

# Biodiversity in US National Parks



## Goal

The goal of this project to is analyze biodiversity data in US National Parks to better understand the distribution of the conservation status of species in these parks.

# The project sought to answer the following questions:

- What is the distribution of conservation status for species?
- Are certain types of species more likely to be endangered?
- Are the differences between species and their conservation status significant?
- Which species are In Recovery and what is the overall distributions in the parks compared to the average observations of the species with other conservation statuses?

#### **Data Sources**

- species\_info.csv
- observations.csv



Note: The data for this project is inspired by real data but is mostly fictional. The data was provided by Codecademy.

This is the file that contains information pertaining to the various species in the National Parks.

It has four columns:

- category: The category of taxonomy for each species
- scientific\_name: The scientific name of the species
- common\_names: The common name(s) of the species
- conservation\_status: The conservation status of the species ('Species of Concern' 'Endangered' 'Threatened' 'In Recovery'). If null, then the species is not in danger

The file consists of 5824 rows and 4 columns.



species\_info.csv

Number of Rows:5824 Number of Columns:4

	category	scientific_name	common_names	conservation_status
0	Mammal	Clethrionomys gapperi gapperi	Gapper's Red-Backed Vole	NaN
1	Mammal	Bos bison	American Bison, Bison	NaN
2	Mammal	Bos taurus	Aurochs, Aurochs, Domestic Cattle (Feral), Dom	NaN
3	Mammal	Ovis aries	Domestic Sheep, Mouflon, Red Sheep, Sheep (Feral)	NaN
4	Mammal	Cervus elaphus	Wapiti Or Elk	NaN

	category	scientific_name	common_names	conservation_status
count	5824	5824	5824	191
unique	7	5541	5504	4
top	Vascular Plant	Castor canadensis	Brachythecium Moss	Species of Concern
freq	4470	3	7	161

	category	scientific_name	common_names	conservation_status
count	5824	5824	5824	191
unique	7	5541	5504	4
top	Vascular Plant	Castor canadensis	Brachythecium Moss	Species of Concern
freq	4470	3	7	161

The category column has the following 7 unique values:

- Mammal
- Bird
- Reptile
- Amphibian
- Fish
- Vascular Plant
- Nonvascular Plant

category	
Amphibian	80
Bird	521
Fish	127
Mammal	214
Nonvascular Plant	333
Reptile	79
Vascular Plant	4470
dtype: int64	

The conservation\_status column has the following 4 unique values:

- Species of Concern: declining or appear to be in need of conservation
- Endangered: seriously at risk of extinction
- Threatened: vulnerable to endangerment in the near future
- In Recovery: formerly Endangered, but in recovery of endangerment

conservation_status	
Endangered	16
In Recovery	4
Species of Concern	161
Threatened	10
dtype: int64	

There are 5633 records that have a null value in conservation\_status. These signify that the species is not a protected species.

	category	scientific_name	common_names	conservation_status
count	5824	5824	5824	191
unique	7	5541	5504	4
top	Vascular Plant	Castor canadensis	Brachythecium Moss	Species of Concern
freq	4470	3	7	161

	category	scientific_nam	9	common_names	conservation_status
count	5824	582	4	5824	191
unique	7	554	1	5504	4
top	Vascular Plant	Castor canadensi	s B	Brachythecium Moss	Species of Concern
freq	4470		3	7	161

There are 283 duplicates in the scientific name.

There are 5541 records in the species\_info table.

	category	scientific_name	common_names	conservation_status
count	5541	5541	5541	179
unique	7	5541	5229	4
top	Vascular Plant	Clethrionomys gapperi gapperi	Brachythecium Moss	Species of Concern
freq	4262	1	7	151

After dropping the duplicates, this is the new summary information of species\_info.csv

We replaced the null values in the conservation\_status column (i.e. the species that are not protected) with "Not in danger of extinction".

conservation_status					
Endangered	15				
In Recovery	3				
Not in danger of extinction	5362				
Species of Concern	151				
Threatened	10				
dtype: int64					

Note: Since the duplicates were removed, the numbers are a little different from the original.

This is the file that contains information from recorded sightings of different species throughout the national parks in the past 7 days.

#### It has three columns:

- scientific\_name: The scientific name of the species
- park\_name: The name of the National Park
- observations: The number of observations in the past 7 days

The file consists of 23296 rows and 3 columns.

