## **Terms**

(Stolen from the Incremental Flattening paper:))

```
bop ::= + | - | * | / | ; | · · · op ::= transpose | rearrange (d, \dots, d) | replicate soac ::= map | reduce | scan | redomap | scanomap e ::= x \mid d \mid b \mid (e, \dots, e) \mid e[e] \mid e \ bop \ e \mid op \ e \cdots e \mid 0 | loop x_1 \cdots x_n = e \ for \ y = e \ to \ 0 \ do \ e | let x_1 \cdots x_n = e \ in \ e \mid if \ e \ then \ e \ else \ e | soac f \ e \cdots e | soac f \ e \cdots e \mid e \ bop \mid bop \ e
```

The **0** expression is an array of zeros of arbitrary (and polymorphic!) shape.

## **Reverse-mode Rules**

We define *tape maps* ( $\parallel \Omega$ ) and *adjoint contexts* ( $\Lambda \vdash$ ) as

$$\Omega ::= \varepsilon \mid \Omega, (x \mapsto x_s) 
\Lambda ::= \varepsilon \mid \Lambda, (x \mapsto \hat{x})$$

The union of two maps prefers the right map in the instance of key conflicts:

$$(\Lambda_1 \cup \Lambda_2)[x] = \begin{cases} \Lambda_2[x] & \text{if } (x \mapsto \hat{x}) \in \Lambda_2 \\ \Lambda_1[x] & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Mappings of lists of variables is sugar for a list of mappings:

$$x_1x_2\cdots x_n\mapsto \hat{x}_1\hat{x}_2\cdots \hat{x}_n=\epsilon, (x_1\mapsto \hat{x}_1), (x_2\mapsto \hat{x}_2), \ldots, (x_n\mapsto \hat{x}_n)$$

dom returns all keys of a map, i.e.,

$$dom(\epsilon, (x_1 \mapsto \hat{x}_1), (x_2 \mapsto \hat{x}_2)) = \{x_1, x_2\}$$

*im* returns all elements:

$$im(\epsilon, (x_1 \mapsto \hat{x}_1), (x_2 \mapsto \hat{x}_2)) = {\{\hat{x}_1, \hat{x}_2\}}$$

We're sloppy and overload the notation somewhat, so expressions like

let 
$$dom(\epsilon, (x_1 \mapsto \hat{x}_1), (x_2 \mapsto \hat{x}_2)) = e_1$$
 in  $e_2$ 

are to be understood as

**let** 
$$x_1 x_2 = e_1 in e_2$$

or

let 
$$(x_1, x_2) = e_1$$
 in  $e_2$ 

depending on the context.

## Forward pass $(\Rightarrow_F)$

$$\frac{e = \mathbf{loop} \ \overline{x} = e_0 \ \mathbf{for} \ y < e_n \ \mathbf{do} \ e_{body} \qquad x_{s_0} \ \mathbf{fresh} \qquad x_{s_0} = \mathbf{replicate} \ e_n \ \mathbf{0}}{e \Rightarrow_F \mathbf{loop} \ (\overline{x}, x_s) = (e_0, x_{s_0}) \ \mathbf{for} \ y < e_n \ \mathbf{do} \ (e_{body}, x_s[y] = \overline{x}) \ \| \ (\overline{x} \mapsto x_s)$$
 FWDLOOP

## Reverse pass (*⇐*)

$$e_{body} = \mathbf{let} \, \overline{rs} = e'_{body} \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{rs} \qquad e_{loop} = \mathbf{let} \, \overline{lres} = \mathbf{loop} \, \overline{x} = e_0 \, \mathbf{for} \, y < e_n \, \mathbf{do} \, e_{body} \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{lres}$$

$$e_{loop} \Rightarrow_F e'_{loop} \parallel \Omega \qquad \overline{fv} = FV(e_{body}) \setminus \overline{x} \qquad \overline{\hat{x}}, \, \overline{fv}, \, \overline{fv'}, \, \overline{fs'}, \, \overline{fs'} \, fresh$$

$$\overline{reset} = \mathbf{map} \, (\lambda - \mathbf{0}) \, \overline{\hat{x}} \qquad \Delta'_1 = \Delta_1, \, \overline{x} \mapsto \overline{\hat{x}}, \, \overline{fv} \mapsto \overline{fv}, \, \overline{rs} \mapsto \overline{rs}$$

