

# Report on s1709906's revision attempt at Inf1OP Programming Exam (sitting 1)

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## Question 1

### Part 1all

Compiling BonusSeller.java with the basic tests given to students in the exam succeeded.

Passed all 3 basic tests.

Compiling the submitted BonusSeller.java with the test file worked fine.

Passed all 16 tests.

Marks for this part: 50 / 50

### Submitted BonusSeller.java

```
1 import java.util.HashMap;
2
3 class BonusSeller extends Seller {
4
5     private HashMap<String, Double> sales = new HashMap<String,
        Double>();
6     // names of customers and the TOTAL weight sold to each
       customer
7
8     public BonusSeller(String n) {
9         super(n);
10        sales = new HashMap<String, Double>(10);
11    }
12
13    public void sale(String name, double price) {
14        // invoke the superclass's sale method
15        super.sale(price);
16
17        Double sold = sales.get(name);
```

```

18     if (sold == null) {
19         sold = 0.0;
20     }
21
22     sold += price;
23     sales.put(name, sold);
24 }
25
26 public String toString() {
27     String s = super.toString() + "\nSales_per_customer:";
28     for (String key : sales.keySet()) {
29         // s = s + "\n" + key + ":" + sales.get(key) + "kg";
30         s = s + "\n" + String.format("%s:%.0fkg", key, sales.get(
key));
31     }
32     return s;
33 }
34
35 public int calculateBonus() {
36     int count = 0;
37     int bonus = 0;
38
39     for (String key : sales.keySet()) {
40         if (sales.get(key) >= 20) {
41             count++;
42         }
43     }
44
45     if (count < 5) {
46         bonus = 0;
47     } else if (count >= 5 && count < 10) {
48         bonus = 5;
49     } else if (count >= 10) {
50         bonus = 7;
51     }
52
53
54     return bonus;
55 }
56
57 public static void main(String[] args) {
58     BonusSeller b1 = new BonusSeller("Charles");
59     b1.sale("Monsanto", 13.0);
60     b1.sale("ICI", 35.0);
61
62     System.out.println(b1);
63     System.out.println(b1.calculateBonus());
64 }
65 }

```

Marks for Question 1: 50/50

## Question 2

### Part 2all

Compiling Rabbit.java with the basic tests given to students in the exam succeeded.

Passed all 3 basic tests.

Compiling the submitted Rabbit.java with the test file worked fine.

Passed all 10 tests.

Marks for this part: 50 / 50

### Submitted Rabbit.java

```
1 import java.util.Arrays;
2 import java.util.Collections;
3
4 public class Rabbit {
5
6     private Integer[][] r;
7     private int n;
8
9     public Rabbit(int n) {
10         this.n = n;
11         r = new Integer[n][];
12     }
13
14     public void init() {
15         if (n >= 2) {
16             // r[0] = new Integer[1];
17             // r[1] = new Integer[2];
18             // r[0][0] = 1;
19             // r[1][0] = 1;
20             // r[1][1] = 0;
21
22             r[0] = new Integer[] {1};
23             r[1] = new Integer[] {1,0};
24
25             for (int i = 2; i < n; i++) {
26                 int x = r[i-1].length;
27                 int y = r[i-2].length;
28
29                 r[i] = new Integer[x+y];
```

```

30
31      // use two arraycopies
32  //      Copies an array from the specified source array,
33  //      beginning at the specified position,
34  //      to the specified position of the destination array. A
35  //      subsequence of array components are copied
36  //      from the source array referenced by src to the
37  //      destination array referenced by dest.
38  //      The number of components copied is equal to the length
39  //      argument.
40  //      The components at positions srcPos through srcPos+
41  //      length-1 in the source array are copied into positions
42  //      destPos through destPos+length-1, respectively, of the
43  //      destination array.
44
45      System.arraycopy(r[i-1], 0, r[i], 0, r[i-1].length); //
46      first part [x,_,_]
47      System.arraycopy(r[i-2], 0, r[i], r[i-1].length, r[i-2].
48      length); // second part [_ ,x,x]
49
50      //
51      //      System.out.println(Arrays.toString(r[i]));
52
53      }
54      }
55      }
56
57      public String toString() {
58          String s = "";
59          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
60              s = s + Arrays.toString(r[i]) + "\n";
61          }
62          return s;
63      }
64
65      public int subsequenceIndex(Integer[] target) {
66          return Collections.indexOfSubList(Arrays.asList(r[n-1]),
67          Arrays.asList(target));
68      }
69
70      public static void main(String[] args) {
71          int n = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
72          if (n >= 2) {
73              Rabbit test = new Rabbit(n);
74              test.init();
75              System.out.print(test.toString());
76              System.out.println(test.subsequenceIndex(new Integer[]
77              {1,1,0}));
78              System.out.println(test.subsequenceIndex(new Integer[]
79              {1,1,1}));
80          }
81      }

```

69 }  
70 }

Marks for Question 2: 50/50

Total marks: 100 / 100