# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud

# CLI Reference API Version 2013-02-01



#### **Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud: CLI Reference**

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# Welcome

This is the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud Command Line Reference*. It provides descriptions, syntax, and usage examples for each of the commands for Amazon EC2 and Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (Amazon VPC). The commands wrap the Amazon EC2 API actions.

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Download the command line tools	Amazon EC2 CLI Tools
	Amazon EC2 AMI Tools
Prepare to use the command line tools	Setting Up the Command Line Interface Tools (in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide)
Get the alphabetical list of commands	Commands (CLI Tools) (p. 8)
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Get the list of the common options for the commands	Common Options for CLI Tools (p. 736)
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Get descriptions of the error codes	Error Codes (in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud API Reference)
Get the list of regions and endpoints	Regions and Endpoints

#### **Related Topics**

- Amazon EC2 product page
- Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide
- Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide
- Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud API Reference

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## ec2-allocate-address

## **Description**

Acquires an Elastic IP address for use with your AWS account.

An Elastic IP address is for use either in the EC2-Classic platform or in a VPC. For more information, see Elastic IP Addresses in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2allocaddr.

## **Syntax**

ec2-allocate-address [-d domain]

## **Options**

Name	Description
-d,domain domain	Set to $\mathtt{vpc}$ to allocate the address for use with instances in a VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: The address is for use in EC2-Classic.
	Valid values: vpc
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required when allocating the address for use in a VPC.
	Example: -d vpc

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout Timeout The connection-timeout in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout Timeout To request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	•	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
### Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  ###################################	TOKEN	_
Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	=	·
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-v,verbose	
hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The ADDRESS identifier
- The Elastic IP address for use with your account
- Specifies whether this Elastic IP address is for use with instances in EC2-Classic (standard) or instances in a VPC.
- [EC2-VPC] The allocation ID (an ID that AWS assigns to represent the allocation of an address for use in a VPC)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example returns an Elastic IP address for use in EC2-Classic.

```
PROMPT> ec2-allocate-address
ADDRESS 192.0.2.1 standard
```

## **Example Request**

This example returns an Elastic IP address for use in a VPC.

```
PROMPT> ec2-allocate-address -d vpc
ADDRESS 198.51.100.1 vpc eipalloc-5723d13e
```

## **Related Topics**

## **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

AllocateAddress

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-associate-address (p. 21)
- ec2-describe-addresses (p. 286)
- ec2-disassociate-address (p. 525)
- ec2-release-address (p. 627)

## ec2-assign-private-ip-addresses

## **Description**

Assigns one or more secondary private IP addresses to the specified network interface. You can specify one or more specific secondary IP addresses, or you can specify the number of secondary IP addresses to be automatically assigned within the subnet's CIDR block range. The number of secondary IP addresses that you can assign to an instance varies by instance type. For information about instance types, see Available Instance Types in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide. For more information about Elastic IP addresses, see Elastic IP Addresses in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

This command is only available in EC2-VPC.

The short version of this command is ec2apip.

## **Syntax**

ec2-assign-private-ip-addresses --network-interface NetworkInterface
{[--secondary-private-ip-address-count COUNT] | [--secondary-private-ip-address
IP Address]}

## **Options**

Name	Description
-n,network-interface	The ID of the network interface.
interface_id	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -n eni-bc7299d4

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Options

Name	Description
-secondary-private-ip-address IP_ADDRESS	Assigns the specified IP address as a secondary private IP address to the network interface. This option can be used multiple times to assign multiple secondary IP addresses.
	You can do one of the following:
	<ul> <li>Use thesecondary-private-ip-address option without a value, and AWS will automatically assign a secondary private IP address within the subnet range.</li> <li>Use thesecondary-private-ip-address option, and provide a specific IP address that you want to assign.</li> </ul>
	You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address-count
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Example:secondary-private-ip-address 10.0.2.18secondary-private-ip-address 10.0.2.28
-secondary-private-ip-address-count COUNT	The number of secondary IP addresses to assign to the network interface. You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address.
	Type: Integer
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Example:secondary-private-ip-address-count 2
allow-reassignment	Specifies whether to allow an IP address that is already assigned to another network interface to be reassigned to the specified network interface.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: false
	Required: No

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

The command returns true if the operation succeeds or an error if the operation does not succeed.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example assigns two secondary private IP addresses (10.0.0.118 and 10.0.0.119) to the network interface eni-c08a35a9.

```
PROMPT> ec2-assign-private-ip-addresses --network-interface eni-c08a35a9 --secondary-private-ip-address 10.0.0.118 --secondary-private-ip-address 10.0.0.119
RETURN true
```

### **Example Request**

This example assigns two secondary private IP addresses to the network interface eni-c08a35a9. The IP addresses are automatically assigned from the available IP addresses within the subnet's CIDR block range.

```
PROMPT> ec2-assign-private-ip-addresses --network-interface eni-c08a35a9
--secondary-private-ip-address-count 2
RETURN true
```

## **Example Request**

This example assigns a secondary private IP address of 10.0.0.82 to the network interface eni-73e05a1.

```
PROMPT> ec2-assign-private-ip-addresses --network-interface eni-73e05a1 --secondary-private-ip-address 10.0.0.82
RETURN true
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

AssignPrivateIpAddresses

#### **Related Commands**

ec2-unassign-private-ip-addresses (p. 721)

## ec2-associate-address

## **Description**

Associates an Elastic IP address with an instance or a network interface. For more information about Elastic IP addresses, see Elastic IP Addresses in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

[EC2-Classic, default VPC] If the Elastic IP address is already associated with a different instance, it is disassociated from that instance and associated with the specified instance.

[EC2-VPC] If you do not specify a private IP address, the Elastic IP address is associated with the primary IP address. If the Elastic IP address is already associated with a different instance or a network interface, you get an error unless you specify the --allow-reassociation option.

This is an idempotent operation. If you enter it more than once, Amazon EC2 does not return an error.

The short version of this command is ec2assocaddr.

## **Syntax**

ec2-associate-address [-i instance\_id | -n network interface] [ip\_address | -a allocation id] [--private-ip-address] [--allow-reassociation]

## **Options**

Name	Description
-i,instance instance_id	The ID of the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required for EC2-Classic. For EC2-VPC, you can specify either an instance ID or a network interface ID, but not both.
	Example: -i i-43a4412a
ip_address	The Elastic IP address.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required for EC2-Classic.
	Example: 192.0.2.1

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Options

Name	Description
-a,allocation-id	The allocation ID.
allocation_id	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required for EC2-VPC.
	Example: -a eipalloc-5723d13e
-n,network-interface	[EC2-VPC] The network interface.
interface_id	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Specify either an instance ID or a network interface ID, but not both.
	Example: -n eni-bc7299d4
-p,private-ip-address private_IP_address	[EC2-VPC] The primary or secondary private IP address to associate with the Elastic IP address. If no private IP address is specified, the Elastic IP address is associated with the primary private IP address.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -p 10.0.0.45
allow-reassociation	[EC2-VPC] Allows an Elastic IP address that is already associated with an instance or a network interface to be re-associated with the specified instance or network interface. Otherwise, the operation fails.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: The operation fails if the address is already associated.
	Required: No
	Example:allow-reassociation

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region <i>REGION</i>	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ADDRESS identifier
- The Elastic IP address
- The instance or network interface to which the Elastic IP address is associated
- [EC2-VPC] The allocation ID

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

• [EC2-VPC] If specified, the private IP address associated with the Elastic IP address

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example associates an Elastic IP address with an instance in EC2-Classic.

```
PROMPT> ec2-associate-address 203.0.113.0 -i i-43a4412a
ADDRESS 203.0.113.0 i-43a4412a
```

### **Example Request**

This example associates an Elastic IP address with an instance in a VPC.

```
PROMPT> ec2-associate-address -a eipalloc-5723d13e -i i-4fd2431a
ADDRESS i-43a4412a eipalloc-5723d13e eipassoc-fc5ca095
```

### **Example Request**

This example associates an Elastic IP address with a network interface.

```
PROMPT> ec2-associate-address -a eipalloc-4a4c6c23 -n eni-1001fa78
ADDRESS i-laelae78 eipalloc-4a4c6c23 eipassoc-1841907a
```

## **Example Request**

This example associates an Elastic IP address with a private IP address for the specified instance in a VPC. The allow-reassociation option allows the Elastic IP address to be associated with the specified instance even if it's already associated with a different instance or a network interface.

```
PROMPT> ec2-associate-address -a eipalloc-bf66dcd6 -i i-ba6a0dee -p 10.0.0.85
--allow-reassociation

ADDRESS i-ba6a0dee eipalloc-bf66dcd6 eipassoc-9c66dcf5
10.0.0.85
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

AssociateAddress

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

## **Related Commands**

- ec2-allocate-address (p. 12)
- ec2-describe-addresses (p. 286)
- ec2-disassociate-address (p. 525)
- ec2-release-address (p. 627)

## ec2-associate-dhcp-options

## **Description**

Associates a set of DHCP options (that you've previously created) with the specified VPC, or associates no DHCP options with the VPC.

After you associate the options with the VPC, any existing instances and all new instances that you launch in that VPC use the options. You don't need to restart or relaunch the instances. They automatically pick up the changes within a few hours, depending on how frequently the instance renews its DHCP lease. You can explicitly renew the lease using the operating system on the instance.

For more information, see DHCP Options Sets in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2assocdopt.

## **Syntax**

ec2-associate-dhcp-options { dhcp\_options\_id | default } -c vpc\_id

## **Options**

Name	Description
dhcp_options_id	The ID of the DHCP options set, or default to associate no DHCP options set with the VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: dopt-7a8b9c2d
-c vpc_id	The ID of the VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -c vpc-1a2b3c4d

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region <i>REGION</i>	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The DHCPOPTIONS identifier
- The ID of the DHCP options (or default if no DHCP options are associated with the VPC)
- The ID of the VPC

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example associates the DHCP options with ID dopt-7a8b9c2d with the VPC with ID vpc-1a2b3c4d.

```
PROMPT> ec2-associate-dhcp-options dopt-7a8b9c2d -c vpc-1a2b3c4d DHCPOPTIONS dopt-7a8b9c2d vpc-1a2b3c4d
```

## **Example Request**

This example changes the VPC with ID vpc-1a2b3c4d to have no associated DHCP options set.

```
PROMPT> ec2-associate-dhcp-options default -c vpc-la2b3c4d DHCPOPTIONS default vpc-la2b3c4d
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• AssociateDhcpOptions

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-dhcp-options (p. 99)
- ec2-delete-dhcp-options (p. 202)
- ec2-describe-dhcp-options (p. 311)

## ec2-associate-route-table

## **Description**

Associates a subnet with a route table. The subnet and route table must be in the same VPC. This association causes traffic originating from the subnet to be routed according to the routes in the route table. The action returns an association ID, which you need to disassociate the route table from the subnet later. A route table can be associated with multiple subnets.

For more information about route tables, see Route Tables in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2assocrtb.

## **Syntax**

ec2-associate-route-table route\_table\_id -s subnet\_id

## **Options**

Name	Description
route_table_id	The ID of the route table.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: rtb-6aa34603
-s subnet_id	The ID of the subnet.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -s subnet-92a045fb

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access key ID associated with your AWS account. Performent variable. If AWS_access_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout 30  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access_KEY in the torios who you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If A		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ASSOCIATION identifier
- The route table association ID (needed to disassociate the route table)
- The route table ID

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example associates the route-table (with ID rtb-6aa34603) with the subnet with ID subnet-92a045fb.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-associate-route-table rtb-6aa34603 -s subnet-92a045fb
ASSOCIATION rtbassoc-61a34608 rtb-6aa34603 subnet-92a045fb

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• AssociateRouteTable

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-route-table (p. 155)
- ec2-delete-route-table (p. 239)
- ec2-describe-route-tables (p. 423)
- ec2-disassociate-route-table (p. 529)
- ec2-replace-route-table-association (p. 644)

# ec2-attach-internet-gateway

# **Description**

Attaches an Internet gateway to a VPC, enabling connectivity between the Internet and the VPC. For more information about your VPC and Internet gateway, see the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

#### Note

For VPCs that existed before the 2011-01-01 API version: Before you can attach an Internet gateway, you must delete the legacy security group. For more information, see "Deleting the Legacy Security Group" in the Security Groups section of the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2attigw.

## **Syntax**

ec2-attach-internet-gateway internet\_gateway\_id -c vpc\_id

## **Options**

Name	Description
internet_gateway_id	The ID of the Internet gateway to attach.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: igw-c3a643aa
-c,vpc vpc_id	The ID of the VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -c vpc-d9a045b0

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access key ID associated with your AWS account. Performent variable. If AWS_access_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout 30  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access_KEY in the torios who you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If A		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ATTACHMENT identifier
- The ID of the VPC
- The attachment state (attaching, attached, detached, detaching, error)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example attaches the Internet gateway with ID igw-eaad4883 to the VPC with ID vpc-11ad4878.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-attach-internet-gateway igw-eaad4883 -c vpc-11ad4878 ATTACHMENT vpc-11ad4878 attaching

**Related Topics** 

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• AttachInternetGateway

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-internet-gateway (p. 120)
- ec2-delete-internet-gateway (p. 213)
- ec2-describe-internet-gateways (p. 366)
- ec2-detach-internet-gateway (p. 504)

# ec2-attach-network-interface

# **Description**

Attaches a network interface to an instance.

The short version of this command is ec2attnic.

## **Syntax**

ec2-attach-network-interface NETWORKINTERFACE -i, --instance INSTANCE -d, --device-index DEVICEINDEX

## **Options**

Name	Description
-i,instance INSTANCE	The ID of the instance to attach to the network interface.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -i i-640a3c17
-d,device-index DEVICEINDEX	The index of the device for the network interface attachment on the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -d 1 eni-b35da6da

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_BLEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout Timeout The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout Timeout To request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
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' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns the ID of the network interface that was attached.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example attaches the specified network interface to the specified instance.

PROMPT> ec2-attach-network-interface eni-b35da6da -i i-640a3c17 -d 1 eni-attach-dd3fdab4

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• AttachNetworkInterface

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-network-interface (p. 136)
- ec2-delete-network-interface (p. 229)
- ec2-describe-network-interface-attribute (p. 381)
- ec2-describe-network-interfaces (p. 385)
- ec2-detach-network-interface (p. 508)
- ec2-modify-network-interface-attribute (p. 590)
- ec2-reset-network-interface-attribute (p. 674)

#### ec2-attach-volume

## **Description**

Attaches an Amazon EBS volume to a running or stopped instance and exposes it to the instance with the specified device name.

For a list of supported device names, see Attaching the Volume to an Instance. Any device names that aren't reserved for instance store volumes can be used for Amazon EBS volumes. For more information, see Amazon EC2 Instance Store in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

#### Note

If a volume has an AWS Marketplace product code:

- The volume can only be attached to the root device of a stopped instance.
- You must be subscribed to the AWS Marketplace code that is on the volume.
- The configuration (instance type, operating system) of the instance must support that specific AWS Marketplace code. For example, you cannot take a volume from a Windows instance and attach it to a Linux instance.
- AWS Marketplace product codes are copied from the volume to the instance.

For an overview of the AWS Marketplace, see https://aws.amazon.com/marketplace/help/200900000. For details on how to use the AWS Marketplace, see AWS Marketplace.

The short version of this command is ec2attvol.

### **Syntax**

ec2-attach-volume volume\_id --instance instance\_id --device device

### **Options**

Name	Description
volume_id	The ID of the Amazon EBS volume. The volume and instance must be within the same Availability Zone and the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: vol-4d826724
-i,instance instance_id	The ID of the instance to attach the volume to. The volume and instance must be within the same Availability Zone.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -i i-6058a509

Name	Description
-d,device device	The device name to expose to the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -d /dev/sdf (for Linux/UNIX) or -d xvdf (for Windows)

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ATTACHMENT identifier
- The ID of the volume
- The ID of the instance
- The device name
- · The attachment state of the volume
- The time stamp of the last operation on the volume
- Whether or not the volume is set to delete on termination (true or false)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors using stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example attaches volume vol-la2b3c4d to instance i-la2b3c4d and exposes it as /dev/sdh. For information on standard storage locations, see the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

```
PROMPT> ec2-attach-volume vol-1a2b3c4d -i i-1a2b3c4d -d /dev/sdh ATTACHMENT vol-1a2b3c4d i-1a2b3c4d /dev/sdh attaching YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

AttachVolume

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-volume (p. 176)
- ec2-delete-volume (p. 258)
- ec2-describe-volumes (p. 478)
- ec2-detach-volume (p. 512)

# ec2-attach-vpn-gateway

# **Description**

Attaches a virtual private gateway to a VPC. For more information, see Adding a Hardware Virtual Private Gateway to Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2attvgw.

## **Syntax**

ec2-attach-vpn-gateway -p vpn\_gateway\_id -c vpc\_id

## **Options**

Name	Description
vpn_gateway_id	The ID of the virtual private gateway to attach to the VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: vgw-8db04f81
-c,vpc vpc_id	The ID of the VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -c vpc-1a2b3c4d

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_BLEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout Timeout The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout Timeout To request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
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debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The VGWATTACHMENT identifier
- · The ID of the attached VPC
- The state of the attachment (attaching, attached, detaching, detached)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example attaches the virtual private gateway with ID vgw-8db04f81 to the VPC with ID vpc-1a2b3c4d.

PROMPT> ec2-attach-vpn-gateway vgw-8db04f81 -c vpc-la2b3c4d VGWATTACHMENT vpc-la2b3c4d attaching

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

AttachVpnGateway

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-vpn-gateway (p. 190)
- ec2-describe-vpn-gateways (p. 499)
- ec2-detach-vpn-gateway (p. 517)
- ec2-create-vpc (p. 181)
- ec2-create-vpn-connection (p. 185)

### ec2-authorize

### **Description**

Adds a rule to a security group.

#### **Important**

EC2-Classic: You can have up to 100 rules per group.

EC2-VPC: You can have up to 50 rules per group (covering both ingress and egress).

A security group is for use with instances either in the EC2-Classic platform or in a specific VPC. EC2-Classic doesn't support rules for egress traffic. For more information, see Amazon EC2 Security Groups in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide and Security Groups for Your VPC in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

Each rule consists of the protocol (for example, TCP), plus either a CIDR range, or a source group (for ingress rules) or destination group (for egress rules). For TCP and UDP, you must also specify the destination port or port ranges. You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535). For ICMP, you must also specify the ICMP type and code. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.

EC2-Classic: This command either gives one or more CIDR IP address ranges permission to access a security group for your account, or it gives one or more security groups (called the *source groups*) permission to access a security group for your account. A source group can be for your own AWS account, or another.

EC2-VPC: For ingress rules, this command either gives one or more CIDR IP address ranges permission to access a security group for your VPC, or it gives one or more other security groups (called the *source groups*) permission to access a security group for your VPC. The groups must all be in the same VPC. For egress rules, this command permits instances in the VPC to send traffic to either one or more destination CIDR IP address ranges, or to one or more destination security groups for the same VPC.

Rule changes are propagated to affected instances as quickly as possible. However, a small delay might occur.

The short version of this command is ec2auth.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-authorize group [--egress] [-P protocol] (-p port_range | -t icmp_type_code)
[-u source_or_dest_group_owner ...] [-o source_or_dest_group ...] [-s
source_or_dest_cidr ...]
```

# **Options**

Name	Description
group	[EC2-Classic, default VPC] The name or ID of the security group.
	[nondefault VPC] The ID of the security group.
	The group must belong to your AWS account.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: websrv
egress	[EC2-VPC] Designates the rule as an egress rule (controls traffic leaving the VPC).
	Default: If this option is not specified, the rule applies to ingress traffic for the specified security group.
-P,protocol protocol	The IP protocol name or number (see Protocol Numbers). Security groups for EC2-Classic can have rules only for TCP, UDP, and ICMP, whereas security groups for EC2-VPC can have rules assigned to any protocol number.
	When you use ec2-describe-group (p. 320), the protocol value returned is the number. Exception: For TCP, UDP, and ICMP, the value returned is the name (tcp, udp, or icmp).
	Type: String
	Valid values for EC2-Classic: tcp   udp   icmp or the corresponding protocol number (6   17   1).
	Default for EC2-Classic: Defaults to TCP if source CIDR is specified (or implied by default), or all three protocols (TCP, UDP, and ICMP) if source group is specified (to ensure backwards compatibility).
	Valid values for EC2-VPC: tcp   udp   icmp or any protocol number (see Protocol Numbers). Use all to specify all protocols.
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required for EC2-VPC.
	Example: -P udp

Name	Description
-p port_range	For TCP or UDP: The range of ports to allow.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (for example, port range 0-65535).
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required if specifying $tcp$ or $udp$ (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.
	Example: -p 80-84
-t icmp_type_code	For ICMP: The ICMP type and code. Use the format type: code, where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.
	Example: -t -1:-1
-u, source_or_dest_group_owner	The ID of the AWS account that owns the source security group. If the group is in your own account, set this to your own AWS account ID. Cannot be used when specifying a CIDR IP address.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: For EC2-Classic: Required when adding a rule that gives access to one or more source security groups.
	Example: -u 111122223333

Name	Description
-o source_or_dest_group	The source security group (for ingress rules), or destination security group (for egress rules). You can't use this option when specifying a CIDR IP address with the -s option.
	[nondefault VPC] You must specify the ID of the group (for example, sg-1a2b3c4d) instead of its name.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required if giving access to one or more source or destination security groups.
	Example: -o headoffice
-s,cidr source_or_dest_cidr	The CIDR range. Cannot be used when specifying a source or destination security group with the -o option.
	Type: String
	Default: 0.0.0.0/0
	Constraints: Valid CIDR IP address range.
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required if giving access to one or more IP address ranges.
	Example: -s 205.192.8.45/24

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable, or us-east-1 if $EC2\_URL$ isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_BLEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout Timeout The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout Timeout To request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	•	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
### Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  ###################################	TOKEN	_
Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	=	·
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-v,verbose	
hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

A line containing the group information. Some of these fields may be blank.

- The GROUP identifier
- The ID of the security group
- The AWS account ID of the owner of the security group
- The name of the security group
- A description of the security group
- [VPC only] The ID of the VPC the group belongs to

One of each of the following lines for each permission defined by the group:

- The PERMISSION identifier
- The AWS account ID of the owner of the group
- The name of the group granting permission
- The type of rule. Currently, only ALLOWS rules are supported
- The protocol to allow (e.g. tcp, udp, etc)
- · The start of port range
- The end of port range
- FROM for an ingress rule or TO for an egress rule

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- The source type (for ingress rules) or destination type (for egress rules)
- The source (for ingress rules) or destination (for egress rules)
- . [USER only] The name of the source or destination entity
- [USER only] The group ID
- · Whether the rule is ingress rule or an egress rule

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

EC2 security groups: This example grants TCP port 80 access from the 192.0.2.0/24 address range to the EC2 security group called websrv.

```
PROMPT> ec2-authorize websrv -P tcp -p 80 -s 192.0.2.0/24

GROUP websrv
PERMISSION websrv ALLOWS tcp 80 80 FROM CIDR 192.0.2.0/24 ingress
```

#### **Example Request**

EC2 security groups: This example grants TCP port 80 access from the EC2 source group called OtherAccountGroup (in AWS account 111122223333) to your EC2 security group called websrv.

```
PROMPT> ec2-authorize websrv -P tcp -p 80 -u 11112223333 -o OtherAccountGroup
GROUP websrv
PERMISSION websrv ALLOWS tcp 80 80 FROM USER 111122223333 NAME OtherAccountGroup
ingress
```

#### **Example Request**

[EC2-VPC] This example grants TCP port 80 access from the 192.0.2.0/24 address range to the security group with ID sg-1a2b3c4d.

```
PROMPT> ec2-authorize sg-la2b3c4d -P tcp -p 80 -s 192.0.2.0/24

GROUP sg-la2b3c4d

PERMISSION ALLOWS tcp 80 80 FROM CIDR 192.0.2.0/24 ingress
```

#### **Example Request**

[EC2-VPC] This example grants egress access from the group sg-1a2b3c4d to the destination group sg-2a2b3c4d on TCP destination port 1433.

```
PROMPT> ec2-authorize --egress sg-la2b3c4d -P tcp -p 1433 -o sg-2a2b3c4d GROUP sg-la2b3c4d 
PERMISSION ALLOWS tcp 1433 1433 TO USER ID sg-2a2b3c4d egress
```

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Actions**

- AuthorizeSecurityGroupEgress
- AuthorizeSecurityGroupIngress

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-group (p. 104)
- ec2-delete-group (p. 209)
- ec2-describe-group (p. 320)
- ec2-revoke (p. 687)

## ec2-bundle-instance

# **Description**

Bundles an Amazon instance store-backed Windows instance.

During bundling, only the root device volume (C:\) is bundled. Data on other instance store volumes is not preserved.

#### Note

This procedure is not applicable for Linux/UNIX instances or Windows instances that are backed by Amazon EBS.

The short version of this command is ec2bundle.

### **Syntax**

ec2-bundle-instance instance\_id -b bucket -p prefix -o access\_key\_id {-c policy | -s policy\_signature |-w owner\_secret\_access\_key} [-x hours] [--location location] [-B]

## **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	The ID of the instance to bundle.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-5e73d509
-b,bucket bucket	The bucket in which to store the AMI. You can specify a bucket that you already own or a new bucket that Amazon EC2 creates on your behalf. If you specify a bucket that belongs to someone else, Amazon EC2 returns an error.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -b myawsbucket

Name	Description
-p,prefix prefix	The prefix for the image component names being stored in Amazon S3.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -p winami
-o,owner-akid access_key_id	The Access Key ID of the owner of the Amazon S3 bucket.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -o AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
-c,policy policy	A Base64-encoded Amazon S3 upload policy that gives Amazon EC2 permission to upload items into Amazon S3 on the user's behalf. If you provide this parameter, you must also provide either a policy signature, or your Secret Access Key, so we can create a policy signature for you (the Secret Access Key is not passed to EC2). If you do not provide this parameter, theowner-sak is required, and we generate an upload policy and policy signature for you automatically. For more information about upload policies and how to sign them, see the sections about policy construction and signatures in the Amazon Simple Storage Service Developer Guide.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Example: -c upload-policy
-s,policy-signature policy_signature	The Base-64 encoded signature for the S3 upload policy. If you providepolicy but notpolicy-signature, thenowner-sak is required, and we use it to automatically sign the policy.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Example: -s upload-policy

Name	Description
-w,owner-sak owner_secret_access_key	The AWS Secret Access Key for the owner of the Amazon S3 bucket specified in the -b parameter. This parameter is required in either of these cases:
	<ul> <li>If you don't provide thepolicy parameter</li> <li>If you provide thepolicy parameter, but don't provide thepolicy-signature parameter</li> </ul>
	The command line tools client uses the Secret Access Key to sign a policy for you, but does not send the Secret Access Key to EC2.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
-x,expires hours	The validity period, in hours, for a generated upload policy.
	Type: String
	Default: 24
	Required: No
	Example: -x 8
location bucket_location	The location of the destination Amazon S3 bucket.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:location my-bucket-location
-B,no-bucket-setup	Indicates that no Amazon S3 bucket should be created if one doesn't already exist, and that no attempt should be made to fix incorrect permissions.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: false
	Required: No
	Example: -B

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

# **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The BUNDLE identifier
- The ID of the bundle
- The ID of the instance
- · The bucket name

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- · The bundle prefix
- The bundle start time
- The bundle update time
- · The current state, usually pending

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example bundles an instance.

PROMPT> ec2-bundle-instance i-12345678 -b myawsbucket -p winami -o AKIAIOSFOD NN7EXAMPLE -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY

BUNDLE bun-c1a540a8 i-12345678 myawsbucket winami 2008-09-15T17:15:20+0000 pending

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• BundleInstance

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-cancel-bundle-task (p. 65)
- ec2-create-image (p. 109)
- ec2-describe-bundle-tasks (p. 297)

# ec2-cancel-bundle-task

# **Description**

Cancels a bundling operation for an instance store-backed Windows instance.

The short version of this command is **ec2cbun**.

## **Syntax**

ec2-cancel-bundle-task bundle\_id

# **Options**

Name	Description
bundle_id	The ID of the bundle task to cancel.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: bun-cla432a3

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable, or $us-east-1$ if $EC2\_URL$ isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The BUNDLE identifier
- The ID of the bundle
- . The ID of the instance
- The bucket name
- · The cancel status
- The prefix
- · The start time
- The update time
- The status (cancelling)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example cancels the bun-cla322b9 bundle task.

PROMPT> ec2-cancel-bundle-task bun-cla322b9

BUNDLE bun-cla322b9 i-2674d22r myawsbucket winami 2008-09-15T17:15:20+0000 2008-09-15T17:15:20+0000 cancelling

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

CancelBundleTask

- ec2-bundle-instance (p. 59)
- ec2-describe-bundle-tasks (p. 297)

### ec2-cancel-conversion-task

### **Description**

Cancels an active conversion task. The task can be the import of an instance or volume. The command removes all artifacts of the conversion, including a partially uploaded volume or instance. If the conversion is complete or is in the process of transferring the final disk image, the command fails and returns an exception.

For more information, see Using the Command Line Tools to Import Your Virtual Machine to Amazon EC2 in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2cct.

### **Syntax**

ec2-cancel-conversion-task task\_id

### **Options**

Name	Description
task_id	The conversion task ID of the task to cancel.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: import-i-fh95npoc

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns the status (success or failure) of the deletion.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Example**

### **Example Request**

This example deletes the conversion identified by task ID import-i-fh95npoc.

```
PROMPT> ec2-cancel-conversion-task import-i-fh95npoc
CONVERSION-TASK import-i-fh95npoc
```

If the task fails, you receive the following error:

Client.DeleteConversionTask Error: Failed to delete conversion task import-i-fh95npoc

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• CancelConversionTask

- ec2-delete-disk-image (p. 205)
- ec2-describe-conversion-tasks (p. 302)
- ec2-import-instance (p. 552)
- ec2-import-volume (p. 565)
- ec2-resume-import (p. 682)

# ec2-cancel-export-task

## **Description**

Cancels an active export task. The command removes all artifacts of the export, including any partially created Amazon S3 objects. If the export task is complete or is in the process of transferring the final disk image, the command fails and returns an error.

The short version of this command is ec2cxt.

### **Syntax**

ec2-cancel-export-task task\_id

### **Options**

Name	Description
task_id	The ID of the export task to be canceled. This is the ID returned by ec2-create-instance-export-task.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: export-i-fgelt0i7

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns the status (success or failure) of the cancellation.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Example**

### **Example Request**

This example deletes the export identified by task ID export-i-fgelt0i7.

```
PROMPT> ec2-cancel-export-task export-i-fgelt0i7
EXPORT-TASK export-i-fgelt0i7
```

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CancelExportTask

- ec2-create-instance-export-task (p. 115)
- ec2-describe-export-tasks (p. 316)

# ec2-cancel-reserved-instances-listing

### **Description**

Cancels the specified Reserved Instance listing in the Reserved Instance Marketplace.

For more information about Reserved Instance Marketplace, go to Reserved Instance Marketplace in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

### **Syntax**

ec2-cancel-reserved-instances-listing LISTING

### **Options**

Name	Description
LISTING	The ID of the Reserved Instance listing to be canceled.
	Type: String
	Required: Yes
	Default: None

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

The command returns a table that contains the following information:

The listing information

- · The LISTING identifier
- · Reserved Instance listing ID
- · Reserved Instances ID
- Create Date
- Update Date
- Status
- · Status Message

One or more rows that contain instance count information

- The INSTANCE-COUNT identifier
- The instance count state
- The instance count

One or more rows that contain price schedule information

- The PRICE-SCHEDULE identifier
- The term
- · The price
- Whether or not the schedule is active

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example cancels a Reserved Instance listing in the Reserved Instance Marketplace.

### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Operations

```
\label{eq:prompt} \texttt{PROMPT} > \ \textbf{ec2-cancel-reserved-instances-listing} \ \ \textbf{095c0e18-c9e6-4692-97e5-653e0ex} \\ \textbf{ample}
```

Amazon EC2 returns output similar to the following:

```
PROMPT> ec2-cancel-reserved-instances-listing
Type ReservedInstancesListingId ReservedInstancesId CreateDate UpdateDate Status StatusMessage
LISTING 095c0e18-c9e6-4692-97e5-653e0example b847fa93-c736-4eae-bca1-e3147example
Tue Aug 28 18:21:07 PDT 2012 Tue Aug 28 18:21:07 PDT 2012 cancelled cancelled
INSTANCE-COUNT available 0
INSTANCE-COUNT sold 0
INSTANCE-COUNT cancelled 1
INSTANCE-COUNT pending 0
PRICE-SCHEDULE 5 $1.2 true
PRICE-SCHEDULE 4 $1.2 false
PRICE-SCHEDULE 2 $1.2 false
PRICE-SCHEDULE 1 $1.2 true
```

### **Related Operations**

- ec2-describe-reserved-instances-listings (p. 408)
- ec2-create-reserved-instances-listing (p. 145)
- ec2-describe-reserved-instances (p. 402)

### ec2-cancel-spot-instance-requests

### **Description**

Cancels one or more Spot Instance requests. Spot Instances are instances that Amazon EC2 starts on your behalf when the maximum price that you specify exceeds the current Spot Price. Amazon EC2 periodically sets the Spot Price based on available Spot Instance capacity and current Spot Instance requests. For more information about Spot Instances, see Spot Instances in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

#### **Important**

Canceling a Spot Instance request does not terminate running Spot Instances associated with the request.

The short version of this command is ec2csir.

### **Syntax**

ec2-cancel-spot-instance-requests request\_id [request\_id...]

### **Options**

Name	Description
request_id	The Spot Instance request ID.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: sir-8456a32b

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_delegation_token.  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	•	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
### Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  ###################################	TOKEN	_
Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	=	·
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-v,verbose	
hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The SPOTINSTANCEREQUEST identifier
- The Spot Instance request ID
- The current state

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example cancels a Spot Instance request.

PROMPT> ec2-cancel-spot-instance-requests sir-1a2b3c4d sir-2a2b3c4d SPOTINSTANCEREQUEST sir-1a2b3c4d cancelled SPOTINSTANCEREQUEST sir-2a2b3c4d cancelled

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• CancelSpotInstanceRequests

- ec2-describe-spot-instance-requests (p. 444)
- ec2-describe-spot-price-history (p. 452)
- ec2-request-spot-instances (p. 653)

# ec2-confirm-product-instance

### **Description**

Determines whether a product code is associated with an instance. This command can only be run by the owner of the product code. It is useful when a product code owner needs to verify whether an EC2 user's instance is eligible for support.

The short version of this command is **ec2cpi**.

### **Syntax**

ec2-confirm-product-instance product\_code -i instance\_id

### **Options**

Name	Description
product_code	The product code to confirm. This must be an Amazon DevPay product code that you own.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: 774F4FF8
-i	The instance to confirm.
instance_id	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -i i-10a64379

Option	Description
region <i>REGION</i>	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

Option	Description
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The product code
- · The instance ID
- A Boolean value indicating whether the product code is attached to the instance
- The instance owner's account ID (if the product code is attached)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example determines whether the product code is associated with the instance.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-confirm-product-instance 774F4FF8 -i i-10a64379

74F4FF8 i-10a64379 true 111122223333

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• ConfirmProductInstance

- ec2-describe-instances (p. 353)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)

# ec2-copy-image

## **Description**

Initiates the copy of an AMI from the specified source region to the region in which the command is executed.

The short version of this command is **ec2cpimg**.

### **Syntax**

At a command prompt, switch to the destination region, and then type the following:

ec2-copy-image -r source-region -s source-ami-id [-n new-ami-name] [-d new-ami-description] [-c client-token]

### **Options**

Name	Description
-r,source-region SOURCE_REGION	The name of the AWS region that contains the AMI to be copied.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: us-west-2
-s,source-ami-id	The ID of the Amazon EC2 AMI to copy.
SOURCE_AMI_ID	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: ami-4fa54026
-n,name NEW_AMI_NAME	The name of the new EC2 AMI in the destination region.
	Type: String
	Default: Same name as the AMI being copied.
	Required: No
	Example: My-Standard-AMI

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

Name	Description
-d,description DESCRIPTION	The description to set on the new AMI in the destination region.
	Type: String
	Default: Same description as the AMI being copied.
	Constraints: Up to 255 characters.
	Required: No
	Example: -d "This is the new version of My-Standard-AMI"
-c,client-token TOKEN	Unique, case-sensitive identifier you provide to ensure idempotency of the request. For more information, see How to Ensure Idempotency in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: Up to 255 characters
	Required: No
	Example: 550e8400-e29b-41d4-a716-446655440000

#### Tip

You can use the common option --region to specify the region against which the command is executed. For AMI Copy, this will be the destination region.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example copies the AMI *ami-4d3c2b1a* in region us-west-2, giving the new AMI the name *My-Standard-AMI*:

```
PROMPT> ec2-copy-image -r us-west-2 -i ami-4d3c2b1a -n "My-Standard-AMI" -d "This is a copy of ami-4fa54026 --My-standard-AMI-- from us-west-2" -c 550e8400-e29b-41d4-a716-46655440001
IMAGE ami-1a2b3c4d
```

### **Example Request**

This example copies the AMI *ami-4d3c2b1a* in region us-east-1 to ap-northeast-1, giving the new AMI the name *My-Standard-AMI*:

```
PROMPT> ec2-copy-image -r us-east-1 --region ap-northeast-1 -i ami-4d3c2b1a -n
```

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

"My-Standard-AMI" -d "This is a copy of ami-4fa54026 --My-Standard-AMI-- from us-east-1" -c 550e8400-e29b-41d4-a716-46655440000 IMAGE ami-1a2b3c4d

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

Copylmage

- ec2-describe-images (p. 331)
- ec2-deregister (p. 278)

## ec2-copy-snapshot

## **Description**

Copies a point-in-time snapshot of an Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volume and stores it in Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3). You can copy the snapshot within the same region or from one region to another. You can use the snapshot to create new Amazon EBS volumes or Amazon Machine Images (AMIs).

The short version of this command is ec2cpsnap.

### **Syntax**

ec2-copy-snapshot -r source-region -s source-snapshot-id [-d description]

### **Options**

Name	Description
-r,source-region SOURCE-REGION	
-s,source-snapshot-id	The ID of the Amazon EBS snapshot to copy.
SOURCE-SNAPSHOT-ID	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: snap-4d826724
-d,description DESCRIPTION	The description to set on the destination Amazon EBS snapshot.
	Type: String
	Default: The source's snapshot description or "[Copied from SOURCE_REGION]" if source snapshot doesn't have a description.
	Constraints: Up to 255 characters.
	Required: No
	Example: -d "Copy of user data from us-west-1"

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The SNAPSHOT identifier
- The ID of the new snapshot

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example copies snapshot snap-la2b3c4d.

PROMPT> ec2-copy-snapshot -r us-west-1 -s snap-la2b3c4d --description "Copy of user data from us-west-1" SNAPSHOT snap-2a2b3c4d

### **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CopySnapshot

- ec2-create-snapshot (p. 159)
- ec2-delete-snapshot (p. 243)
- ec2-describe-snapshots (p. 433)

### ec2-create-customer-gateway

### **Description**

Provides information to AWS about your VPN customer gateway device. The customer gateway is the appliance at your end of the VPN connection (compared to the virtual private gateway, which is the device at the AWS side of the VPN connection)

You must provide the Internet-routable IP address of the customer gateway's external interface. The IP address must be static and can't be behind a device performing network address translation (NAT).

You must also provide the device's Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) Autonomous System Number (ASN). You can use an existing ASN assigned to your network. If you don't have an ASN already, you can use a private ASN (in the 64512 - 65534 range).

#### Note

Amazon EC2 supports all 2-byte ASN numbers in the range of 1 - 65534, with the exception of 7224, which is reserved in US East, and 9059, which is reserved in EU West.

For more information about ASNs, see the Wikipedia article.

For more information about VPN customer gateways, see Adding a Hardware Virtual Private Gateway to Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is **ec2addcgw**.

### **Syntax**

ec2-create-customer-gateway -t type -i ip\_address -b bgp\_asn

### **Options**

Name	Description
-t type	The type of VPN connection this customer gateway supports.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: ipsec.1
	Required: Yes
	Example: -t ipsec.1
-i ip_address	The Internet-routable IP address for the customer gateway's outside interface. The address must be static.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -i 12.1.2.3

Name	Description
-b bgp_asn	The customer gateway's Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) Autonomous System Number (ASN).
	Type: Integer
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -b 65534

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable and the URL specified by the $-U$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The CUSTOMERGATEWAY identifier
- The customer gateway ID, which uniquely identifies the customer gateway
- The current state of the customer gateway (pending, available, deleting, deleted)
- The type of VPN connection the customer gateway supports
- The Internet-routable IP address for the customer gateway's outside interface
- The customer gateway's BGP ASN

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example passes information to AWS about the customer gateway with IP address 12.1.2.3 and ASN 65534.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-customer-gateway -t ipsec.1 -i 12.1.2.3 -b 65534 CUSTOMERGATEWAY cgw-b4dc3961 pending ipsec.1 12.1.2.3 65534
```

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateCustomerGateway

- ec2-delete-customer-gateway (p. 198)
- ec2-describe-customer-gateways (p. 306)

### ec2-create-dhcp-options

### **Description**

Creates a set of DHCP options for your VPC. After creating the new set, you must associate it with the VPC, causing all existing and new instances that you launch in the VPC to use the new set of DHCP options. The following table lists the individual DHCP options you can specify. For more information about the options, see RFC 2132.

