

Experiment 01:-

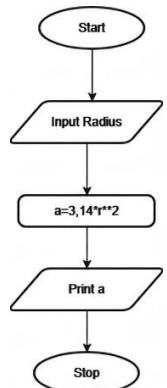
Problem Statement:-

Write a Python program that calculates the area of a circle when the radius is provided by the user. Use $\pi = 3.14$ and display the area.

Algorithm:-

1. Start
2. Read the radius r from the user
3. Calculate the area using the formula:
$$\text{Area} = 3.14 \times r \times r$$
4. Display the area
5. Stop.

Flowchart:-



Execution:-

The screenshot shows the CodeTantra IDE interface. The code in the editor is:

```
radius = float(input())
area = 3.14 * radius * radius
print(f'{area:.4f}')
```

The results section shows:

- Average time: 0.003 s
- Maximum time: 0.003 s
- 3.00 ms
- 2 out of 2 shown test case(s) passed
- 2 out of 2 hidden test case(s) passed

Test case 1:
Expected output: 3.14
Actual output: 3.14
31.4493

Test case 2:
Expected output: 3.14
Actual output: 3.14
31.4493

Sample Test Cases

Problem Statement:-

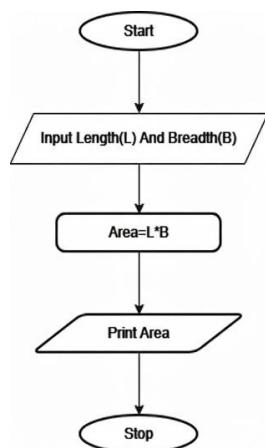
Write a Python program to calculate the area of a rectangle given its length and width.

Algorithm:-

1. Start.
2. Read the length l and Width b from the user.
3. Calculate the area using the formula:

$$\text{Area} = l * b.$$
4. Display the area.
5. Stop.

Flowchart:-



Execution:-

areaQR...

```

1 lenght = float(input())
2 width = float(input())
3
4 area = lenght * width
5
6 print(f"{area:.2f}")
7
  
```

Average time: 0.006 s Maximum time: 0.007 s 5.60 ms 5 out of 5 shown test case(s) passed 5 out of 5 hidden test case(s) passed

Test case 1 Expected output: 18.5 Actual output: 18.5 5.2 5.2 54.60

Test case 2 Expected output: 18.5 Actual output: 18.5 5.2 5.2 54.60

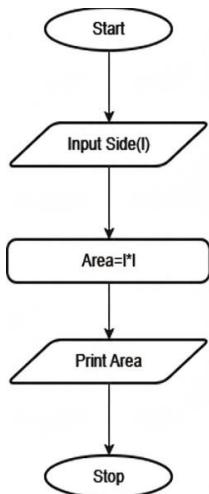
< Prev Reset Submit Next >

Problem Statement:-

Write a Python program that prompts the user to enter the Side Length of a square and computes the area of the square.

Algorithm:-

1. Start.
2. Read the side length s of the square.
3. Calculate the area using the formula: $\text{Area} = s \times s$.
4. Display the area
5. Stop.

Flowchart:-**Execution:-**

```

1 side_length = int(input())
2
3 area = side_length ** 2
4
5 print(area)
6
7
8
9
10

```

Average time: 0.004 s Maximum time: 0.008 s
4.26 ms 8.00 ms 2 out of 2 shown test case(s) passed
2 out of 2 hidden test case(s) passed

Test case 1 Expected output: 25 Actual output: 25
Test case 2

3

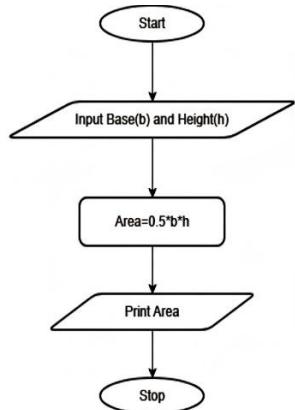
Problem Statement:-

Write a Python program that prompts the user to enter the triangle's base and height and computes the triangle's area.

Algorithm:-

1. Start.
2. Read the base b and height h of the triangle.
3. Calculate the area using the formula: $\text{Area} = 0.5 \times b \times h$.
4. Display the area.
5. Stop.

