PRINT-OPTIMAL-PARENS (s, 1, 6) prints the parenthesization $((A_1(A_2A_3))((A_4A_5)A_6))$.

Code:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
void printParenthesis(int i, int j, int n, int* bracket,
                    char& name)
    if (i == j) {
        cout << name++;</pre>
        return;
    cout << "(";
    printParenthesis(i, *((bracket + i * n) + j), n,
                    bracket, name);
    printParenthesis(*((bracket + i * n) + j) + 1, j, n,
                    bracket, name);
    cout << ")";
void matrixChainOrder(int p[], int n)
    int m[n][n];
    int bracket[n][n];
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
        m[i][i] = 0;
    // L is chain length.
    for (int L = 2; L < n; L++)
        for (int i = 1; i < n - L + 1; i++)
            int j = i + L - 1;
            m[i][j] = INT_MAX;
            for (int k = i; k \le j - 1; k++)
```

```
int q = m[i][k] + m[k + 1][j]
                         + p[i - 1] * p[k] * p[j];
                 if (q < m[i][j])</pre>
                     m[i][j] = q;
                     bracket[i][j] = k;
    char name = 'A';
    cout << "Optimal Parenthesization is : ";</pre>
    printParenthesis(1, n - 1, n, (int*)bracket, name);
    cout << "\nOptimal Cost is : " << m[1][n - 1];</pre>
int main()
    int N;
    cin>>N;
    int arr[N];
    for(int i=0;i<N;i++)cin>>arr[i];
    matrixChainOrder(arr, N);
    return 0;
```

Output:

Conclusion:

In this experiment, I understood how to implement MCM algorithm using dynamic programing technique.