<b>DHCP Option Name</b>	Description
domain-name	A domain name of your choice (for example, example.com).
domain-name-servers	The IP address of a domain name server. You can specify up to four addresses.
ntp-servers	The IP address of a Network Time Protocol (NTP) server. You can specify up to four addresses.
netbios-name-servers	The IP address of a NetBIOS name server. You can specify up to four addresses.
netbios-node-type	The NetBIOS node type (1, 2, 4, or 8). For more information about the values, see RFC 2132. We recommend you only use 2 at this time (broadcast and multicast are currently not supported).

#### **Important**

Your VPC automatically starts out with a set of DHCP options that includes only a DNS server that we provide (AmazonProvidedDNS). If you create a new set of options, and if your VPC has an Internet gateway, make sure to set the <code>domain-name-servers</code> option either to AmazonProvidedDNS or to a domain name server of your choice.

For more information about DHCP options, see Using DHCP Options with Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2adddopt.

### **Syntax**

ec2-create-dhcp-options name=value[,value...] [ name=value[,value...] ... ]

# **Options**

Name	Description
name=value,value	The DHCP option (including the option's name and its value). You can specify more than one option in the request, and more than one value per option. If you're using the command line tools on a Windows system, you might need to use quotation marks (for example, "name=value,value").
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: "domain-name-servers=10.2.5.1,10.2.5.2"

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The DHCPOPTIONS identifier
- The DHCP options ID
- The OPTION identifier
- Each option and its corresponding value in the set of options

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example creates a new set of DHCP options with a domain name mydomain.com and two DNS servers (10.2.5.1 and 10.2.5.2).

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-dhcp-options "domain-name=mydomain.com" "domain-name-serv ers=10.2.5.1,10.2.5.2"

DHCPOPTIONS dopt-7a8b9c2d

OPTION domain-name mydomain.com

OPTION domain-name-servers 10.2.5.1,10.2.5.2
```

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateDhcpOptions

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

- ec2-associate-dhcp-options (p. 27)
- ec2-delete-dhcp-options (p. 202)
- ec2-describe-dhcp-options (p. 311)

## ec2-create-group

#### **Description**

Creates a security group.

#### **Important**

EC2-Classic: You can create up to 500 security groups.

EC2-VPC: You can create up to 100 security groups per VPC.

A security group is for use with instances either in the EC2-Classic platform or in a specific VPC. For more information, see Amazon EC2 Security Groups in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide and Security Groups for Your VPC in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

When you create a security group, you specify a friendly name of your choice. You can have a security group for EC2-Classic with the same name as a security group for a VPC. However, you can't have two security groups for EC2-Classic with the same name or two security groups for a VPC with the same name.

You have a default security group for EC2-Classic and a default security group for your VPC. If you don't specify a security group when you launch an instance, the instance is launched into the appropriate default security group. A default security group includes a default rule that grants instances unrestricted network access to each other.

You can add or remove rules from your security groups using the ec2-authorize and ec2-revoke commands.

The short version of this command is ec2addgrp.

#### **Syntax**

ec2-create-group group\_name -d description [-c vpc\_id]

#### **Options**

Name	Description
group_name	The name of the security group.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: Up to 255 characters in length
	Constraints for EC2-Classic: ASCII characters
	Constraints for EC2-VPC: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, spaces, and:/()#,@[]+=&;{}!\$*
	Required: Yes
	Example: websrv

Name	Description
-d,description description	A description for the security group. This is informational only.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: Up to 255 characters in length
	Constraints for EC2-Classic: ASCII characters
	Constraints for EC2-VPC: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, spaces, and:/()#,@[]+=&;{}!\$*
	Required: Yes
	Example: -d "Web Servers"
-c,vpc vpc_id	[EC2-VPC] The ID of the VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required for EC2-VPC
	Example: -c vpc-1a2b3c4d

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The GROUP identifier
- The AWS-assigned ID for the group
- · The group name
- The group description

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

#### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates the websrv security group for EC2-Classic.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-group websrv -d "Web Servers" GROUP sg-la2b3c4d websrv Web Servers
```

#### **Example Request**

This example creates the MyVPCGroup security group for the VPC with the ID vpc-3325caf2.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-group MyVPCGroup -d 'Group in my VPC' -c vpc-3325caf2
GROUP sg-0a42d66a MyVPCGroup Group in my VPC
```

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateSecurityGroup

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-authorize (p. 51)
- ec2-delete-group (p. 209)
- ec2-describe-group (p. 320)
- ec2-revoke (p. 687)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)

# ec2-create-image

## **Description**

Creates an Amazon EBS-backed AMI from a running or stopped instance. For more information about Amazon EBS-backed AMIs, see Storage for the Root Device.

#### Note

If you customized your instance with instance store volumes or EBS volumes in addition to the root device volume, the new AMI contains block device mapping information for those volumes. When you launch an instance from this new AMI, the instance automatically launches with those additional volumes.

The short version of this command is ec2cim.

### **Syntax**

ec2-create-image instance\_id --name name [--description description]
[--no-reboot] [-b, --blockdevicemapping mapping]

## **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	The ID of the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-10a64379
-n,name name	A name for the new image.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: 3-128 alphanumeric characters, parenthesis (()), commas (,), slashes (/), dashes (-), or underscores(_). Allows spaces if the name is enclosed in quotation marks.
	Required: Yes
	Example: -n "Standard Web Server"

Name	Description
-d,description description	A description for the new image.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: Up to 255 characters
	Required: No
	Example: -d Fedora_v11
no-reboot	When this option is absent, Amazon EC2 attempts to cleanly shut down the instance before image creation and reboots the instance. When this option is used, Amazon EC2 doesn't shut down the instance before creating the image; therefore, file system integrity on the created image can't be guaranteed.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: false
	Required: No
	Example:no-reboot

Name	Description
-b,block-device-mapping mapping	The block device mapping for the instance. This argument is passed in the form of <devicename>=<blockdevice>. The devicename is the device name of the physical device on the instance to map. The blockdevice can be one of the following values:</blockdevice></devicename>
	<ul> <li>none - Suppresses an existing mapping of the device from the AMI used to launch the instance. For example: "/dev/sdc=none".</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ephemeral[03] - An instance store volume to be mapped to the device. For example: "/dev/sdc=ephemeral0".</li> </ul>
	• [snapshot-id]:[volume-size]:[true false]:[standard io1[:iops]] - An EBS volume to be mapped to the device. [snapshot-id] To create a volume from a snapshot, specify the snapshot ID. [volume-size] To create an empty EBS volume, omit the snapshot ID and specify a volume size instead. For example: "/dev/sdh=:20". [delete-on-termination] To prevent the volume from being deleted on termination of the instance, specify false. The default is true. [volume-type] To create a Provisioned IOPS volume, specify io1. The default volume type is standard. If the volume type is io1, you can also provision the number of IOPS that the volume supports. For example, "/dev/sdh=snap-7eb96d16::false:io1:500".
	You can specify multiple blockdevicemapping arguments in one call.
	For more detailed information about block device mapping, see Block Device Mapping in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -b "/dev/sdc=snap-7eb96d16:100:false:io1:500"
	<b>Note</b> On Windows, the mapping argument must be enclosed in double quotes, as shown in the example.

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The IMAGE identifier
- The ID of the newly registered AMI

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates an AMI from the i-10a64379 instance.

PROMPT> ec2-create-image i-10a64379 --name "Standard Web Server" --description "Standard web server AMI"

IMAGE ami-4fa54026

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• CreateImage

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-instances (p. 353)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)
- ec2-terminate-instances (p. 717)

# ec2-create-instance-export-task

## **Description**

Exports a running or stopped instance to an Amazon S3 bucket. For information about the supported operating systems, image formats, and known limitations for the types of instances you can export, see Exporting EC2 Instances in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2addixt.

### **Syntax**

ec2-create-instance-export-task instance\_id -e target\_environment -f
disk\_image\_format [-c container\_format] -b S3\_bucket [-p S3\_prefix] [-d
description]

## **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	The ID of the instance to export.
	Required: Yes
-e,target-environment target_environment	The target environment. VMware supports VMware 4 and 5. Citrix target Xen 6.
	Type: String
	Valid values: VMware   Citrix
	Required: Yes
-f,disk-image-format disk_image_format	The disk image file format used to represent the exported disk.
	Type: String
	Valid values: VMDK  VHD
	Default: If -e = VMware, then -f = VMDK; otherwise VHD
	Required: No >
-c,container-format container_format	The container format used to combine disk images with metadata (such as OVF). If absent, only the disk image will be exported.
	Type: String
	Valid values: OVA
	Default: If -e = VMware, then -c = OVA; otherwise empty
	Required: No

Name	Description
-b,bucket S3_bucket	The name of the destination Amazon S3 bucket where the file will be exported. The destination bucket must grant WRITE and READ_ACL permissions to the vm-import-export@amazon.com AWS account.
	Type: String
	Required: Yes
-p,prefix S3_prefix	The prefix for the Amazon S3 key (object name) used for the exported file. Maximum length is 1000 bytes of UTF-8 character encoding. The final key is composed from this prefix (if supplied), the export-task-id, and other relevant parameters.
	Type: String
	Required: No
	Example: my-export-, incoming/vm-export/
-d,description description	A free-form comment that is returned verbatim during subsequent calls to ec2-describe-export-tasks.  Maximum length is 255 bytes.
	Type: String
	Required: No

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url <i>URL</i>	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The EXPORTTASK identifier.
- · The export task ID.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates a task to export an instance.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-instance-export-task i-38e485d8 -e vmware -f vmdk -c ova -b myexportbucket

EXPORTTASK export-i-fgelt0i7 active i-38e485d8 vmware vmdk

myexportbucket export-i-fgelt0i7.vmdk
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateInstanceExportTask

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-cancel-export-task (p. 73)
- ec2-describe-export-tasks (p. 316)

# ec2-create-internet-gateway

## **Description**

Creates a new Internet gateway for use with a VPC. After creating the Internet gateway, you attach it to a VPC using ec2-attach-internet-gateway. For more information about your VPC and Internet gateway, see the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2addigw.

### **Syntax**

ec2-create-internet-gateway

### **Options**

This command does not have any options.

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The INTERNETGATEWAY identifier
- The ID of the Internet gateway

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates an Internet gateway.

PROMPT> ec2-create-internet-gateway INTERNETGATEWAY igw-c0a643a9

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateInternetGateway

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-attach-internet-gateway (p. 35)
- ec2-delete-internet-gateway (p. 213)
- ec2-describe-internet-gateways (p. 366)
- ec2-detach-internet-gateway (p. 504)

# ec2-create-keypair

## **Description**

Creates a new 2048-bit RSA key pair with the specified name. The public key is stored by Amazon EC2 and the private key is displayed on the console. The private key is returned as an unencrypted PEM encoded PKCS#8 private key. If a key with the specified name already exists, Amazon EC2 returns an error.

#### Tip

The key pair returned to you works only in the region you're using when you create the key pair. To create a key pair that works in all regions, use ec2-import-keypair (p. 561).

The short version of this command is ec2addkey.

#### **Syntax**

ec2-create-keypair key

### **Options**

Name	Description
key	A unique name for the key pair.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: Accepts alphanumeric characters, spaces, dashes, and underscores.
	Required: Yes
	Example: mysecretkey

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1
	if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout Timeout The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout Timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  -show-empty-fields Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	•	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
### Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  ###################################	TOKEN	_
Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	=	·
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-v,verbose	
hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

#### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The KEYPAIR identifier
- The name of the key pair
- · The private key fingerprint
- · The private key contents

You must save the private key contents, including the ---- BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY ---- and -----END RSA PRIVATE KEY----- lines, in a local file. This file should be kept in a safe place. This file is required to decrypt any information encrypted with the public key. For more information, see Getting an SSH Key Pair in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

#### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates a key pair named gsg-keypair.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

#### PROMPT> ec2-create-keypair gsg-keypair

MIICiTCCAfICCQD6m7oRw0uXOjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADCBiDELMAkGA1UEBhMC
VVMxCzAJBgNVBAgTAldBMRAwDgYDVQQHEwdTZWF0dGx1MQ8wDQYDVQQKEwZBbWF6
b24xFDASBgNVBAsTC01BTSBDb25zb2x1MRIwEAYDVQQDEw1UZXN0Q21sYWMxHzAd
BgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWEG5vb251QGFtYXpvbi5jb20wHhcNMTEwNDI1MjA0NTIxWhcN
MTIwNDI0MjA0NTIxWjCBiDELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxCzAJBgNVBAgTAldBMRAwDgYD
VQQHEwdTZWF0dGx1MQ8wDQYDVQQKEwZBbWF6b24xFDASBgNVBAsTC01BTSBDb25z
b2x1MRIwEAYDVQQDEw1UZXN0Q21sYWMxHzAdBgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWEG5vb251QGFt
YXpvbi5jb20wgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADgY0AMIGJAoGBAMAK0dn+a4GmWIWJ
21uUSfwfEvySWtC2XADZ4nB+BLYgVIk60CpiwsZ3G93vUEIO3IyNoH/f0wYK8m9T
rDHudUZg3qX4waLG5M43q7Wgc/MbQITxOUSQv7c7ugFFDzQGBzZswY6786m86gpE
Ibb30hjZnzcvQAaRHhdlQWIMm2nrAgMBAAEwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAtCu4
nUhVVxYUntneD9+h8Mg9q6q+auNKyExzyLwaxlAoo7TJHidbtS4J5iNmZgXL0Fkb
FFBjvSfpJIlJ00zbhNYS5f6GuoEDmFJ10ZxBHjJnyp378OD8uTs7fLvjx79LjSTb
NYiytVbZPQUQ5Yaxu2jXnimvw3rrszlaEXAMPLE=

----END RSA PRIVATE KEY----

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateKeyPair

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-delete-keypair (p. 217)
- ec2-describe-keypairs (p. 371)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)

### ec2-create-network-acl

## **Description**

Creates a network ACL in a VPC. Network ACLs provide an optional layer of security (on top of security groups) for the instances in your VPC. For more information about network ACLs, see Network ACLs in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2addnacl.

### **Syntax**

ec2-create-network-acl vpc\_id

### **Options**

Name	Description
vpc_id	The ID of the VPC for the network ACL.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: vpc-9ea045f7

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1
	if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

#### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The NETWORKACL identifier
- The ACL ID
- The ID of the VPC that the route table was created in
- · The ENTRY elements created by default

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

#### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates a new network ACL in the VPC with ID vpc-11ad4878. Notice that the response includes a default entry for egress, and another for ingress, each with a very high rule number (32767). These are the last entries that we process to decide whether traffic is allowed into our out of an associated subnet. If the traffic doesn't match any rules with a lower rule number, then these default entries ultimately deny the traffic. The -1 means all protocols and ports.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-network-acl vpc-11ad4878
NETWORKACL ac1-5fb85d36 vpc-11ad4878
ENTRY egress 32767 deny 0.0.0.0/0 all
ENTRY ingress 32767 deny 0.0.0.0/0 all
```

#### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

#### **Related Action**

CreateNetworkAcl

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-delete-network-acl (p. 221)
- ec2-describe-network-acls (p. 375)
- ec2-replace-network-acl-association (p. 631)

## ec2-create-network-acl-entry

## **Description**

Creates an entry (a rule) in a network ACL with the specified rule number. Each network ACL has a set of numbered ingress rules and a separate set of numbered egress rules. When determining whether a packet should be allowed in or out of a subnet, we process the entries in the ACL according to the rule numbers, in ascending order. Each network ACL has a set of ingress rules and a separate set of egress rules.

#### Tip

We recommend that you leave room between the rule numbers (for example, 100, 110, 120, etc.), and not number them one right after the other (for example, 101, 102, 103, etc.). This makes it easier to add a new rule between existing ones without having to renumber the rules.

After you add an entry, you can't modify it; you must either replace it or create a new entry and delete the old one.

For more information about network ACLs, see Network ACLs in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2addnae.

#### **Syntax**

```
ec2-create-network-acl-entry acl_id -n rule_number [--egress] -P protocol -r
cidr [-p port_range] [-t icmp_type_code] { --allow | --deny }
```

#### **Options**

Name	Description
acl_id	The ID of the ACL for the entry.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: acl-5fb85d36
-n,rule-number rule_number	The rule number to assign to the entry (for example, 100). ACL entries are processed in ascending order by rule number.
	Type: Number
	Default: None
	Constraints: Positive integer from 1 to 32766
	Required: Yes
	Example: -n 100

Name	Description
egress	Indicates that the rule be applied to traffic leaving the subnet.
	Default: If not specified, the rule applies to ingress traffic into the subnet.
	Required: No
-P,protocol protocol	The IP protocol. You can specify all or -1 to mean all protocols.
	Type: String
	Valid values: all   -1   tcp   udp   icmp or any protocol number (for a list, see Protocol Numbers).
	Required: Yes
	Example: -P 6
-r,cidr cidr	The CIDR range to allow or deny, in CIDR notation.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -r 172.16.0.0/24
-p,port-range port_range	For TCP or UDP: The range of ports to allow.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e. port range 0-65535).
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required if specifying top or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.
	Example: -p 80-84
-t,icmp-type-code icmp_type_code	For ICMP: The ICMP type and code using format type: code, where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.
	Example: -t -1:-1

Name	Description
allow	Specifies that any traffic matching the rule is allowed.
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: You must specify eitherallow ordeny, but not both options.
deny	Specifies that any traffic matching the rule is denied.
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: You must specify eitherallow ordeny, but not both.

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -u option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

· The ENTRY identifier

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates an entry with rule number 100 in the network ACL with ID acl-2cb85d45. The rule allows ingress traffic from anywhere (0.0.0.0/0) on UDP port 53 into the subnet.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-network-acl-entry acl-2cb85d45 -n 100 -r 0.0.0.0/0 -P udp - p 53 --allow

ENTRY ingress 100 allow 0.0.0.0/0 udp 53

53
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### Related Action

CreateNetworkAclEntry

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-delete-network-acl-entry (p. 225)
- ec2-describe-network-acls (p. 375)
- ec2-replace-network-acl-entry (p. 635)

## ec2-create-network-interface

## **Description**

Creates a network interface in the specified subnet. This command is supported only in EC2-VPC.

The short version of this command is ec2addnic.

## **Syntax**

ec2-create-network-interface -d, --description DESCRIPTION [--private-ip-address IP\_ADDRESS] [--secondary-private-ip-address IP\_ADDRESS] [--secondary-private-ip-address-count COUNT][-g, --group GROUP] SUBNET

### **Options**

Name	Description
-d,description DESCRIPTION	Set the description of the network interface.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -d "My ENI"
private-ip-address IP_ADDRESS	The primary private IP address of the network interface. If an IP address is not specified, one will be auto-assigned to the interface.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:private-ip-address 10.0.2.17

Name	Description
secondary-private-ip-address IP_ADDRESS	Assigns the specified IP address as a secondary private IP address to the network interface or instance. This option can be used multiple times to assign multiple secondary IP addresses.
	You can do one of the following:
	<ul> <li>Use thesecondary-private-ip-address option without a value and AWS will automatically assign a secondary private IP address within the subnet range.</li> <li>Use thesecondary-private-ip-address option and</li> </ul>
	provide a specific IP address that you want to assign.
	You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address-count.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:secondary-private-ip-address 10.0.2.18 -secondary-private-ip-address 10.0.2.28
secondary-private-ip-address-count COUNT	The number of secondary IP addresses to assign to the network interface. You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address.
	Type: Integer
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:secondary-private-ip-address-count 2
-g,group <i>GROUP</i>	A security group to add to the network interface. You can use this option multiple times to add multiple groups.
	Type: String
	Default: None. If no security group is specified, the interface will become a member of the default security group.
	Required: No
	Example: -g sg-bba1bcd7 -g sg-6d495601

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url <i>URL</i>	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated</i>
	Options.
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-Н,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns the ENI ID for the network interface that was created, along with the subnet ID, VPC ID, Availability Zone, private IP addresses, and security group membership.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates a network interface address in the specified subnet.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-network-interface -d "My ENI" -g sg-bbalbcd7 --private-ip-address 10.0.2.17 subnet-fd04ff94

NETWORKINTERFACE eni-3b9f6552 My ENI subnet-fd04ff94 vpc-e604ff8f us-east-1b 089818748305 false pending 02:1a:80:41:52:9c 10.0.2.17 true

GROUP sg-bbalbcd7 default
PRIVATEIPADDRESS 10.0.2.17
```

#### **Example Request**

This example creates a network interface address with a primary private IP address of 10.0.0.117, and two secondary private IP addresses: one secondary private IP address of 10.0.0.118 and another secondary private IP address that will be automatically assigned.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-network-interface -d "My ENI" -g sg-blb508d8 --private-ip-address 10.0.0.117 --secondary-private-ip-address 10.0.0.118 subnet-blb508d8

NETWORKINTERFACE eni-f907b890 My ENI subnet-blb508d8 vpc-a2b508cb ap-southeast-la 013274050172 false pending 02:75:42:60:6c:05

10.0.0.117 true

GROUP sg-82b3alee default

PRIVATEIPADDRESS 10.0.0.117

PRIVATEIPADDRESS 10.0.0.118
```

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateNetworkInterface

- ec2-attach-network-interface (p. 39)
- ec2-delete-network-interface (p. 229)
- ec2-describe-network-interface-attribute (p. 381)
- ec2-describe-network-interfaces (p. 385)
- ec2-detach-network-interface (p. 508)
- ec2-modify-network-interface-attribute (p. 590)
- ec2-reset-network-interface-attribute (p. 674)

# ec2-create-placement-group

# **Description**

Creates a placement group that you launch cluster instances into. You must give the group a name unique within the scope of your account. For more information about placement groups and cluster instances, see Using Cluster Instances in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2addpgrp.

## **Syntax**

ec2-create-placement-group placement-group -s strategy

## **Options**

Name	Description
placement-group	A name for the placement group.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: XYZ-cluster
-s strategy	The placement strategy.
	Type: String
	Valid values: cluster
	Default: cluster
	Required: Yes
	Example: -s cluster

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access key ID associated with your AWS account. Performent variable. If AWS_access_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout 30  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access_KEY in the torios who you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If A		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The PLACEMENTGROUP identifier
- The placement group name
- The placement group strategy
- · The state of the placement group

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates the XYZ-cluster group.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-create-placement-group XYZ-cluster -s cluster PLACEMENTGROUP XYZ-cluster cluster available

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• CreatePlacementGroup

- ec2-delete-placement-group (p. 233)
- ec2-describe-placement-groups (p. 393)

# ec2-create-reserved-instances-listing

## **Description**

Creates a new listing for Amazon EC2 Reserved Instances that will be sold in the Reserved Instance Marketplace. You can submit one Reserved Instance listing at a time.

The Reserved Instance Marketplace matches sellers who want to resell Reserved Instance capacity that they no longer need with buyers who want to purchase additional capacity. Reserved Instances bought from third-party sellers through the Reserved Instance Marketplace work like any other Reserved Instances.

If you want to sell your Reserved Instances, you must first register as a Seller in the Reserved Instance Marketplace. After completing the registration process, you can create a Reserved Instance Marketplace listing of some or all of your Reserved Instances, and specify the upfront price you want to receive for them. Your Reserved Instance listings then become available for purchase.

For more information about Reserved Instance Marketplace, go to Reserved Instance Marketplace in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

### **Syntax**

ec2-create-reserved-instances-listing --reserved-instance RESERVED-INSTANCE
--instance-count INSTANCE-COUNT [--client-token TOKEN] MONTH:PRICE
[MONTH:PRICE[...]]

### **Options**

Name	Description
reserved-instance RESERVED-INSTANCE	The ID of the active Reserved Instance with which the instance you want to list is associated.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
instance-count INSTANCE-COUNT	The number of instances that are a part of a Reserved Instance account that will be listed in the Reserved Instance Marketplace. This number should be less or equal to the instance count associated with the Reserved Instance ID specified in this command.
	Type: Integer
	Default: Total number of Reserved Instances active for the account
	Required: Yes

Name	Description
MONTH: PRICE	The price and schedule entry, using the format MONTH:PRICE, where MONTH is the number of months and PRICE is the numerical part of the price you want for the specified months of the term. For example, 14:12.34 means you want to sell 14 months at the price of \$12.34.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
client-token TOKEN	Unique, case-sensitive identifier you provide to ensure idempotency of your listings. This helps avoid duplicate listings. For more information, go to Ensuring Idempotency in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

The command returns a table that contains the following information:

The listing information

- · The LISTING identifier
- · Reserved Instance listing ID
- · Reserved Instances ID
- Create Date
- Update Date
- Status
- · Status Message

One or more rows that contain instance count information

- The INSTANCE-COUNT identifier
- The instance count state
- The instance count

One or more rows that contain price schedule information

- The PRICE-SCHEDULE identifier
- The term
- · The price
- · Whether or not the schedule is active

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example creates a Reserved Instance Marketplace listing from the existing Reserved Instance named *b847fa93-c736-4eae-bca1-e3147example*, which has 5 months remaining in its term. In this example, we set the upfront price at \$1.20.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Operations

The command looks like this:

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-reserved-instances-listing --reserved-instance b847fa93-c736-4eae-bca1-3147example --instance-count 1 05:01.20
```

Amazon EC2 returns output similar to the following:

```
PROMPT>Type ReservedInstancesListingId ReservedInstancesId CreateDate UpdateDate Status StatusMessage
LISTING 095c0e18-c9e6-4692-97e5-653e0example b847fa93-c736-4eae-bca1-e3147example Tue Aug 28 18:21:07 PDT 2012 Tue Aug 28 18:21:07 PDT 2012 active active INSTANCE-COUNT available 1
INSTANCE-COUNT sold 0
INSTANCE-COUNT cancelled 0
INSTANCE-COUNT pending 0
PRICE-SCHEDULE 5 $1.2 true
PRICE-SCHEDULE 4 $1.2 false
PRICE-SCHEDULE 3 $1.2 false
PRICE-SCHEDULE 1 $1.2 true
```

## **Related Operations**

- ec2-cancel-reserved-instances-listing (p. 76)
- ec2-describe-reserved-instances-listings (p. 408)

### ec2-create-route

## **Description**

Creates a route in a route table within a VPC. The route's target can be either a gateway attached to the VPC or a NAT instance in the VPC.

When determining how to route traffic, we use the route with the most specific match. For example, let's say the traffic is destined for 192.0.2.3, and the route table includes the following two routes:

- 192.0.2.0/24 (goes to some target A)
- 192.0.2.0/28 (goes to some target B)

Both routes apply to the traffic destined for 192.0.2.3. However, the second route in the list covers a smaller number of IP addresses and is therefore more specific, so we use that route to determine where to target the traffic.

For more information about route tables, see Route Tables in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2addrt.

### **Syntax**

ec2-create-route route\_table\_id -r cidr {-g gateway\_id | -i instance\_id | -n, --network-interface NETWORKINTERFACE}

# **Options**

Name	Description
route_table_id	The ID of the route table for the route.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: rtb-5da34634
-r,cidr <i>cidr</i>	The CIDR address block used for the destination match. Routing decisions are based on the most specific match.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -r 0.0.0.0/0

Name	Description
-g,gateway gateway_id	The ID of a gateway in your VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: You must provide one of the following: a gateway ID, instance ID, or a network interface ID.
	Example: -g igw-68a34601
-i,instance instance_id	The ID of a NAT instance in your VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: You must provide one of the following: a gateway ID, instance ID, or a network interface ID.
	Example: -i i-a7c871e3
-n,network-interface	The network interface associated with the route.
NETWORKINTERFACE	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: You must provide one of the following: a gateway ID, instance ID, or a network interface.
	Example: -n eni-5b729933

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the $-{\tt U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2 URL environment variable, or
	https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The ROUTE identifier
- The Internet gateway ID

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example creates a route in the route table with ID rtb-e4ad488d. The route matches all traffic (0.0.0.0/0) and routes it to the Internet gateway with ID igw-eaad4883.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-route rtb-e4ad488d -r 0.0.0.0/0 -g igw-eaad4883

ROUTE igw-eaad4883 0.0.0.0/0
```

# **Related Topics**

## **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateRoute

- ec2-delete-route (p. 236)
- ec2-describe-route-tables (p. 423)
- ec2-replace-route (p. 640)

## ec2-create-route-table

# **Description**

Creates a route table within a VPC. After you create a new route table, you can add routes and associate the table with a subnet. For more information about route tables, see Route Tables in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2addrtb.

## **Syntax**

ec2-create-route-table vpc\_id

## **Options**

Name	Description
vpc_id	The ID of the VPC for the route table.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: vpc-9ea045f7

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1
	if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ROUTETABLE identifier
- The route table ID
- The ID of the VPC
- · Information about the local route included in every new route table

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates a new route table within the VPC with the ID vpc-9ea045f7.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-route-table vpc-9ea045f7
ROUTETABLE rtb-6aa34603 vpc-9ea045f7
ROUTE local active 172.16.0.0/16
```

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateRouteTable

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

- ec2-associate-route-table (p. 31)
- ec2-create-route (p. 150)
- ec2-delete-route-table (p. 239)
- ec2-describe-route-tables (p. 423)
- ec2-disassociate-route-table (p. 529)
- ec2-replace-route-table-association (p. 644)

# ec2-create-snapshot

## **Description**

Creates a snapshot of an Amazon EBS volume and stores it in Amazon S3. You can use snapshots for backups, to make copies of instance store volumes, and to save data before shutting down an instance. For more information about Amazon EBS, see Amazon Elastic Block Store in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

When a snapshot is created, any AWS Marketplace product codes from the volume are propagated to the snapshot.

You can take a snapshot of an attached volume that is in use. However, snapshots only capture data that has been written to your Amazon EBS volume at the time the snapshot command is issued. This may exclude any data that has been cached by any applications or the operating system. If you can pause any file writes to the volume long enough to take a snapshot, your snapshot should be complete. However, if you cannot pause all file writes to the volume, you need to unmount the volume from within the instance, issue the snapshot command, and then remount the volume to ensure a consistent and complete snapshot.

To create a snapshot for Amazon EBS volumes that serve as root devices, you should stop the instance before taking the snapshot.

#### To unmount the volume in Linux/UNIX

Enter the following command from the command line.