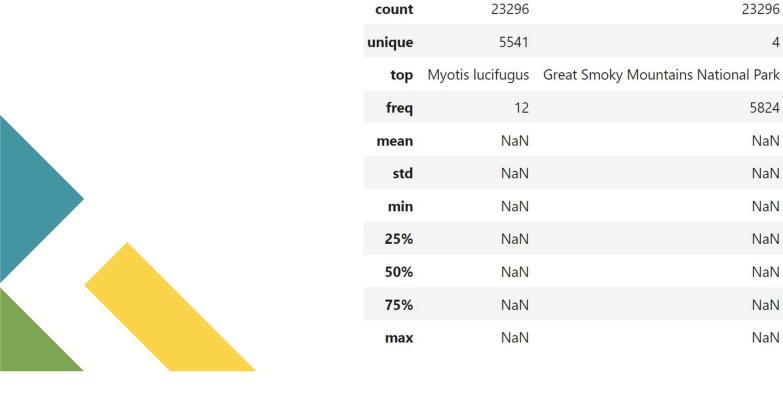


#### observations.csv

Number of Rows:23296 Number of Columns:3

	scientific_name	park_name	observations
0	Vicia benghalensis	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	68
1	Neovison vison	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	77
2	Prunus subcordata	Yosemite National Park	138
3	Abutilon theophrasti	Bryce National Park	84
4	Githopsis specularioides	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	85





scientific\_name

park\_name observations

4

5824

NaN

NaN

NaN

NaN

NaN

NaN

NaN

23296 23296.000000

NaN

NaN

NaN

142.287904

69.890532

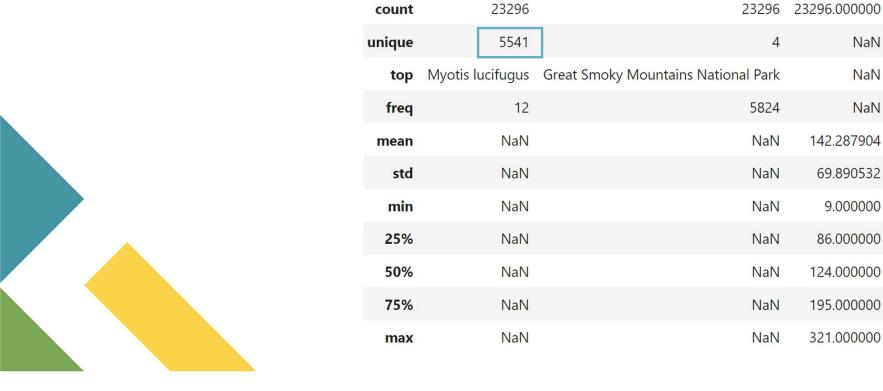
9.000000

86.000000

124.000000

195.000000

321.000000



scientific\_name

park\_name observations

NaN

NaN

NaN

142.287904

69.890532

9.000000

86.000000

124.000000

195.000000

321.000000

	scientific_name	park_name	observations
1766	Canis lupus	Bryce National Park	27
7346	Canis lupus	Bryce National Park	29
9884	Canis lupus	Bryce National Park	74
10190	Canis lupus	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	15
17756	Canis lupus	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	14
20353	Canis lupus	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	30
10268	Canis lupus	Yellowstone National Park	60
10907	Canis lupus	Yellowstone National Park	67
13427	Canis lupus	Yellowstone National Park	203
1294	Canis lupus	Yosemite National Park	35
19330	Canis lupus	Yosemite National Park	117
19987	Canis lupus	Yosemite National Park	44

- There were duplicate rows with different observations.
- We summarized the observations into a single row.

S	cientific_name	park_name	observations
3216	Canis lupus	Bryce National Park	130
3217	Canis lupus	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	59
3218	Canis lupus	Yellowstone National Park	330
3219	Canis lupus	Yosemite National Park	196

This resulted in 22164 rows and 3 columns.

## **The Analysis**



# What is the distribution of conservation status for species?

We found that **5362** species are not in the conservation program while **179** species are protected species.



## Are certain types of species more likely to be endangered?

100	category	not_protected	protected	percent_protected
0	Amphibian	72	7	8.860759
1	Bird	413	75	15.368852
2	Fish	114	11	8.800000
3	Mammal	146	30	17.045455
4	Nonvascular Plant	328	5	1.501502
5	Reptile	73	5	6.410256
6	Vascular Plant	4216	46	1.079305

 We found that Mammal and Bird categories had the highest percentage of protected species.

# Are the differences between species and their conservation status significant?

As seen in the table, some differences in species and their conservation status are significant and some are not.

