

# Contextual Metric Meta-Evaluation by Measuring Local Metric Accuracy

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While most meta-evaluation methods assess metrics through global evaluation over arbitrary outputs, **real-world use cases are highly contextual**, focused on specific models or output qualities. We introduce **local metric accuracy** as a way to evaluate metrics within a context, revealing that metric reliability can shift significantly across settings and motivating the need for context-aware evaluation.

Metric accuracy measures how often an evaluation metric accurately assigns the true preference between a pair of system decisions.

Global metric accuracy measures this across all outputs, while local metric accuracy focuses on specific contexts, e.g., a model, domain, or quality level, revealing how the reliability of a metric varies across settings.

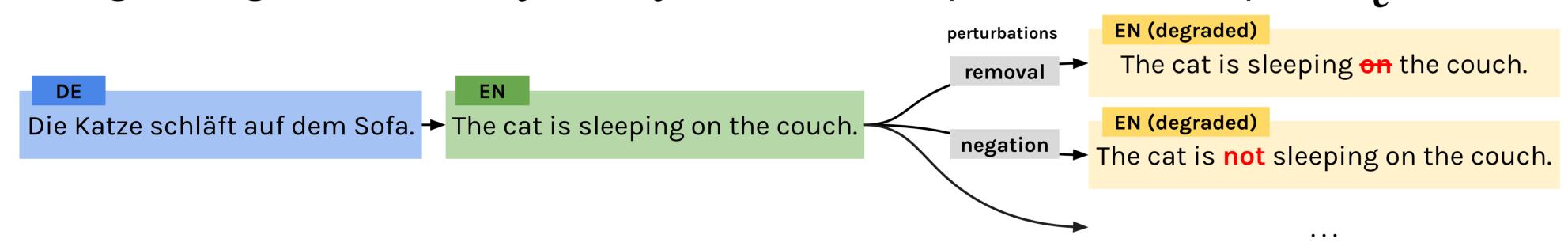
		context			
		X	Y	Z	gløbal
metric	$\mu_{A}$	0.9	0.9	0.3	0.7
	$\mu_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
	μ <sub>c</sub>	0.3	0.3	0.9	0.5

H1: the absolute local accuracy a metric  $\mu$  change as the context changes (row-wise change)

H2: the relative local accuracy of a metric  $\mu$ , i.e. the total ordering of the local metric accuracies, changes as the context changes (cross-column change)

#### Measuring local metric accuracies

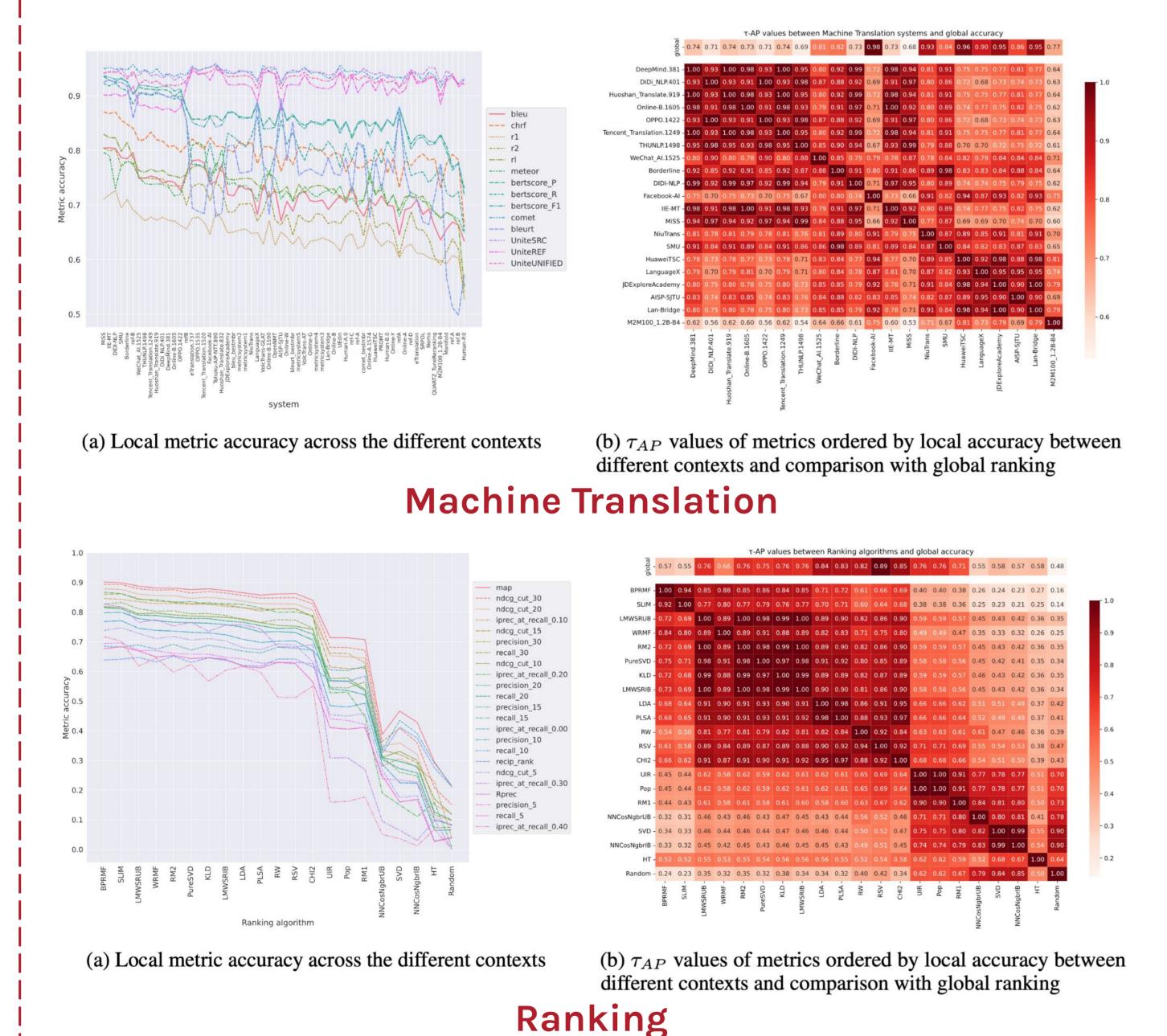
Given an input  $x \in X$ , a system output  $y \in Y_c$  sampled from a specific context c, and a degraded version y', we ask: how often does the metric assign a higher score to y than y', across all inputs X and outputs  $Y_c$ ?