```
umount -d device_name

For example:

# umount -d /dev/sdh
```

#### To unmount the volume in Windows

- 1. In Disk Management, right-click the volume to unmount, and select Change Drive Letter and Path.
- 2. Select the mount point to remove and click **Remove**.

The short version of this command is ec2addsnap.

### **Syntax**

ec2-create-snapshot volume\_id [-d description]

# **Options**

Name	Description
volume_id	The ID of the Amazon EBS volume to take a snapshot of.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: vol-4d826724
-d,description description	The description of the Amazon EBS snapshot.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: Up to 255 characters
	Required: No
	Example: -d "Daily backup"

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The SNAPSHOT identifier
- · The ID of the snapshot
- . The ID of the volume
- The state of the snapshot (pending, completed, error)
- · The time stamp when the snapshot initiated
- · The percentage of completion
- The ID of the snapshot owner
- · The size of the volume
- The description of the snapshot

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates a snapshot of volume vol-la2b3c4d.

PROMPT> ec2-create-snapshot vol-la2b3c4d --description "Daily Backup" SNAPSHOT snap-la2b3c4d vol-la2b3c4d pending YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 AWSAc countNol; 30 Daily Backup

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

### **Related Action**

• CreateSnapshot

- ec2-delete-snapshot (p. 243)
- ec2-describe-snapshots (p. 433)

# ec2-create-spot-datafeed-subscription

# **Description**

Creates the data feed for Spot Instances, enabling you to view Spot Instance usage logs. You can create one data feed per account. For more information about Spot Instances, see Spot Instances in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2addsds.

## **Syntax**

ec2-create-spot-datafeed-subscription --bucket bucket [--prefix prefix]

## **Options**

Name	Description
-b,bucket bucket	The Amazon S3 bucket in which to store the Spot Instance datafeed.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: Must be a valid bucket associated with your account.
	Required: Yes
	Example: -b myawsbucket
-p,prefix bucket	A prefix for the datafeed files.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -p spotdata_

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access key ID associated with your AWS account. Performent variable. If AWS_access_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout 30  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access_KEY in the torios who you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If A		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The SPOTDATAFEEDSUBSCRIPTION identifier
- The AWS account ID of the owner
- The Amazon S3 bucket where the data feed is located
- The prefix for the data feed files
- The state (Active | Inactive)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example creates the data feed for the account.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-create-spot-datafeed-subscription -b myawsbucket -p spotdata\_ SPOTDATAFEEDSUBSCRIPTION AWSAccountNo1; myawsbucket spotdata\_ Active

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• CreateSpotDatafeedSubscription

- ec2-delete-spot-datafeed-subscription (p. 247)
- ec2-describe-spot-datafeed-subscription (p. 440)

#### ec2-create-subnet

## **Description**

Creates a subnet in an existing VPC. You can create up to 20 subnets in a VPC. If you add more than one subnet to a VPC, they're set up in a star topology with a logical router in the middle. If you need more than 20 subnets, you can request more by going to Request to Increase Amazon VPC Limits.

When you create each subnet, you provide the ID of the VPC and the CIDR block you want for the subnet. After you create a subnet, you can't change its CIDR block. The subnet's CIDR block can be the same as the VPC's CIDR block (assuming you want only a single subnet in the VPC), or a subset of the VPC's CIDR block. If you create more than one subnet in a VPC, the subnets' CIDR blocks must not overlap. The smallest subnet (and VPC) you can create uses a /28 netmask (16 IP addresses), and the largest uses a /16 netmask (65,536 IP addresses).

#### **Important**

AWS reserves both the first four and the last IP address in each subnet's CIDR block. They're not available for use.

If you launch an instance in a VPC using an Amazon EBS-backed AMI, the IP address doesn't change if you stop and restart the instance (unlike a similar instance launched outside a VPC, which gets a new IP address when restarted). It's therefore possible to have a subnet with no running instances (they're all stopped), but no remaining IP addresses available. For more information about Amazon EBS-backed AMIs, see AMI Basics in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2addsubnet.

### **Syntax**

ec2-create-subnet -c vpc\_id -i cidr [ -z zone ]

## **Options**

Name	Description
-c vpc_id	The ID of the VPC for the subnet.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -c vpc-1a2b3c4d
-i cidr	The CIDR block for the subnet to cover.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -i 10.0.1.0/24

Name	Description
-z zone	The Availability Zone for the subnet.
	Type: String
	Default: AWS selects a zone for you (recommended).
	Required: No
	Example: -z us-east-1a

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The SUBNET identifier
- · The subnet ID
- The current state of the subnet (pending or available)
- The ID of the VPC the subnet is in
- · The CIDR block assigned to the subnet
- The number of IP addresses in the subnet that are available
- The Availability Zone the subnet is in

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates a subnet with CIDR block 10.0.1.0/24 in the VPC with ID vpc-1a2b3c4d.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-subnet -c vpc-la2b3c4d -i 10.0.1.0/24

SUBNET subnet-9d4a7b6c pending vpc-la2b3c4d 10.0.1.0/24 251 us-east-la
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateSubnet

- ec2-delete-subnet (p. 250)
- ec2-describe-subnets (p. 458)

# ec2-create-tags

# **Description**

Adds or overwrites one or more tags for the specified resource or resources. Each resource can have a maximum of 10 tags. Each tag consists of a key and optional value. Tag keys must be unique per resource.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2addtag.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-create-tags resource_id [resource_id ...] --tag key[=value] [--tag
key[=value] ...]
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
resource_id	The AWS-assigned ID of the resource you want to tag. You can specify multiple resources to assign the tags to.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: ami-1a2b3c4d
tag key Or key=value	The key and optional value of the tag, separated by an equals sign (=). If you don't include a value, we set the value to an empty string.
	If you're using the command line tools on a Windows system, you might need to use quotation marks (for example, "key=value").
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: Maximum tag key length is 128 characters. Maximum tag value length is 256 characters. Tag keys and values are case sensitive and accept Unicode characters.
	Required: Yes
	Example:tag "stack=Production"

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url <i>URL</i>	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated</i>
	Options.
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
T,security-token The AWS delegation token.	
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-Н,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The TAG identifier
- The resource type identifier
- The resource ID
- The tag key

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

• The tag value

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example adds (or overwrites) two tags for an AMI and an instance. One of the tags is just a key (webserver), with no value. The other consists of a key (stack) and value (Production). We set the value of the *webserver* tag to an empty string.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-tags ami-la2b3c4d i-7d3e5a2f --tag webserver --tag
"stack=Production"

TAG image ami-la2b3c4d webserver

TAG image ami-la2b3c4d stack Production

TAG instance i-7d3e5a2f webserver

TAG instance i-7d3e5a2f stack Production
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateTags

- ec2-delete-tags (p. 254)
- ec2-describe-tags (p. 463)

# ec2-create-volume

# **Description**

Creates an Amazon EBS volume that can be attached to any Amazon EC2 instance in the same Availability Zone. Any AWS Marketplace product codes from the snapshot are propagated to the volume. For more information about Amazon EBS, see Amazon Elastic Block Store in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2addvol.

# **Syntax**

```
ec2-create-volume [--size size | --snapshot snapshot [--size size]]
--availability-zone zone [--type type [--iops iops]]
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
-s,size size	The size of the volume, in GiBs.
	Type: String
	Valid values: 1-1024
	Valid values: If the volume type is io1, the minimum size of the volume is 10 GiB.
	Default: If you're creating the volume from a snapshot and don't specify a volume size, the default is the snapshot size.
	Condition: Required unless you're creating the volume from a snapshot.
	Required: Conditional
	Example: -s 80
snapshot snapshot	The snapshot from which to create the new volume.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required if you are creating a volume from a snapshot.
	Example:snapshot snap-78a54011

Name	Description
-z,availability-zone zone	The Availability Zone in which to create the new volume.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -z us-east-1a
-t,type type	The volume type.
	Type: String
	Valid values: standard   io1
	Default: standard
	Required: No
	Example: -t io1
-i,iops iops	The number of I/O operations per second (IOPS) that the volume supports.
	Type: Integer
	Valid values: Range is 100 to 4000.
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required when the volume type is io1; not used with standard volumes.
	Example: -iops 500

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_BLEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout Timeout The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout Timeout To request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	•	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
### Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  ###################################	TOKEN	_
Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	=	·
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-v,verbose	
hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The VOLUME identifier
- . The ID of the volume
- The size of the volume, in GiBs
- The snapshot from which the volume was created, if applicable
- · The Availability Zone in which the volume was created
- The volume state (creating, available, in-use, deleting, error)
- The time stamp when volume creation was initiated
- · The EBS volume type
- The I/O operations per second (IOPS) of a provisioned IOPS volume

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates a new 20 GiB volume in Availability Zone us-east-la.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-create-volume --size 20 --availability-zone us-east-1a
VOLUME vol-1a2b3c4d 20 us-east-1a creating YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 standard

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• CreateVolume

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-attach-volume (p. 43)
- ec2-delete-volume (p. 258)
- ec2-describe-availability-zones (p. 292)
- ec2-describe-volumes (p. 478)
- ec2-detach-volume (p. 512)

# ec2-create-vpc

# **Description**

Creates a VPC with the CIDR block you specify. The smallest VPC you can create uses a /28 netmask (16 IP addresses), and the largest uses a /16 netmask (65,536 IP addresses). To help you decide how big to make your VPC, see Your VPC and Subnets in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

By default, each instance you launch in the VPC has the default DHCP options that includes only a default DNS server that we provide (AmazonProvidedDNS). For more information about DHCP options, see Using DHCP Options with Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2addvpc.

### **Syntax**

ec2-create-vpc cidr [tenancy]

## **Options**

Name	Description
cidr	The CIDR block for the VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: 10.0.0.0/16
tenancy	The supported tenancy of instances launched into the VPC. A value of default means instances can be launched with any tenancy; a value of dedicated means all instances launched into the VPC will be launched as dedicated tenancy instances regardless of the tenancy assigned to the instance at launch. Setting the instance's tenancy attribute to dedicated specifies that your instance will run on single-tenant hardware.
	Type: String
	Default: default
	Valid values: default   dedicated
	Required: No

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The VPC identifier
- The ID of the VPC
- The CIDR block of the VPC
- The current state of the VPC (pending or available)

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- The ID of the DHCP options associated with the VPC (or default if none)
- The supported tenancy options for instances launched into the VPC (default or dedicated).

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates a VPC with CIDR block 10.0.0.0/16.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-vpc 10.0.0.0/16

VPC vpc-la2b3c4d pending 10.0.0.0/16 dopt-la2b3c4d default
```

#### **Example Request**

This example creates a VPC with the dedicated tenancy option.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-vpc 10.0.0.0/16 --tenancy dedicated 
VPC vpc-la2b3c4d pending 10.0.0.0/16 dopt-la2b3c4d dedicated
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateVpc

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-associate-dhcp-options (p. 27)
- ec2-create-dhcp-options (p. 99)
- ec2-delete-vpc (p. 262)
- ec2-describe-vpcs (p. 488)

# ec2-create-vpn-connection

## **Description**

Creates a VPN connection between an existing virtual private gateway and customer gateway. The only supported connection type is <code>ipsec.1</code>.

The response includes information that you need to give to your network administrator to configure your customer gateway. The underlying native format of this information is XML; however, with the **ec2-create-vpn-connection** command, you can transform the information into a different format based on the vendor that makes your customer gateway (for example, Cisco or Juniper). If you use a vendor other than Cisco or Juniper, you can set the <code>--format</code> option to <code>generic</code>, and the information is formatted in a human readable format for your network administrator. If you want to see the native XML, you can specify <code>xml</code> as the value of the <code>--format</code> option. If you want to write your own stylesheet, you can use the <code>--stylesheet</code> option to specify that stylesheet and receive the output in your own format. Whereas the **ec2-create-vpn-connection** command lets you choose a format for the configuration information, the corresponding API action (<code>CreateVpnConnection</code>) returns only the native XML.

If you decide to shut down your VPN connection for any reason and then create a new one, you must reconfigure your customer gateway with the new information returned from this call.

For more information about VPN connections, see Adding a Hardware Virtual Private Gateway to Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is **ec2addvpn**.

### **Syntax**

ec2-create-vpn-connection -t type --customer-gateway customer\_gateway\_id --vpn-gateway\_vpn\_gateway\_id [{--format format} | {--stylesheet your\_stylesheet}]

### **Options**

Name	Description
-t type	The type of VPN connection.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: ipsec.1
	Required: Yes
	Example: -t ipsec.1
customer-gateway	The ID of the customer gateway.
customer_gateway_id	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example:customer-gateway cgw-b4dc3961

Name	Description
vpn-gateway vpn_gateway_id	The ID of the virtual private gateway.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example:vpn-gateway vgw-8db04f81
format format	Includes customer gateway configuration information in the response, in the format specified. The returned information can be formatted for various devices, including a Cisco device (cisco-ios-isr) or Juniper device (juniper-junos-j), in human readable format (generic), or in the native XML format (xml).
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: cisco-ios-isr   juniper-junos-j   juniper-screenos-6.2   juniper-screenos-6.1   generic   xml
	Required: No
	Example:format cisco-ios-isr
stylesheet your_stylesheet	Includes customer gateway configuration information in the response, formatted according to the custom XSL stylesheet specified.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:stylesheet c:\my_stylesheet.xsl
static-routes-only	Indicates whether or not the VPN connection requires static routes. If you are creating a VPN connection for a device that does not support BGP, you must specify this value as true.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: false
	Required: No

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The VPNCONNECTION identifier
- The VPN connection ID
- The current state of the VPN connection (pending, available, deleting, deleted)
- The type of VPN connection

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- · The customer gateway ID
- · The virtual private gateway ID
- The configuration information for the customer gateway

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example creates a VPN connection between the virtual private gateway with ID vgw-8db04f81 and the customer gateway with ID cgw-b4dc3961. The example specifies that the configuration information be formatted as needed for a Cisco customer gateway. Because it's a long set of information, we haven't displayed it here in the response. To see an example of the information returned, see the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud Network Administrator Guide.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-vpn-connection -t ipsec.1 --customer-gateway cgw-b4dc3961 -
-vpn-gateway
vgw-8db04f81 --format cisco-ios-isr
VPNCONNECTION vpn-44a8938f pending ipsec.1 cgw-b4dc3961 vgw-8db04f81
<Long customer gateway configuration data...>
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateVpnConnection

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-attach-vpn-gateway (p. 47)
- ec2-create-subnet (p. 168)
- ec2-create-vpc (p. 181)
- ec2-delete-vpn-connection (p. 266)
- ec2-describe-vpn-connections (p. 493)

# ec2-create-vpn-gateway

# **Description**

Creates a virtual private gateway. A virtual private gateway is the VPC-side endpoint for your VPN connection. You can create a virtual private gateway before creating the VPC itself.

For more information about virtual private gateways, see Adding a Hardware Virtual Private Gateway to Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2addvgw.

# **Syntax**

ec2-create-vpn-gateway -t type

## **Options**

Name	Description
-t type	The type of VPN connection this virtual private gateway supports.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: ipsec.1
	Required: Yes
	Example: -t ipsec.1
-z availability_zone	Deprecated. The command accepts and ignores this option.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access key ID associated with your AWS account. Performent variable. If AWS_access_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout 30  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access_KEY in the torios who you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If A		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The VPNGATEWAY identifier
- · The virtual private gateway ID
- The current state of the virtual private gateway (pending, available, deleting, deleted)
- The type of VPN connection the virtual private gateway supports
- The Availability Zone for the virtual private gateway
- Information about VPCs attached to the virtual private gateway (there are none attached when you first create a virtual private gateway)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates a virtual private gateway.

```
PROMPT> ec2-create-vpn-gateway -t ipsec.1

VPNGATEWAY vgw-8db04f81 pending ipsec.1
```

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

CreateVpnGateway

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-attach-vpn-gateway (p. 47)
- ec2-delete-vpn-gateway (p. 274)
- ec2-describe-vpn-gateways (p. 499)
- ec2-detach-vpn-gateway (p. 517)

# ec2-create-vpn-connection-route

# **Description**

Creates a new static route associated with a VPN connection between an existing virtual private gateway and a VPN customer gateway. The static route allows traffic to be routed from the virtual private gateway to the VPN customer gateway.

This command is only available in EC2-VPC.

The short version of this command is ec2cvcr.

## **Syntax**

## **Options**

Name	Description
vpn-connection	The ID of the VPN connection.
VPN_Connection_ID	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
cidr CIDR_BLOCK	The CIDR block associated with the local subnet of the customer data center.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable, or us-east-1 if $EC2\_URL$ isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_BLEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout Timeout The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout Timeout To request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
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' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

The command returns true if the operation succeeds or an error if the operation does not succeed.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates a static route to the VPN connection for the VPN connection ID vpn-83ad48ea to the destination CIDR block 11.12.0.0/16

PROMPT> ec2-create-vpn-connection-route --cidr "11.12.0.0/16" --vpn-connection vpn-83ad48ea RETURN true

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

## **Related Action**

• CreateVpnConnectionRoute

# ec2-delete-customer-gateway

# **Description**

Deletes a VPN customer gateway. You must delete the VPN connection before deleting the customer gateway.

For more information about VPN customer gateways, see Adding a Hardware Virtual Private Gateway to Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2delcgw.

## **Syntax**

ec2-delete-customer-gateway customer\_gateway\_id

## **Options**

Name	Description
customer_gateway_id	The ID of the customer gateway.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: cgw-b4dc3961

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The CUSTOMERGATEWAY identifier
- · The customer gateway ID

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example deletes the customer gateway with ID cgw-b4dc3961.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-customer-gateway cgw-b4dc3961 CUSTOMERGATEWAY cgw-b4dc3961

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DeleteCustomerGateway

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-customer-gateway (p. 95)
- ec2-describe-customer-gateways (p. 306)

# ec2-delete-dhcp-options

# **Description**

Deletes a set of DHCP options that you specify. The action returns an error if the set of options you specify is currently associated with a VPC. You can disassociate the set of options by associating either a new set of options or the default options with the VPC.

For more information about DHCP options sets, see Using DHCP Options with Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2deldopt.

### **Syntax**

ec2-delete-dhcp-options dhcp\_options\_id

## **Options**

Name	Description
dhcp_options_id	The ID of the DHCP options.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: dopt-7a8b9c2d

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key <i>EC2-PRIVATE-KEY</i>	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The DHCPOPTIONS identifier
- The DHCP options ID

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example deletes the set of DHCP options with ID dopt-7a8b9c2d.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-dhcp-options dopt-7a8b9c2d DHCPOPTIONS dopt-7a8b9c2d

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• DeleteDhcpOptions

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-associate-dhcp-options (p. 27)
- ec2-create-dhcp-options (p. 99)
- ec2-describe-dhcp-options (p. 311)

# ec2-delete-disk-image

# **Description**

Deletes a partially or fully uploaded disk image for conversion from Amazon S3. You can specify either the conversion task ID, or the URL to the import manifest file in Amazon S3. For more information, see Using the Command Line Tools to Import Your Virtual Machine to Amazon EC2 in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2ddi.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-delete-disk-image { -t task_id | -u url } -o owner_access_key_id -w
owner_secret_access_key [--ignore-active-task]
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
-t,task task_id	The Task ID of the conversion task that is no longer active.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Either the task ID or the URL to the manifest is required.
	Example: -t import-i-fh95npoc
-u,manifest-url <i>url</i>	The URL for an existing import manifest file. Use this option to delete the uploaded disk image even if one or more active conversion tasks still reference the manifest.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Either the task ID or the URL to the manifest is required.
	Example: -u http://some-s3-location/mydisk-to-delete.vmdk

Name	Description
-o,owner-akid owner_access_key_id	The access Key ID of the owner of the bucket containing the uploaded disk image to be deleted. This parameter value is not sent to Amazon EC2.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -o AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
-w,owner-sak owner_secret_access_key	The AWS Secret Access Key of the owner of the bucket containing the uploaded disk image to be deleted. This parameter value is not sent to Amazon EC2.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
ignore-active-task	Delete the uploaded disk image despite having an active task. Using this option may cause active tasks to fail. Use this option at your own risk.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:ignore-active-task

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -u option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_BLEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout Timeout The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout Timeout To request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
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Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
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' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

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Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

Task ID

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example deletes the import-i-fh95npoc disk image.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-disk-image -t import-i-fh95npoc -o AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
DELETE-TASK import-i-fh95npoc

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-cancel-conversion-task (p. 69)
- ec2-import-instance (p. 552)
- ec2-import-volume (p. 565)
- ec2-resume-import (p. 682)

# ec2-delete-group

## **Description**

Deletes a security group.

#### **Important**

If you attempt to delete a security group that contains instances, or is referenced by another security group, the operation fails with <code>InvalidGroup.InUse</code> for EC2-Classic or <code>DependencyViolation</code> for EC2-VPC.

A security group is for use with instances either in the EC2-Classic platform or in a specific VPC. For more information, see Amazon EC2 Security Groups in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide and Security Groups for Your VPC in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2delgrp.

### **Syntax**

ec2-delete-group { group\_name | group\_id }

## **Options**

Name	Description
group_name	The name of the security group.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: For EC2-Classic, default VPC, you can specify either group_name or group_id.
	Example: websrv

Name	Description
group_id	The ID of the security group.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required for nondefault VPC; otherwise, you can specify either <code>group_name</code> or <code>group_id</code> .
	Example: sg-32fa9d3e

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

• Success status (true or false)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example deletes the security group for EC2-Classic webserv.

```
PROMPT> ec2-delete-group websrv
RETURN true
```

### **Example Request**

This example deletes the security group for EC2-VPC with the ID  ${\tt sg-1a2b3c4d}$ .

```
PROMPT> ec2-delete-group sg-la2b3c4d
RETURN true
```

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• DeleteSecurityGroup

- ec2-authorize (p. 51)
- ec2-create-group (p. 104)
- ec2-describe-group (p. 320)
- ec2-revoke (p. 687)

# ec2-delete-internet-gateway

# **Description**

Deletes an Internet gateway from your AWS account. The gateway must not be attached to a VPC. For more information about your VPC and Internet gateway, see the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2deligw.

### **Syntax**

ec2-delete-internet-gateway internet\_gateway\_id

### **Options**

Name	Description
internet_gateway_id	The ID of the Internet gateway.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: igw-8db04f81

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1
	if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

• Success status (true or false)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example deletes the Internet gateway with ID igw-eaad4883.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-internet-gateway igw-eaad4883
RETURN true

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DeleteInternetGateway

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

- ec2-attach-internet-gateway (p. 35)
- ec2-create-internet-gateway (p. 120)
- ec2-describe-internet-gateways (p. 366)
- ec2-detach-internet-gateway (p. 504)

# ec2-delete-keypair

# **Description**

Deletes the specified key pair, by removing the public key from Amazon EC2. You must own the key pair.

The short version of this command is ec2delkey.

## **Syntax**

ec2-delete-keypair key\_pair

## **Options**

Name	Description
key_pair	The name of the key pair.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: primary_keypair

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable, or $us-east-1$ if $EC2\_URL$ isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The KEYPAIR identifier
- · The name of the deleted key pair

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example deletes the gsg-keypair key pair.

```
PROMPT> ec2-delete-keypair gsg-keypair KEYPAIR gsg-keypair
```

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DeleteKeyPair

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

- ec2-create-keypair (p. 123)
- ec2-describe-keypairs (p. 371)

### ec2-delete-network-acl

## **Description**

Deletes a network ACL from a VPC. The ACL must not be associated with any subnets. You can't delete the default network ACL. For more information about network ACLs, see Network ACLs in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2delnacl.

### **Syntax**

ec2-delete-network-acl acl\_id

### **Options**

Name	Description
acl_id	The ID of the network ACL.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: acl-2cb85d45

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-Н,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

• Success status (true or false)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example deletes the network ACL with ID acl-2cb85d45.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-network-acl ac1-2cb85d45
RETURN true

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DeleteNetworkAcl

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

- ec2-create-network-acl (p. 127)
- ec2-describe-network-acls (p. 375)
- ec2-replace-network-acl-association (p. 631)

# ec2-delete-network-acl-entry

# **Description**

Deletes an ingress or egress entry (i.e., rule) from a network ACL. For more information about network ACLs, see Network ACLs in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2delnae.

### **Syntax**

ec2-delete-network-acl-entry acl\_id -n rule\_number [--egress]

### **Options**

Name	Description
acl_id	The ID of the network ACL.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: acl-5fb85d36
-n,rule-number rule_number	The rule number for the entry to delete.
	Type: Number
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: 100
egress	Indicates that the rule is an egress rule.
	Default: If not specified, the rule is an ingress rule.
	No

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a complex isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W WJaIrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRficYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  His command output.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

• Success status (true or false)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example deletes the ingress entry with rule number 100 from the network ACL with ID acl-2cb85d45.

 $\label{eq:prompt} \mbox{{\tt PROMPT}} > \mbox{{\tt ec2-delete-network-acl-entry acl-2cb85d45}} \mbox{{\tt -n} 100} \\ \mbox{{\tt RETURN}} \mbox{{\tt true}}$ 

### **Example Request**

This example deletes the egress entry with rule number 200 from the network ACL with ID acl-2cb85d45.

 $\label{eq:prompt} \mbox{PROMPT>} \ \mbox{ec2-delete-network-acl-entry acl-2cb85d45 -n 200 --egress} \\ \mbox{RETURN} \ \mbox{true}$ 

## **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• DeleteNetworkAclEntry

- ec2-create-network-acl-entry (p. 131)
- ec2-describe-network-acls (p. 375)
- ec2-replace-network-acl-entry (p. 635)

## ec2-delete-network-interface

# **Description**

Deletes a network interface. Network interfaces must be detached from an instance before they can be deleted.

The short version of this command is ec2delnic.

## **Syntax**

ec2-delete-network-interface NETWORKINTERFACE

### **Options**

Name	Description
NETWORKINTERFACE	The network interface ID.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: eni-3a9f6553

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable and the URL specified by the $-U$ option.
	Default: The value of the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable, or $us-east-1$ if $EC2\_URL$ isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns the ID of the network interface that you deleted.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example deletes the specified network interface.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-network-interface eni-3a9f6553
NETWORKINTERFACE eni-3a9f6553

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DeleteNetworkInterface

- ec2-attach-network-interface (p. 39)
- ec2-create-network-interface (p. 136)
- ec2-describe-network-interface-attribute (p. 381)

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

- ec2-describe-network-interfaces (p. 385)
- ec2-detach-network-interface (p. 508)
- ec2-modify-network-interface-attribute (p. 590)
- ec2-reset-network-interface-attribute (p. 674)

# ec2-delete-placement-group

# **Description**

Deletes a placement group in your account. You must terminate all instances in a placement group before deleting it. For more information about placement groups and cluster instances, see <u>Using Cluster Instances</u> in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is **ec2delpgrp**.

ec2-delete-placement-group placement-group

### **Options**

Name	Description
placement-group	The name of the placement group.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: XYZ-cluster

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -u option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns the following information:

- The PLACEMENTGROUP identifier
- The name of the placement group
- The status of the placement group (deleted)

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example deletes the XYZ-cluster placement group.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-placement-group XYZ-cluster PLACEMENTGROUP XYZ-cluster deleted

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• DeletePlacementGroup

- ec2-create-placement-group (p. 141)
- ec2-describe-placement-groups (p. 393)

### ec2-delete-route

# **Description**

Deletes a route from a route table in a VPC. For more information about route tables, see Route Tables in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2delrt.

### **Syntax**

ec2-delete-route route\_table\_id -r cidr

### **Options**

Name	Description
route_table_id	The ID of the route table.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: rtb-5da34634
-r,cidr cidr	The CIDR range for the route. The value you specify must match the CIDR for the route exactly.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: 0.0.0.0/0

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

• Success status (true or false)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example removes the route with destination CIDR 172.16.1.0/24 from the route table with ID rtb-e4ad488d.

```
PROMPT> ec2-delete-route rtb-e4ad488d -r 172.16.1.0/24
RETURN true
```

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DeleteRoute

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-route (p. 150)
- ec2-describe-route-tables (p. 423)
- ec2-replace-route (p. 640)

### ec2-delete-route-table

## **Description**

Deletes a route table from a VPC. The route table must not be associated with a subnet. You can't delete the main route table. For more information about route tables, see Route Tables in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2delrtb.

### **Syntax**

ec2-delete-route-table route\_table\_id

### **Options**

Name	Description
route_table_id	The ID of the route table.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: rtb-7aa34613

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a complex isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W WJaIrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRficYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  His command output.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

• Success status (true or false)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example deletes the route table with ID rtb-7aa34613.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-route-table rtb-7aa34613
RETURN true

## **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DeleteRouteTable

- ec2-associate-route-table (p. 31)
- ec2-create-route-table (p. 155)
- ec2-describe-route-tables (p. 423)
- ec2-disassociate-route-table (p. 529)
- ec2-replace-route-table-association (p. 644)

# ec2-delete-snapshot

## **Description**

Deletes a snapshot of an Amazon EBS volume.

#### Note

If you make periodic snapshots of a volume, the snapshots are incremental so that only the blocks on the device that have changed since your last snapshot are incrementally saved in the new snapshot. Even though snapshots are saved incrementally, the snapshot deletion process is designed so that you need to retain only the most recent snapshot in order to restore the volume.

The short version of this command is ec2delsnap.

### **Syntax**

ec2-delete-snapshot snapshot\_id

### **Options**

Name	Description
snapshot_id	The ID of the Amazon EBS snapshot.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: snap-78a54011

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The SNAPSHOT identifier
- The ID of the snapshot

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example deletes snapshot snap-1a2b3c4d.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-snapshot snap-la2b3c4d SNAPSHOT snap-la2b3c4d

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

### **Related Action**

• DeleteSnapshot

- ec2-create-snapshot (p. 159)
- ec2-describe-snapshots (p. 433)

# ec2-delete-spot-datafeed-subscription

## **Description**

Deletes the data feed for Spot Instances. For more information about Spot Instances, see Spot Instances in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2delsds.

### **Syntax**

ec2-delete-spot-datafeed-subscription

### **Options**

This command does not have any options.

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description	
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.	
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.	
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE	
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .	
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.	
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.	
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note	
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .	
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).	
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.	
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30	
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.	
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45	
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.	
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.	
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).	
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.	
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.	
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.	
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.	
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>	

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns no output.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example deletes the data feed for the account.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-spot-datafeed-subscription -

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• DeleteSpotDatafeedSubscription

- ec2-create-spot-datafeed-subscription (p. 164)
- ec2-describe-spot-datafeed-subscription (p. 440)

## ec2-delete-subnet

# **Description**

Deletes a subnet from a VPC. You must terminate all running instances in the subnet before deleting it, otherwise the action returns an error.

The short version of this command is ec2delsubnet.

### **Syntax**

ec2-delete-subnet subnet\_id

# **Options**

Name	Description
subnet_id	The ID of the subnet.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: subnet-9d4a7b6c

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key <i>EC2-PRIVATE-KEY</i>	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The SUBNET identifier
- . The ID of the subnet

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example deletes the subnet with ID subnet-9d4a7b6c.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-subnet subnet-9d4a7b6c SUBNET subnet-9d4a7b6c

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DeleteSubnet

- ec2-create-subnet (p. 168)
- ec2-describe-subnets (p. 458)

# ec2-delete-tags

# **Description**

Deletes a specific set of tags from a specific set of EC2 resources. This command is designed to follow the ec2-describe-tags command. First determine what tags a resource has, then call ec2-delete-tags with the resource ID and the specific tags you want to delete.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2deltag.

### **Syntax**

```
ec2-delete-tags resource_id [resource_id ... ] --tag key[=value] [--tag
key[=value] ...]
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
resource_id	The AWS-assigned identifier of the resource. You can specify more than one resource ID.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-1a2b3c4d
tag key Or key=value	The key and optional value of the tag, separated by an equals sign (=). You can specify more than one tag to remove.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example:tag "stack=Production"

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access key ID associated with your AWS account. Performent variable. If AWS_access_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout 30  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access_KEY in the torios who you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If A		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information for tags that were deleted:

- The TAG identifier
- The resource type identifier
- The resource ID
- The tag key
- The tag value

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example deletes the tags for the AMI with ID ami-1a2b3c4d. You first get a list of the tags.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-tags --filter "resource-id=ami-la2b3c4d"

TAG ami-la2b3c4d image webserver

TAG ami-la2b3c4d image stack Production
```

Then you delete the tags. Specifying the value for the stack tag is optional.

```
PROMPT> ec2-delete-tags ami-la2b3c4d --tag webserver --tag "stack=Production"
```

If you specify a value for the key, the tag is deleted only if the tag's value matches the one you specified. If you specify the empty string as the value, the tag is deleted only if the tag's value is the empty string. The following example specifies the empty string as the value for the tag to delete (notice the equals sign after Owner).

```
PROMPT> ec2-delete-tags snap-4dfg39a --tag "Owner="
```

#### **Example Request**

This example deletes the stack tag from two particular instances.

```
PROMPT> ec2-delete-tags i-5f4e3d2a i-12345678 --tag stack
```

#### **Example Request**

You can specify a tag key without a corresponding tag value if you want to delete the tag regardless of its value. This example deletes all tags for the specified resources that have a key of Purpose, regardless of the tag value.

```
PROMPT> ec2-delete-tags i-5f4e3d2a i-4d5h8a9b i-1d3d4fae --tag Purpose
```

#### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DeleteTags

- ec2-create-tags (p. 172)
- ec2-describe-tags (p. 463)

## ec2-delete-volume

# **Description**

Deletes an Amazon EBS volume. The volume must be in the available state (not attached to an instance). For more information about Amazon EBS, see Amazon Elastic Block Store in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

#### Note

The volume remains in the deleting state for several minutes after you run this command.

The short version of this command is ec2delvol.

## **Syntax**

ec2-delete-volume volume\_id

# **Options**

Name	Description
volume_id	The ID of the volume.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: vol-4282672b

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The VOLUME identifier
- The ID of the volume that was deleted

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example deletes volume vol-la2b3c4d.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-volume vol-1a2b3c4d VOLUME vol-1a2b3c4d

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• DeleteVolume

- ec2-attach-volume (p. 43)
- ec2-create-volume (p. 176)
- ec2-describe-volumes (p. 478)
- ec2-detach-volume (p. 512)

# ec2-delete-vpc

# **Description**

Deletes a VPC. You must detach or delete all gateways or other objects that are dependent on the VPC first. For example, you must terminate all running instances, delete all security groups associated with the VPC (except the default), delete all route tables (except the default), and so on.

The short version of this command is **ec2delvpc**.

### **Syntax**

ec2-delete-vpc vpc\_id

## **Options**

Name	Description
vpc_id	The ID of the VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: vpc-1a2b3c4d

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1
	if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The VPC identifier
- The ID of the VPC

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example deletes the VPC with ID vpc-1a2b3c4d.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-vpc vpc-la2b3c4d VPC vpc-la2b3c4d

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DeleteVpc

- ec2-create-vpc (p. 181)
- ec2-describe-vpcs (p. 488)

## ec2-delete-vpn-connection

## **Description**

Deletes a VPN connection. Use this command to delete a VPC and its associated components. Another reason to use this command is if you believe that the tunnel credentials for your VPN connection have been compromised. In that situation, you can delete the VPN connection and create a new one that has new keys, without needing to delete the VPC or virtual private gateway. If you create a new VPN connection, you must reconfigure the customer gateway using the new configuration information returned with the new VPN connection ID.

If you're deleting the VPC and its associated components, we recommend that you detach the virtual private gateway from the VPC and delete the VPC before deleting the VPN connection.

For more information about VPN connections, see Adding a Hardware Virtual Private Gateway to Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2delvpn.

#### **Syntax**

ec2-delete-vpn-connection vpn\_connection\_id

#### **Options**

Name	Description
vpn_connection_id	The ID of the VPN connection.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: vpn-44a8938f

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The VPNCONNECTION identifier
- The ID of the VPN connection

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example deletes the VPN connection with ID vpn-44a8938f.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-vpn-connection vpn-44a8938f VPNCONNECTION vpn-44a8938f

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• DeleteVpnConnection

- ec2-create-vpn-connection (p. 185)
- ec2-delete-vpc (p. 262)
- ec2-describe-vpn-connections (p. 493)
- ec2-detach-vpn-gateway (p. 517)

# ec2-delete-vpn-connection-route

# **Description**

Deletes an existing static route associated with a VPN connection between an existing virtual private gateway and a VPN customer gateway. The static route allows traffic to be routed from the virtual private gateway to the VPN customer gateway.

This command is only available in EC2-VPC.

The short version of this command is ec2dvcr.

## **Syntax**

ec2-delete-vpn-connection-route --vpn-connection VPN CONNECTION ID --cidr CIDR BLOCK

## **Options**

Name	Description
vpn-connection	The ID of the VPN connection.
VPN_Connection_ID	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
cidr CIDR_BLOCK	The CIDR block associated with the local subnet of the customer data center.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable, or us-east-1 if $EC2\_URL$ isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_delegation_token.  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
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hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

#### **Output**

The command returns true if the operation succeeds or an error if the operation does not succeed.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

#### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example deletes a static route to the VPN connection for the VPN connection ID vpn-83ad48ea to the destination CIDR block 11.12.0.0/16

PROMPT> ec2-delete-vpn-connection-route--cidr "11.12.0.0/16" --vpn-connection vpn-83ad48ea
RETURN true

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DeleteVpnConnectionRoute

# ec2-delete-vpn-gateway

# **Description**

Deletes a virtual private gateway. Use this command to delete a VPC and its associated components because you no longer need them. We recommend that before you delete a virtual private gateway, you detach it from the VPC and delete the VPN connection. Note that you don't need to delete the virtual private gateway if you just want to delete and recreate the VPN connection between your VPC and data center.

For more information about virtual private gateways, see Adding a Hardware Virtual Private Gateway to Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2delvgw.

#### **Syntax**

ec2-delete-vpn-gateway vpn\_gateway\_id

#### **Options**

Name	Description
vpn_gateway_id	The ID of the virtual private gateway.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: vgw-8db04f81

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The VPNGATEWAY identifier
- The ID of the virtual private gateway

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example deletes the virtual private gateway with ID vgw-8db04f81.

PROMPT> ec2-delete-vpn-gateway vgw-8db04f81 VPNGATEWAY vgw-8db04f81

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

DeleteVpnGateway

- ec2-create-vpn-gateway (p. 190)
- ec2-delete-vpn-connection (p. 266)
- ec2-describe-vpn-gateways (p. 499)

# ec2-deregister

# **Description**

Deregisters the specified AMI. After you deregister an AMI, it can't be used to launch new instances.

#### Note

This command does not delete the AMI.

The short version of this command is **ec2dereg**.

## **Syntax**

ec2-deregister ami\_id

# **Options**

Name	Description
ami_id	The ID of the AMI.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: ami-4fa54026

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The IMAGE identifier
- The ID of the AMI

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example deregisters the ami-la2b3c4d AMI.

PROMPT> ec2-deregister ami-la2b3c4d IMAGE ami-la2b3c4d

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DeregisterImage

- ec2-describe-images (p. 331)
- ec2-register (p. 619)

# ec2-describe-account-attributes

# **Description**

Describes the specified attribute of your AWS account.

The short version of this command is ec2daa.

## **Syntax**

ec2-describe-account-attributes { supported-platforms | default-vpc } [[--filter
"name=value"] ...]

## **Options**

Name	Description
supported-platforms	Specifies whether your account can launch instances into EC2-Classic and EC2-VPC, or only into EC2-VPC. For more information, see Supported Platforms.  Required: No
default-vpc	The ID of the default VPC for your account, or none. For more information, see Your Default VPC and Subnets.  Required: No

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the $-{\tt U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ACCOUNTATTRIBUTE identifier
- · The attribute name
- The VALUE identifier
- The attribute value

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

The following command is used to determine the platforms that are supported by the specified account.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-account-attributes supported-platforms
```

This example response shows the output for an account that must launch instances into a VPC, such as the default VPC.

```
ACCOUNTATTRIBUTE supported-platforms
VALUE EC2-VPC
```

This example response shows the output for an account that can launch instances into a VPC or into Amazon EC2.

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

ACCOUNTATTRIBUTE supported-platforms VALUE EC2-Classic VALUE EC2-VPC

### **Example Request**

The following command is used to determine the ID of the default VPC.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-account-attributes default-vpc

This example response shows the output for an account with a default VPC.

ACCOUNTATTRIBUTE default-vpc VALUE vpc-1a2b3c4d

This example response shows the output for an account without a default VPC.