	Category1	Category2	p-value	Significant?
0	Reptile	Vascular Plant	1.450522e-04	Statistically Significant
1	Nonvascular Plant	Vascular Plant	6.623419e-01	Not Statistically Significant
2	Nonvascular Plant	Reptile	3.362698e-02	Statistically Significant
3	Mammal	Vascular Plant	1.440507e-55	Statistically Significant
4	Mammal	Reptile	3.835559e-02	Statistically Significant
5	Mammal	Nonvascular Plant	1.481869e-10	Statistically Significant
6	Fish	Vascular Plant	1.139913e-12	Statistically Significant
7	Fish	Reptile	7.286746e-01	Not Statistically Significant
8	Fish	Nonvascular Plant	4.587125e-04	Statistically Significant
9	Fish	Mammal	5.948567e-02	Not Statistically Significant
10	Bird	Vascular Plant	4.612268e-79	Statistically Significant
11	Bird	Reptile	5.313542e-02	Not Statistically Significant
12	Bird	Nonvascular Plant	1.054631e-10	Statistically Significant
13	Bird	Mammal	6.875948e-01	Not Statistically Significant
14	Bird	Fish	8.142211e-02	Not Statistically Significant

# Are the differences between species and their conservation status significant?

As seen in the table, some differences in species and their conservation status are significant and some are not.

Eg: Mammals and Birds are not statistically significant while Mammals and Reptiles are statistically significant

	Category1	Category2	p-value	Significant?
0	Reptile	Vascular Plant	1.450522e-04	Statistically Significant
1	Nonvascular Plant	Vascular Plant	6.623419e-01	Not Statistically Significant
2	Nonvascular Plant	Reptile	3.362698e-02	Statistically Significant
3	Mammal	Vascular Plant	1.440507e-55	Statistically Significant
4	Mammal	Reptile	3.835559e-02	Statistically Significant
5	Mammal	Nonvascular Plant	1.481869e-10	Statistically Significant
6	Fish	Vascular Plant	1.139913e-12	Statistically Significant
7	Fish	Reptile	7.286746e-01	Not Statistically Significant
8	Fish	Nonvascular Plant	4.587125e-04	Statistically Significant
9	Fish	Mammal	5.948567e-02	Not Statistically Significant
10	Bird	Vascular Plant	4.612268e-79	Statistically Significant
11	Bird	Reptile	5.313542e-02	Not Statistically Significant
12	Bird	Nonvascular Plant	1.054631e-10	Statistically Significant
13	Bird	Mammal	6.875948e-01	Not Statistically Significant
14	Bird	Fish	8.142211e-02	Not Statistically Significant

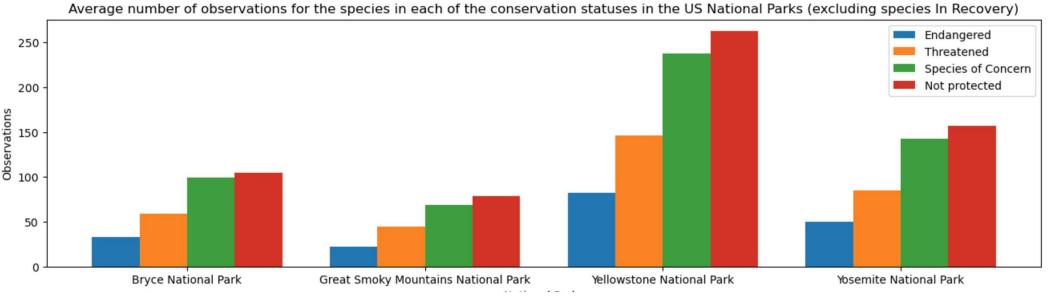
category	Amphibian	Bird	Fish	Mammal	Nonvascular Plant	Reptile	Vascular Plant
conservation_status							
Endangered	1.0	4.0	3.0	6.0	NaN	NaN	1.0
In Recovery	NaN	3.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
Species of Concern	4.0	68.0	4.0	22.0	5.0	5.0	43.0
Threatened	2.0	NaN	4.0	2.0	NaN	NaN	2.0

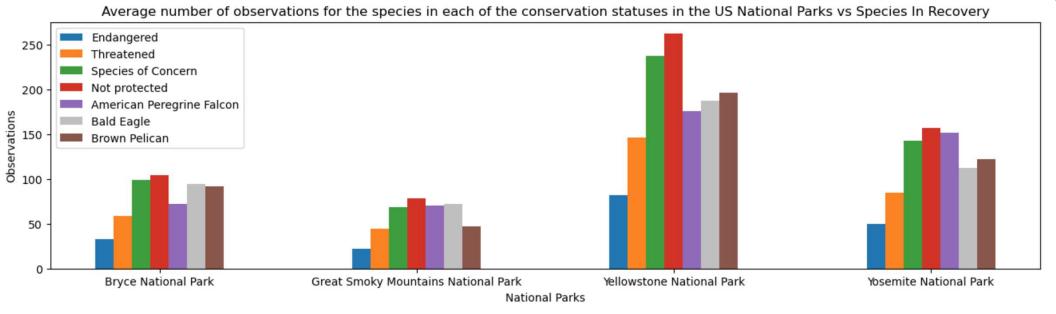
category	Amphibian	Bird	Fish	Mammal	Nonvascular Plant	Reptile	Vascular Plant
conservation_status							
Endangered	1.0	4.0	3.0	6.0	NaN	NaN	1.0
In Recovery	NaN	3.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
Species of Concern	4.0	68.0	4.0	22.0	5.0	5.0	43.0
Threatened	2.0	NaN	4.0	2.0	NaN	NaN	2.0