## Metrics evaluated

MT: BLEU, ChrF, ROUGE, METEOR, BertScore, COMET, BleuRT, UniTE ASR: WER, MER, WIL, WIP, CER Ranking: MAP, RecipRank, Recall@K, Precision@K, nDCG@K, Interpolated Precision at Recall Level@K

### Results and analysis

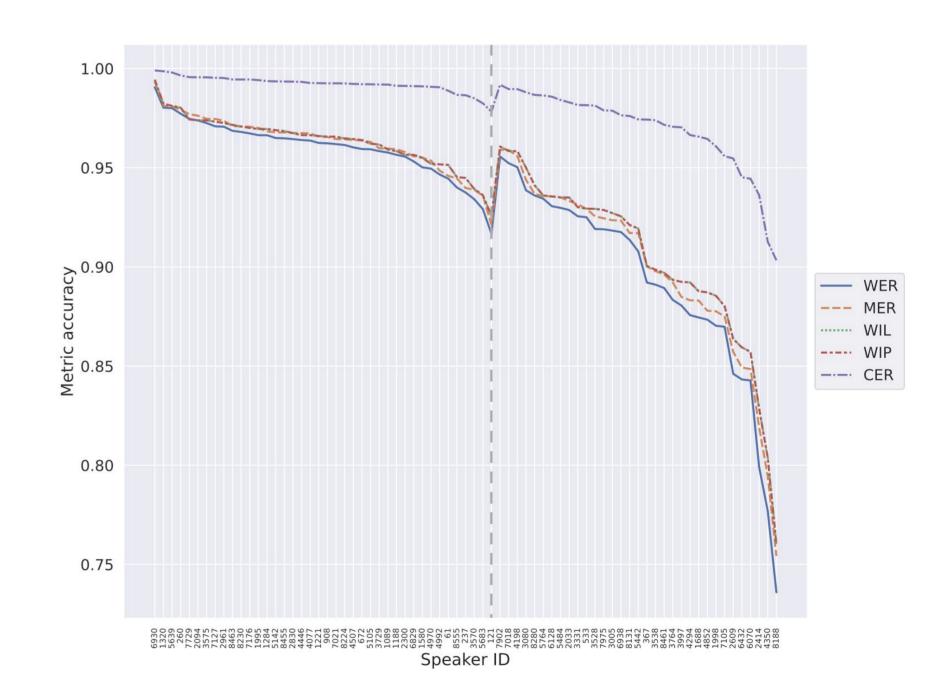


H1 supported: Local accuracy varies significantly across models and algorithms in both tasks. Each metric's performance depends heavily on the specific system being evaluated.

H2 supported:

Metric rankings are not stable across contexts.

The best-performing metric in one system may underperform in another, highlighting the need for context-aware metric selection.



#### **Automatic Speech Recognition**

H1 supported

X H2 not supported: Metric rankings are relatively stable across contexts. This is likely due to the low ambiguity of ASR outputs (there's usually a single correct transcription) and the fact that most ASR metrics target similar statistical properties like phonetic or lexical accuracy.

## Practical guidelines

- 1. Identify context: Define the evaluation setting, such as model stage or domain.
- 2. Measure local accuracy: Evaluate how well each metric distinguishes quality differences within that context.
- 3. Select metrics based on stability and context: choose metrics that demonstrate stable accuracies for the specific use case.
- 4. Reassess regularly: Update metric choices as the evaluation needs evolve.