ACCOUNTATTRIBUTE default-vpc VALUE none

## **Related Topics**

### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeAccountAttributes

## ec2-describe-addresses

## **Description**

Describes one or more of your Elastic IP addresses.

An Elastic IP address is for use in either the EC2-Classic platform or in a VPC. For more information, see Elastic IP Addresses in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2daddr.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-addresses [public_ip ... | allocation_id ...] [[--filter
"name=value"] ...]
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
public_ip	[EC2-Classic] One or more Elastic IP addresses.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your Elastic IP addresses.
	Required: No
	Example: 198.51.100.1
allocation_id	[EC2-VPC] One or more allocation IDs.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your Elastic IP addresses.
	Required: No
	Example: eipalloc-9558a4fc
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your Elastic IP addresses, or only those you specified.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "instance-id=i-1a2b3c4d"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain Elastic IP addresses. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in addresses that have a specific tag. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for an address only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify addresses of a specific value that have a specific tag. The response includes information for an address only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

```
domain
```

Indicates whether the address is for use in a VPC.

Type: String

Valid values: standard | vpc

#### instance-id

The instance the address is associated with (if any).

Type: String

#### public-ip

The Elastic IP address.

Type: String

#### allocation-id

The allocation ID for the address (VPC only).

Type: String

#### association-id

The association ID for the address (VPC only).

Type: String

#### network-interface-id

The network interface (if any) that the address is associated with (VPC only).

Type: String

#### network-interface-owner-id

The owner IID.

Type: String

#### private-ip-address

The private IP address associated with the Elastic IP address (VPC only).

Type: String

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The ADDRESS identifier
- The Elastic IP address
- The ID of the instance to which the IP address is associated, if any
- The domain of the Elastic IP address (standard or vpc)

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- [EC2-VPC] The allocation ID
- [EC2-VPC] The association ID
- [EC2-VPC] The private IP address associated with the Elastic IP address

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example describes the Elastic IP address 192.0.2.1, which is assigned to instance i-f15ebb98 in EC2-Classic.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-addresses 192.0.2.1
ADDRESS 192.0.2.1 i-f15ebb98 standard
```

### **Example Request**

This example describes the Elastic IP address with allocation ID eipalloc-282d9641, which is assigned to instance i-7a00642 in EC2-VPC.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-addresses eipalloc-9258a4fb

Type Address Instance Domain AllocationId

AssociationId NetworkInterfaceID

PrivateIP ADDRESS 203.0.113.0 i-7a00642e vpc eipalloc-282d9641

eipassoc-252d964c eni-d83388b1 10.0.0.14 4
```

### **Example Request**

This example describes all your Elastic IP addresses (for both EC2-Classic and your VPCs).

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-addresses

ADDRESS 203.0.113.12 i-f15ebb98 standard

ADDRESS 203.0.113.22 i-9e9da4e9 vpc eipalloc-9258a4fb eipassoc-
0659a56f

ADDRESS 203.0.113.32 vpc eipalloc-9558a4fc
```

### **Example Request**

This example describes your Elastic IP addresses for EC2-VPC.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-addresses --filter "allocation-id=*" -H
ec2-describe-addresses -H
                                          Domain AllocationId
         Address
                              Instance
AssociationId NetworkInterfaceID
PrivateIP ADDRESS 203.0.113.10
                                                  eipalloc-1b5fe072
                                           vpc
eipassoc-eb5fe082 eni-0689366f 10.0.1.35
          ADDRESS 203.0.113.20 i-c844219c vpc
                                                  eipalloc-b463dcdd
 eipassoc-d218a3bb eni-ea67dc83 10.0.0.174
          ADDRESS 203.0.113.140 i-ba6a0d
                                                  eipalloc-1266dd7b
 eipassoc-39e15b50 eni-73e05a1a 10.0.0.85
```

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

```
ADDRESS 203.0.113.140 i-7a00642 vpc eipalloc-f38a359a eipassoc-1f239876 eni-d83388b1 10.0.0.12

ADDRESS 203.0.113.177 i-7a00642e vpc eipalloc-282d9641 eipassoc-252d964c eni-d83388b1 10.0.0.14
```

### **Example Request**

This example describes Elastic IP addresses associated with a particular private IP address in EC2-VPC.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-addresses --filter "private-ip-address=10.0.0.94"

ADDRESS 203.0.113.155 vpc eipalloc-fdfc4394 eipassoc-52fa453b eni-66fc430f 10.0.0.94
```

## **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DescribeAddresses

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-allocate-address (p. 12)
- ec2-associate-address (p. 21)
- ec2-disassociate-address (p. 525)
- ec2-release-address (p. 627)

## ec2-describe-availability-zones

## **Description**

Describes one or more of the Availability Zones that are available to you. The results include zones only for the region you're currently using.

#### **Note**

Availability Zones are not the same across accounts. The Availability Zone us-east-1a for account A is not necessarily the same as us-east-1a for account B. Availability Zone assignments are mapped independently for each account.

The short version of this command is ec2daz.

## **Syntax**

ec2-describe-availability-zones [zone\_name ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

### **Options**

Name	Description
zone_name	One or more Availability Zone names.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all zones in the region.
	Required: No
	Example: us-east-1a
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all zones in the region, or only those you specified by name.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "region-name=ap-southeast-1"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain Availability Zones. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in Availability Zones in the available state. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for an Availability Zone only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify Availability Zones that are in a particular region and are in the available state. The response includes information for an Availability Zone only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### message

Information about the Availability Zone.

Type: String

#### region-name

The region for the Availability Zone (for example, us-east-1).

Type: String

#### state

The state of the Availability Zone

Type: String

Valid values: available

#### zone-name

The name of the zone.

Type: String

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable and the URL specified by the $-U$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

Option	Description
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information for each Availability Zones retrieved:

- The AVAILABILITYZONE identifier
- The name of the Availability Zone
- · The state of the zone
- The region that the Availability Zone belongs to
- · Any messages associated with the Availability Zone

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example displays information about Availability Zones that are available to the account. The response includes zones only for the region you're currently using.

```
PROMPT> > ec2-describe-availability-zones

AVAILABILITYZONE us-west-2a available us-west-2

AVAILABILITYZONE us-west-2b available us-west-2

AVAILABILITYZONE us-west-2c available us-west-2
```

### **Example Request**

This example displays information about Availability Zones that are available to the account in the us-east-1 region.

```
PROMPT> > ec2-describe-availability-zones --region us-east-1
AVAILABILITYZONE us-east-1a available us-east-1
AVAILABILITYZONE us-east-1b available us-east-1
AVAILABILITYZONE us-east-1c available us-east-1
AVAILABILITYZONE us-east-1d available us-east-1
```

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeAvailabilityZones

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-regions (p. 398)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)

## ec2-describe-bundle-tasks

## **Description**

Describes one or more of your bundling tasks.

#### Note

Completed bundle tasks are listed for only a limited time. If your bundle task is no longer in the list, you can still register an AMI from it. Just use the ec2-register command with the Amazon S3 bucket name and image manifest name you provided to the bundle task.

The short version of this command is ec2dbun.

### **Syntax**

ec2-describe-bundle-tasks [bundle ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

## **Options**

Name	Description
bundle	The IDs of one or more bundle tasks.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your bundle tasks.
	Required: No
	Example: bun-cla432a3
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your bundle tasks, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "state=pending"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain bundle tasks. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in the bundle tasks in the <code>complete</code> state. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a bundle task only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify bundles that are stored in a specific Amazon S3 bucket and are in the complete state. The response includes information for a bundle task only if it

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Options

matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### bundle-id

The ID of the bundle task.

Type: String

#### error-code

If the task failed, the error code returned.

Type: String

#### error-message

If the task failed, the error message returned.

Type: String

#### instance-id

The ID of the instance that was bundled.

Type: String

#### progress

The level of task completion, as a percentage (for example, 20%).

Type: String

#### s3-bucket

The Amazon S3 bucket to store the AMI.

Type: String

#### s3-prefix

The beginning of the AMI name.

Type: String

#### start-time

The time the task started (for example, 2008-09-15T17:15:20.000Z).

Type: DateTime

#### state

The state of the task.

Type: String

Valid values: pending | waiting-for-shutdown | bundling | storing | cancelling | complete | failed

### update-time

The time of the most recent update for the task (for example, 2008-09-15T17:15:20.000Z).

Type: DateTime

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The BUNDLE identifier
- The ID of the bundle
- The ID of the instance
- · The bucket name

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- The prefix
- · The start time
- · The update time
- The current state (pending, waiting-for-shutdown, bundling, storing, cancelling, complete, failed)
- The progress as a % if state is bundling

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example describes the status of the bun-cla540a8 bundle task.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-bundle-tasks bun-cla540a8

BUNDLE bun-cla540a8 i-2674d22r myawsbucket winami 2008-09-15T17:15:20.000Z

2008-09-15T17:15:20.000Z bundling 3%
```

### **Example Request**

This example filters the response to include only bundle tasks whose state is either complete or failed, and in addition are targeted for the Amazon S3 bucket called myawsbucket.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-bundle-tasks --filter "s3-bucket=myawsbucket" --filter "state=complete" --filter "state=failed"

BUNDLE bun-1a2b3c4d i-8765abcd myawsbucket linuxami 2008-09-14T08:32:43.000Z 2008-09-14T08:32:43.000Z complete
```

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DescribeBundleTasks

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-bundle-instance (p. 59)
- ec2-cancel-bundle-task (p. 65)

# ec2-describe-conversion-tasks

## **Description**

Describes one or more of your conversion tasks. For more information, see Using the Command Line Tools to Import Your Virtual Machine to Amazon EC2 in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2dct.

## **Syntax**

ec2-describe-conversion-tasks [task\_id ...] [--show-transfer-details]

## **Options**

Name	Description
task_id	The IDs of one or more conversion tasks for the upload.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your conversion tasks.
	Required: No
	Example: import-i-ffvko9js
show-transfer-details	Any additional details for uploading the disk image. The ec2-upload-disk-image command automatically returns this information.
	Type: None
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:show-transfer-details

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a complex isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W WJaIrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRficYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
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	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns the following information:

- Information about the task, such as the task ID, task type, expiration, status, and number of bytes received
- Information about the image, such as the image size, format, volume ID, and volume size

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Example**

### **Example Request**

This example shows the status of your import instance task.

PROMPT>ec2-describe-conversion-tasks import-i-ffvko9js

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeConversionTasks

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-cancel-conversion-task (p. 69)
- ec2-delete-disk-image (p. 205)
- ec2-import-instance (p. 552)
- ec2-import-volume (p. 565)
- ec2-resume-import (p. 682)

## ec2-describe-customer-gateways

## **Description**

Describes one or more of your customer gateways.

For more information about VPN customer gateways, see Adding a Hardware Virtual Private Gateway to Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2dcgw.

### **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-customer-gateways [ <a href="customer_gateway_id ..." ] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]</a>
```

### **Options**

Name	Description
customer_gateway_id	One or more customer gateway IDs.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your customer gateways.
	Required: No
	Example: cgw-b4dc3961
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your customer gateways, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain customer gateways. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in customer gateways in the pending or available state. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a customer gateway only if it matches at least one of the of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify customer gateways that have a specific IP address for the Internet-routable external interface and are in the pending or available state. The response

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Options

includes information for a customer gateway only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### bgp-asn

The customer gateway's Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) Autonomous System Number (ASN).

Type: String

#### customer-gateway-id

The ID of the customer gateway.

Type: String

#### ip-address

The IP address of the customer gateway's Internet-routable external interface (for example,

12.1.2.3). Type: String

#### state

The state of the customer gateway.

Type: String

Valid values: pending | available | deleting | deleted

#### type

The type of customer gateway. Currently the only supported type is ipsec.1.

Type: String

Valid values: ipsec.1

#### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

#### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

#### tag:key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

```
--filter tag:Purpose=X
```

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

```
--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y
```

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The CUSTOMERGATEWAY identifier
- The ID of the customer gateway
- The state of the customer gateway (pending, available, deleting, deleted)
- The type of VPN connection the customer gateway supports

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- The Internet-routable IP address of the customer gateway's outside interface
- The customer gateway's Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) Autonomous System Number (ASN)
- · Any tags assigned to the customer gateway

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example gives a description of the customer gateway with ID cgw-b4dc3961.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-customer-gateways cgw-b4dc3961
CUSTOMERGATEWAY cgw-b4dc3961 available ipsec.1 12.1.2.3 65534
```

### **Example Request**

This example uses filters to give a description of any customer gateway you own whose IP address is 12.1.2.3, and whose state is either pending or available.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-customer-gateways --filter "ip-address=12.1.2.3" --filter "state=pending" --filter "state=available"

CUSTOMERGATEWAY cgw-b4dc3961 available ipsec.1 12.1.2.3 65534
```

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• DescribeCustomerGateways

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-customer-gateway (p. 95)
- ec2-delete-customer-gateway (p. 198)

## ec2-describe-dhcp-options

## **Description**

Describes one or more of your sets of DHCP options.

For more information about DHCP options sets, see Using DHCP Options with Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2ddopt.

### **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-dhcp-options [ <a href="mailto:dhcp_options_id" ... ] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]</a>
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
dhcp_options_id	The IDs of one or more sets of DHCP options.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your sets of DHCP options.
	Required: No
	Example: dopt-7a8b9c2d
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your DHCP options.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain sets of DHCP options. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in sets of DHCP options with a particular value for the <code>domain-name</code> option. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a set of DHCP options only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify sets of DHCP options that have a specific value for the domain-name option and a specific tag. The response includes information for a set of DHCP options only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### dhcp-options-id

The ID of a set of DHCP options.

Type: String

#### key

The key for one of the options (for example, domain-name).

Type: String

#### value

The value for one of the options.

Type: String

#### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

#### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

#### tag:key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

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information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.			
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated			
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	•	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated			
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Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		·			
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	=	·			
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-v,verbose				
hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.			
debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).			
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.			
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.			
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.			

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The DHCPOPTIONS identifier
- The ID of the DHCP options set
- The name and values for each option in the set
- · Any tags assigned to the set

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example gives a description of the DHCP options set with ID dopt-7a8b9c2d.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-dhcp-options dopt-7a8b9c2d
DHCPOPTIONS dopt-7a8b9c2d
OPTION domain-name mydomain.com
OPTION domain-name-servers 10.2.5.1,10.2.5.2
```

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

### **Example Request**

This example uses filters to give a description of any DHCP options set that includes a domain-name option whose value includes the string example.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-dhcp-options --filter "key=domain-name" --filter "value=\*example\*"

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• DescribeDhcpOptions

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-associate-dhcp-options (p. 27)
- ec2-create-dhcp-options (p. 99)
- ec2-delete-dhcp-options (p. 202)

# ec2-describe-export-tasks

# **Description**

Describes one or more of your export tasks, including the most recent canceled and completed tasks.

The short version of this command is ec2dxt.

## **Syntax**

ec2-describe-export-tasks [ task\_id ... ] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

## **Options**

Name	Description
task_id	One or more export task IDs. These are returned by ec2-create-instance-export-task.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your export tasks.
	Required: No

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

Option	Description	
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.	
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.	
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE	
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .	
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.	
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.	
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note	
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .	
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).	
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.	
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30	
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.	
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45	
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.	
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.	
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).	
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.	
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.	
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.	
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.	
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>	

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns information about the export task including:

- The EXPORTTASK identifier
- . The ID of the task
- · The status of the task
- · The export progress

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example describes the export task with the ID export-i-fgelt0i7.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-export-tasks export-i-fgelt0i7

EXPORTTASK export-i-fgelt0i7 active i-81428ee7 vmware vmdk

myexportbucket export-i-fgelt0i7.vmdk
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• DescribeExportTasks

#### **Related Commands**

• ec2-cancel-export-task (p. 73)

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

ec2-create-instance-export-	task (p. 115)	

## ec2-describe-group

## **Description**

Describes one or more of your security groups.

A security group is for use with instances either in the EC2-Classic platform or in a specific VPC. For more information, see Amazon EC2 Security Groups in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide and Security Groups for Your VPC in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2dgrp.

### **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-group [ec2_group_name_or_id | vpc_group_id ...] [[--filter
"name=value"] ...]
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
ec2_group_name_or_id Or vpc_group_id	EC2-Classic, default VPC: The name or ID of one or more security groups.
	nondefault VPC: The ID of one more security groups.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your security groups, or only those you specified by name.
	Required: No
	Example: websrv
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your security groups, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "group-name=*webserver*"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain security groups. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in groups whose name contains a specific

string. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a security group only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify group's whose name contains a specific string, and that give permission to another security group with a different string in its name. The response includes information for a group only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

#### **Important**

Filters are based on literal strings only. This is important to remember when you want to use filters to return only security groups with access allowed on a specific port number or numbers. For example, suppose that you want to get all groups that have access on port 22, and that GroupA gives access on a range of ports using fromPort=20 and toPort=30. If you filter with ip-permission.from-port=22 or ip-permission.to-port=22 (or both), the response does not contain information for GroupA. You get information for GroupA only if you specify ip-permission.from-port=20 or ip-permission.to-port=30 (or both).

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### description

The description of the security group.

Type: String

#### group-id

The ID of the security group.

Type: String

#### group-name

The name of the security group.

Type: String

### ip-permission.cidr

The CIDR range that has been granted the permission.

Type: String

#### ip-permission.from-port

The start of port range for the TCP and UDP protocols, or an ICMP type number.

Type: String

#### ip-permission.group-name

The name of security group that has been granted the permission.

Type: String

#### ip-permission.protocol

The IP protocol for the permission.

Type: String

Valid values: tcp | udp | icmp or a protocol number

#### ip-permission.to-port

The end of port range for the TCP and UDP protocols, or an ICMP code.

Type: String

#### ip-permission.user-id

The ID of an AWS account that has been granted the permission.

Type: String

### owner-id

The AWS account ID of the owner of the security group.

Type: String

tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the security group.

Type: String

tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the security group.

Type: String

vpc-id

Only return the security groups that belong to the specified EC2-VPC ID.

Type: String

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

A line containing the group information

- The GROUP identifier
- The ID of the security group
- The AWS account ID of the owner of the security group
- The name of the security group
- · A description of the security group
- [VPC only] The ID of the VPC the group belongs to

One of each of the following lines for each permission defined by the group:

- The PERMISSION identifier
- The AWS account ID of the owner of the group
- The name of the group granting permission
- The type of rule. Currently, only ALLOWS rules are supported
- The protocol to allow (e.g. tcp, udp, etc)
- · The start of port range
- The end of port range
- FROM for an ingress rule or TO for an egress rule
- The source type (for ingress rules) or destination type (for egress rules)
- The source (for ingress rules) or destination (for egress rules)
- [USER only] The name of the source or destination entity
- [USER only] The group ID
- Whether the rule is ingress rule or an egress rule

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example returns information about a security group for EC2-Classic named StandardGroup.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-group StandardGroup
GROUP sg-1a2b3c4d 111122223333 StandardGroup A standard EC2 group
PERMISSION 111122223333 StandardGroup ALLOWS tcp 80 80 FROM CIDR 102.11.43.32/32
ingress

### **Example Request**

This example returns information about a security group for EC2-VPC with the ID sg-la2b3c4d.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-group sg-la2b3c4d

GROUP sg-la2b3c4d 111122223333 WebServerSG web servers vpc-la2b3c4d

PERMISSION 111122223333 WebServerSG ALLOWS tcp 80 80 FROM CIDR 162.5.5.5/32 ingress

PERMISSION 111122223333 WebServerSG ALLOWS tcp 80 80 FROM USER 111122223333 NAME default ID sg-la2b3c4d ingress

PERMISSION 111122223333 WebServerSG ALLOWS tcp 443 443 FROM USER 111122223333 NAME default ID sg-la2b3c4d ingress

PERMISSION 111122223333 WebServerSG ALLOWS all To CIDR 0.0.0.0/0 egress

PERMISSION 11112223333 WebServerSG ALLOWS tcp 433 433 TO USER 111122223333 NAME default ID sg-la2b3c4d egress
```

### **Example Request**

This example returns information about all security groups that grant access over TCP specifically on port 22 from instances in either the app\_server\_group or database\_group.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-group --filter "ip-permission.protocol=tcp"
--filter "ip-permission.from-port=22" --filter "ip-permission.to-port=22"
--filter "ip-permission.group-name=app_server_group" --filter "ip-permission.group-name=database_group"
```

### **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeSecurityGroups

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-authorize (p. 51)
- ec2-create-group (p. 104)
- ec2-delete-group (p. 209)
- ec2-revoke (p. 687)

# ec2-describe-image-attribute

## **Description**

Describes the specified attribute of an AMI. You can specify only one attribute at a time.

The short version of this command is ec2dimatt.

## **Syntax**

ec2-describe-image-attribute ami\_id {-1 | -p | -B | --kernel | --ramdisk}

## **Options**

Name	Description
ami_id	The ID of the AMI.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: ami-4fa54026
-1,launch-permission	The launch permissions of the AMI.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -I
-p,product-codes	The product codes associated with the AMI. Each product code contains both a product code and a type.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -p
-B,block-device-mapping	The block device mapping associated with the AMI.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -B

Name	Description
kernel	The ID of the kernel associated with the AMI.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:kernel
ramdisk	The ID of the RAM disk associated with the AMI.
	Note It is recommended that PV-GRUB be used instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, go to PV-GRUB: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:ramdisk

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description	
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.	
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.	
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE	
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .	
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.	
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.	
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note	
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .	
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).	
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.	
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30	
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.	
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45	
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.	
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.	
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).	
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.	
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.	
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.	
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.	
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>	

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The attribute type identifier
- The ID of the AMI
- · Information about the attribute

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example lists the launch permissions for the ami-la2b3c4d AMI

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-image-attribute ami-la2b3c4d -1 launchPermission ami-la2b3c4d group all launchPermission ami-la2b3c4d userId 111122223333
```

### **Example Request**

This example lists the product code for the ami-la2b3c4d AMI.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-image-attribute ami-la2b3c4d -p productCodes ami-la2b3c4d productCode [marketplace: alb2c3d4e5f6g7h8i9j10k11]
```

### **Example Request**

This example describes the RAM disk for the ami-la2b3c4d AMI, with the --show-empty-fields option.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-image-attribute ami-la2b3c4d --ramdisk --show-empty-fields ramdisk ami-la2b3c4d (nil) ari-96c527ff
```

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeImageAttribute

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-images (p. 331)
- ec2-modify-image-attribute (p. 579)
- ec2-reset-image-attribute (p. 666)

## ec2-describe-images

## **Description**

Describes one or more of the images available to you (AMIs, AKIs, and ARIs). Images available to you include public images, private images that you own, and private images owned by other AWS accounts but for which you have explicit launch permissions.

Launch permissions fall into three categories.

Launch Permission	Description
public	The owner of the AMI granted launch permissions for the AMI to the all group. All AWS accounts have launch permissions for these AMIs.
explicit	The owner of the AMI granted launch permissions to a specific AWS account.
implicit	An AWS account has implicit launch permissions for all the AMIs it owns.

The list of AMIs returned can be modified by specifying AMI IDs, AMI owners, or AWS accounts with launch permissions. If no options are specified, Amazon EC2 returns all AMIs for which you have launch permissions.

If you specify one or more AMI IDs, only AMIs that have the specified IDs are returned. If you specify an invalid AMI ID, an error is returned. If you specify an AMI ID for which you do not have access, it is not included in the returned results.

If you specify one or more AMI owners, only AMIs from the specified owners and to which you have access are returned. The results can include the account IDs of the specified owners—amazon for AMIs owned by Amazon, aws-maxketplace for AMIs owned by AWS Marketplace, or self for AMIs that you own.

### Note

For an overview of the AWS Marketplace, see <a href="https://aws.amazon.com/marketplace/help/200900000">https://aws.amazon.com/marketplace/help/200900000</a>. For details on how to use the AWS Marketplace, see AWS Marketplace.

If you specify a list of users with launch permissions, only AMIs with launch permissions for those users are returned. You can specify account IDs (if you own the AMI(s)), self for AMIs for which you own or have explicit permissions, or all for public AMIs.

#### Note

Deregistered images are included in the returned results for an unspecified interval after deregistration.

The short version of this command is ec2dim.

### **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-images [ami_id ...] [-a] [-o owner ...] [-x user_id ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]
```

# **Options**

Name	Description
ami_id	One or more AMI IDs.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all AMIs available to you.
	Required: No
	Example: ami-78a54011
-a,all	Describes all AMIs available to you.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -a
-o,owner owner	Describes AMIs owned by the specified owner. Multiple owner options can be specified. The IDs amazon, aws-marketplace, and self can be used to include AMIs owned by Amazon, AMIs owned by AWS Marketplace, or AMIs owned by you, respectively.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: amazon   aws-marketplace   self   AWS account ID   all
	Required: No
	Example: -o self
-x,executable-by user_id	Describes AMIs for which the specified user ID has explicit launch permissions. The user ID can be an AWS account ID, self to return AMIs for which the sender of the request has explicit launch permissions, or all to return AMIs with public launch permissions.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: all   self   AWS account ID
	Required: No
	Example: -x self

Name	Description
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all AMIs available to you, or only those you specified.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-value=Production"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain images. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in images that use a specific kernel. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for an image only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify images that use a specific kernel and use an Amazon EBS volume as the root device. The response includes information for an image only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### architecture

The image architecture.

Type: String

Valid values: i386 | x86\_64

#### block-device-mapping.delete-on-termination

Whether the Amazon EBS volume is deleted on instance termination.

Type: Boolean

### block-device-mapping.device-name

The device name (for example, /dev/sdh) for the Amazon EBS volume.

Type: String

#### block-device-mapping.snapshot-id

The ID of the snapshot used for the Amazon EBS volume.

Type: String

### block-device-mapping.volume-size

The volume size of the Amazon EBS volume, in GiB.

Type: Integer

#### block-device-mapping.volume-type

The volume type of the Amazon EBS volume.

Type: String

Valid values: standard | io1 description The description of the image (provided during image creation). Type: String image-id The ID of the image. Type: String image-type The image type. Type: String Valid values: machine | kernel | ramdisk is-public Whether the image is public. Type: Boolean kernel-id The kernel ID. Type: String manifest-location The location of the image manifest. Type: String name The name of the AMI (provided during image creation). Type: String owner-alias The AWS account alias (for example, amazon). Type: String owner-id The AWS account ID of the image owner. Type: String platform The platform. To only list Windows-based AMIs, use windows. Otherwise, leave blank. Type: String Valid value: windows product-code The product code. Type: String product-code.type The type of the product code. Type: String Valid values: devpay | marketplace ramdisk-id The RAM disk ID. Type: String root-device-name The name of the root device volume (for example, /dev/sda1). Type: String root-device-type The type of the root device volume.

Type: String

Valid values: ebs | instance-store

#### state

The state of the image.

Type: String

Valid values: available | pending | failed

#### state-reason-code

The reason code for the state change.

Type: String

#### state-reason-message

The message for the state change.

Type: String

#### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag: key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

Type: String

#### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

#### tag: key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

### virtualization-type

The virtualization type.

Type: String

Valid values: paravirtual | hvm

### hypervisor

The hypervisor type.

Type: String

Valid values: ovm | xen

### **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access key ID associated with your AWS account. Performent variable. If AWS_access_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout 30  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access_KEY in the Tools who you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout and the time of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment va		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following rows of information for each image. Each field is separated by a comma. Some of these values may be empty.

- 1. The image information
  - The IMAGE identifier
  - · The ID of the image
  - The source of the image
  - The ID of the image owner
  - · The status of the image
  - The visibility of the image (public or private)
  - The product codes, if any, that are attached to the instance
  - The architecture of the image (i386 or x86\_64)
  - The image type (machine, kernel, or ramdisk)
  - The ID of the kernel associated with the image (machine images only)
  - The ID of the RAM disk associated with the image (machine images only)

### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

Note

This applies only to legacy AKIs; it is recommended that PV-GRUB be used instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, go to PV-GRUB: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

- · The platform of the image
- The type of root device (ebs or instance-store)
- The virtualization type (paravirtual or hvm)
- The Hypervisor type (xen or ovm)
- 2. Any EBS volumes associated with the instance. There will be one of the following for each volume
  - The BLOCKDEVICE identifier
  - · The device name
  - · The snapshot ID
  - · The volume size
  - Whether or not the volume will be deleted on termination (true or false)
  - The volume type
  - · The maximum IOPS of the volume
- 3. Any tags associated with the instance. There will be one of the following for each tag
  - · The TAG identifier
  - · The resource type identifier
  - The resource ID
  - · The tag key
  - · The tag value

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example describes the ami-1a2b3c4d AMI.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-images ami-la2b3c4d
```

IMAGE ami-la2b3c4d amazon/getting-started-with-ebs-boot amazon available public i386 machine aki-al3667e4 ari-a33667e6 ebs paravirtual xen BLOCKDEVICEMAPPING /dev/sdal snap-la2b3c4d 15 standard

### **Example Request**

This example filters the response to include only the public Windows images with an x86\_64 architecture.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-images --filter "is-public=true" --filter "architec ture=x86_64" --filter "platform=windows"

IMAGE ami-la2b3c4d amazon/getting-started-with-ebs-boot amazon available public x86_64 machine windows ebs hvm xen

IMAGE ami-2a2b3c4d amazon/SqlSvrStd2003r2-x86_64-Win-v1.07 amazon available
```

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

public x86\_64 machine windows instance-store hvm xen
...

### **Example Request**

This example filters the results to display only images with an AWS Marketplace product code.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-images -F product-code.type=marketplace -o self

IMAGE ami-la2b3c4d 111122223333/My MP Image 111122223333 available private
[marketplace: a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8i9j10k11] i386 machine ebs paravirtual xen
BLOCKDEVICEMAPPING /dev/sdal snap-2de0d457 15 standard
BLOCKDEVICEMAPPING /dev/sdb snap-27e0d45d 100 standard
...

## **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

Describelmages

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-image-attribute (p. 326)
- ec2-describe-instances (p. 353)

## ec2-describe-instance-attribute

## **Description**

Describes the specified attribute of the specified instance. You can specify only one attribute at a time.

The short version of this command is ec2dinatt.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-instance-attribute instance_id { --block-device-mapping |
--ebs-optimized | --disable-api-termination | --group-id |
--instance-initiated-shutdown-behavior | --instance-type | --kernel |
--product-codes | --ramdisk | --root-device-name | --source-dest-check |
--user-data }
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	The instance ID.
	Type: String
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-43a4412a
-b,block-device-mapping	The block device mapping for the instance.
	Type: String
	Required: No
	Example: -b
disable-api-termination	Whether the instance can be terminated using the EC2 API. A value of true means you can't terminate the instance using the API (the instance is "locked"). A value of false means you can terminate the instance using the API (the instance is "unlocked"). Set this attribute to true to prevent the instance from being terminated using the EC2 API.
	Type: Boolean
	Required: No
	Example:disable-api-termination

Name	Description
ebs-optimized Boolean	Whether the instance is optimized for EBS I/O. This optimization provides dedicated throughput to Amazon EBS and an optimized configuration stack to provide optimal EBS I/O performance. This option isn't available on all instance types. Additional usage charge apply when using this option.
	Type: Boolean
	Required: No
	Example:ebs-optimized
-g,group-id	The security groups the instance is in.
	Type: String
	Required: No
	Example: -g
-p,product-code	The product codes associated with an instance. Each product code includes a product code and type.
	Type: String
	Required: No
	Example: -p
instance-initiated-shutdown-behavior	Whether an instance stops or terminates when shutdown is initiated.
	Type: String
	Required: No
	Example:instance-initiated-shutdown-behavior
-t,instance-type	The instance type of the instance. See Available Instance Types for more information.
	Type: String
	Required: No
	Example: -t
kernel	The ID of the kernel associated with the AMI.
	Type: String
	Required: No
	Example:kernel

Name	Description
ramdisk	The ID of the RAM disk associated with the AMI.  Note  It is recommended that PV-GRUB be used instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, go to PV-GRUB: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Required: No
	Example:ramdisk
root-device-name	The name of the root device (for example, /dev/sda1).
	Type: String
	Required: No
	Example:root-device-name
source-dest-check	Enables an instance in a VPC to perform NAT. The attribute controls whether source/destination checking is enabled on the instance. A value of true means checking is enabled, and false means checking is disabled. The value must be false for the instance to perform NAT. For more information, see NAT Instances in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Required: No
	Example:source-dest-check
user-data	Any user data made available to the instance.
	Type: String
	Required: No
	Example:user-data

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access key ID associated with your AWS account. Performent variable. If AWS_access_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout 30  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access_KEY in the Tools who you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout and the time of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment va		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- If the --block-device-mapping attribute is requested, one of the following for each Amazon EBS volume:
  - The BLOCKDEVICE identifier,
  - · The device name
  - · The volume ID
  - The timestamp
- For all other attributes:
  - The attribute type identifier
  - · The ID of the instance
  - The attribute or attribute list item value

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example lists the kernel ID of the i-10a64379 instance.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-instance-attribute i-10a64379 --kernel kernel i-10a64379 aki-f70657b2

## **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeInstanceAttribute

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-instances (p. 353)
- ec2-modify-instance-attribute (p. 584)
- ec2-reset-instance-attribute (p. 670)

### ec2-describe-instance-status

## **Description**

Describes the status of an Amazon EC2 instance. Instance status has two main components:

- System Status reports impaired functionality that stems from issues related to the systems that support
  an instance, such as such as hardware failures and network connectivity problems. The
  DescribeInstanceStatus response elements report such problems as impaired reachability.
- Instance Status reports impaired functionality that arises from problems internal to the instance. The DescribeInstanceStatus response elements report such problems as impaired reachability.

Instance status provides information about four types of scheduled events for an instance that may require your attention:

- Scheduled Reboot: When Amazon EC2 determines that an instance must be rebooted, the instances status will return one of two event codes: system-reboot or instance-reboot. System reboot commonly occurs if certain maintenance or upgrade operations require a reboot of the underlying host that supports an instance. Instance reboot commonly occurs if the instance must be rebooted, rather than the underlying host. Rebooting events include a scheduled start and end time.
- System Maintenance: When Amazon EC2 determines that an instance requires maintenance that requires power or network impact, the instance's status will return an event code called system-maintenance. System maintenance is either power maintenance or network maintenance. For power maintenance, your instance will be unavailable for a brief period of time and then rebooted. For network maintenance, your instance will experience a brief loss of network connectivity. System maintenance events include a scheduled start and end time. You will also be notified by email if one of your instances is set for system maintenance. The email message indicates when your instance is scheduled for maintenance.
- Scheduled Retirement: When Amazon EC2 determines that an instance must be shut down, the instance's status returns an event code called instance-retirement. Retirement commonly occurs when the underlying host is degraded and must be replaced. Retirement events include a scheduled start and end time. You will also be notified by email if one of your instances is set to retiring. The email message indicates when your instance will be permanently retired.
- Scheduled Stop: When Amazon EC2 determines that an instance must be shut down, the instances status returns an event code called instance-stop. Stop events include a scheduled start and end time. You will also be notified by email if one of your instances is set to stop. The email message indicates when your instance will be stopped.

When your instance is retired, it will either be terminated (if its root device type is the instance-store) or stopped (if its root device type is an EBS volume). Instances stopped due to retirement will not be restarted, but you can do so manually. You can also avoid retirement of EBS-backed instances by manually restarting your instance when its event code is instance-retirement. This ensures that your instance is started on a different underlying host.

The short version of this command is ec2dins.

### **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-instance-status [instance_id ...] [-I, --hide-healthy ...] [-A, --include-all-instances ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]
```

### **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	One or more instance IDs.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your instances.
	Constraints: Maximum 100 explicitly specified instance IDs.
	Required: No
	Example: i-15a4417c
-I,hide-healthy	Hide instances where all status checks pass.
	Required: No
-A,include-all-instances	Describes all running and non-running instances.
	Required: No
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your instances, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "system-status.status=impaired"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain instances. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in instances in a specific Availability Zone. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for an instance only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify instances that are in a specific Availability Zone and have a status of retiring. The response includes information for an instance only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### availability-zone

The Availability Zone of the instance.

Type: String event.code

The code identifying the type of event.

Type: String

Valid values: instance-reboot | system-reboot | system-maintenance |

instance-retirement | instance-stop

#### event.description

A description of the event.

Type: String

#### event.not-after

The latest end time for the scheduled event.

Type: DateTime event.not-before

The earliest start time for the scheduled event.

Type: DateTime

#### instance-state-name

The state of the instance.

Type: String

Valid values: pending | running | shutting-down | terminated | stopping | stopped

#### instance-state-code

A code representing the state of the instance. The high byte is an opaque internal value and should be ignored. The low byte is set based on the state represented

Type: Integer (16-bit unsigned integer)

Valid values: 0 (pending) | 16 (running) | 32 (shutting-down) | 48 (terminated) | 64 (stopping) | 80 (stopped)

### system-status.status

The system status of the instance.

Type: String

Valid values: ok | impaired | initializing | insufficient-data | not-applicable

### system-status.reachability

Filters on system status where the name is reachability.

Type: String

Valid values: passed | failed | initializing | insufficient-data

#### instance-status.status

The status of the instance.

Type: String

Valid values: ok | impaired | initializing | insufficient-data | not-applicable

#### instance-status.reachability

Filters on instance status where the name is reachability.

