

# Determination of Heat Transfer Co-efficient in a Fluidized Bed

- **Objective:**

Investigation of the effect of

- a) Superficial Velocity
- b) Depth of Immersion

On the surface heat transfer co-efficient for a hot surface in an Air Fluidized Bed

- **Preparation:**

Ensure that the Voltmeter, Ammeter and Manometers have been zeroed.

### Calibration of Orifice for Higher Flow Rates

- i) Ensure that the manometers are correctly filled and zeroed.
- ii) Turn on the compressed air supply – and with the control valve set the airflow to 1.5 litre per sec on the variable area meter.
- iii) Note the orifice differential pressure ( $x$  cm) indicated the right-hand manometer.

**Calibration:** Since air flow is proportional to  $\sqrt{x}$ ,  $k = \frac{1.5}{\sqrt{x}}$

Now, determine the higher flow rates from the equation  $Q_m = k\sqrt{x}$

- **Procedure:**

Set the heater to a convenient height above the distributor (say 4 cm).

Turn the airflow to a high value and allow the bed to mix thoroughly for two or three minutes.

Adjust the variable transformer until the desired heater surface temperature ( $t_1$ ) is obtained (about  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$  is suitable).

Allow conditions to stabilize, then note

- |   |       |
|---|-------|
| i) Heater surface temperature               | $t_1$ |
| ii) Bed temperature                         | $t_2$ |
| iii) Air temperature                        | $t_3$ |
| iv) Heater voltage                          | $V$   |
| v) Heater current                           | $A$   |
| vi) Air flow rate (or orifice differential) |       |

Reduce the airflow, reset the variable transformer to obtain the desired value of  $t_1$  then repeat the observations.

Repeat in convenient steps until the air control valve is closed.

## Experiment No.: II

### Calculation of heat transfer coefficient ( h ) at steady state

Temperature correction at the Bed 
$$\left( Q_b = Q_m \frac{t_2}{t_3} \right)$$

$$VI = A_s h(t_1 - t_2)$$

$$h = \frac{VI}{A_s(t_1 - t_2)}$$

Where,  $V$  = Heater e.m.f ( Volt )

$I$  = Heater Current (Amp.)

$A_s$  (Surface area of the Heater) =  $1.6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$

#### Bed Data:

Bed Material: Fused Alumina Grit ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ )

Mean Particle size =  $250 \mu\text{m}$

Density of particle =  $3770 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$

Cross sectional area ( $S_b$ ) =  $8.66 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$

Mass of particle =  $1.3 \text{ kg}$

#### Bed Chamber:

Nominal Dia. =  $105 \text{ mm}$

Nominal length =  $220 \text{ mm}$

#### Density of air:

$1.2 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$

#### Heating element:

Dia. =  $12.7 \text{ mm}$

Long =  $37 \text{ mm}$

Surface area  $16 \text{ cm}^2$

Experiment No.: II

## OBSERVATION AND RESULT SHEET