Quiz 9	Name:

Paramteric Equations and Partial Derivatives

Math 408D:

Instructor: Athil George

Problem 1. Consider the polar equation:

$$r = \frac{\gamma}{\alpha \sin(\theta) + \beta \cos(\theta)}$$

Show that this curve represents a line. Write in the form y=Ax+B, where A and B would be in terms of the constants γ , α , and β .

Problem 2. Consider the general form of the polar equation from your HW:

$$r(\theta) = \cos(k\theta)$$

- 1. Trace the curve when k=2 from $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$.
- 2. Trace the curve when k=3 from $0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$.

Below is a the unit circle to help you.

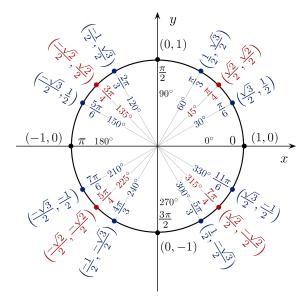


Figure 1: Unit Circle

Bonus: Complete the following statement.
From the interval $0 \le t \le 2\pi$, the Cartesian graph representing $r = \cos(k\theta)$ has number of clovers when k is odd and number of clovers when k is even.