Type: String

Valid values: passed | failed | initializing | insufficient-data

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url <i>URL</i>	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated</i>
	Options.
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-Н,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

The instance information

- The INSTANCE identifier
- · The ID of the instance
- The availability zone of the instance

### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- · The state name of the instance
- The state code of the instance
- · The status of the instance
- · The host system status
- · The instance retirement status
- · The instance retirement date

The host system status information

- The SYSTEMSTATUS identifier
- The host system status name
- · The host system status
- The date and time that the host system became impaired, if applicable

The instance status information

- · The INSTANCESTATUS identifier
- The instance status name
- · The instance status
- · The date and time that the instance became impaired, if applicable

Any events scheduled for the instance

- The EVENT identifier
- · The event type
- The date and time of the opening of the event window
- · The date and time of the closing of the event window
- The event description

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example describes the current state of the instances owned by your AWS account.

### ec2-describe-instance-status

```
INSTANCE i-la2b3c4d us-east-ld running 16 ok ok active
SYSTEMSTATUS reachability passed
INSTANCESTATUS reachability passed
INSTANCE i-2a2b3c4d us-east-ld running 16 ok ok active
SYSTEMSTATUS reachability passed
INSTANCESTATUS reachability passed
INSTANCE i-3a2b3c4d us-east-ld running 16 ok ok active
SYSTEMSTATUS reachability passed
INSTANCESTATUS reachability passed
INSTANCESTATUS reachability passed
INSTANCESTATUS reachability passed
INSTANCESTATUS reachability passed
```

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

SYSTEMSTATUS reachability passed

INSTANCESTATUS reachability passed

EVENT instance-stop YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 The instance is running on degraded hardware

INSTANCE i-5a2b3c4d us-east-1d running 16 ok ok retiring YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 SYSTEMSTATUS reachability passed

INSTANCESTATUS reachability passed

EVENT instance-retiring YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 The instance is running on degraded hardware

INSTANCE i-6a2b3c4d us-east-1d running 16 ok ok retiring YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 SYSTEMSTATUS reachability passed

INSTANCESTATUS reachability passed

EVENT instance-stop YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 The instance is running on degraded hardware

## **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

DescribeInstanceStatus

### **Related Commands**

• ec2-report-instance-status (p. 648)

### ec2-describe-instances

## **Description**

Describes one or more of your instances.

If you specify one or more instance IDs, Amazon EC2 returns information for those instances. If you do not specify instance IDs, Amazon EC2 returns information for all relevant instances. If you specify an invalid instance ID, an error is returned. If you specify an instance that you do not own, it will not be included in the returned results.

Recently terminated instances might appear in the returned results. This interval is usually less than one hour.

The short version of this command is ec2din.

### **Syntax**

ec2-describe-instances [instance\_id ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

### **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	One or more instance IDs.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your instances.
	Required: No
	Example: i-15a4417c
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your instances, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain instances. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in instances launched with a specific key pair. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for an instance only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify instances that are launched with a specific key pair and use an Amazon EBS volume as the root device. The response includes information for an instance only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### architecture

The instance architecture.

Type: String

Valid values: i386 | x86\_64

#### availability-zone

The Availability Zone of the instance.

Type: String

### block-device-mapping.attach-time

The attach time for an Amazon EBS volume mapped to the instance (for example,

2010-09-15T17:15:20.000Z)

Type: DateTime

### block-device-mapping.delete-on-termination

Indicates whether the Amazon EBS volume is deleted on instance termination.

Type: Boolean

### block-device-mapping.device-name

The device name (for example, /dev/sdh) for the Amazon EBS volume.

Type: String

#### block-device-mapping.status

The status for the Amazon EBS volume.

Type: String

Valid values: attaching | attached | detaching | detached

#### block-device-mapping.volume-id

The volume ID of the Amazon EBS volume.

Type: String

#### client-token

The idempotency token you provided when you launched the instance.

Type: String

#### dns-name

The public DNS name of the instance.

Type: String

### group-id

The ID of the security group for the instance. If the instance is in a VPC, use <code>instance.group-id</code> instead.

Type: String

#### group-name

The name of the security group for the instance. If the instance is in a VPC, use

instance.group-name instead.

Type: String

#### image-id

The ID of the image used to launch the instance.

Type: String

#### instance-id

The ID of the instance.

Type: String

#### instance-lifecycle

Indicates whether this is a Spot Instance.

Type: String Valid values: spot

#### instance-state-code

The state of the instance. The high byte is an opaque internal value and should be ignored. The low byte is set based on the state represented.

Type: Integer (16-bit unsigned integer)

Valid values: 0 (pending) | 16 (running) | 32 (shutting-down) | 48 (terminated) | 64 (stopping) | 80 (stopped)

#### instance-state-name

The state of the instance.

Type: String

Valid values: pending | running | shutting-down | terminated | stopping | stopped

#### instance-type

The type of instance (for example, m1.small).

Type: String

#### instance.group-id

The ID of the security group for the instance. If the instance is in a VPC, use group-id instead.

Type: String

#### instance.group-name

The name of the security group for the instance is in a VPC, use group-name instead.

Type: String

#### ip-address

The public IP address of the instance.

Type: String

#### kernel-id

The kernel ID. Type: String

### key-name

The name of the key pair used when the instance was launched.

Type: String

### launch-index

When launching multiple instances, this is the index for the instance in the launch group (for example, 0, 1, 2, and so on).

Type: String

### launch-time

The time the instance was launched (for example, 2010-08-07T11:54:42.000Z).

Type: DateTime

#### monitoring-state

Indicates whether monitoring is enabled for the instance.

Type: String

Valid values: disabled | enabled

### owner-id

The AWS account ID of the instance owner.

Type: String

#### placement-group-name

The name of the placement group for the instance.

Type: String

### platform

The platform. Use windows if you have Windows based instances; otherwise, leave blank.

Type: String

Valid value: windows

## private-dns-name

The private DNS name of the instance.

Type: String

### private-ip-address

The private IP address of the instance.

Type: String

### product-code

The product code associated with the AMI used to launch the instance.

Type: String

## product-code.type

The type of product code.

Type: String

Valid values: devpay | marketplace

#### ramdisk-id

The RAM disk ID.

Type: String

#### reason

The reason for the current state of the instance (for example, shows "User Initiated [date]" when you stop or terminate the instance). Similar to the state-reason-code filter.

Type: String

## requester-id

The ID of the entity that launched the instance on your behalf (for example, AWS Management Console, Auto Scaling, and so on)

Type: String

## reservation-id

The ID of the instance's reservation. A reservation ID is created any time you launch an instance. A reservation ID has a one-to-one relationship with an instance launch request, but can be associated with more than one instance if you launch multiple instances using the same launch request. For example, if you launch one instance, you'll get one reservation ID. If you launch ten instances using the same launch request, you'll also get one reservation ID.

Type: String

### root-device-name

The name of the root device for the instance (for example, /dev/sda1).

Type: String

### root-device-type

The type of root device the instance uses.

Type: String

Valid values: ebs | instance-store

### source-dest-check

Indicates whether the instance performs source/destination checking. A value of true means that checking is enabled, and false means checking is disabled. The value must be false for the instance to perform network address translation (NAT) in your VPC.

Type: Boolean

#### spot-instance-request-id

The ID of the Spot Instance request.

Type: String

### state-reason-code

The reason code for the state change.

Type: String

#### state-reason-message

A message that describes the state change.

Type: String

#### subnet-id

The ID of the subnet for the instance.

Type: String

### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

## tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

### tag:key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

#### virtualization-type

The virtualization type of the instance.

Type: String

Valid values: paravirtual | hvm

#### vpc-id

The ID of the VPC the instance is running in.

Type: String hypervisor

## The hypervisor type of the instance.

Type: String

Valid values: ovm | xen

## network-interface.description

The description of the network interface.

Type: String

#### network-interface.subnet-id

The ID of the subnet for the network interface.

Type: String

## network-interface.vpc-id

The ID of the VPC for the network interface.

Type: String

#### network-interface.network-interface.id

The ID of the network interface.

Type: String

### network-interface.owner-id

The ID of the owner of the network interface.

Type: String

### network-interface.availability-zone

The availability zone for the network interface.

Type: String

## network-interface.requester-id

The requester ID for the network interface.

Type: String

#### network-interface.requester-managed

Indicates whether the network interface is being managed by AWS.

Type: Boolean

#### network-interface.status

The status of the network interface.

Type: String

Valid values: available | in-use

### network-interface.mac-address

The MAC address of the network interface.

Type: String

Valid values: available | in-use

#### network-interface-private-dns-name

The private DNS name of the network interface.

Type: String

## network-interface.source-destination-check

Whether the network interface performs source/destination checking. A value of true means checking is enabled, and false means checking is disabled. The value must be false for the network interface to perform network address translation (NAT) in your VPC.

Type: Boolean

## network-interface.group-id

The ID of a security group associated with the network interface.

Type: String

#### network-interface.group-name

The name of a security group associated with the network interface.

Type: String

## network-interface.attachment.attachment-id

The ID of the interface attachment.

Type: String

## network-interface.attachment.instance-id

The ID of the instance to which the network interface is attached.

Type: String

## network-interface.attachment.instance-owner-id

The owner ID of the instance to which the network interface is attached.

Type: String

## ${\tt network-interface.addresses.private-ip-address}$

The private IP address associated with the network interface.

Type: String

#### network-interface.attachment.device-index

The device index to which the network interface is attached.

Type: Integer

### network-interface.attachment.status

The status of the attachment.

Type: String

Valid values: attaching | attached | detaching | detached

### network-interface.attachment.attach-time

The time that the network interface was attached to an instance.

Type: Date

### network-interface.attachment.delete-on-termination

Specifies whether the attachment is deleted when an instance is terminated.

Type: Boolean

### network-interface.addresses.primary

Specifies whether the IP address of the network interface is the primary private IP address.

Type: Boolean

### network-interface.addresses.association.public-ip

The ID of the association of an Elastic IP address with a network interface.

Type: String

### network-interface.addresses.association.ip-owner-id

The owner ID of the private IP address associated with the network interface.

Type: String

## association.public-ip

The address of the Elastic IP address bound to the network interface.

Type: String

## association.ip-owner-id

The owner of the Elastic IP address associated with the network interface.

Type: String

### association.allocation-id

The allocation ID that AWS returned when you allocated the Elastic IP address for your network

interface.
Type: String

### association.association-id

The association ID returned when the network interface was associated with an IP address.

Type: String

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a complex isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W WJaIrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRficYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  His command output.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

# **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following rows of information for each instance. Each field is separated by a comma. Some of these values may be empty.

- 1. The reservation information
  - The RESERVATION identifier
  - The ID of the reservation
  - · The AWS account ID of the instance owner
  - The name of each security group the instance is in
- 2. The instance information
  - The INSTANCE identifier
  - · The ID of the instance
  - The AMI ID of the image on which the instance is based
  - The public DNS name associated with the instance. This is only present for instances in the running state.

- The private DNS name associated with the instance. This is only present for instances in the running state.
- · The state of the instance
- · The key name. If a key was associated with the instance at launch, its name will appear.
- The AMI launch index
- · The product codes associated with the instance
- The instance type
- · The instance launch time
- · The Availability Zone
- · The ID of the kernel
- The ID of the RAM disk
- The platform (windows or empty)
- · The monitoring state
- The public IP address
- · The private IP address
- [EC2-VPC] The ID of the VPC
- [EC2-VPC] The subnet ID
- The type of root device (ebs or instance-store)
- The instance lifecycle
- The Spot Instance request ID
- The instance license
- · The placement group the cluster instance is in
- The virtualization type (paravirtual or hvm)
- The hypervisor type (xen or ovm)
- · The client token
- · The ID of each security group the instance is in
- The tenancy of the instance (default or dedicated)
- Whether or not the instance is EBS optimized (true or false)
- The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the IAM role
- 3. Any EBS volumes associated with the instance. There will be one of the following for each volume
  - The BLOCKDEVICE identifier
  - The device name
  - · The volume ID
  - · The volume attach timestamp
  - Whether or not the volume will be deleted on termination (true or false)
  - The volume type
  - The I/O operations per second (IOPS)
- 4. [EC2-VPC] The network interface information. There will be a set of the following for each network interface
  - a. The network interface information
    - The NIC identifier
    - · The network interface ID
    - The subnet ID
    - · The VPC ID
    - The owner ID
    - · The network interface status

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- The private IP address of the network interface
- · The private DNS name
- Whether or not source destination check is enabled (true or false)
- b. The network interface attachment information
  - The NICATTACHMENT identifier
  - · The attachment ID
  - · The device index
  - · The device status
  - · The attachment timestamp
  - Whether or not the attachment is deleted on termination (true or false)
- c. The network interface association information
  - The NICASSOCIATION identifier
  - · The public IP address
  - The public IP address owner
  - The private IP address
- d. The security group information
  - The GROUP identifier
  - · The security group identifier
  - The security group name
- e. The private IP address information
  - The PRIVATEIPADDRESS identifier
  - The private IP address
- 5. Any tags associated with the instance. There will be one of the following for each tag
  - The TAG identifier
  - The resource type identifier
  - The resource ID
  - The tag key
  - · The tag value

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

# **Example Request**

This example describes the current state of the instances owned by your AWS account.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-instances

RESERVATION r-la2b3c4d 111122223333 my-security-group
INSTANCE i-la2b3c4d ami-la2b3c4d ec2-67-202-51-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com ip-
10-251-50-35.ec2.internal running gsg-keypair 0 t1.micro YYYY-MM-
DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 us-west-2a aki-la2b3c4d monitoring-disabled 184.73.10.99
10.254.170.223 ebs paravirtual xen ABCDE1234567890123 sg-la2b3c4d default false
BLOCKDEVICE /dev/sda1 vol-la2b3c4d YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.SSSZ true
BLOCKDEVICE /dev/sdb vol-2a2b3c4d YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.SSSZ true
TAG instance i-la2b3c4d Name Linux
```

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

```
RESERVATION r-2a2b3c4d 111122223333 another-security-group INSTANCE i-2a2b3c4d ami-2a2b3c4d ec2-67-202-51-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com ip-10-251-50-35.ec2.internal running gsg-keypair 0 t1.micro YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 us-west-2c windows monitoring-disabled 50.112.203.9 10.244.168.218 ebs hvm xen ABCDE1234567890123 sg-2a2b3c4d default false TAG instance i-2a2b3c4d Name Windows
```

# **Example Request**

This example filters the response to include only the m1.small or m1.large instances that have an Amazon EBS volume that is both attached and set to delete on termination.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-instances --filter "instance-type=m1.small" --filter "in
stance-type=m1.large" --filter "block-device-mapping.status=attached" --filter
 "block-device-mapping.delete-on-termination=true"
RESERVATION r-1a2b3c4d 111122223333 my-security-group
INSTANCE i-1a2b3c4d ami-1a2b3c4d ec2-67-202-51-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com ip-
10-251-50-35.ec2.internal running gsg-keypair 0 t1.micro YYYY-MM-
DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 us-west-2a aki-1a2b3c4d
                                         monitoring-disabled 184.73.10.99
10.254.170.223
                ebs
                        paravirtual xen ABCDE1234567890123 sq-la2b3c4d default
 false
BLOCKDEVICE
                /dev/sdb
                                vol-1a2b3c4d
                                               YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.SSSZ true
TAG instance i-la2b3c4d Name Linux
```

# **Example Request**

This example describes all instances that are running in a VPC.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-instances --filter "vpc-id=*"
RESERVATION r-la2b3c4d 111122223333
INSTANCE i-la2b3c4d ami-la2b3c4d
                                  running gsg-keypair 0 ml.small YYYY-MM-
DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 us-west-2b windows monitoring-disabled 50.112.172.209
10.0.0.167 vpc-la2b3c4d subnet-la2b3c4d ebs
                                              hvm xen ABCDE1234567890123 sg-
1a2b3c4d default false
BLOCKDEVICE
               /dev/sdb
                                vol-1a2b3c4d
                                               YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.SSSZ true
NIC eni-la2b3c4d subnet-la2b3c4d vpc-la2b3c4d 111122223333 in-use 10.0.1.167
true
NICATTACHMENT eni-attach-la2b3c4d 0 attached YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 true
GROUP sg-la2b3c4d my-security-group
PRIVATEIPADDRESS 10.0.1.167
PRIVATEIPADDRESS 10.0.1.12
TAG instance i-la2b3c4d Name Windows
RESERVATION r-2a2b3c4d 111122223333
INSTANCE i-2a2b3c4d ami-2a2b3c4d
                                  running gsg-keypair 0 cl.medium YYYY-MM-
DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 us-west-2b aki-la2b3c4d monitoring-disabled 50.112.172.209
10.0.0.233 vpc-1a2b3c4d subnet-1a2b3c4d ebs
                                               hvm xen ABCDE1234567890123 sq-
1a2b3c4d default false
                /dev/sda1
BLOCKDEVICE
                               vol-2a2b3c4d
                                               YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.SSSZ true
NIC eni-2a2b3c4d subnet-1a2b3c4d vpc-1a2b3c4d 111122223333 in-use 10.0.1.233
NICATTACHMENT eni-attach-2a2b3c4d 0 attached YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 true
GROUP sg-1a2b3c4d my-security-group
PRIVATEIPADDRESS 10.0.1.233
PRIVATEIPADDRESS 10.0.1.20
TAG instance i-la2b3c4d Name Linux
```

# **Example Request**

This example describes any instances with a network interface that have a private IP address of 10.0.0.120.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-instances --filter "network-interface.addresses.private-
ip-address=10.0.0.120"
RESERVATION r-la2b3c4d 111122223333
INSTANCE i-la2b3c4d ami-la2b3c4d running gsg-keypair 0 c1.medium YYYY-MM-
DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 us-west-2b aki-la2b3c4d monitoring-disabled 50.112.172.209
10.0.0.98 vpc-1a2b3c4d subnet-1a2b3c4d ebs hvm xen ABCDE1234567890123 sg-
1a2b3c4d default false
BLOCKDEVICE
              /dev/sdb
                               vol-1a2b3c4d
                                              YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.SSSZ true
NIC eni-la2b3c4d subnet-la2b3c4d vpc-la2b3c4d 111122223333 in-use 10.0.1.98
NICATTACHMENT eni-attach-la2b3c4d 0 attached YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 true
GROUP sg-la2b3c4d my-security-group
PRIVATEIPADDRESS 10.0.0.98
PRIVATEIPADDRESS 10.0.0.120
```

# **Related Topics**

## **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

## **Related Action**

• DescribeInstances

## **Related Commands**

- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)
- ec2-start-instances (p. 709)
- ec2-stop-instances (p. 713)
- ec2-terminate-instances (p. 717)

# ec2-describe-internet-gateways

# **Description**

Describes one or more of your Internet gateways.

The short version of this command is ec2digw.

# **Syntax**

ec2-describe-internet-gateways [internet\_gateway\_id ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

# **Options**

Name	Description
internet_gateway_id	One or more IDs of the internet gateways.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your Internet gateways.
	Required: No
	Example: igw-15a4417c
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your Internet gateways, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

# **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain Internet gateways. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in the Internet gateways with particular tags. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for an Internet gateway only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify Internet gateways that are attached to a specific VPC and have a specific tag. The response includes information for an Internet gateway only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

### attachment.state

The current state of the attachment between the gateway and the VPC. Returned only if a VPC is attached.

Type: String

Valid value: available

## attachment.vpc-id

The ID of an attached VPC.

Type: String

### internet-gateway-id

The ID of the Internet gateway.

Type: String

#### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

## tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

### tag:key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout Timeout The connection-timeout in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout Timeout To request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	•	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
### Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  ###################################	TOKEN	_
Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	=	·
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-v,verbose	
hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

# **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The INTERNETGATEWAY identifier
- The ID of the Internet gateway
- The ATTACHMENT identifier
- The ID of the VPC (if the gateway is attached to a VPC)
- The state of the attachment (attaching, attached, detaching, detached)
- · Any tags assigned to the Internet gateway

# **Examples**

# **Example Request**

This example describes your Internet gateways.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-internet-gateways
INTERNETGATEWAY igw-dfa045b6
ATTACHMENT vpc-d9a045b0 available

# **Related Topics**

# **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

# **Related Action**

• DescribeInternetGateways

## **Related Commands**

- ec2-attach-internet-gateway (p. 35)
- ec2-create-internet-gateway (p. 120)
- ec2-delete-internet-gateway (p. 213)
- ec2-detach-internet-gateway (p. 504)

# ec2-describe-keypairs

# **Description**

Describes one or more of your key pairs.

The short version of this command is ec2dkey.

# **Syntax**

ec2-describe-keypairs [keypair\_name ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

# **Options**

Name	Description
keypair_name	One or more key pair names.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your key pairs.
	Required: No
	Example: gsg-keypair
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your key pairs, or only those you specified by name.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-name=*Dave*"

# **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain key pairs. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in key pairs whose names include the string Dave. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a key pair only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify key pairs whose names include the string Dave and whose fingerprint is a specific value. The response includes information for a key pair only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of  $\mbox{\mbox{$^{\pm}$}}$  searches for the literal string  $\mbox{\mbox{$^{\pm}$}}$ .

The following are the available filters.

## fingerprint

The fingerprint of the key pair.

Type: String

## key-name

The name of the key pair.

Type: String

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region <i>REGION</i>	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

# **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description	
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.	
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem	

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains one of the following for each key pair:

- The KEYPAIR identifier
- The key pair name
- · The private key fingerprint

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

# **Example Request**

This example describes the keypair with name gsg-keypair.

# **Example Request**

This example filters the response to include only key pairs whose names include the string Dave.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-keypairs --filter "key-name=*Dave*"
```

# **Related Topics**

## **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

## **Related Action**

DescribeKeyPairs

## **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-keypair (p. 123)
- ec2-delete-keypair (p. 217)
- ec2-import-keypair (p. 561)

# ec2-describe-network-acls

# **Description**

Describes one or more of the network ACLs in your VPC.

For more information about network ACLs, see Network ACLs in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2dnacl.

# **Syntax**

ec2-describe-network-acls [network\_acl\_id...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

# **Options**

Name	Description
network_acl_id	One or more IDs of the network ACLs.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all network ACLs in the VPC.
	Required: No
	Example: acl-7aa34613
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all network ACLs in the VPC, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

# **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain ACLs. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in the ACLs associated with a particular subnet. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for an ACL only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify ACLs that are associated with a specific subnet and have an egress entry that denies traffic to a specific port. The response includes information for an ACL only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

### association.association-id

The ID of an association ID for the ACL.

Type: String

#### association.network-acl-id

The ID of the network ACL involved in the association.

Type: String

### association.subnet-id

The ID of the subnet involved in the association.

Type: String

### default

Indicates whether the ACL is the default network ACL for the VPC.

Type: Boolean

## entry.cidr

The CIDR range specified in the entry.

Type: String

### entry.egress

Indicates whether the entry applies to egress traffic.

Type: Boolean

## entry.icmp.code

The ICMP code specified in the entry, if any.

Type: Integer

### entry.icmp.type

The ICMP type specified in the entry, if any.

Type: Integer

## entry.port-range.from

The start of the port range specified in the entry.

Type: Integer

## entry.port-range.to

The end of the port range specified in the entry.

Type: Integer entry.protocol

The protocol specified in the entry.

Type: String

Valid values: tcp | udp | icmp or a protocol number

## entry.rule-action

Indicates whether the entry allows or denies the matching traffic.

Type: String

Valid values: allow | deny

## entry.rule-number

The number of an entry (in other words, rule) in the ACL's set of entries.

Type: Integer

## network-acl-id

The ID of the network ACL.

Type: String

#### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

## tag:key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

## vpc-id

The ID of the VPC for the network ACL.

Type: String

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key <i>EC2-PRIVATE-KEY</i>	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description			
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.			
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.			
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE			
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .			
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If  AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.			
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.			
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).			
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30			
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45			
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.			
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.			
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).			
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.			
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helpin you troubleshooting problems.			
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.			
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -			

# **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The NETWORKACL, ENTRY, ASSOCIATION identifier
- The network ACL's ID, the ID of the VPC the ACL is in, and whether the ACL is the default ACL in the VPC
- The entries (in other words, rules) contained in the ACL
- · Associations between the ACL and any subnets
- Any tags assigned to the ACL

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

# **Example Request**

This example describes all the network ACLs in your VPC.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-network-acls								
NETWORK.	ACL	acl-556	6953c	vpc-5266	5953b	defa	ault	
ENTRY	egress	100	allow	0.0.0.0	0	all		
ENTRY	egress	32767	deny	0.0.0.0	0	all		
ENTRY	ingress	100	allow	0.0.0.0	0	all		
ENTRY	ingress	32767	deny	0.0.0.0	0	all		
NETWORK.	ACL	acl-5d6	59634	vpc-5266	5953b			
ENTRY	egress	110	allow	0.0.0.0	0 / 0	6	49152	65535
ENTRY	egress	32767	deny	0.0.0.0	0	all		
ENTRY	ingress	110	allow	0.0.0.0	0 / 0	6	80	80
ENTRY	ingress	120	allow	0.0.0.0	0	6	443	443
ENTRY	ingress	32767	deny	0.0.0.0	0 / 0	all		
ASSOCIA	TION	aclasso	c-5c6596	35	subnet-	ff669	9596	
ASSOCIA	TION	aclasso	c-c26596	ab	subnet-	f0669	9599	

# **Related Topics**

# **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

# **Related Action**

• DescribeNetworkAcls

## **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-network-acl (p. 127)
- ec2-delete-network-acl (p. 221)
- ec2-replace-network-acl-association (p. 631)
- ec2-create-network-acl-entry (p. 131)
- ec2-delete-network-acl-entry (p. 225)
- ec2-replace-network-acl-entry (p. 635)

# ec2-describe-network-interface-attribute

# **Description**

Describes a network interface attribute. You can specify only one attribute at a time.

The short version of this command is ec2dnicatt.

# **Syntax**

ec2-describe-network-interface-attribute NETWORKINTERFACE -d, --description --source-dest-check --group-set -a, --attachment

# **Options**

Name	Description
-d,description	Describes the network interface.
	Type: String
	Required: Yes
source-dest-check	Whether to enable the source/dest check on traffic through this network interface.
	Type: String
	Required: Yes
group-set	Describes the security groups for the network interface.
	Type: String
	Required: Yes
-a,attachment	Describes the attachment (if any) of the network interface.
	Type: String
	Required: Yes

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

Option	Description		
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com		
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem		
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem		
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.		
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.		
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).		
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30		
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45		
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.		
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).		

Option	Description	
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.	
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.	
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.	
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.	
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -	

# **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns the specified network interface attribute.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

# **Example Request**

This example lists the network interface's description.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-network-interface-attribute eni-b35da6da -d
NETWORKINTERFACE eni-b35da6da description
DESCRIPTION My ENI
```

This example enables source/destination checking on traffic across the specified network interface.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-describe-network-interface-attribute eni-b35da6da --source-dest-check

NETWORKINTERFACE eni-b35da6da sourceDestCheck

SOURCEDESTCHECK true

This example lists the security groups for the specified network interface.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-network-interface-attribute eni-b35da6da --group-set

NETWORKINTERFACE eni-b35da6da group

GROUP sg-8ealbce2 default

# **Related Topics**

## **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

## **Related Action**

• DescribeNetworkInterfaceAttribute

## **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-network-interface (p. 136)
- ec2-delete-network-interface (p. 229)
- ec2-describe-network-interfaces (p. 385)
- ec2-attach-network-interface (p. 39)
- ec2-detach-network-interface (p. 508)
- ec2-modify-network-interface-attribute (p. 590)
- ec2-reset-network-interface-attribute (p. 674)

# ec2-describe-network-interfaces

# **Description**

Describes one or more of your network interfaces.

The short version of this command is ec2dnic.

# **Syntax**

ec2-describe-network-interfaces --filter FILTER

# **Options**

Name	Description		
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").		
	Type: String		
	Default: None		
	Required: No		
	Example: -F "description=My ENI"		

# **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain network interfaces. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in network interfaces launched in a specific Availability Zone. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a network interface only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify network interfaces in a specific Availability Zone, and that have a specific owner ID. The response includes information for a network interface only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

## addresses.private-ip-address

The private IP addresses associated with the network interface.

Type: String

## addresses.primary

Whether the private IP address is the primary IP address associated with the network interface.

Type: Boolean

Valid values: true | false

## addresses.association.public-ip

The association ID returned when the network interface was associated with the Elastic IP address.

Type: String

#### addresses.association.owner-id

The owner ID of the addresses associated with the network interface.

Type: String

#### association.association-id

The association ID returned when the network interface was associated with an IP address.

Type: String

#### association.allocation-id

The allocation ID that AWS returned when you allocated the Elastic IP address for your network

interface.
Type: String

## association.ip-owner-id

The owner of the Elastic IP address associated with the network interface.

Type: String

### association.public-ip

The address of the Elastic IP address bound to the network interface.

Type: String

#### attachment.attachment-id

The ID of the interface attachment.

Type: String

#### attachment.instance-id

The ID of the instance to which the network interface is attached.

Type: String

## attachment.instance-owner-id

The owner ID of the instance to which the network interface is attached.

Type: String

## attachment.device-index

The device index to which the network interface is attached.

Type: Integer

## attachment.status

The status of the attachment.

Type: String

Valid values: attaching | attached | detaching | detached

## attachment.attach.time

The time that the network interface was attached to an instance.

Type: DateTime

#### attachment.delete-on-termination

Indicates whether the attachment is deleted when an instance is terminated.

Type: Boolean availability-zone

## The Availability Zone of the network interface.

Type: String

#### description

The description of the network interface.

Type: String

#### group-id

The ID of a security group associated with the network interface.

Type: String

## group-name

The name of a security group associated with the network interface.

Type: String

#### mac-address

The MAC address of the network interface.

Type: String

#### network-interface-id

The ID of the network interface.

Type: String

## owner-id

The AWS account ID of the network interface owner.

Type: String

### private-ip-address

The private IP address or addresses of the network interface.

Type: String

### private-dns-name

The private DNS name of the network interface.

Type: String

#### requester-id

The ID of the entity that launched the instance on your behalf (for example, AWS Management Console, Auto Scaling, and so on).

Type: String

### requester-managed

Indicates whether the network interface is being managed by an AWS service (for example, AWS Management Console, Auto Scaling, and so on).

Type: Boolean

### source-dest-check

Indicates whether the network interface performs source/destination checking. A value of true means checking is enabled, and false means checking is disabled. The value must be false for the network interface to perform Network Address Translation (NAT) in your VPC.

Type: Boolean

## status

The status of the network interface. If the network interface is not attached to an instance, the status shows available; if a network interface is attached to an instance the status shows in-use.

Type: String

Valid values: available | in-use

## subnet-id

The ID of the subnet for the network interface.

Type: String

## tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

#### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

## tag:key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

## vpc-id

The ID of the VPC for the network interface.

Type: String

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description				
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.				
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).				
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30				
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45				
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.				
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.				
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).				
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.				
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.				
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.				
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -				

# **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

The command returns a table that contains the following information for each network interface.

- The NETWORKINTERFACE identifier
- · The ID of the network interface
- The ID of the subnet
- The ID of the VPC
- · The Availability Zone
- A description
- The ID of the account that created the network interface
- The ID of the entity that launched the instance on your behalf
- · Whether the network interface is being managed by AWS
- The status (available, attaching, in-use, detaching)
- · The MAC address
- · The private IP address
- The private DNS name
- · Whether traffic to or from the instance is validated
- · The GROUP identifier
- The ID of the security group
- The name of the security group
- The ATTACHMENT identifier
- . The ID of the instance
- The ID of the attachment
- The ASSOCIATION identifier
- The Elastic IP address
- . The ID of the owner of the Elastic IP address
- The ID of the account that created the network association
- The ID of the association
- The private IP address
- The PRIVATEIPADDRESS identifier
- The private IP address

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

# **Example Request**

This example lists all network interfaces that you own.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-describe-ne		-			
NETWORKINTERFACE				c53c87ac vpc-c	
ap-southeast-1b 0532305	519467	false	in-use	02:81:60:c7:1	5:3d
10.0.0.79	true				
GROUP sg-084b5664	quick-start-4				
ATTACHMENT i-5a0f6	5b0e eni-at	tach-59bf	7430	attached	true
PRIVATEIPADDRESS	10.0.0.79				
PRIVATEIPADDRESS	10.0.0.183				
PRIVATEIPADDRESS	10.0.0.184				
NETWORKINTERFACE	eni-236dd74a	My ENI	subnet-	c88a35a1 vpc-f	28a359b
ap-southeast-1a 0532305	19467	false av	ailable	02:78:d7	:32:3f:ba
10.0.0.117	true				
GROUP sg-854954e9	LinuxGroup				
PRIVATEIPADDRESS	10.0.0.117				
NETWORKINTERFACE	eni-69ce7500	Primary n	network	interface	subnet-
c		-			
d8a35a4 vpc-f28a359b	ap-southeast-1	.b 05323051	L9467	false	in-use
	10.0.1.152			ROUP sq-dc4c	
guick-start-2				_	
ATTACHMENT i-e0841	.fb4 eni-at	tach-696ba	a300	attached	true
PRIVATEIPADDRESS	10.0.1.152				
PRIVATEIPADDRESS					
NETWORKINTERFACE			subnet-	c88a35a1 vpc-f	28a359b
ap-southeast-la 0532305				02:78:d7:2d:1	
10.0.0.133	true				
	30				

This example filters for a network interface with the private IP address of 10.0.0.26.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-network-interfaces --filter "addresses.private-ip-ad dress=10.0.0.26"

NETWORKINTERFACE eni-4cba0725 subnet-73ba071a vpc-6bba0702 ap-southeast-1b 013274050172 false available 02:75:3f:8e:3a:d3 10.0.0.26 true

GROUP sg-8fb3ale3 default ASSOCIATION 203.0.113.12 013274050172 eipassoc-f008b799 10.0.0.26

PRIVATEIPADDRESS 10.0.0.26
```

# **Related Topics**

## **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

## **Related Action**

DescribeNetworkInterfaces

## **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-network-interface (p. 136)
- ec2-delete-network-interface (p. 229)
- ec2-describe-network-interface-attribute (p. 381)

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

- ec2-attach-network-interface (p. 39)
- ec2-detach-network-interface (p. 508)
- ec2-modify-network-interface-attribute (p. 590)
- ec2-reset-network-interface-attribute (p. 674)

# ec2-describe-placement-groups

## **Description**

Describes one or more of your placement groups. For more information about placement groups and cluster instances, see Using Cluster Instances in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is **ec2dpgrp**.

ec2-describe-placement-groups [group\_name] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

### **Options**

Name	Description
group_name	One or more placement group names.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all placement groups you own.
	Required: No
	Example: XYZ-cluster
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your placement groups, or only those you specified by name.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "group-name=*Project*"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filter so that the response includes information for only certain placement groups. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in groups in the <code>deleted</code> state. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a placement group only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify group's that are in the deleted state and have a name that includes the string Project. The response includes information for a group only if it matches all your filters. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

group-name

The name of the placement group.

Type: String

state

The state of the placement group.

Type: String

Valid values: pending | available | deleting | deleted

strategy

The strategy of the placement group.

Type: String

Valid value: cluster

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns the following information:

- The PLACEMENTGROUP identifier
- The placement group name
- The placement group strategy
- · The state of the placement group

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example describes all your placement groups.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-placement-groups
PLACEMENTGROUP XYZ-cluster cluster available
PLACEMENTGROUP ABC-cluster cluster available
```

### **Example Request**

This example filters the response to include only placement groups that include the string Project in the name.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-placement-groups --filter "group-name=*Project*"
PLACEMENTGROUP Project-cluster cluster available
```

## **Related Topics**

### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribePlacementGroups

#### **Related Commands**

• ec2-create-placement-group (p. 141)

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

•	ec2-delete-placement-group (p. 233)		

# ec2-describe-regions

## **Description**

Describes one or more of the regions that are available to you.

For a list of the regions supported by Amazon EC2, see Regions and Endpoints.

The short version of this command is ec2dre.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-regions [region...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
region	One or more region names.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your regions.
	Required: No
	Example: eu-west-1
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your regions, or only those you specified by name.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "endpoint=*ap*"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain regions.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### endpoint

The endpoint of the region (for example, ec2.us-east-1.amazonaws.com).

Type: String region-name

The name of the region.

Type: String

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-Н,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

· The REGION identifier

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- · The name of the region
- The service endpoint for the region

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example displays information about all the regions that are available to the account.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-regions

REGION ap-northeast-1 ec2.ap-northeast-1.amazonaws.com

REGION ap-southeast-1 ec2.ap-southeast-1.amazonaws.com

..
```

### **Example Request**

This example displays information about all regions that have the string ap in the endpoint.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-regions --filter "endpoint=*ap*"
REGION ap-southeast-1 ec2.ap-southeast-1.amazonaws.com
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeRegions

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-availability-zones (p. 292)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)

# ec2-describe-reserved-instances

## **Description**

Describes the Reserved Instances that you purchased.

Starting with the 2011-11-01 API version, AWS expanded its offering for Amazon EC2 Reserved Instances to address a range of projected instance use. There are three types of Reserved Instances based on customer utilization levels: *Heavy Utilization*, *Medium Utilization*, and *Light Utilization*. The Medium Utilization offering type is equivalent to the Reserved Instance offering available before API version 2011-11-01. If you are using tools that predate the 2011-11-01 API version, you only have access to the *Medium Utilization* Reserved Instance offering type.

For more information about Reserved Instances, see Reserved Instances in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2dri.