	scientific_name	common_names	park_name	observations
0	Falco peregrinus anatum	American Peregrine Falcon	Bryce National Park	72
1	Falco peregrinus anatum	American Peregrine Falcon	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	70
2	Falco peregrinus anatum	American Peregrine Falcon	Yellowstone National Park	176
3	Falco peregrinus anatum	American Peregrine Falcon	Yosemite National Park	152
4	Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Bald Eagle	Bryce National Park	94
5	Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Bald Eagle	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	72
6	Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Bald Eagle	Yellowstone National Park	187
7	Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Bald Eagle	Yosemite National Park	112
8	Pelecanus occidentalis	Brown Pelican	Bryce National Park	92
9	Pelecanus occidentalis	Brown Pelican	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	47
10	Pelecanus occidentalis	Brown Pelican	Yellowstone National Park	196
11	Pelecanus occidentalis	Brown Pelican	Yosemite National Park	122

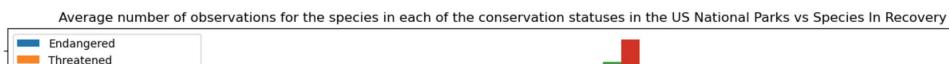
#### The three species In Recovery:

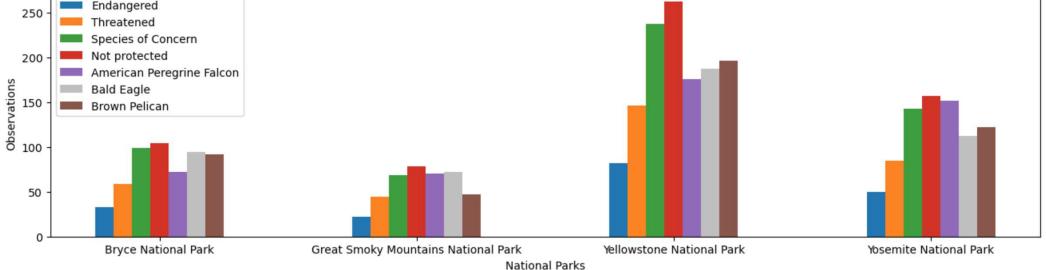
- Falco peregrinus anatum (American Peregrine Falcon)
- Haliaeetus leucocephalus (Bald Eagle)
- Pelecanus occidentalis (Brown Pelican)



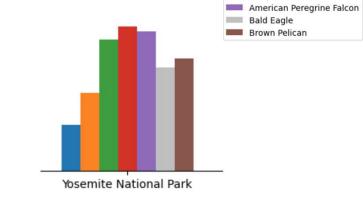


The observations for the **In Recovery** species fell mostly between the average value for *Species of Concern* and *Threatened* or close to the average value for *Species of Concern* which is what is expected. However, there were a few instances where that was not the case.

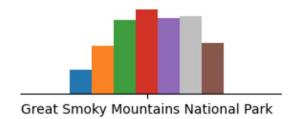




- In Yosemite,
  - The American Peregrine Falcon had observations that were higher than the average observations for Species of Concern species but lower than the average observations for Not Protected species in the National Park.
  - The Bald Eagle and the Brown Pelican fall in between Threatened and Species of Concern.
- In Great Smoky Mountains.
  - The observations for the American Peregrine Falcon were around the average observations of the Species of Concern.
  - The observations for the **Bald Eagle** were <u>higher than</u> the average observations for Species of Concern species but <u>lower than</u> the average observations for *Not Protected* species in the National Park.
  - The Brown Pelican observations fall in between Threatened and Species of Concern.



Threatened Species of Concern Not protected



#### **Further Analysis**

- This dataset only included observations from the last 7 days. It would be curious to see how the conservation status for various species changes over time.
- Another piece that is missing is the Area of each park, it can be assumed that Yellowstone National Park might be much larger than the other parks which would mean that it would exhibit more observations and greater biodiversity.
- Lastly, if precise locations were recorded, the spatial distribution of the species could also be observed and test if these observations are spatially clustered.

## Thank you

#### **Appendix**

 Duplicates in common names were observed in species\_info.csv due to spellings and other common user errors. The common names were not a field that made a huge impact in our analysis, so the duplicates were ignored.

	category	scientific_name	commo	n_names	conservation_status
count	5824	5824		5824	191
unique	7	5541		5504	4
top	Vascular Plant	Castor canadensis	Brachytheci	ium Moss	Species of Concern
freq	4470	3		7	161