Flowchart:-



Execution:-

```

1 base = float(input())
2
3 height = float(input())
4
5 area = 0.5 * base * height
6 print(f'{area:.2f}')
7

```

Average time: 0.008 s Maximum time: 0.018 s 2 out of 2 shown test case(s) passed
0.20 ms 18.00 ms 2 out of 2 hidden test case(s) passed

Test case 1 4.82 ms Expected output: 6.54 Actual output: 6.54
1.73 1.73 4.82 4.82

Test case 2 4.82 ms

4

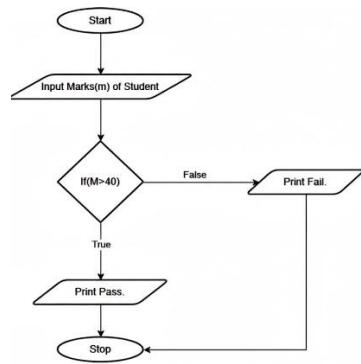
Problem Statement:-

Write a Python program to determine whether a student passed the exam or not based on their marks.

Algorithm:-

1. Start.
2. Read the marks obtained by the student.
3. If marks > 40 → Display “Pass”.
4. Else → Display “Fail”.
5. Stop.

Flowchart:-



Execution:-

The screenshot shows the CodeTANTRA IDE interface. The title bar says "CODETANTRA Home". The user is logged in as "atharva.darwidge@l62025@strguru.sru.edu.in". The code editor window contains a Python script named "passOrFail.py" with the following content:

```
# Type Content here...
marks = int(input())
if marks >= 40 :
    print("Pass")
else:
    print("Fail")
```

The output panel shows the results of three test cases:

Average time	Maximum time	Passed	Total
0.004 s	0.013 s	3 out of 3 shown test case(s) passed	3 out of 4 hidden test case(s) passed
4.29 ms	13.00 ms		

Test case details:

- Test case 1: Expected output "Pass", Actual output "Pass".
- Test case 2: Expected output "Pass", Actual output "Pass".
- Test case 3: Expected output "Pass", Actual output "Pass".

5

Experiment 02:-

Problem Statement:-

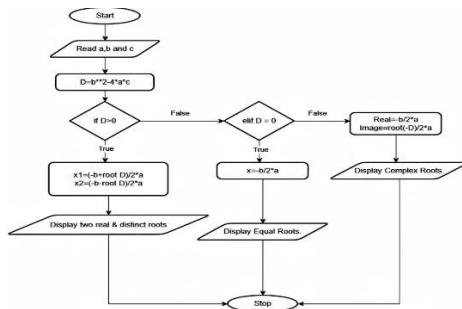
Write a program to find the roots of a quadratic equation, given its coefficients a, b, and c. Use the quadratic formula: $(-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) / 2a$.

Algorithm:-

1. Start.
2. Read the coefficients a, b, and c.
3. Calculate the discriminant using: $D = b^2 - 4ac$.

4. If $D > 0$ Compute:- $x_1 = (-b + \sqrt{D})/2a$ and $x_2 = (-b - \sqrt{D})/2a$ Display two real and distinct roots.
5. Else if $D = 0$ Compute:- $x = -b/2a$ Display equal real roots.
6. Else ($D < 0$) Compute:- Real part = $-b/2a$ Imaginary part = $\sqrt{-D}/2a$ Display complex roots.
7. Stop.

Flowchart:-



Execution:-

```

import math
a, b, c = map(int, input().split())
D = b*b - 4*a*c
if D > 0:
    root1 = (-b + math.sqrt(D)) / (2*a)
    root2 = (-b - math.sqrt(D)) / (2*a)
    print("root1 = ", root1)
    print("root2 = ", root2)
else:
    print("Roots are real and same")
    root1 = -b / (2*a)
    print("root1 = ", root1)

```

Test case 1: Expected output: 1.5, Actual output: 1.5, Test case 2: Expected output: 2.0, Actual output: 2.0, Test case 3: Expected output: 3.0, Actual output: 3.0.

Experiment 03:-

Problem Statement:-

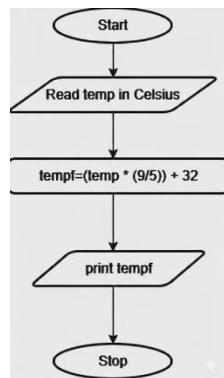
Write a Python program to convert temperature from Celsius to Fahrenheit.

Algorithm:-

1. Start.
2. Input temperature in Celsius C.
3. Calculate Fahrenheit using the formula $F = (C \times 9/5) + 32$.
4. Display the temperature in Fahrenheit.