## **Syntax**

ec2-describe-reserved-instances [reservation\_id ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

### **Options**

Name	Description
reservation_id	The IDs of the Reserved Instances.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your Reserved Instances.
	Required: No
	Example: 4b2293b4-5813-4cc8-9ce3-1957fexample
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your Reserved Instances, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filter so that the response includes information for only certain Reserved Instances. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in Reserved Instances in a specific Availability Zone. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a Reserved Instance only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify Reserved Instances that are in a specific Availability Zone and have a specific tag. The response includes information for a Reserved Instance only if it matches all of the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### availability-zone

The Availability Zone where the Reserved Instance can be used.

Type: String

#### duration

The duration of the Reserved Instance (one year or three years), in seconds.

Type: Long

Valid values: 31536000 | 94608000

#### fixed-price

The purchase price of the Reserved Instance (for example, 9800.0)

Type: Double instance-type

The instance type on which the Reserved Instance can be used.

Type: String

#### product-description

The product description of the Reserved Instance.

Type: String

Valid values: Linux/UNIX | Linux/UNIX (Amazon VPC) | Windows | Windows (Amazon VPC)

#### reserved-instances-id

The ID of the Reserved Instance.

Type: String

#### start

The time at which the Reserved Instance purchase request was placed (for example,

2010-08-07T11:54:42.000Z).

Type: DateTime

#### state

The state of the Reserved Instance.

Type: String

Valid values: pending-payment | active | payment-failed | retired

#### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

#### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

#### tag:key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

#### usage-price

The usage price of the Reserved Instance, per hour (for example, 0.84)

Type: Double

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The RESERVEDINSTANCES identifier
- The ID of the Reserved Instance
- The Availability Zone in which the Reserved Instance can be used
- · The instance type
- The Reserved Instance description (Linux/UNIX, Windows, Linux/UNIX (Amazon VPC), or Windows (Amazon VPC))
- The duration of the Reserved Instance
- The upfront fee (fixed price) you pay for the Reserved Instance
- The fee (usage price) you pay per hour for using your Reserved Instance
- · The number of Reserved Instances purchased
- The start date of the Reserved Instance term
- The state of the Reserved Instance purchase (payment-pending, active, payment-failed)
- The currency of the Reserved Instance purchased. It's specified using ISO 4217 standard code (for example, USD, JPY).
- The tenancy of the reserved instance purchased. An instance with a tenancy of dedicated runs on single-tenant hardware.
- · The instance offering type

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example describes Reserved Instances owned by your account.

#### PROMPT> ec2-describe-reserved-instances

RESERVEDINSTANCES 1ba8e2e3-2538-4a35-b749-1f444example us-east-la m1.small Linux/UNIX 3y 350.0 0.03 1 2009-03-13T16:01:39+0000 payment-pending USD default Light Utilization

RESERVEDINSTANCES af9f760e-c1c1-449b-8128-1342dexample us-east-1d m1.xlarge Linux/UNIX 1y 1820.0 0.24 1 2009-03-13T16:01:39+0000 active USD default Medium Utilization

### **Example Request**

This example filters the response to include only one-year, m1.small Linux/UNIX Reserved Instances. If you want Linux/UNIX Reserved Instances specifically for use with a VPC, set the product description to Linux/UNIX (Amazon VPC).

PROMPT> ec2-describe-reserved-instances --filter "duration=31536000" --filter "instance-type=m1.small" --filter "product-description=Linux/UNIX"

## **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

DescribeReservedInstances

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings (p. 414)
- ec2-purchase-reserved-instances-offering (p. 611)

# ec2-describe-reserved-instances-listings

## **Description**

Describes your account's Reserved Instance listings in the Reserved Instance Marketplace. This call returns information about your listings, such as the identifiers of the Reserved Instances that are associated with the Reserved Instances listings.

The Reserved Instance Marketplace matches sellers who want to resell Reserved Instance capacity that they no longer need with buyers who want to purchase additional capacity. Reserved Instances bought and sold through the Reserved Instance Marketplace work like any other Reserved Instances.

As a seller, you choose to list some or all of your Reserved Instances, and you specify the upfront price you want to receive for them. Your Reserved Instances are then listed in the Reserved Instance Marketplace and are available for purchase.

As a buyer, you specify the configuration of the Reserved Instance you want to purchase, and the Marketplace will match what you're searching for with what's available. The Marketplace will first sell the lowest priced Reserved Instances to you, and continue to sell the available Reserved Instance listings to you until your demand is met. You will be charged based on the total upfront price of all the Reserved Instances that you purchase.

For more information about Reserved Instance Marketplace, go to Reserved Instance Marketplace in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2dril.

## **Syntax**

ec2-describe-reserved-instances-listings [LISTING [LISTING [...]]] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

## **Options**

Name	Description
LISTING	The ID of the Reserved Instance listing.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No

Name	Description
-F,filter FILTER name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your Reserved Instances listings, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "status=pending"

### **Supported Filters**

Our policy is to provide filters for all ec2-describe calls so that you can limit the response to your specified criteria. Therefore, you can use filters to limit the response when describing Reserved Instances listings, even though you can use other options instead.

For example, you can use a filter or an option to get the listing of Reserved Instances that are in an active state. You can also specify multiple options or filters (for example, to limit the response to the Reserved Instances listings that are in the closed state with a specific status message). The response includes information for a listing only if it matches all options or filters. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### status

Status of the Reserved Instance listing.

Valid values: pending | active | cancelled | closed

Type: String

#### status-message

Reason for the status.

Type: String

#### reserved-instances-listing-id

The ID of the Reserved Instances listing.

Type: String

#### reserved-instances-id

The ID of the Reserved Instances.

Type: String

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

The command returns a table that contains the following information:

The listing information

- The LISTING identifier
- · Reserved Instance listing ID
- · Reserved Instances ID

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- · Create Date
- Update Date
- Status
- · Status Message

One or more rows that contain instance count information

- The INSTANCE-COUNT identifier
- · The instance count state
- · The instance count

One or more rows that contain price schedule information

- The PRICE-SCHEDULE identifier
- · The term
- · The price
- · Whether or not the schedule is active

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example describes a Reserved Instance listing owned by your account.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-reserved-instances-listings 095c0e18-c9e6-4692-97e5-653e0example
```

Amazon EC2 returns output similar to the following:

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-reserved-instances-listings 095c0e18-c9e6-4692-97e5-653e0example
Type ReservedInstancesListingId ReservedInstancesId CreateDate UpdateDate Status StatusMessage
LISTING 095c0e18-c9e6-4692-97e5-653e0example b847fa93-c736-4eae-bca1-e3147example Tue Aug 28 18:21:07 PDT 2012 Tue Aug 28 18:21:07 PDT 2012 active active INSTANCE-COUNT available 1
INSTANCE-COUNT sold 0
INSTANCE-COUNT cancelled 0
INSTANCE-COUNT pending 0
PRICE-SCHEDULE 5 $1.2 false
PRICE-SCHEDULE 4 $1.2 true
PRICE-SCHEDULE 2 $1.2 false
PRICE-SCHEDULE 1 $1.2 true
```

### **Related Operations**

• ec2-create-reserved-instances-listing (p. 145)

### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Operations

- ec2-cancel-reserved-instances-listing (p. 76)
- ec2-describe-reserved-instances (p. 402)

# ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings

## **Description**

Describes Reserved Instance offerings that are available for purchase. With Amazon EC2 Reserved Instances, you purchase the right to launch Amazon EC2 instances for a period of time. During that time period you will not receive insufficient capacity errors, and you will pay a lower usage rate than the rate charged for On-Demand instances for the actual time used.

Starting with the 2011-11-01 API version, AWS expanded its offering of Amazon EC2 Reserved Instances to address a range of projected instance usage. There are three types of Reserved Instances based on customer utilization levels: *Heavy Utilization*, *Medium Utilization*, and *Light Utilization*. You determine the type of the Reserved Instance offerings by including the optional offeringType parameter when calling ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings. The Medium Utilization offering type is equivalent to the Reserved Instance offering available before API version 2011-11-01. If you are using tools that predate the 2011-11-01 API version, ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings will only list information about the Medium Utilization Reserved Instance offering type.

For information about Reserved Instances Pricing Tiers, go to Understanding Reserved Instance Pricing Tiers in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*. For more information about Reserved Instances, go to Reserved Instances also in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Starting with the 2012-08-15 API version, AWS offers the Reserved Instance Marketplace, where you can buy and sell Reserved Instances. The Reserved Instance Marketplace makes it easy to buy and sell Amazon EC2 Reserved Instances by matching sellers who own capacity that they no longer need with buyers who are looking to purchase additional capacity. Reserved Instances bought and sold through the Reserved Instance Marketplace work like any other Reserved Instances.

By default, with the 2012-08-15 API version, ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings returns information about Amazon EC2 Reserved Instances available directly from AWS, plus instance offerings available from third-party sellers, on the Reserved Instance Marketplace. If you are using tools that predate the 2012-08-15 API version, ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings will only list information about Amazon EC2 Reserved Instances available directly from AWS.

For more information about the Reserved Instance Marketplace, go to Reserved Instance Marketplace in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2drio.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings [offering_id ...] [--type instance_type ...] [--offering-type offering] [--availability-zone zone ...] [--description description ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...] [--tenancy tenancy] [--exclude-marketplace] [--min-duration MIN-DURATION] [--max-duration MAX-DURATION]
```

# **Options**

Name	Description
offering_id	The ID of a Reserved Instance offering.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: 438012d3-4967-4ba9-aa40-cbb1dexample
-t,type instance_type	The instance type on which the Reserved Instance can be used.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -t m1.small
offering-type offering-type	The Reserved Instance offering type.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid Values: "Heavy Utilization"   "Medium Utilization"   "Light Utilization"
	Required: No
	Example:offering-type "Medium Utilization"
-z,availability-zone zone	The Availability Zone in which the Reserved Instance can be used.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -z us-east-1a

Name	Description
-d,description description	The Reserved Instance description. Instances that include (Amazon VPC) in the description are for use with Amazon VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid Values: Linux/UNIX   Linux/UNIX (Amazon VPC)   SUSE Linux   SUSE Linux (Amazon VPC)   Red Hat Enterprise Linux   Red Hat Enterprise Linux (Amazon VPC)   Windows   Windows (Amazon VPC)   Windows with SQL Server Standard   Windows with SQL Server Standard (Amazon VPC)   Windows with SQL Server Web   Windows with SQL Server Web (Amazon VPC)
	Required: No
	Example: -d Linux/UNIX
-F,filter FILTER name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your Reserved Instances offerings, or those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "instance-type=m1.small"
tenancy TENANCY	Specifies the tenancy of the Reserved Instance offering. A Reserved Instance with tenancy of dedicated will run on single-tenant hardware and can only be launched within a VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: default
	Valid Values: default   dedicated
	Required: No
exclude-marketplace	Excludes the Reserved Instance Marketplace offerings in the response.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: false
	Valid Values: true   false
	Required: No

Name	Description
min-duration MIN-DURATION	Specifies that only offerings that have a duration of at least MIN-DURATION months should be returned.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid Values:
	Required: No
max-duration MAX-DURATION	Specifies that only offerings that have a duration of at most MAX-DURATION months should be returned.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No

### **Supported Filters**

Our policy is to provide filters for all ec2-describe calls so that you can limit the response to your specified criteria. Therefore, you can use filters to limit the response when describing Reserved Instances offerings, even though you can use other options instead.

For example, you could use an option or a filter to get the offerings for a specific instance type. You can specify multiple options or filters (for example, limit the response to the m2.xlarge instance type, and only for Windows instances). The response includes information for an offering only if it matches all options or filters. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### availability-zone

The Availability Zone where the Reserved Instance can be used.

Type: String

#### duration

The duration of the Reserved Instance (for example, one year or three years), in seconds.

Type: Long

Valid values: 31536000 | 94608000

#### fixed-price

The purchase price of the Reserved Instance (for example, 9800.0)

Type: Double instance-type

The Amazon EC2 instance type on which the Reserved Instance can be used.

Type: String

#### marketplace

Set to true to show only Reserved Instance Marketplace offerings. When this filter is not used, which is the default behavior, all offerings from AWS and Reserved Instance Marketplace are listed.

Type: Boolean

product-description

The description of the Reserved Instance.

Type: String

Valid values: Linux/UNIX | Linux/UNIX (Amazon VPC) | Windows | Windows (Amazon VPC)

reserved-instances-offering-id

The Reserved Instances offering ID.

Type: String usage-price

The usage price of the Reserved Instance, per hour (for example, 0.84)

Type: Double

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key <i>EC2-PRIVATE-KEY</i>	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

The command returns a table that contains the following information:

The offering information

- · The OFFERING identifier
- The source of the offering (AWS or 3rd Party)
- · The offering ID
- The Availability Zone in which the Reserved Instance can be used
- The instance type
- The duration of the Reserved Instance
- The purchase price of the Reserved Instance. This may be contained in one or more subsequent PRICING\_DETAIL rows
- The usage price of the Reserved Instance, per hour. This may be contained in one or more subsequent RECURRING-CHARGE rows
- The Reserved Instance description
- The currency of the Reserved Instance. It's specified using ISO 4217 standard (for example, USD). At this time, the only supported currency is USD.
- The tenancy of the Reserved Instance.
- The instance offering type ("Heavy Utilization" | "Medium Utilization" | "Light Utilization")

One or more rows that contain the recurring charge information, if any

- The RECURRING-CHARGE identifier
- · The recurring charge frequency
- · The recurring charge amount

One or more rows that contain the purchase price detail information, if any

- The PRICING\_DETAIL identifier
- The number of times the purchase price must be paid
- The purchase price of the Reserved Instance

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

Check to see what m1.small Reserved Instances are available in a specific region.

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

PROMPT> ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings -t m1.small -z sa-east-1b -d Linux/UNIX --headers

Amazon EC2 returns output similar to the following example:

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings
Type Source ReservedInstancesOfferingId AvailabilityZone InstanceType Duration
FixedPrice UsagePrice ProductDescription Currency InstanceTenancy OfferingType
OFFERING AWS 4b2293b4-3236-49f5-978d-a74c3example sa-east-1b m1.small 3y 574.0
0.0 Linux/UNIX USD default Heavy Utilization
Type Frequency Amount
RECURRING-CHARGE Hourly 0.021
OFFERING AWS 3a98bf7d-07e1-4b33-8e11-e5314example sa-east-1b m1.small 3y 473.0
 0.031 Linux/UNIX USD default Medium Utilization
OFFERING AWS 438012d3-5fc5-4e49-a88e-273edexample sa-east-1b m1.small 3y 203.0
 0.055 Linux/UNIX USD default Light Utilization
OFFERING AWS d586503b-bb92-41fa-9065-e5b90example sa-east-1b m1.small 1y 372.94
0.0 Linux/UNIX USD default Heavy Utilization
Type Frequency Amount
RECURRING-CHARGE Hourly 0.03
OFFERING AWS ceb6a579-b235-41e2-9aad-15a23example sa-east-1b m1.small 1y 307.13
 0.04 Linux/UNIX USD default Medium Utilization
OFFERING AWS 649fd0c8-4ffb-443d-824d-eae3fexample sa-east-1b m1.small 1y 131.63
 0.07 Linux/UNIX USD default Light Utilization
OFFERING 3rd Party b6121943-9faf-4350-8047-bc6d4example sa-east-1b m1.small 10m
  - 0.032 Linux/UNIX USD default Medium Utilization
Type Count Price
PRICING_DETAIL 2 $1.2
OFFERING 3rd Party 08edcff2-8143-4c1d-b23c-e4c11example sa-east-1b m1.small 5m
  - 0.032 Linux/UNIX USD default Medium Utilization
Type Count Price
PRICING_DETAIL 19 $1.2
PRICING_DETAIL 4 $1.23
```

The preceding output shows a part of the overall offerings that are available.

#### Tip

You can filter this list to return only certain types of Reserved Instances offerings of interest to you.

### **Example Request**

This example filters the response to include only one-year, m1.small or m1.large Linux/UNIX Reserved Instances. If you want Linux/UNIX Reserved Instances specifically for use with a VPC, set the product description to Linux/UNIX (Amazon VPC).

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings --filter "duration=31536000"
   --filter "instance-type=m1.small" --filter "instance-type=m1.large" --filter
"product-description=Linux/UNIX" -H

Type ReservedInstancesOfferingId AvailabilityZone InstanceType Duration Fixed
Price UsagePrice ProductDescription Currency InstanceTenancy OfferingType

OFFERING 649fd0c8-7d25-4e81-959e-0elbcexample us-east-1c m1.large 1y 910.0

0.12 Linux/UNIX USD default Medium Utilization

OFFERING 438012d3-278f-4ad6-9cb9-e2318example us-east-1b m1.large 1y 910.0

0.12 Linux/UNIX USD default Medium Utilization

OFFERING 4b2293b4-20f5-4b3d-9969-46341example us-east-1d m1.large 1y 910.0
```

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Operations

```
0.12 Linux/UNIX USD default Medium Utilization
OFFERING 3a98bf7d-abc6-47a0-870e-e2459example us-east-la ml.large ly 910.0
0.12 Linux/UNIX USD default Medium Utilization
OFFERING ceb6a579-757c-474b-b09b-52c84example us-east-lc ml.small ly 227.5
0.03 Linux/UNIX USD default Medium Utilization
OFFERING 60dcfab3-06bb-4b68-9503-53bf8example us-east-lb ml.small ly 227.5
0.03 Linux/UNIX USD default Medium Utilization
OFFERING 438012d3-80c7-42c6-9396-a209cexample us-east-ld ml.small ly 227.5
0.03 Linux/UNIX USD default Medium Utilization
OFFERING 649fd0c8-5d76-4881-a522-fe522example us-east-la ml.small ly 227.5
0.03 Linux/UNIX USD default Medium Utilization
OFFERING 649fd0c8-5d76-4881-a522-fe522example us-east-la ml.small ly 227.5
0.03 Linux/UNIX USD default Medium Utilization
```

# **Related Operations**

- ec2-purchase-reserved-instances-offering (p. 611)
- ec2-describe-reserved-instances (p. 402)

## ec2-describe-route-tables

## **Description**

Describes one or more of your route tables.

For more information about route tables, see Route Tables in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2drtb.

## **Syntax**

ec2-describe-route-tables [route\_table\_id...]

## **Options**

Name	Description
route_table_id	One or more route table IDs.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your route tables.
	Required: No
	Example: rtb-7aa34613
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your route tables, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain tables. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in the tables associated with a particular subnet. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a table only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify tables that have a specific route and are associated with a specific subnet. The response includes information for a table only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### association.route-table-association-id

The ID of an association ID for the route table.

Type: String

#### association.route-table-id

The ID of the route table involved in the association.

Type: String

#### association.subnet-id

The ID of the subnet involved in the association.

Type: String

#### association.main

Indicates whether the route table is the main route table for the VPC.

Type: Boolean

#### route-table-id

The ID of the route table.

Type: String

#### route.destination-cidr-block

The CIDR range specified in a route in the table.

Type: String

#### route.gateway-id

The ID of a gateway specified in a route in the table.

Type: String

#### route.instance-id

The ID of an instance specified in a route in the table.

Type: String route.origin

Describes how the route was created.

Type: String

Valid values: CreateRouteTable | CreateRoute | EnableVgwRoutePropagation

CreateRouteTable indicates that route was automatically created when the route table was created.

CreateRoute indicates that the route was manually added to the route table.

EnableVqwRoutePropagation indicates that the route was propagated by route propagation.

#### route.state

The state of a route in the route table. The blackhole state indicates that the route's target isn't available (for example, the specified gateway isn't attached to the VPC, the specified NAT instance has been terminated, and so on).

Type: String

Valid values: active | blackhole

#### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

#### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

#### tag:key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

#### vpc-id

The ID of the VPC for the route table.

Type: String

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ROUTETABLE identifier
- · The ID of the route table
- The ID of the VPC the route table is in
- · The ROUTE identifier
- The route's forwarding target (gateway or NAT instance)
- The route's state (active or blackhole). Blackhole means the route's forwarding target isn't available (for example, the gateway is detached, the NAT instance is terminated)
- The route's destination CIDR range
- The ASSOCIATION identifier
- The association ID representing the association of the route table to a subnet (or to the VPC if it's the main route table)
- · Any tags assigned to the route table
- · Network interfaces associated with the route.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example describes the route table with ID rtb-6aa34603.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-route-tables rtb-6aa34603
ROUTETABLE rtb-6aa34603 vpc-9ea045f7
ec2-describe-route-tables
ROUTETABLE rtb-7f6e8217 vpc-7d6e8215
ROUTE vgw-56c1f422 active 13.4.5.0/24 CreateRoute
ROUTE local active 12.12.12.0/24 CreateRouteTable
ROUTE igw-906e82f8 active 0.0.0.0/0 CreateRoute
ROUTE vgw-56c1f422 active 13.0.0.0/8 EnableVgwRoutePropagation
ROUTE vgw-56c1f422 active 11.0.0.0/8 EnableVgwRoutePropagation
ROUTE vgw-56c1f422 active 10.0.0.0/8 EnableVgwRoutePropagation
PROPAGATINGVGW vgw-56c1f422
ASSOCIATION rtbassoc-706e8218 main
```

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeRouteTables

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-associate-route-table (p. 31)
- ec2-delete-route-table (p. 239)
- ec2-disassociate-route-table (p. 529)
- ec2-replace-route-table-association (p. 644)

# ec2-describe-snapshot-attribute

# **Description**

Describes an attribute of a snapshot. You can specify only one attribute at a time.

The short version of this command is ec2dsnapatt.

# **Syntax**

ec2-describe-snapshot-attribute snapshot\_id attribute

# **Options**

Name	Description
snapshot_id	The ID of the Amazon EBS snapshot.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: snap-78a54011
-c,create-volume-permission	Describes the create volume permissions of the snapshot. If you don't specify this attribute, you must specify another attribute.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Example: -c
-p,product-codes	Describes the product codes associated with the snapshot. Each product code contains a product code and a type. If you don't specify this attribute, you must specify another attribute.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Example: -p

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The attribute type identifier
- The ID of the snapshot
- The attribute value type
- The attribute value

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example describes permissions for the snap-1a2b3c4d snapshot.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-snapshot-attribute snap-la2b3c4d -c createVolumePermission snap-la2b3c4d userId 111122223333

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeSnapshotAttribute

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-snapshot (p. 159)
- ec2-describe-snapshots (p. 433)
- ec2-modify-snapshot-attribute (p. 595)
- ec2-reset-snapshot-attribute (p. 678)

# ec2-describe-snapshots

# **Description**

Describes one or more of the Amazon EBS snapshots available to you. Snapshots available to you include public snapshots available for any AWS account to launch, private snapshots you own, and private snapshots owned by another AWS account but for which you've been given explicit create volume permissions.

The create volume permissions fall into 3 categories:

Permission	Description
public	The owner of the snapshot granted create volume permissions for the snapshot to the all group. All AWS accounts have create volume permissions for these snapshots.
explicit	The owner of the snapshot granted create volume permissions to a specific AWS account.
implicit	An AWS account has implicit create volume permissions for all snapshots it owns.

You can modify the list of snapshots returned by specifying snapshot IDs, snapshot owners, or AWS accounts with create volume permissions. If you don't specify any options, Amazon EC2 returns all snapshots for which you have create volume permissions.

If you specify one or more snapshot IDs, only snapshots that have the specified IDs are returned. If you specify an invalid snapshot ID, an error is returned. If you specify a snapshot ID for which you do not have access, it will not be included in the returned results.

If you specify one or more snapshot owners, only snapshots from the specified owners and for which you have access are returned. The results can include the AWS account IDs of the specified owners,  $\mathtt{amazon}$  for snapshots owned by Amazon, or  $\mathtt{self}$  for snapshots that you own.

If you specify a list of restorable users, only snapshots with create snapshot permissions for those users are returned. You can specify AWS account IDs (if you own the snapshot(s)), self for snapshots for which you own or have explicit permissions, or all for public snapshots.

#### diT

Use the --help option to view examples of ways to use this command.

The short version of this command is ec2dsnap.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-snapshots [snapshot_id ...] [-a] [-o owner ...] [-r user_id] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]
```

# **Options**

Name	Description
snapshot_id	One or more snapshot IDs.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all snapshots for which you have launch permissions.
	Required: No
	Example: snap-78a54011
-a,all owner	Describe all snapshots (public, private or shared) to which you have access.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -a
-o,owner owner	Describes snapshots owned by the specified owner. Multiple owners can be specified.
	Type: String
	Valid values: self   amazon   AWS Account ID
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -o AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
-r,restorable-by user_id	The ID of an AWS account that can create volumes from the snapshot.
	Type: String
	Valid values: self   all   an AWS account ID
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -r self

Name	Description
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all snapshots for which you have launch permissions, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain snapshots. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in snapshots whose status is pending. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a snapshot only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify snapshot's that have a pending status, and have a specific tag. The response includes information for a snapshot only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

```
description
```

A description of the snapshot.

Type: String

owner-alias

The AWS account alias (for example,  ${\tt amazon}$ ) that owns the snapshot.

Type: String

owner-id

The ID of the AWS account that owns the snapshot.

Type: String

progress

The progress of the snapshot, as a percentage (for example, 80%).

Type: String

snapshot-id

The snapshot ID. Type: String

start-time

The time stamp when the snapshot was initiated.

Type: DateTime

status

The status of the snapshot.

Type: String

Valid values: pending | completed | error

#### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

#### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

#### tag: key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

#### volume-id

The ID of the volume the snapshot is for.

Type: String

#### volume-size

The size of the volume, in GiB (for example, 20).

Type: String

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- 1. The snapshot information
- The SNAPSHOT identifier
- · The ID of the snapshot
- The ID of the volume
- The state of the snapshot (pending, completed, error)
- · The time stamp when the snapshot initiated
- · The percentage of completion
- The ID of the snapshot owner
- · The size of the volume
- The description of the snapshot
- 2. Any tags associated with the snapshot
  - The TAG identifier
  - The resource type identifier
  - · The resource ID
  - · The tag key
  - The tag value

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example describes snapshot snap-la2b3c4d.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-describe-snapshots snap-la2b3c4d
SNAPSHOT snap-la2b3c4d vol-la2b3c4d completed YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.SSSZ 100%
111122223333 15 Daily Backup
TAG snapshot snap-la2b3c4d Name Test

### **Example Request**

This example filters the response to include only snapshots with the pending status, and that are also tagged with a value that includes the string db\_.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-snapshots --filter "status=pending" --filter "tag-value=\*db\_\*"

SNAPSHOT snap-la2b3c4d vol-la2b3c4d pending YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.SSSZ 30%

111122223333 15 demo\_db\_14\_backup

TAG snapshot snap-la2b3c4d Purpose db\_14

## **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeSnapshots

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-snapshot (p. 159)
- ec2-delete-snapshot (p. 243)

# ec2-describe-spot-datafeed-subscription

# **Description**

Describes the datafeed for Spot Instances. For more information about Spot Instances, see Spot Instances in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2dsds.

### **Syntax**

ec2-describe-spot-datafeed-subscription

## **Options**

This command does not have any options.

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

# **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The SPOTDATAFEEDSUBSCRIPTION identifier
- The AWS account ID of the owner
- The Amazon S3 bucket where the data feed is located
- The prefix for the data feed files
- The state (Active | Inactive)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example describes the datafeed for the account.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-spot-datafeed-subscription
SPOTDATAFEEDSUBSCRIPTION 111122223333 myawsbucket spotdata_ Active
```

### **Related Topics**

### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeSpotDatafeedSubscription

### **Related Commands**

• ec2-create-spot-datafeed-subscription (p. 164)

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

ec2-delete-spot-datafeed-subscript	tion (p. 247)	

# ec2-describe-spot-instance-requests

# **Description**

Describes the Spot Instance requests that belong to your account. Spot Instances are instances that Amazon EC2 starts on your behalf when the maximum price that you specify exceeds the current Spot Price. Amazon EC2 periodically sets the Spot Price based on available Spot Instance capacity and current Spot Instance requests. For more information about Spot Instances, see Spot Instances in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2dsir.

### **Syntax**

ec2-describe-spot-instance-requests [request\_id ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

## **Options**

Name	Description
request_id	The ID of the Spot Instance request.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: sir-1a2b3c4d
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your Spot Instance requests, or those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain Spot Instance requests. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in requests where the Spot Price is a specific value. (You can't use a greater than or less than comparison, however you can use \* and ? wildcards.) You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a Spot Instance request only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify that the Spot Price is a specific value, and that the instance type is m1.small. The response includes information for a request only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### availability-zone-group

The Availability Zone group. If you specify the same Availability Zone group for all Spot Instance requests, all Spot Instances are launched in the same Availability Zone.

Type: String

#### create-time

The time stamp when the Spot Instance request was created.

Type: String

#### fault-code

The fault code related to the request.

Type: String

#### fault-message

The fault message related to the request.

Type: String

#### instance-id

The ID of the instance that fulfilled the request.

Type: String

#### launch-group

The Spot Instance launch group. Launch groups are Spot Instances that launch together and terminate together.

Type: String

#### launch.block-device-mapping.delete-on-termination

Whether the Amazon EBS volume is deleted on instance termination.

Type: Boolean

#### launch.block-device-mapping.device-name

The device name (for example, /dev/sdh) for the Amazon EBS volume.

Type: String

### launch.block-device-mapping.snapshot-id

The ID of the snapshot used for the Amazon EBS volume.

Type: String

#### launch.block-device-mapping.volume-size

The volume size of the Amazon EBS volume, in GiB.

Type: String

#### launch.block-device-mapping.volume-type

The volume type of the Amazon EBS volume.

Type: String

Valid values: standard | io1

#### launch.group-id

The security group for the instance.

Type: String launch.image-id

The ID of the AMI.

Type: String

#### launch.instance-type

The type of instance (for example, m1.small).

Type: String

#### launch.kernel-id

The kernel ID.

Type: String

#### launch.key-name

The name of the key pair the instance launched with.

Type: String

#### launch.monitoring-enabled

Whether monitoring is enabled for the Spot Instance.

Type: Boolean

#### launch.ramdisk-id

The RAM disk ID.

Type: String

#### launch.network-interface.network-interface-id

The ID of the network interface.

Type: String

#### launch.network-interface.device-index

The index of the device for the network interface attachment on the instance.

Type: Integer

#### launch.network-interface.subnet-id

The ID of the subnet for the instance.

Type: String

#### launch.network-interface.description

A description of the network interface.

Type: String

#### launch.network-interface.private-ip-address

The primary private IP address of the network interface.

Type: String

#### launch.network-interface.delete-on-termination

Indicates whether the network interface is deleted when the instance is terminated.

Type: Boolean

#### launch.network-interface.group-id

The ID of the security group associated with the network interface.

Type: String

#### launch.network-interface.group-name

The name of the security group associated with the network interface.

Type: String

#### launch.network-interface.addresses.primary

Indicates whether the IP address is the primary private IP address.

Type: String

#### product-description

The product description associated with the instance.

Type: String

Valid values: Linux/UNIX | Windows

#### spot-instance-request-id

The Spot Instance request ID.

Type: String

#### spot-price

The maximum hourly price for any Spot Instance launched to fulfill the request.

Type: String

#### state

The state of the Spot Instance request. Spot bid status information can help you track your Amazon EC2 Spot Instance requests. For information, see Tracking Spot Requests with Bid Status Codes in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

Valid values: open | active | closed | cancelled | failed

#### status-code

The short code describing the most recent evaluation of your Spot Instance request. For more information, see Spot Bid Status in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

#### status-message

The message explaining the status of the Spot Instance request.

Type: String

#### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

#### tag:key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

#### type

The type of Spot Instance request.

Type: String

Valid values: one-time | persistent

#### launched-availability-zone

The Availability Zone in which the bid is launched.

Type: String

#### valid-from

The start date of the request.

Type: DateTime

#### valid-until

The end date of the request.

Type: DateTime

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

The Spot Instance request information

- The SPOTINSTANCEREQUEST identifier
- The ID of the Spot Instance request
- The Spot Instance bid price

### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- The Spot Instance type (one-time or persistent)
- The product description (Linux/UNIX or Windows)
- The state of the Spot Instance request (active, open, closed, cancelled, failed)
- The date and time the request was created
- The date and time that the request is valid until
- The date and time the request will be held until
- The launch group
- The Availability Zone group
- · The instance ID
- · The image ID
- · The instance type
- The key pair name
- · Any security groups the request belongs to
- The Availability Zone the instance belongs to
- . The kernel ID of the instance
- . The RAM disk ID of the instance
- · The monitoring status
- · The subnet ID
- The Availability Zone the instance was launched to
- · The IAM profile

#### Any Spot Instance faults

- The SPOTINSTANCEFAULT identifier
- The Spot Instance fault code
- The Spot Instance fault message

#### The Spot Instance status information

- The SPOTINSTANCESTATUS identifier
- · The Spot Instance status
- · The date and time of the last update
- · The Spot Instance status message

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example returns information about all of your Spot Instance requests.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-spot-instance-requests

SPOTINSTANCEREQUEST sir-1a2b3c4d 0.040000 one-time Linux/UNIX active YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS-0800 i-1a2b3c4d ami-1a2b3c4d m1.small gsg-keypair sg-1a2b3c4d monitoring-disabled us-west-2c

SPOTINSTANCESTATUS fulfilled YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS-0800 Your Spot request is fulfilled.
```

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

SPOTINSTANCEREQUEST sir-2a2b3c4d 0.040000 one-time Linux/UNIX active YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS-0800 i-2a2b3c4d ami-la2b3c4d m1.small gsg-keypair sg-la2b3c4d monitoring-disabled us-west-2c
SPOTINSTANCESTATUS fulfilled YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS-0800 Your Spot request is fulfilled.
SPOTINSTANCEREQUEST sir-3a2b3c4d 0.040000 one-time Linux/UNIX active YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS-0800 i-3a2b3c4d ami-la2b3c4d m1.small gsg-keypair sg-la2b3c4d monitoring-disabled us-west-2c
SPOTINSTANCESTATUS fulfilled YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS-0800 Your Spot request is fulfilled.

### **Example Request**

This example describes all persistent Spot Instance requests that have resulted in the launch of at least one m1.small instance, that has been fulfilled in the us-east-1a Availability Zone, and that also has monitoring enabled.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-spot-instance-requests --filter "type=persistent" --filter "launch.instance-type=m1.small" --filter "launch.monitoring-enabled=true"

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeSpotInstanceRequests

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-cancel-spot-instance-requests (p. 80)
- ec2-describe-spot-price-history (p. 452)
- ec2-request-spot-instances (p. 653)

# ec2-describe-spot-price-history

# **Description**

Describes the Spot Price history. Spot Instances are instances that Amazon EC2 starts on your behalf when the maximum price that you specify exceeds the current Spot Price. Amazon EC2 periodically sets the Spot Price based on available Spot Instance capacity and current Spot Instance requests. For more information about Spot Instances, see Spot Instances in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

When you use the availability-zone option, this command describes the price history for the specified Availability Zone with the most recent set of prices listed first. If you don't specify an Availability Zone, the command returns the prices across all Availability Zones, starting with the most recent set. However, if you use this command with versions of the API earlier than the 2011-05-15 version, this command returns the lowest price across the region for the given time period. The prices returned are listed in chronological order — from the oldest to the most recent.

The short version of this command is **ec2dsph**.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-spot-price-history [--start-time timestamp] [--end-time timestamp] [--instance-type type] [--product-description description] [[--filter "name=value"] ...] [--availability-zone zone]
```

### **Options**

Name	Description
-s,start-time timestamp	The start date and time of the Spot Instance price history data.
	Type: DateTime
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -s 2009-12-01T11:51:50.000Z
-e,end-time timestamp	The end date and time of the Spot Instance price history data.
	Type: DateTime
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -e 2009-12-31T11:51:50.000Z

Name	Description
-t,instance-type type	The instance type to return.
	Type: String
	Valid values: t1.micro   m1.small   m1.medium   m1.large   m1.xlarge   m3.xlarge   m3.2xlarge   c1.medium   c1.xlarge   m2.xlarge   m2.2xlarge   m2.4xlarge   cr1.8xlarge   cc1.4xlarge   cc2.8xlarge   cg1.4xlarge. See Available Instance Types for more information.
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -t m1.large
-d,product-description	Filters the results by basic product description.
description	Type: String
	Valid values: Linux/UNIX   SUSE Linux   Windows   Linux/UNIX (Amazon VPC)   SUSE Linux (Amazon VPC)   Windows (Amazon VPC)
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -d Linux/UNIX
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Lists all available history information, or just the information you requested.
	Required: No
	Example:filter
-a,availability-zone zone	The Availability Zone for which you want to get the price history
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -a us-east-1a

### **Supported Filters**

#### Note

Our policy is to provide filters for all ec2-describe calls so you can limit the response to your specified criteria. Therefore, you can use filters to limit the response when describing Spot Price histories, even though you can use the options instead.

For example, you could use an option or a filter to get the history for a particular instance type. You can specify multiple request parameters or filters (for example, limit the response to the m2.xlarge instance type, and only for Windows instances). The response includes information for a price history only if it matches all your options or filters. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### instance-type

The type of instance (for example, m1.small).

Type: String

#### product-description

The product description for the Spot Price.

Type: String

Valid values: Linux/UNIX | SUSE Linux | Windows | Linux/UNIX (Amazon VPC) | SUSE Linux (Amazon VPC) | Windows (Amazon VPC)

#### spot-price

The Spot Price. The value must match exactly (or use wildcards; greater than or less than comparison is not supported).