$$\hat{e}_{body} = \mathbf{let} \, \overline{\hat{z}} = \hat{e}'_{body} \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{\hat{z}} \qquad (\Delta'_1 \vdash e_{body}) \Leftrightarrow (\Delta_2 \vdash \hat{e}_{body})$$

$$\Delta_{2,fv} = \{v \mapsto \hat{v} \mid v \in \overline{fv}, (v \mapsto \hat{v}) \in \Delta_2 \setminus \Delta'_1\} \qquad \Delta_{2,rs} = \{r \mapsto \hat{r} \mid r \in \overline{rs}, (r \mapsto \hat{r}) \in \Delta_2\}$$

$$\hat{e}''_{body} = \mathbf{let} \, \overline{rs} = \Omega[y] \, \mathbf{in} \, (\mathbf{let} \, \overline{\hat{z}'} = \hat{e}'_{body} \, \mathbf{in} \, (reset, im(\Delta_{2,rs}), im(\Delta_{2,fv})))$$

$$\widehat{init} = (reset, \Delta_1[\overline{lres}], \Delta_1[dom(\Delta_{2,fv})]$$

$$\hat{e}_{loop} = \mathbf{loop} \, (\overline{\hat{x}}, \, \overline{\hat{rs}}, \, \overline{fv'}) = \widehat{init} \, \mathbf{for} \, y = e_n - 1 \, \mathbf{to} \, 0 \, \mathbf{do} \, \hat{e}''_{body}$$

$$\Delta_1 \vdash e_{loop} \Leftrightarrow \left( \Delta_3 \vdash \mathbf{let} \, (-, \overline{rs'}, \, \overline{fv'}) = \hat{e}_{loop} \, \mathbf{in} \, (\mathbf{let} \, \overline{fv''} = (\mathbf{map} \, (+) \, \overline{fv'} \, \overline{\hat{rs'}}) \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv''}) \right)$$

$$\Delta \vdash e_t \Leftrightarrow \Delta_t \vdash \mathbf{let} \, \overline{fv} = \hat{e}_t \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv}$$

$$\Delta \vdash e_t \Leftrightarrow \Delta_f \vdash \mathbf{let} \, \overline{fv} = \hat{e}_f \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv} = (\mathbf{map} \, (+) \, \overline{fv'} \, \overline{\hat{rs'}}) \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv''})$$

$$\Delta \vdash e_t \Leftrightarrow \Delta_t \vdash \mathbf{let} \, \overline{fv} = \hat{e}_t \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv} = (\mathbf{map} \, (+) \, \overline{fv'} \, \overline{\hat{rs'}}) \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv''})$$

$$\Delta \vdash e_t \Leftrightarrow \Delta_t \vdash \mathbf{let} \, \overline{fv} = \hat{e}_t \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv} = (\mathbf{map} \, (+) \, \overline{fv'} \, \overline{\hat{rs'}}) \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv''})$$

$$\Delta \vdash e_t \Leftrightarrow \Delta_f \vdash \mathbf{let} \, \overline{fv} = \hat{e}_f \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv} = (\mathbf{map} \, (+) \, \overline{fv'} \, \overline{\hat{rs'}}) \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv''})$$

$$\Delta \vdash e_t \Leftrightarrow \Delta_f \vdash \mathbf{let} \, \overline{fv} = \hat{e}_f \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv} = (\mathbf{map} \, (+) \, \overline{fv'} \, \overline{\hat{rs'}}) \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv''}$$

$$\Delta \vdash e_t \Leftrightarrow \Delta_f \vdash \mathbf{let} \, \overline{fv} = \hat{e}_f \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv} = (\mathbf{map} \, (+) \, \overline{fv'} \, \overline{\hat{rs'}}) \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv''})$$

$$\Delta \vdash e_t \Leftrightarrow \Delta_f \vdash \mathbf{let} \, \overline{fv} = \hat{e}_f \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv} = (\mathbf{map} \, (+) \, \overline{fv'} \, \overline{fv'}) \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv''} = (\mathbf{map} \, (+) \, \overline{fv'} \, \overline{fv'}) \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv''} = (\mathbf{map} \, (+) \, \overline{fv'} \, \overline{fv'}) \, \mathbf{in} \, \overline{fv''$$