5. Stop.

Flowchart:-



Execution:-

```

3.1. Celsius to Fahrenheit
Write a Python program to convert temperatures from Celsius to Fahrenheit.

Formula:
Fahrenheit = (Celsius * 9/5) + 32

Input Format:
• Single line contains a float value representing the temperature in Celsius.

Output Format:
• Print the temperature in Fahrenheit as a float value, formatted to 2 decimal places.

Sample Test Cases
  
```

Code:

```

1 # Read Temperature in Celsius
2 celsius = float(input())
3
4 # Convert to Fahrenheit
5 fahrenheit = (celsius * 9 / 5) + 32
6
7 # Print result Formatted to 2 decimal places
8 print(f'{fahrenheit:.2f}')
  
```

Test results:

- Test case 1: Expected output 24.00, Actual output 24.00
- Test case 2: Expected output 32.00, Actual output 32.00
- Test case 3: Expected output 40.00, Actual output 40.00

Buttons at the bottom: Print, Reset, Submit, Next

Problem Statement:-

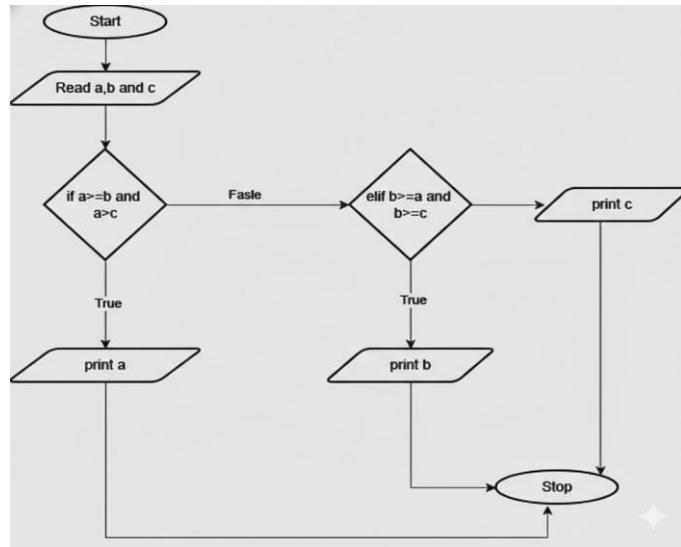
Write a Python program that prompts the user to enter three integers. Print the largest of the three integers.

Algorithm:-

1. Start.
2. Input three integers a, b, and c.

3. If $a \geq b$ and $a \geq c \rightarrow$ Print a as the largest number.
4. Else if $b \geq a$ and $b \geq c \rightarrow$ Print b as the largest number.
5. Else \rightarrow Print c as the largest number.
6. Stop

Flowchart:-



Execution:-

```

largestNo...
1 # Read three integers
2 a = int(input())
3 b = int(input())
4 c = int(input())
5
6 # Find and print the largest
7 print(max(a, b, c))
8
  
```

Sample Test Cases

Execution time: 0.016 s | Memory limit: 16.00 MB | 2 out of 2 shown test case(s) passed | 2 out of 2 hidden test case(s) passed

Test case 1	Expected output	Actual output
1 2 3	3	3
Test case 2	Expected output	Actual output
3 2 1	3	3

Experiment 04:-

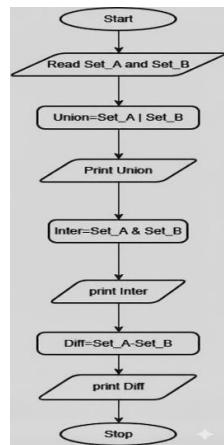
Problem Statement:-

Write a Python program to perform union, intersection and difference operations on Set A and Set B.

Algorithm:-

1. Start.
2. Declare two sets A and B
3. Read elements of Set A from the user
4. Read elements of Set B from the user
5. Perform Union operation $\text{Union} = A \cup B$.
6. Perform Intersection operation $\text{Intersection} = A \cap B$.
7. Perform Difference operations
8. $\text{Difference}_1 = A - B$.
9. Display Set A and Set B
10. Display Union, Intersection, and Difference results
11. Stop.

Flowchart:-



Execution:-

```
# Prompt and read Set A
1 print("Set A:", end="")
2 set_a = set(map(int, input().split()))
3
4 # Prompt and read Set B
5 print("Set B:", end="")
6 set_b = set(map(int, input().split()))
7
8 # Perform set operations
9 print("Union:", set_a | set_b)
10 print("Intersection:", set_a & set_b)
11 print("Difference:", set_a - set_b)
12
13
14
```

Test Case 1
Expected output:
Set A: 1 2 3 5 6
Set B: 1 2 3 5 6
Union: {1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 4, 7}
Intersection: {1, 2, 3, 5}
Difference: {4, 7}

Actual output:
Set A: 1 2 3 5 6
Set B: 1 2 3 5 6
Union: {1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 4, 7}
Intersection: {1, 2, 3, 5}
Difference: {4, 7}