Type: String

#### timestamp

The timestamp of the Spot Price history (for example, 2010-08-16T05:06:11.000Z). You can use wildcards (\* and ?). Greater than or less than comparison is not supported.

Type: DateTime availability-zone

The Availability Zone for which prices should be returned.

Type: String

### **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1

Option	Description
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The SPOTINSTANCEPRICE identifier
- · The Spot Instance price
- The date and time of the request
- · The instance type
- The product description (for example, Linux/UNIX)
- The Availability Zone (for example, us-east-la)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example returns Spot Price history for m1.xlarge instances for a particular day in May.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-spot-price-history -H --instance-type ml.xlarge --start-time 2011-05-06T07:08:09 --end-time 2011-05-06T08:09:10

Type Price Timestamp InstanceType ProductDescription AvailabilityZone
SPOTINSTANCEPRICE 0.417000 2011-05-06T05:54:03-0800 ml.xlarge Windows us-east-1b

SPOTINSTANCEPRICE 0.417000 2011-05-06T05:54:03-0800 ml.xlarge Windows us-east-1d
SPOTINSTANCEPRICE 0.417000 2011-05-06T05:54:03-0800 ml.xlarge Windows us-east-1a
...
```

The following example uses filters instead of request options to get the same results.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-spot-price-history -H --instance-type ml.xlarge --start-time 2011-05-06T07:08:09 --end-time 2011-05-06T08:09:10 --product-description 'Linux/UNIX'

Type Price Timestamp InstanceType ProductDescription AvailabilityZone SPOTINSTANCEPRICE 0.234000 2011-05-06T05:08:03-0800 ml.xlarge Linux/UNIX us-east-1b

SPOTINSTANCEPRICE 0.234000 2011-05-06T05:08:03-0800 ml.xlarge Linux/UNIX us-east-1c

SPOTINSTANCEPRICE 0.234000 2011-05-06T05:08:03-0800 ml.xlarge Linux/UNIX us-east-1d
...
```

### **Related Topics**

### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeSpotPriceHistory

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-cancel-spot-instance-requests (p. 80)
- ec2-describe-spot-instance-requests (p. 444)
- ec2-request-spot-instances (p. 653)

### ec2-describe-subnets

# **Description**

Describes one or more of your subnets.

The short version of this command is ec2dsubnet.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-subnets [ subnet_id ... ] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
subnet_id	One or more subnet IDs.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your subnets.
	Required: No
	Example: subnet-9d4a7b6c
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your subnets, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain subnets. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in the subnets in the available state. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a subnet only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify subnets that are in a specific VPC and are in the available state. The response includes information for a subnet only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### availability-zone

The Availability Zone for the subnet.

Type: String

#### available-ip-address-count

The number of IP addresses in the subnet that are available.

Type: String

#### cidr

The CIDR block of the subnet. The CIDR block you specify must exactly match the subnet's CIDR block for information to be returned for the subnet.

Type: String

Constraints: Must contain the slash followed by one or two digits (for example, /28)

#### defaultForAz

Indicates whether this is the default subnet for the Availability Zone.

Type: Boolean

#### state

The state of the subnet.

Type: String

Valid values: pending | available

#### subnet-id

The ID of the subnet.

Type: String

#### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

Type: String

### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

### tag:key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

#### vpc-id

The ID of the VPC for the subnet.

Type: String

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

Option	Description	
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45	
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.	
-Н,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.	
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).	
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.	
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.	
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.	
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -	

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information for each subnet:

- · The SUBNET identifier
- The ID of the subnet
- The current state of the subnet (pending or available)
- The ID of the VPC the subnet is in

### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- · The CIDR block assigned to the subnet
- The number of IP addresses in the subnet that are available
- The Availability Zone the subnet is in
- Default subnet for the Availability Zone (true or false)
- Instances launched in this subnet receive a public IP address (true or false)
- · Any tags assigned to the subnet

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example gives a description of two subnets with IDs subnet-9d4a7b6c and subnet-6e7f829e.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-subnets subnet-9d4a7b6c subnet-6e7f829e

SUBNET subnet-9d4a7b6c available vpc-la2b3c4d 10.0.1.0/24 251 us-east-
la false false

SUBNET subnet-6e7f829e available vpc-la2b3c4d 10.0.0.0/24 251 us-east-
la false false
```

### **Example Request**

This example uses filters to give a description of any subnet you own that is in the VPC with ID vpc-1a2b3c4d or vpc-6e7f8a92, and whose state is available. The response indicates that the VPC with ID vpc-6e7f8a92 doesn't have any subnets that match.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-submets --filter "vpc-id=vpc-la2b3c4d" --filter "vpc-id=vpc-6e7f8a92" --filter "state=available"

SUBNET submet-9d4a7b6c available vpc-la2b3c4d 10.0.1.0/24 251 us-east-la false false

SUBNET submet-6e7f829e available vpc-la2b3c4d 10.0.0.0/24 251 us-east-la false false
```

### **Related Topics**

### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

DescribeSubnets

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-subnet (p. 168)
- ec2-delete-subnet (p. 250)

# ec2-describe-tags

# **Description**

Describes one or more of the tags for your EC2 resources. For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2dtag.

## **Syntax**

ec2-describe-tags [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

## **Options**

Name		Description
-F,filter	name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
		Type: String
		Default: Describes all tags for your EC2 resources.
		Required: No
		Example:filter "resource-type=instance"

### **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters to limit the response when describing tags. For example, you can use a filter to get only the tags for a specific resource type. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a tag only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters (for example, specify a specific resource type and tag values that contain the string database). The response includes information for a tag only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

```
key
The tag key.
Type: String
resource-id
The resource ID.
Type: String
```

### resource-type

The resource type.

Type: String

Valid values: customer-gateway | dhcp-options | image | instance | internet-gateway | network-acl | network-interface | reserved-instances | route-table | security-group | snapshot | spot-instances-request | subnet | volume | vpc | vpn-connection | vpn-gateway

### value

The tag value. Type: String

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The TAG identifier
- · The resource type identifier
- · The resource ID
- · The tag key
- · The tag value

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example describes all your tags.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-tags

TAG ami-la2b3c4d image webserver

TAG ami-la2b3c4d image stack Production

TAG i-5f4e3d2a instance webserver

TAG i-5f4e3d2a instance stack Production

TAG i-12345678 instance database_server

TAG i-12345678 instance stack Test
```

## **Example Request**

This example describes the tags for your resource with ID ami-1a2b3c4d.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-tags --filter "resource-id=ami-la2b3c4d"

TAG ami-la2b3c4d image webserver

TAG ami-la2b3c4d image stack Production
```

## **Example Request**

This example describes the tags for all your instances.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-tags --filter "resource-type=instance"

TAG i-5f4e3d2a instance webserver

TAG i-5f4e3d2a instance stack Production
```

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

```
TAG i-12345678 instance database_server
TAG i-12345678 instance stack Test
```

## **Example Request**

This example describes the tags for all your instances that have a tag with the key webserver.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-tags --filter "resource-type=instance" --filter "key=web server"

TAG i-5f4e3d2a instance webserver
```

## **Example Request**

This example describes the tags for all your instances that have a tag with the key stack and a value of either Test or Production.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-tags --filter "resource-type=instance" --filter "key=stack" --filter "value=Test" --filter "value=Production"

TAG i-5f4e3d2a instance stack Production

TAG i-12345678 instance stack Test
```

## **Example Request**

This example describes the tags for all your instances that have a tag with the key Purpose and no value.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-tags --filter "resource-type=instance" --filter "key=Pur pose" --filter "value="
```

# **Related Topics**

## **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

DescribeTags

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-tags (p. 172)
- ec2-delete-tags (p. 254)

# ec2-describe-volume-attribute

# **Description**

Describes an attribute of a volume. You can specify only one attribute at a time.

Currently, volumes have two attributes: auto-enable-io and product-codes.

The short version of this command is ec2dvolatt.

# **Syntax**

ec2-describe-volume-attribute volume\_id ... attribute

# **Options**

Name	Description
volume_id	The ID of the volume.
	Type: String
	Required: Yes
	Example: vol-4282672b
Attribute	The instance attribute.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: [auto-enable-io  product-codes] or [-a   -p]
	Required: Yes
	Example:auto-enable-io
	Example: -p

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access key ID associated with your AWS account. Performent variable. If AWS_access_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout 30  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access_KEY in the torios who you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If A		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ID of the volume
- · Information about the attribute

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Example**

## **Example Request**

This example describes the autoEnablelo attribute of the volume vol-999999.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-volume-attribute vol-999999 -a
VolumeId Attribute

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

vol-999999 autoEnableIo AUTO-ENABLE-IO true

## **Example Request**

This example describes the productCodes attribute of the volume vol-777777.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-volume-attribute vol-77777 -p
VolumeId Attribute
vol-77777 productCodes
PRODUCT\_CODES [marketplace: alb2c3d4e5f6g7h8i9j10k11]

# **Related Topics**

## **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

## **Related Action**

• DescribeVolumeAttribute

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-volume-status (p. 472)
- ec2-enable-volume-io (p. 533)
- ec2-modify-volume-attribute (p. 599)

## ec2-describe-volume-status

# **Description**

Describes the status of one or more volumes. Volume status provides the result of the checks performed on your volumes to determine events that can impair the performance of your volumes. The performance of a volume can be affected if an issue occurs on the volume's underlying host. If the volume's underlying host experiences a power outage or system issue, once the system is restored, there could be data inconsistencies on the volume. Volume events notify you if this occurs. Volume action notifies you if any action needs to be taken in response to the event.

The DescribeVolumeStatus operation provides the following information about the specified volumes:

**Status:** Reflects the current status of the volume. The possible values are ok, impaired, or insufficient-data. If all checks pass, the overall status of the volume is ok. If the check fails, the overall status is impaired. If the status is insufficient-data, then the checks may still be taking place on your volume at the time. We recommend you retry the request. For more information on volume status, see Monitoring the Status of Your Volumes.

**Events:** Reflect the cause of a volume status and may require you to take an action. For example, if your volume returns an impaired status, then the volume event might be potential-data-inconsistency. This means that your volume has been impacted by an issue with the underlying host, has all I/O operations disabled, and may have inconsistent data.

**Actions:** Reflect the actions you may have to take in response to an event. For example, if the status of the volume is impaired and the volume event shows potential-data-inconsistency, then the action will show enable-volume-io. This means that you may want to enable the I/O operations for the volume by issuing the ec2-enable-volume-io (p. 533) command and then check the volume for data consistency.

### Note

Volume status is based on the volume status checks, and does not reflect the volume state. Therefore, volume status does not indicate volumes in the error state (for example, when a volume is incapable of accepting I/O.)

The short version of this command is ec2dvs.

## **Syntax**

ec2-describe-volume-status [volume\_id ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

## **Options**

Name	Description
volume_id	One or more volume IDs.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes the status of all your volumes.
	Required: No
	Example: vol-4282672b

Name	Description
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your volumes, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "volume-status.status=Ok"

## **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain volumes. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in volumes that have <code>impaired</code> status. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a volume only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify volumes that are in a specific Availability Zone and have the status impaired. The response includes information for a volume only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

### availability-zone

The Availability Zone of the instance.

Type: String

### volume-status.status

The status of the volume.

Type: String

Valid values: ok | impaired | warning | insufficient-data

### volume-status.details-name

The cause for the volume-status. status.

Type: String

Valid values: io-enabled | io-performance

### volume-status.details-status

The status of the volume-status.details-name.

Type: String

Valid values for io-enabled: passed | failed

Valid values for io-performance: normal | degraded | severely-degraded | stalled

### event.description

A description of the event.

Type: String

event.not-after

The latest end time for the event.

Type: DateTime event.not-before

The earliest start time for the event.

Type: DateTime

event.event-id

The event ID.

Type: String

event.event-type

The event type. Type: String

Valid values for io-enabled: potential-data-inconsistency Valid values for io-performance: io-performance: degraded |

io-performance:severely-degraded | io-performance:stalled

action.code

The action code for the event, for example, enable-volume-io

Type: String action.event-id

The event ID associated with the action.

Type: String

action.description

A description of the action.

Type: String

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the $-{\tt U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The VOLUME identifier
- The ID of the volume
- The Availability Zone in which the volume launched
- The volume status name(Ok, impaired, io-enabled, insufficient-data)
- The EVENT identifier
- . The ID of the event
- The event type (potential-data-inconsistencies)
- The description of the event
- notBefore (the earliest start time of the event)
- notAfter (the latest end time of the event)
- The ACTION identifier
- The action code (enable-volume-io)
- The ID of the event associated with the action
- The event type associated with the action (potential-data-inconsistency)
- · The description of the event associated with the action

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example describes the status of the volumes vol-111111 and vol-222222.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-describe-volume-status vol-111111 vol-222222

Type VolumeId AvailabilityZone VolumeStatus

VOLUME vol-111111 us-east-la ok

VOLUME vol-222222 us-east-1b impaired

Type Name Status VOLUMESTATUS io-enabled failed

Type EventType NotBefore NotAfter EventId EventDescrip

tion

EVENT potential-data-inconsistency 2011-12-01T14:00:00.000Z evol-

61a54008 This is an example

Type ActionCode EventId EventType

EventDescription

ACTION enable-volume-io evol-61a54008 potential-data-inconsistency

This is an example

## **Example Request**

This example describes the volumes associated with your account that have failing I/O operations.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-volume-status --filter "volume-status.details-name=io-en abled" --filter "volume-status.details-status=failed"

## **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeVolumeStatus

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-volume-attribute (p. 468)
- ec2-enable-volume-io (p. 533)
- ec2-modify-volume-attribute (p. 599)

# ec2-describe-volumes

# **Description**

Describes one or more of your Amazon EBS volumes. For more information about Amazon EBS, see Amazon Elastic Block Store in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2dvol.

# **Syntax**

ec2-describe-volumes [volume\_id ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

## **Options**

Name	Description
volume_id	One or more volume IDs.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your volumes.
	Required: No
	Example: vol-4282672b
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your volumes, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

## **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain volumes. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in volumes whose status is available. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a volume only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters (for example, specify that the volume is available, and has a specific tag. The response includes information for a volume only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### attachment.attach-time

The time stamp when the attachment initiated.

Type: DateTime

### attachment.delete-on-termination

Whether the volume is deleted on instance termination.

Type: Boolean attachment.device

The device name that is exposed to the instance (for example, /dev/sda1).

Type: String

### attachment.instance-id

The ID of the instance the volume is attached to.

Type: String

### attachment.status

The attachment state.

Type: String

Valid values: attaching | attached | detaching | detached

#### availability-zone

The Availability Zone in which the volume was created.

Type: String create-time

The time stamp when the volume was created.

Type: DateTime

#### size

The size of the volume, in GiB (for example, 20).

Type: String snapshot-id

The snapshot from which the volume was created.

Type: String

### status

The status of the volume.

Type: String

Valid values: creating | available | in-use | deleting | deleted | error

#### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

#### tag:key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

### volume-id

The volume ID. Type: String

### volume-type

The Amazon EBS volume type. If the volume is an  $\verb"iol"$  volume, the response includes the IOPS as

well.

Type: String

Valid values: standard | io1

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- 1. The volume information
  - · The VOLUME identifier
  - The ID of the volume
  - · The size of the volume, in GiBs
  - The ID of the snapshot the volume was created from
  - · The Availability Zone of the volume
  - The volume status (creating, available, in-use, deleting, deleted, error)
  - The time stamp when volume creation was initiated
  - · The EBS volume type
  - The I/O operations per second (IOPS) of a provisioned IOPS volume
- 2. Any attachments for the volume
  - The ATTACHMENT identifier
  - The ID of the volume
  - · The ID of the instance
  - The device name
  - · The attachment state of the volume
  - · The time stamp of the last operation on the volume
  - Whether or not the volume is set to delete on termination (true or false)
- 3. Any tags associated with the volume
  - · The TAG identifier
  - · The resource type identifier
  - · The resource ID
  - · The tag key
  - · The tag value

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example uses the ec2-describe-volumes command to describe all volumes associated with your account.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-volumes
```

VOLUME vol-la2b3c4d 30 snap-la2b3c4d us-west-2a available YYYY-MM-

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

```
DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 standard
TAG volume vol-1a2b3c4d Name Volume Name
VOLUME vol-2a2b3c4d 8 snap-2a2b3c4d us-west-2a in-use YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 standard
ATTACHMENT vol-2a2b3c4d i-la2b3c4d /dev/sdal attached YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 true
TAG volume vol-2a2b3c4d Name Second Volume Name
```

## **Example Request**

This example describes all volumes that are both attached to instance i-1a2b3c4d and also set to delete when the instance terminates.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-volumes --filter "attachment.instance-id=i-la2b3c4d" --
filter "attachment.delete-on-termination=true"

VOLUME vol-2a2b3c4d 8 snap-2a2b3c4d us-west-2a in-use YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 standard

ATTACHMENT vol-2a2b3c4d i-la2b3c4d /dev/sdal attached YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 true

TAG volume vol-2a2b3c4d Name Second Volume Name
```

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeVolumes

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-snapshot (p. 159)
- ec2-delete-snapshot (p. 243)

# ec2-describe-vpc-attribute

# **Description**

Describes the specified attribute of the specified VPC. You can specify only one attribute at a time.

The short version of this command is ec2dva.

# **Syntax**

ec2-describe-vpc-attribute vpc-id { --dns-support | --dns-hostname }

# **Options**

Name	Description
vpc-id	The ID of the VPC.
	Type: String
	Required: Yes
	Example: vpc-1a2b3c4d
-s,dns-support	Indicates whether the DNS resolution is supported for the VPC. If this attribute is true, the Amazon DNS server resolves DNS hostnames for your instances to their corresponding IP addresses; otherwise, it does not.  Type: String
	Required: No
	Example: -s
-d,dns-hostnames	Indicates whether the instances launched in the VPC get DNS hostnames. If this attribute is true, instances in the VPC get DNS hostnames; otherwise, they do not.
	You can only specify this option if you also specify thedns-support option.
	Type: String
	Required: No
	Example: -d

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region <i>REGION</i>	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns the specified VPC attribute.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

## **Example Request**

Use the following command to describe the EnableDnsSupport attribute for the VPC with the ID vpc-la2b3c4d.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-vpc-attribute vpc-la2b3c4d --dns-support

## **Example Response**

This example output indicates that DNS resolution is enabled.

RETURN true

## **Example Request**

Use the following command to describe the EnableDnsHostnames attribute for the VPC with the ID vpc-la2b3c4d.

PROMPT> ec2-describe-vpc-attribute vpc-la2b3c4d --dns-hostnames

## **Example Response**

This example output indicates that DNS hostnames are enabled.

RETURN true

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeVpcAttribute

### **Related Commands**

• ec2-modify-vpc-attribute (p. 603)

# ec2-describe-vpcs

# **Description**

Describes one or more of your VPCs.

The short version of this command is ec2dvpc.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-vpcs [ vpc_id ... ] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]
```

# **Options**

Name	Description
vpc_id	One or more VPC IDs.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your VPCs.
	Required: No
	Example: vpc-1a2b3c4d
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your VPCs, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

## **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain VPCs. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in VPCs in the available state. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a VPC only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify VPCs that use one of several sets of DHCP options and are in the available state. The results include information for a VPC only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

### cidr

The CIDR block of the VPC. The CIDR block you specify must exactly match the VPC's CIDR block for information to be returned for the VPC.

Type: String

Constraints: Must contain the slash followed by one or two digits (for example, /28)

### dhcp-options-id

The ID of a set of DHCP options.

Type: String

### isDefault

Indicates whether the VPC is the default VPC.

Type: Boolean

#### state

The state of the VPC.

Type: String

Valid values: pending | available

#### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag: key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

Type: String

### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

### tag:key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

### vpc-id

The ID of the VPC.

Type: String

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

Option	Description
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description	
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.	
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.	
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.	
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.	
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>	

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information for each VPC:

- The VPC identifier
- The ID of the VPC
- The current state of the VPC (pending or available)
- The CIDR block of the VPC
- The ID of the DHCP options associated with the VPC (or default if none)
- · Any tags assigned to the VPC
- The allowed tenancy of instances launched into the VPC (default or dedicated)
- Default VPC (true or false)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example describes the VPC with ID vpc-1a2b3c4d.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-vpcs vpc-la2b3c4d

VPC vpc-la2b3c4d available 10.0.0.0/23 dopt-7a8b9c2d default false
```

## **Example Request**

This example uses filters to describe any VPC you own that uses the set of DHCP options with the ID dopt-7a8b9c2d or dopt-2b2a3d3c and whose state is available.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-vpcs --filter "dhcp-options-id=dopt-7a8b9c2d" --filter "dhcp-options-id=dopt-2b2a3d3c" --filter "state=available"

VPC vpc-la2b3c4d available 10.0.0.0/23 dopt-7a8b9c2d default false
```

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

DescribeVpcs

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-vpc (p. 181)
- ec2-delete-vpc (p. 262)
- ec2-associate-dhcp-options (p. 27)
- ec2-create-dhcp-options (p. 99)

# ec2-describe-vpn-connections

# **Description**

Describes one or more of your VPN connections.

For VPN connections in the pending or available state only, you can also optionally get the configuration information for the VPN connection's customer gateway. You do this by specifying a format with the --format option, or by specifying an XSL stylesheet of your own design with the --stylesheet option (you were also able to do this when you created the VPN connection).

For more information about VPN connections, see Adding a Hardware Virtual Private Gateway to Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is **ec2dvpn**.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-describe-vpn-connections [vpn_connection_id ... ] [{--format format} |
{--stylesheet your_stylesheet}] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
vpn_connection_id	A VPN connection ID. You can specify more than one in the request.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your VPN connections.
	Required: No
	Example: vpn-44a8938f
format format	Includes customer gateway configuration information in the response, in the format specified by this option. The information is returned only if the VPN connection is in the pending or available state. The returned information can be formatted for various devices, including a Cisco device (cisco-ios-isr) or Juniper device (juniper-junos-j), in human readable format (generic), or in the native XML format (xml).
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: cisco-ios-isr   juniper-junos-j   juniper-screenos-6.2   juniper-screenos-6.1   generic   xml
	Required: No
	Example:format cisco-ios-isr

Name	Description
stylesheet your_stylesheet	Includes customer gateway configuration information in the response, formatted according to the custom XSL stylesheet you specify with this option. The information is returned only if the VPN connection is in the pending or available state.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:stylesheet c:\my_stylesheet.xsl
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your VPN connections, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

## **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain VPN connections. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in the VPN connections in the pending or available state. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a VPN connection only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify VPN connections that are associated with a specific virtual private gateway, and the gateway is in the pending or available state. The response includes information for a VPN connection only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

### customer-gateway-configuration

The configuration information for the customer gateway.

Type: String

#### customer-gateway-id

The ID of a customer gateway associated with the VPN connection.

Type: String

### state

The state of the VPN connection.

Type: String

Valid values: pending | available | deleting | deleted

### option.static-routes-only

Indicates whether the connection has static routes only. Used for devices that do not support Border Gateway Protocol (BGP).

Type: Boolean

### route.destination-cidr-block

The destination CIDR block. This corresponds to the subnet used in a customer data center.

Type: String

### bgp-asn

The BGP Autonomous System Number (ASN) associated with a BGP device.

Type: Integer

### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

Type: String

### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

#### tag: key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

### type

The type of VPN connection. Currently the only supported type is ipsec.1.

Type: String

Valid values: ipsec.1

### vpn-connection-id

The ID of the VPN connection.

Type: String

### vpn-gateway-id

The ID of a virtual private gateway associated with the VPN connection.

Type: String

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1

Option	Description
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The VPNCONNECTION identifier
- The VPN connection ID
- The type of VPN connection
- · The customer gateway ID
- The virtual private gateway ID
- The state of the VPN connection (pending, available, deleting, deleted)
- Configuration information for the customer gateway (optional and available only if the VPN connection is in the pending or available state)
- · Any tags assigned to the VPN connection

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example gives a description of the VPN connection with ID vpn-44a8938f. The example specifies that the configuration information be formatted as needed for a Cisco customer gateway. Because it's a long set of information, we haven't displayed it here in the response. To see an example of the configuration information, see the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud Network Administrator Guide.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-vpn-connections vpn-44a8938f --format cisco-ios-isr VPNCONNECTION vpn-44a8938f ipsec.1 vgw-8db04f81 cgw-b4dc3961 available <Long customer gateway configuration data formatted for Cisco device...>
```

## **Example Request**

This example uses filters to give a description of any VPN connection you own associated with the customer gateway with ID cgw-b4dc3961, and whose state is either pending or available. Note that it doesn't use the option that causes the output to include the customer gateway configuration.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-vpn-connections --filter "customer-gateway-id=cgw-b4dc3961" --filter "state=pending" --filter "state=available"

VPNCONNECTION vpn-44a8938f ipsec.1 vgw-8db04f81 cgw-b4dc3961 available
```

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• DescribeVpnConnections

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-vpn-connection (p. 185)
- ec2-delete-vpn-connection (p. 266)

# ec2-describe-vpn-gateways

# **Description**

Describes one or more of your virtual private gateways.

For more information about virtual private gateways, see Adding a Hardware Virtual Private Gateway to Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2dvqw.

## **Syntax**

ec2-describe-vpn-gateways [vpn\_gateway\_id ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]

# **Options**

Name	Description
vpn_gateway_id	One or more virtual private gateway IDs.
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your virtual private gateways.
	Required: No
	Example: vgw-8db04f81
-F,filter name=value	A filter for limiting the results. See the Supported Filters section for a list of supported filters. Use quotation marks if the value string has a space ("name=value example"). On a Windows system, use quotation marks even without a space in the value string ("name=value").
	Type: String
	Default: Describes all your virtual private gateways, or only those you specified by ID.
	Required: No
	Example:filter "tag-key=Production"

## **Supported Filters**

You can specify filters so that the response includes information for only certain virtual private gateways. For example, you can use a filter to specify that you're interested in the virtual private gateways in the pending or available state. You can specify multiple values for a filter. The response includes information for a virtual private gateway only if it matches at least one of the filter values that you specified.

You can specify multiple filters; for example, specify virtual private gateways that are in a specific Availability Zone and are in the pending or available state. The response includes information for a virtual private gateway only if it matches all the filters that you specified. If there's no match, no special message is returned, the response is simply empty.

You can use wildcards in a filter value. An asterisk (\*) matches zero or more characters, and a question mark (?) matches exactly one character. You can escape special characters using a backslash (\) before the character. For example, a value of \\*amazon\?\\ searches for the literal string \*amazon?\.

The following are the available filters.

#### attachment.state

The current state of the attachment between the gateway and the VPC.

Type: String

Valid values: attaching | attached | detaching | detached

#### attachment.vpc-id

The ID of an attached VPC.

Type: String

#### availability-zone

The Availability Zone for the virtual private gateway.

Type: String

#### state

The state of the virtual private gateway.

Type: String

Valid values: pending | available | deleting | deleted

#### tag-key

The key of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-value filter. For example, if you use both the filter "tag-key=Purpose" and the filter "tag-value=X", you get any resources assigned both the tag key Purpose (regardless of what the tag's value is), and the tag value X (regardless of what the tag's key is). If you want to list only resources where Purpose is X, see the tag:key filter.

For more information about tags, see Tagging Your Resources in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

Type: String

#### tag-value

The value of a tag assigned to the resource. This filter is independent of the tag-key filter.

Type: String

#### tag:key

Filters the response based on a specific tag/value combination.

Example: To list just the resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X, specify:

```
--filter tag:Purpose=X
```

Example: To list just resources that have been assigned tag Purpose=X OR Purpose=Y, specify:

--filter tag:Purpose=X --filter tag:Purpose=Y

#### type

The type of virtual private gateway. Currently the only supported type is ipsec.1.

Type: String

Valid values: ipsec.1

#### vpn-gateway-id

The ID of the virtual private gateway.

Type: String

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The VPNGATEWAY identifier
- The virtual private gateway ID
- The state of the virtual private gateway (pending, available, deleting, deleted)
- The Availability Zone where the virtual private gateway was created

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- The type of VPN connection the virtual private gateway supports
- The VGWATTACHMENT identifier
- The ID of each attached VPC and the state of each attachment (attaching, attached, detaching, detached)
- · Any tags assigned to the virtual private gateway

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

#### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example gives a description of the virtual private gateway with ID vgw-8db04f81.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-vpn-gateways vgw-8db04f81

VPNGATEWAY vgw-8db04f81 available us-east-1a ipsec.1

VGWATTACHMENT vpc-1a2b3c4d attached
```

#### **Example Request**

This example uses filters to give a description of any virtual private gateway you own that is in the us-east-1a Availability Zone, and whose state is either pending or available.

```
PROMPT> ec2-describe-vpn-gateways --filter "availability-zone=us-east-la" --
filter "state=pending" --filter "state=available"

VPNGATEWAY vgw-8db04f81 available ipsec.1

VGWATTACHMENT vpc-la2b3c4d attached
```

#### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### Related Action

DescribeVpnGateways

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-vpn-gateway (p. 190)
- ec2-delete-vpn-gateway (p. 274)

# ec2-detach-internet-gateway

## **Description**

Detaches an Internet gateway from a VPC, disabling connectivity between the Internet and the VPC. The VPC must not contain any running instances with an Elastic IP address. For more information about your VPC and Internet gateway, see the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2detigw.

### **Syntax**

ec2-detach-internet-gateway vpn\_gateway\_id -c vpc\_id

### **Options**

Name	Description
vpn_gateway_id	The ID of the Internet gateway.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: igw-8db04f81
-c,vpc vpc_id	The ID of the VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -c vpc-1a2b3c4d

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_BLEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout Timeout The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout Timeout To request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	•	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
### Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  ###################################	TOKEN	_
Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	=	·
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-v,verbose	
hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

• Success status (true or false)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

#### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example detaches the Internet gateway with ID igw-eaad4883 from the VPC with ID vpc-11ad4878.

```
PROMPT> ec2-detach-internet-gateway igw-eaad4883 -c vpc-11ad4878
RETURN true
```

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

#### **Related Action**

• DetachInternetGateway

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-detach-internet-gateway (p. 35)
- ec2-create-internet-gateway (p. 120)
- ec2-delete-internet-gateway (p. 213)
- ec2-describe-internet-gateways (p. 366)

## ec2-detach-network-interface

# **Description**

Detaches a network interface from an instance. The NETWORKATTACHMENT parameter is the ID of the attachment.

The short version of this command is ec2detnic.

### **Syntax**

ec2-detach-network-interface NETWORKATTACHMENT -f, --force

## **Options**

Name	Description
-f,force	Forcefully disconnect the network interface from the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
-	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns the name of the network attachment that was detached.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example detaches the specified network interface.

PROMPT> ec2-detach-network-interface eni-attach-083fda61

ATTACHMENT eni-attach-083fda61 detaching

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DetachNetworkInterface

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-attach-network-interface (p. 39)
- ec2-create-network-interface (p. 136)
- ec2-delete-network-interface (p. 229)
- ec2-describe-network-interface-attribute (p. 381)
- ec2-describe-network-interfaces (p. 385)
- ec2-modify-network-interface-attribute (p. 590)

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

ec2-reset-network-interface-att	tribute (p. 674)	

## ec2-detach-volume

## **Description**

Detaches an Amazon EBS volume from an instance. Make sure to unmount any file systems on the device within your operating system before detaching the volume. Failure to do so will result in volume being stuck in "busy" state while detaching. For more information about Amazon EBS, see Elastic Block Store in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

#### Note

If an Amazon EBS volume is the root device of an instance, it cannot be detached while the instance is in the 'running' state. To detach the root volume, stop the instance first. If the root volume is detached from an instance with an AWS Marketplace product code, then the AWS Marketplace product codes from that volume are no longer associated with the instance.

The short version of this command is ec2detvol.

### **Syntax**

ec2-detach-volume volume\_id [--instance\_instance\_id [--device device]] [--force]

#### **Options**

Name	Description
volume_id	The ID of the volume.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: vol-4282672b
-i,instance instance_id	The ID of the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -i i-6058a509
-d,device device	The device name.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -d /dev/sdh

Name	Description
-f,force	Forces detachment if the previous detachment attempt did not occur cleanly (logging into an instance, unmounting the volume, and detaching normally). This option can lead to data loss or a corrupted file system. Use this option only as a last resort to detach a volume from a failed instance. The instance will not have an opportunity to flush file system caches or file system metadata. If you use this option, you must perform file system check and repair procedures.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -f

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ATTACHMENT identifier
- The ID of the volume
- The ID of the instance
- The device name
- · The attachment state of the volume
- The time stamp of the last operation on the volume
- Whether or not the volume is set to delete on termination (true or false)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example detaches volume vol-la2b3c4d.

PROMPT> ec2-detach-volume vol-1a2b3c4d

ATTACHMENT vol-la2b3c4d i-la2b3c4d /dev/sdh detaching YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• DetachVolume

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-attach-volume (p. 43)
- ec2-create-volume (p. 176)
- ec2-delete-volume (p. 258)
- ec2-describe-volumes (p. 478)

# ec2-detach-vpn-gateway

## **Description**

Detaches a virtual private gateway from a VPC. You do this if you're planning to turn off the VPC and not use it anymore. You can confirm a virtual private gateway has been completely detached from a VPC by describing the virtual private gateway (any attachments to the virtual private gateway are also described).

You must wait for the attachment's state to switch to detached before you can delete the VPC or attach a different VPC to the virtual private gateway.

For more information about virtual private gateways, see Adding a Hardware Virtual Private Gateway to Your VPC in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2detvgw.

#### **Syntax**

ec2-detach-vpn-gateway -p vpn\_gateway\_id -c vpc\_id

#### **Options**

Name	Description
-p vpn_gateway_id	The ID of the virtual private gateway.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -p vgw-8db04f81
-c vpc_id	The ID of the VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -c vpc-1a2b3c4d

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

Option	Description
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The VPNGATEWAY identifier
- The ID of the VPC
- The state of detachment (attaching, attached, detaching, detached)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example detaches the virtual private gateway with ID vgw-8db04f81 from the VPC with the ID vpc-1a2b3c4d.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

 $\label{eq:prompt} \mbox{PROMPT>} \mbox{ ec2-detach-vpn-gateway -p } \mbox{ } \mbox{vgw-8db04f81 } \mbox{ -c vpc-la2b3c4d } \mbox{ } \mbox{VGWATTACHMENT} \mbox{ } \mbox{ } \mbox{vpc-la2b3c4d } \mbox{ } \mbox{ } \mbox{detaching}$ 

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DetachVpnGateway

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-attach-vpn-gateway (p. 47)
- ec2-describe-vpn-gateways (p. 499)

# ec2-disable-vgw-route-propagation

## **Description**

Disables a virtual private gateway (VGW) from propagating routes to the routing tables of a VPC. This command is only available in EC2-VPC.

The short version of this command is **ec2drp**.

### **Syntax**

ec2-disable-vgw-route-propagation --route-table ROUTE-TABLE-ID --vgw VIRTUAL PRIVATE GATEWAY ID

## **Options**

Name	Description
route-table table ID	The ID of the routing table.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
vgw virtual private gateway	The ID of the virtual private gateway.
ID	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_BLEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout Timeout The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout Timeout To request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	•	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
### Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  ###################################	TOKEN	_
Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	=	·
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-v,verbose	
hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

The command returns true if the operation succeeds or an error if the operation does not succeed.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

#### **Example**

#### **Example Request**

This example disables the virtual private gateway, vgw-2acfb1 from propagating routes to route table rtb-5c6de435.

PROMPT> ec2-disable-vgw-route-propagation --route-table rtb-5c6de435 --vgw vgw-2acfb1 RETURN true

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

### **Related Action**

• DisableVgwRoutePropagation

## ec2-disassociate-address

## **Description**

Disassociates an Elastic IP address from the instance or network interface it's associated with.

An Elastic IP address is for use either in the EC2-Classic platform or in a VPC. For more information, see Elastic IP Addresses in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

This is an idempotent action. If you enter it more than once, Amazon EC2 does not return an error.

The short version of this command is ec2disaddr.

## **Syntax**

ec2-disassociate-address { ip\_address | -a association\_id}

## **Options**

Name	Description
ip_address	[EC2-Classic] The Elastic IP address.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required for EC2-Classic.
	Example: 192.0.2.1
-a,association-id	[EC2-VPC] The association ID.
assocation_id	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required for EC2-VPC.
	Example: -a eipassoc-fc5ca095

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  His command output.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ADDRESS identifier
- The Elastic IP address

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example disassociates the Elastic IP address (192.0.2.1) from the instance it's associated with in EC2-Classic.

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-disassociate-address 192.0.2.1
ADDRESS 192.0.2.1

#### **Example Request**

This example disassociates the Elastic IP address with association ID eipassoc-048c746d from the instance it's associated with in a VPC.

PROMPT> ec2-disassociate-address -a eipassoc-048c746d ADDRESS eipassoc-048c746d

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

DisassociateAddress

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-allocate-address (p. 12)
- ec2-associate-address (p. 21)
- ec2-describe-addresses (p. 286)
- ec2-release-address (p. 627)

## ec2-disassociate-route-table

## **Description**

Disassociates a subnet from a route table.

After you perform this action, the subnet no longer uses the routes in the route table. Instead, it uses the routes in the VPC's main route table. For more information about route tables, see Route Tables in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2disrtb.

## **Syntax**

ec2-disassociate-route-table route\_table\_association\_id

### **Options**

Name	Description
route_table_association_id	The association ID representing the current association between the route table and subnet.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: rtbassoc-61a34608

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key <i>EC2-PRIVATE-KEY</i>	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

• Success status (true or false)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

#### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example disassociates the route table with association ID rtbassoc-fdad4894 from the subnet it's associated to.

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} $\tt PROMPT>$ & ec2-disassociate-route-table & rtbassoc-fdad4894 \\ \tt RETURN & true \end{tabular}$ 

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• DisassociateRouteTable

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-associate-route-table (p. 31)
- ec2-create-route-table (p. 155)
- ec2-delete-route-table (p. 239)
- ec2-describe-route-tables (p. 423)
- ec2-replace-route-table-association (p. 644)

## ec2-enable-volume-io

## **Description**

Enables I/O operations for a volume that had I/O operations disabled because the data on the volume was potentially inconsistent.

The short version of this command is ec2evio.

### **Syntax**

ec2-enable-volume-io volume\_id

## **Options**

Name	Description
volume_id	The ID of the volume.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: vol-43a4412a

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a Boolean value indicating whether the request succeeded.

• Boolean value representing whether the call succeeded.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

#### **Example**

#### **Example Request**

This example enables the I/O operations for the volume vol-232323.

PROMPT> ec2-enable-volume-io vol-232323 RETURN true

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

EnableVolumeIO

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

## **Related Commands**

# ec2-enable-vgw-route-propagation

# **Description**

Enables a virtual private gateway (VGW) to propagate routes to the routing tables of a VPC. This command is only available in EC2-VPC.

The short version of this command is ec2erp.

## **Syntax**

ec2-enable-vgw-route-propagation --route-table ROUTE-TABLE-ID --vgw VIRTUAL PRIVATE GATEWAY ID

## **Options**

Name	Description
route-table table ID	The ID of the routing table.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
vgw virtual private gateway	The ID of the virtual private gateway.
ID	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

The command returns true if the operation succeeds or an error if the operation does not succeed.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Example**

#### **Example Request**

This example enables the virtual private gateway, vgw-2acfb1 to propagate static routes to route table rtb-5c6de435.

PROMPT> ec2-enable-vgw-route-propagation --route-table rtb-5c6de435 --vgw vgw-2acfb1
RETURN true

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

## **Related Action**

• EnableVgwRoutePropagation

# ec2-fingerprint-key

# **Description**

Computes and displays the fingerprint for a private key produced by Amazon EC2.

This operation is performed entirely on the client-side. Network access is not required.

The short version of this command is **ec2fp**.

## **Syntax**

ec2-fingerprint-key keyfile

# **Options**

Name	Description
keyfile	The path to a file containing an unencrypted PEM-encoded PKCS#8 private key.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: mykey.pem

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

· A key fingerprint. This is formatted as a hash digest with each octet separated by a colon

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example computes and displays the fingerprint for the mykey.pem private key.

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Commands**

• ec2-describe-keypairs (p. 371)

# ec2-get-console-output

# **Description**

Retrieves console output for the specified instance.

Amazon EC2 instances do not have a physical monitor through which you can view their console output. They also lack physical controls that allow you to power up, reboot, or shut them down. To allow these actions, we provide them through the Amazon EC2 API and the command line tools.

Instance console output is buffered and posted shortly after instance boot, reboot, and termination. Amazon EC2 preserves the most recent 64 KB output which will be available for at least one hour after the most recent post.

For Linux/UNIX instances, the Amazon EC2 instance console output displays the exact console output that would normally be displayed on a physical monitor attached to a machine. This output is buffered because the instance produces it and then posts it to a store where the instance's owner can retrieve it.

For Windows instances, the Amazon EC2 instance console output displays the last three system event log errors.

The short version of this command is **ec2gcons**.

### **Syntax**

ec2-get-console-output instance\_id [-r]

## **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	The ID of the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-10a64379
-r,raw-console-output	Returns raw output without escapes to facilitate reading.
	Type: String
	Default: Disabled
	Required: No
	Example: -r

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The instance ID
- · A timestamp indicating the time of the last update
- The instance console output. By default the ^ESC character is escaped and duplicate new-lines are removed to facilitate reading

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example retrieves the console output for the i-10a64379 Linux and UNIX instance.

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• GetConsoleOutput

#### **Related Commands**

• ec2-run-instances (p. 694)

# ec2-get-password

# **Description**

Retrieves and decrypts the administrator password for the instances running Windows.

You must specify the key pair used to launch the instance.

#### Note

The Windows password is only generated the first time an AMI is launched. It is not generated for rebundled AMIs or after the password is changed on an instance.

The password is encrypted using the key pair that you provided.

Password generation and encryption takes a few moments. Please wait up to 15 minutes after launching an instance before trying to retrieve the generated password.

The short version of this command is ec2gpass.

## **Syntax**

ec2-get-password instanceId -k key\_file

# **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	A Windows instance ID.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-9b76d0f3
-k,priv-launch-key key_file	The file that contains the private key used to launch the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -k windows-keypair.pem

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

• The Windows administrator password

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example returns the administrator password for the i-2574e22a instance.

 $\label{eq:prompt} \begin{array}{lll} \texttt{PROMPT} > & \textbf{ec2-get-password i-2574e22a -k windows-keypair.pem} \\ \texttt{q96A40B9w} \end{array}$ 

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

GetPasswordData

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)
- ec2-describe-instances (p. 353)

# ec2-import-instance

# **Description**

Creates a new import instance task using metadata from the specified disk image, and imports the image to Amazon EC2. For more information about prerequisites for importing an instance, see Before You Get Started and Using the Command Line Tools to Import Your Virtual Machine to Amazon EC2 in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

If the upload task doesn't complete, use ec2-resume-import to resume the import from where it was interrupted.

The short version of this command is ec2iin.

### **Syntax**

```
ec2-import-instance -t instance_type [-g group] -f file_format -a architecture [-p platform_name] -b s3_bucket_name [-o owner] -w secret_key [--prefix prefix] [--manifest-url url] [-s volume_size] [-z availability_zone] [-d description] [--user-data user_data] [--user-data-file disk_image_filename] [--subnet subnet_id] [--private-ip-address ip_address] [--monitor] [--instance-initiated-shutdown-behavior behavior] [--x days] [--ignore-region-affinity] [--dry-run] [--no-upload] [--dont-verify-format]
```

### **Options**

Name	Description
-t,instance-type instance_type	The type of instance to be launched. See Available Instance Types for more information.
	Type: String
	Default: m1.small
	Required: Yes
	Example: -t m1.small
	Note The -a option is only honored if the -t option is passed. If the -t option is not passed, then -a is treated as i386. If the -t option is not passed, the instance type defaults to m1.small.

Name	Description
-g,group group	The security group within which the instances should be run. Determines the ingress firewall rules that are applied to the launched instances. Only one security group is supported for an instance.
	Type: String
	Default: Your default security group
	Required: No
	Example: -g myGroup
-f,format file_format	The file format of the disk image.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: VMDK   RAW   VHD
	Required: Yes
	Example: -f VMDK
-a,architecture architecture	The architecture of the image. Using this option ensures that your image is imported as the expected instance type.
	Type: String
	Default: i386
	Valid values: i386   x86_64
	Required: Yes
	Condition: Required if instance type is specified; otherwise defaults to i386.
	Note The -a option is only honored if the -t option is passed. If the -t option is not passed, then -a is treated as i386. If the -t option is not passed, the instance type defaults to m1.small.
	Example: -a i386
-p,platform platform_name	The operating system of the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid value: Windows
	Required: No

Name	Description
-b,bucket s3_bucket_name	The Amazon S3 destination bucket for the manifest.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Themanifest-url parameter is not specified.
	Example: myawsbucket
-o,owner-akid access_key_id	The access key ID of the bucket owner.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
-w,owner-sak	The secret access key of the bucket owner.
secret_access_key	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
prefix prefix	The prefix for the manifest file and disk image file parts within the Amazon S3 bucket.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:prefix MyDiskParts
manifest-url <i>url</i>	The URL for an existing import manifest file already uploaded to Amazon S3.
	Type: String
	Default: None. This option cannot be specified if thebucket option is present.
	Required: No
	Example: my-ami.manifest.xml

Name	Description
-s,volume-size volume_size	The size of the Amazon EBS volume, in GiB (2^30 bytes), that will hold the converted image. If not specified, EC2 calculates the value using the disk image file.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -s 30
-z,availability-zone	The Availability Zone for the converted VM.
availability_zone	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: Use ec2-describe-availability-zones for a list of values
	Required: No
	Example: -z us-east-1
-d,description description	An optional, free-form comment returned verbatim during subsequent calls to ec2-describe-conversion-tasks.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraint: Maximum length of 255 characters
	Required: No
	Example: -d Test of ec2-import-instance
user-data user_data	User data to be made available to the imported instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:user-data This is user data
user-data-file disk_image_filename	The file containing user data made available to the imported instance.
	Type: String Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:user-data-file my_data_file
user-data-file disk_image_filename	

Name	Description
subnet subnet_id	[EC2-VPC] The ID of the subnet into which you're launching the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:subnet subnet-f3e6ab83
private-ip-address ip_address	[EC2-VPC] The specific IP address within <i>subnet</i> to use for the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:private-ip-address 10.0.0.3
monitor	Enables monitoring of the specified instance(s).
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:monitor
instance-initiated-shutdown-behavior behavior	If an instance shutdown is initiated, this determines whether the instance stops or terminates.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: stop   terminate
	Required: No
	Example:instance-initiated-shutdown-behavior stop
-x,expires days	The validity period for the signed Amazon S3 URLs that allow EC2 to access the manifest.
	Type: String
	Default: 30 days
	Required: No
	Example: -x 10

Name	Description
ignore-region-affinity	Ignores the verification check to determine whether the bucket's Amazon S3 region matches the EC2 region where the conversion task is created.
	Type: None
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:ignore-region-affinity
dry-run	Validates that the disk image matches a known type, without creating an import task.
	Type: None
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:dry-run
dont-verify-format	Skips verifying the file format. We don't recommend this option because it can result in a failed conversion.
	Type: None
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:dont-verify-format
no-upload	Creates an import task, without uploading a disk image to Amazon S3. To complete the import task and upload the disk image, use ec2-resume-import.
	Type: None
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:no-upload

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1

Option	Description
-U,url <i>URL</i>	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

Option	Description	
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.	
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.	
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.	
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.	
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -	

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns the following information:

- Task ID, which you will use in other commands
- General information about the disk image, such as the size and format
- General information about the import operation, such as the status, bytes received, and expiration deadline

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Example**

### **Example Request**

This example creates an import instance task that migrates a Windows Server 2008 SP2 (32-bit) VM into the AWS us-east-1 region.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-import-instance ./WinSvr8-disk1.vmdk -f VMDK -o AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY -b myawsbucket

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• ImportInstance

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-cancel-conversion-task (p. 69)
- ec2-delete-disk-image (p. 205)
- ec2-describe-conversion-tasks (p. 302)
- ec2-import-volume (p. 565)
- ec2-resume-import (p. 682)

# ec2-import-keypair

# **Description**

Imports the public key from an RSA key pair that you created with a third-party tool. Compare this with ec2-create-keypair, in which AWS creates the key pair and gives the keys to you (AWS keeps a copy of the public key). With ec2-import-keypair, you create the key pair and give AWS just the public key. The private key is never transferred between you and AWS.

You can easily create an RSA key pair on Windows and Linux using the ssh-keygen command line tool (provided with the standard OpenSSH installation). Standard library support for RSA key pair creation is also available in Java, Ruby, Python, and many other programming languages.

#### Supported formats:

- OpenSSH public key format (e.g., the format in ~/.ssh/authorized\_keys)
- · Base64 encoded DER format
- SSH public key file format as specified in RFC4716

DSA keys are not supported. Make sure your key generator is set up to create RSA keys.

Supported lengths: 1024, 2048, and 4096.

The short version of this command is ec2ikey.

### **Syntax**

ec2-import-keypair <a href="mailto:key-file">key\_file</a>

### **Options**

Name	Description
key_name	A unique name for the key pair.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: myfavoritekeypair
-f,public-key-file key_file	The path and name of the file containing the public key.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -f C:\keys\myfavoritekeypair_public.ppk

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

The command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The KEYPAIR identifier
- The name of the key pair
- The MD5 public key fingerprint as specified in section 4 of RFC4716

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example imports the public key from the file C:\keys\mykey.ppk.

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

ImportKeyPair

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-keypair (p. 123)
- ec2-delete-keypair (p. 217)
- ec2-describe-keypairs (p. 371)

# ec2-import-volume

# **Description**

Creates a new import volume task using metadata from the specified disk image, and imports the image to Amazon EC2. For more information about prerequisites for importing a volume, see Before You Get Started and Using the Command Line Tools to Import Your Virtual Machine to Amazon EC2 in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

If the upload task doesn't complete, use ec2-resume-import to resume the import from where it was interrupted.

The short version of this command is ec2ivol.

### **Syntax**

ec2-import-volume disk\_image -f file\_format [-s volume\_size] -z availability\_zone [-b s3\_bucket\_name] [-o owner] -w secret\_key [--prefix prefix] [--manifest-url url] [-d description] [--x days] [--ignore-region-affinity] [--dry-run] [--no-upload] [--dont-verify-format]

## **Options**

Name	Description
disk_image	The local file name of the disk image.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: WinSvr8-64-disk1.vmdk
-f,format file_format	The file format of the disk image.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: VMDK   RAW   VHD
	Required: Yes
	Example: -f VMDK

Name	Description
-s,volume-size volume_size	The size, in GB (2^30 bytes), of an Amazon EBS volume that will hold the converted image. If not specified, Amazon EC2 calculates the value using the disk image file.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -s 30
-z,availability-zone zone	The Availability Zone for the converted VM.
	Type: String
	Valid values: Use ec2-describe-availability-zones for a list of values.
	Required: No
	Example: -z us-east-1a
-b,bucket bucket	The Amazon S3 destination bucket for the manifest.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Condition: Required when themanifest-url parameter is not specified.
	Required: Yes
	Example: -b myawsbucket
-o,owner-akid access_key_id	The access key ID of the bucket owner.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
-w,owner-sak secret_access_key	The secret access key of the bucket owner.
secret_access_ney	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY

Name	Description
prefix prefix	The prefix for the manifest file and disk image file parts within the Amazon S3 bucket.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:prefix MyDiskParts
manifest-url url	The URL for an existing import manifest file already uploaded to Amazon S3.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Condition: This option cannot be specified if thebucket option is present.
	Required: No
	Example: my-ami.manifest.xml
-d,description description	An optional, free-form comment returned verbatim during subsequent calls to ec2-describe-conversion tasks.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraint: Maximum length of 255 characters
	Required: No
	Example: -d Test of ec2-import-instance
-x,expires days	The validity period for the signed Amazon S3 URLS that allow EC2 to access the manifest.
	Type: String
	Default: 30 days
	Required: No
	Example: -x 10
ignore-region-affinity	Ignores the verification check to determine whether the bucket's Amazon S3 region matches the Amazon EC2 region where the conversion-task is created.
	Type: None
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:ignore-region-affinity

Name	Description
dry-run	Does not create an import task, only validates that the disk image matches a known type.
	Type: None
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:dry-run
no-upload	Does not upload a disk image to Amazon S3, only creates an import task. To complete the import task and upload the disk image, use ec2-resume-import.
	Type: None
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:no-upload
dont-verify-format	Does not verify the file format. We don't recommend this option because it can result in a failed conversion.
	Type: None
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:dont-verify-format

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_delegation_token.  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	•	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
### Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  ###################################	TOKEN	_
Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		
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show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-v,verbose	
hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns the following information:

- The percentage of the import completed
- · The checksum value
- Information about the volume, such as the size and format

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Example**

#### **Example Request**

This example creates an import volume task that migrates a Windows Server 2008 (32-bit) volume into the AWS us-east-1 region.

PROMPT>ec2-import-volume 123M.vmdk -f VMDK -z us-east-1a -s 9 -b myawsbucket - o AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• ImportVolume

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-cancel-conversion-task (p. 69)
- ec2-delete-disk-image (p. 205)
- ec2-describe-conversion-tasks (p. 302)
- ec2-import-instance (p. 552)
- ec2-resume-import (p. 682)

# ec2-migrate-image

## **Description**

Copies a bundled AMI from one region to another.

#### Note

This tool replaces ec2-migrate-bundle (p. 755). This tool does not work with AMIs backed by Amazon EBS.

The short version of this command is **ec2mim**.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-migrate-image --private-key private_key --cert cert -U url --owner-akid access_key_id --owner-sak secret_access_key --bucket source_s3_bucket --destination-bucket destination_s3_bucket --manifest manifest_path --acl acl --location {US | EU} --ec2cert ec2_cert_path [--kernel kernel-id] [--ramdisk ramdisk_id] {--no-mapping} --region mapping_region_name
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
-K,private-key private_key	The path to your PEM-encoded RSA key file.
	Type: String
	Default: Uses the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable
	Required: No
-C,cert cert	The user's PEM encoded RSA public key certificate file.
	Type: String
	Default: Uses the EC2_CERT environment variable
	Required: No
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-U,url url	The URL to use as the web service URL.
	Type: String
	Default: https://ec2.amazonaws.com
	Required: No
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

Name	Description
-o,owner-akid access_key_id	The access key ID of the bucket owner.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -o AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
-w,owner-sak	The secret access key of the bucket owner.
secret_access_key	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
bucket source_s3_bucket	The source Amazon S3 bucket where the AMI is located, followed by an optional '/'-delimited path prefix.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example:bucket myawsbucket
destination-bucket destination_s3_bucket	The destination Amazon S3 bucket, followed by an optional '/'-delimited path prefix. If the destination bucket does not exist, it is created.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example:destination-bucket myotherawsbucket
manifest manifest	The location of the Amazon S3 source manifest.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example:manifest my-ami.manifest.xml

Name	Description
location {US   EU}	The location of the destination Amazon S3 bucket.
	Type: String
	Valid values: US   EU
	Default: US
	Required: No
	Example:location EU
acl acl	The access control list policy of the bundled image.
	Type: String
	Valid values: public-read   aws-exec-read
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example:acl public-read
kernel	The ID of the kernel to select.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:kernel aki-ba3adfd3
ramdisk	The ID of the RAM disk to select.
	Note It is recommended that PV-GRUB be used instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, go to PV-GRUB: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:ramdisk ari-badbad00
no-mapping	Disables automatic mapping of kernels and RAM disks.
	Type: String
	Default: Mapping is enabled.
	Required: No
	Example:no-mapping

Name	Description
region region	The region to look up in the mapping file.
	Type: String
	Default: Amazon EC2 attempts to determine the region from the location of the Amazon S3 bucket.
	Required: No
	Example:region eu-west-1

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

Status messages describing the stages and status of the migration

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example copies the AMI specified in the my-ami.manifest.xml manifest from the US to the EU.

```
PROMPT> ec2-migrate-image --cert cert-THUMBPRINT.pem --private-key pk-THUMB
PRINT.pem --owner-akid
AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE --owner-sak wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY --
bucket myawsbucket
--destination-bucket my-eu-bucket --manifest my-ami.manifest.xml --acl aws-
exec-read --location EU
Copying 'my-ami.part.00'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.01'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.02'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.03'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.04'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.05'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.06'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.07'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.08'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.09'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.10'...
Your new bundle is in S3 at the following location:
my-eu-bucket/my-ami.manifest.xml
```

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

There is no underlying API action for this command.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-register (p. 619)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)

# ec2-modify-image-attribute

## **Description**

Modifies an attribute of an AMI.

#### Note

AWS Marketplace product codes cannot be modified. Images with an AWS Marketplace product code cannot be made public.

The short version of this command is ec2mimatt.

## **Syntax**

ec2-modify-image-attribute ami\_id {-1 (-a entity | -r entity) | --product-codes
code}

## **Options**

Name	Description
ami_id	The AMI ID.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: ami-2bb65342
-p,product-codes <i>code</i>	The product code to add to the specified instance store-backed AMI. After you add a product code to an AMI, it can't be removed.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -p D662E989
-1,launch-permission	Used with theadd orremove flags to grant or revoke launch permissions.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example:launch-permission

Name	Description
-a,add entity	Adds a launch permission for the specified AWS account or for all accounts.
	Type: String
	Valid values: AWS account identifier   all
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example:launch-permissionadd all
-r,remove entity	Removes a launch permission for the specified AWS account or for all users.
	Type: String
	Valid values: AWS account identifier   all
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example:launch-permissionremove all

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout	The request timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The attribute type identifier
- The ID of the AMI on which attributes are being modified
- The action performed on the attribute
- The attribute or attribute list item value type
- · The attribute or attribute list item value

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example makes the AMI public (i.e., so any AWS account can launch it).

```
PROMPT> ec2-modify-image-attribute ami-la2b3c4d -l -a all launchPermission ami-la2b3c4d ADD group all
```

### **Example Request**

This example makes the AMI private (i.e., so only you as the owner can launch it).

```
PROMPT> ec2-modify-image-attribute ami-la2b3c4d -l -r all launchPermission ami-la2b3c4d REMOVE group all
```

### **Example Request**

This example grants launch permission to the AWS account with ID 444455556666.

```
PROMPT> ec2-modify-image-attribute ami-2bb65342 -1 -a 444455556666 launchPermission ami-2bb65342 ADD userId 444455556666
```

### **Example Request**

This example removes launch permission from the AWS account with ID 444455556666.

PROMPT> ec2-modify-image-attribute ami-la2b3c4d -1 -r 444455556666 launchPermission ami-la2b3c4d REMOVE userId 444455556666

### **Example Request**

This example adds the 774F4FF8 product code to the ami-la2b3c4d AMI.

PROMPT> ec2-modify-image-attribute ami-la2b3c4d -p 774F4FF8 productcodes ami-la2b3c4d productCode 774F4FF8

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• ModifyImageAttribute

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-reset-image-attribute (p. 666)
- ec2-describe-image-attribute (p. 326)

# ec2-modify-instance-attribute

## **Description**

Modifies the specified attribute of the specified instance. You can specify only one attribute at a time.

#### Note

To modify some attributes, the instance must be stopped. For more information, see Modifying Attributes of a Stopped Instance in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User's Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2minatt.

### **Syntax**

```
ec2-modify-instance-attribute instance_id { --block-device-mapping mapping |
--disable-api-termination Boolean | --ebs-optimized Boolean--> | --group-id
group_id [...] | --instance-initiated-shutdown-behavior |
--instance-type type | --kernel kernel_id | --ramdisk ramdisk_id |
--source-dest-check Boolean | --user-data user_data }
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	The instance ID.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-43a4412a
-b,block-device-mapping mapping	Modifies the DeleteOnTermination attribute for volumes that are currently attached. The volume must be owned by the caller. If no value is specified for DeleteOnTerminaton, the volume is deleted when the instance is terminated.
	To add instance store volumes to an Amazon EBS-backed instance, you must add them when you launch the instance. For more information, see Updating the Block Device Mapping when Launching an Instance in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: BlockDeviceMapping
	Required: No
	Example: -b "/dev/sdb=vol-7eb96d16:false"

Name	Description
disable-api-termination Boolean	Whether the instance can be terminated using the EC2 API. A value of true means you can't terminate the instance using the API (the instance is "locked"). A value of false means you can terminate the instance using the API (the instance is "unlocked"). Set this attribute to true to prevent the instance from being terminated using the EC2 API.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: false
	Required: No
	Example:disable-api-termination true
ebs-optimized Boolean	Whether the instance is optimized for EBS I/O. This optimization provides dedicated throughput to Amazon EBS and an optimized configuration stack to provide optimal EBS I/O performance. This option isn't available on all instance types. Additional usage charge apply when using this option.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: false
	Required: No
	Example:ebs-optimized true
-g,group-id group_id	[EC2-VPC] Modify the security groups an instance is in. The new set of groups you specify replaces the current set. You must specify at least one group, even if it's just the default security group for the VPC. You must specify the group ID and not the group name.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -g sg-1a1a1a1a -g sg-9b9b9b9b
instance-initiated-shutdown-behavior behavior	Whether the instance stops or terminates when you initiate instance shutdown.
	Type: String
	Valid values: stop   terminate
	Default: stop
	Required: No
	Example:instance-initiated-shutdown-behavior stop

Name	Description
-t,instance-type <i>type</i>	The type of the instance. See Available Instance Types for more information. An InvalidInstanceAttributeValue error will be returned if the instance type is not valid.
	Type: String
	Default: m1.small
	Required: No
	Example: -t m1.large
kernel kernel_id	The ID of the kernel associated with the AMI.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:kernel aki-1a2b3c4d
ramdisk ramdisk_id	The ID of the RAM disk associated with the AMI.
	Note It is recommended that PV-GRUB be used instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, go to PV-GRUB: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:ramdisk ari-1a2b3c4d
source-dest-check <i>Boolean</i>	Enables an instance in a VPC to perform NAT. The attribute controls whether source/destination checking is enabled on the instance. A value of true means checking is enabled, and false means checking is disabled. The value must be false for the instance to perform NAT. For more information, see NAT Instances in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: true
	Required: No
	Example:source-dest-check false

Name	Description
user-data user_data	The Base64-encoded MIME user data to be made available to the instance(s) in this reservation.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:user-data "My user data"

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable and the URL specified by the $-U$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The attribute type identifier
- The ID of the instance on which attributes are being modified
- The new attribute value

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example changes the kernel for the instance.

PROMPT> ec2-modify-instance-attribute i-10a64379 --kernel aki-f70657b2 kernel i-10a64379 aki-f70657b2

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• ModifyInstanceAttribute

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-instance-attribute (p. 340)
- ec2-reset-instance-attribute (p. 670)

## ec2-modify-network-interface-attribute

## **Description**

Modifies a network interface attribute. You can specify only one attribute at a time.

The short version of this command is ec2mnicatt.

## **Syntax**

ec2-modify-network-interface-attribute NETWORKINTERFACE -d, --description DESCRIPTION -a, --attachment ATTACHMENT --delete-on-termination BOOLEAN --source-dest-check BOOLEAN --group-id GROUP\_ID

## **Options**

Name	Description
-d,description DESCRIPTION	Changes the description of the network interface.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -d "My Second ENI"
-a,attachment ATTACHMENT	Changes properties of the attachment.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: Must be used in conjunction withdelete-on-termination.
	Required: Yes
	Example: -a eni-attach-09703260 -delete-on-termination false
delete-on-termination BOOLEAN	Sets whether the network interface shall be deleted when the network interface is detached.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: Must be used in conjunction withattachment.
	Required: Yes
	Example: -a eni-attach-09703260 -delete-on-termination false

Name	Description
source-dest-check BOOLEAN	Sets whether to enable the source/dest check on traffic through this network interface.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: Valid options are 'true' and 'false'.
	Required: Yes
	Example:source-dest-check false
group-id GROUP_ID	Replaces the security groups for this network interface.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example:group-id sg-b90619d5 –groupd id sg-a92639c9

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If  AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns the name of the attribute that was modified.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example adds a description to the network interface.

```
PROMPT> ec2-modify-network-interface-attribute eni-b35da6da -d "This is an ENI" NETWORKINTERFACE eni-b35da6da description
```

This example turns off source/destination checking for network traffic across the network interface.

```
PROMPT> ec2-modify-network-interface-attribute eni-b35da6da --source-dest-check false

NETWORKINTERFACE eni-b35da6da sourceDestCheck

SOURCEDESTCHECK false
```

This example changes the security group for the specified network interface.

```
PROMPT> ec2-modify-network-interface-attribute eni-b35da6da --group-id sg-8ealbce2

NETWORKINTERFACE eni-b35da6da group

GROUPID sg-8ealbce2
```

This example retains the network interface when it is detached from an instance.

```
PROMPT> ec2-modify-network-interface-attribute eni-b35da6da --delete-on-termin ation false -a eni-attach-083fda61

NETWORKINTERFACE eni-b35da6da attachment
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• ModifyNetworkInterfaceAttribute

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-attach-network-interface (p. 39)
- ec2-create-network-interface (p. 136)
- ec2-delete-network-interface (p. 229)
- ec2-describe-network-interface-attribute (p. 381)
- ec2-describe-network-interfaces (p. 385)
- ec2-detach-network-interface (p. 508)
- ec2-reset-network-interface-attribute (p. 674)

## ec2-modify-snapshot-attribute

## **Description**

Adds or remove permission settings for the specified snapshot.

The short version of this command is ec2msnapatt.

#### Note

Snapshots with AWS Marketplace product codes cannot be made public.

## **Syntax**

ec2-modify-snapshot-attribute snapshot\_id -c [--add entity | --remove entity]

## **Options**

Name	Description
snapshot_id	The ID of the snapshot.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: snap-78a54011
-c,create-volume-permission	Modifies the create volume permissions of the snapshot.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -c
-a,add entity	Adds a permission for the specified AWS account or for all accounts.
	Type: String
	Valid values: AWS account identifier   all
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -cadd all

Name	Description
remove entity	Removes a permission for the specified AWS account or for all accounts.
	Type: String
	Valid values: AWS account identifier   all
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -cremove all

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The createVolumePermission identifier
- The ID of the snapshot
- The action performed on the attribute
- The attribute or attribute list item value type
- · The attribute or attribute list item value

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example makes the snap-la2b3c4d snapshot public.

PROMPT> ec2-modify-snapshot-attribute snap-1a2b3c4d -c --add all createVolumePermission snap-1a2b3c4d ADD group all

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• ModifySnapshotAttribute

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-snapshot (p. 159)
- ec2-describe-snapshot-attribute (p. 429)
- ec2-describe-snapshots (p. 433)
- ec2-reset-snapshot-attribute (p. 678)

## ec2-modify-volume-attribute

## **Description**

Modifies a volume attribute.

By default, all I/O operations for the volume are suspended when the data on the volume is determined to be potentially inconsistent, to prevent undetectable, latent data corruption. The I/O access to the volume can be resumed by first issuing the ec2-enable-volume-io (p. 533) command to enable I/O access and then checking the data consistency on your volume.

You can change the default behavior to resume I/O operations without issuing the ec2-enable-volume-io (p. 533) command by setting the auto-enable-io attribute of the volume to true. We recommend that you change this attribute only for volumes that are stateless or disposable, or for boot volumes.

The short version of this command is ec2mvolatt.

### **Syntax**

ec2-modify-volume-attribute volume\_id ... --attribute\_flag ATTRIBUTE\_VALUE

## **Options**

Name	Description
volume_id	The ID of the volume.
	Type: String
	Required: Yes
	Example: vol-4282672b
-aauto-enable-io	Determines whether the volume should be auto-enabled for I/O operations.
	Type: Boolean
	Required: Yes
	Example:auto-enable-io true

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

Option	Description
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ID of the volume
- · A Boolean value for the attribute

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Example**

### **Example Request**

This example modifies the attribute of the volume vol-999999.

PROMPT> ec2-modify-volume-attribute vol-999999 --auto-enable-io true VolumeId Attribute

## Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

vol-999999 autoEnableIo AUTO-ENABLE-IO true

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• ModifyVolumeAttribute

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-volume-attribute (p. 468)
- ec2-describe-volume-status (p. 472)
- ec2-enable-volume-io (p. 533)

# ec2-modify-vpc-attribute

## **Description**

Modifies the specified attribute of the specified VPC.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-modify-vpc-attribute --vpc vpc-id [--dns-support {true|false}]
[--dns-hostname {true|false}] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
-c,vpc vpc-id	The ID of the VPC.
	Type: String
	Required: Yes
	Example: vpc-1a2b3c4d
-s,dns-support {true false}	Specifies whether the DNS server provided by Amazon is enabled for the VPC. If this attribute is true, this DNS resolution is enabled; otherwise, this DNS resolution is disabled.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: true
	Required: No
	Example:dns-support true
-d,dns-hostnames {true false}	Specifies whether DNS hostnames are provided for the instances launched in this VPC. If this attribute is true, DNS hostnames are provided; otherwise, DNS hostnames are not provided. You can only set this attribute to true ifdns-support is also true.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: true
	Required: No
	Example:dns-hostnames false

Option	Description
region <i>REGION</i>	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key <i>EC2-PRIVATE-KEY</i>	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns true if the command succeeded and false otherwise.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example disables support for DNS hostnames in the VPC with the ID vpc-la2b3c4d.

PROMPT> ec2-modify-vpc-attribute --vpc vpc-1a2b3c4d --dns-hostnames false

## **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• ModifyVpcAttribute

#### **Related Commands**

• ec2-describe-vpc-attribute (p. 484)

## ec2-monitor-instances

## **Description**

Enables monitoring for a running instance. For more information, see Monitoring Your Instances and Volumes in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2min.

## **Syntax**

ec2-monitor-instances instance\_id [instance\_id...]

## **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	The instance ID.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-43a4412a

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- · The instance ID
- · The monitoring state

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example enables monitoring for i-43a4412a and i-23a3397d.

```
PROMPT> ec2-monitor-instances i-43a4412a i-23a3397d i-43a4412a monitoring-pending i-23a3397d monitoring-pending
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

MonitorInstances

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)
- ec2-unmonitor-instances (p. 725)

# ec2-purchase-reserved-instances-offering

### **Description**

Purchases a Reserved Instance for use with your account. With Amazon EC2 Reserved Instances, you obtain a capacity reservation for a certain instance configuration over a specified period of time. You pay a lower usage rate than with On-Demand instances for the time that you actually use the capacity reservation.

Starting with the 2011-11-01 API version, AWS expanded its offering of Amazon EC2 Reserved Instances to address a range of projected instance usage. There are three types of Reserved Instances based on customer utilization levels: *Heavy Utilization*, *Medium Utilization*, and *Light Utilization*.

The Medium Utilization offering type is equivalent to the Reserved Instance offering available before API version 2011-11-01. If you are using tools that predate the 2011-11-01 API version, ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings will only list information about the Medium Utilization Reserved Instance offering type.

For information about Reserved Instance pricing tiers, go to Understanding Reserved Instance pricing tiers in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*. For more information about Reserved Instances, go to Reserved Instances also in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

You determine the type of the Reserved Instances offerings by including the optional <code>offeringType</code> parameter when calling <code>ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings</code>. After you've identified the Reserved Instance with the offering type you want, specify its <code>ReservedInstancesOfferingId</code> when you call <code>ec2-purchase-reserved-instances-offering</code>.

Starting with the 2012-08-15 API version, you can also purchase Reserved Instances from the Reserved Instance Marketplace. The Reserved Instance Marketplace matches sellers who want to resell Reserved Instance capacity that they no longer need with buyers who want to purchase additional capacity. Reserved Instances bought from third parties through the Reserved Instance Marketplace work like any other Reserved Instances.

By default, with the 2012-08-15 API version, ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings returns information about Amazon EC2 Reserved Instances available directly from AWS, plus instance offerings available from third parties, on the Reserved Instance Marketplace. If you are using tools that predate the 2012-08-15 API version, the ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings action will only list information about Amazon EC2 Reserved Instances available directly from AWS.

For more information about the Reserved Instance Marketplace, go to Reserved Instance Marketplace in the *Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide*.

You determine the Reserved Instance Marketplace offerings by specifying true for the optional <code>includeMarketplace</code> parameter when calling <code>ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings</code>. After you've identified the Reserved Instance with the offering type you want, specify its <code>reservedInstancesOfferingId</code> when you call <code>ec2-purchase-reserved-instances-offering</code>.

The short version of this command is **ec2prio**.

### **Syntax**

ec2-purchase-reserved-instances-offering --offering offering --instance-count count [-l limit-price]

# **Options**

Name	Description
-o,offering offering	The offering ID of the Reserved Instance to purchase.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -o 4b2293b4-5813-4cc8-9ce3-1957fexample
-c,instance-count count	The number of Reserved Instances to purchase.
	Type: Integer
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -c 5
-1 limit-price	The maximum price that you are willing to pay.
	Type: Integer
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -c 5

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

The command returns a table that contains the following information:

- RESERVEDINSTANCES identifier
- · The ID of the purchased Reserved Instances

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

This example illustrates a purchase of a Reserved Instances offering.

PROMPT> ec2-purchase-reserved-instances-offering --offering 649fd0c8-becc-49d9-b259-fc8e2example --instance-count 3
RESERVEDINSTANCES b847fa93-0c31-405b-b745-b6bf0example

# **Related Operations**

- ec2-describe-reserved-instances-offerings (p. 414)
- ec2-describe-reserved-instances (p. 402)

# ec2-reboot-instances

# **Description**

Requests a reboot of one or more instances. This operation is asynchronous; it only queues a request to reboot the specified instance(s). The operation will succeed if the instances are valid and belong to you. Requests to reboot terminated instances are ignored.

#### Note

If a Linux/UNIX instance does not cleanly shut down within four minutes, Amazon EC2 will perform a hard reboot.

The short version of this command is ec2reboot.

# **Syntax**

ec2-reboot-instances instance\_id [instance\_id ...]

# **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	One or more instance IDs of instances.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-3ea74257

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout Timeout The connection-timeout in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout Timeout To request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	•	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
### Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  ###################################	TOKEN	_
Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	=	·
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-v,verbose	
hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

• This command displays no output on success

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example reboots an instance.

PROMPT> ec2-reboot-instances i-28a64341

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

### **Related Action**

RebootInstances

#### **Related Commands**

• ec2-run-instances (p. 694)

# ec2-register

## **Description**

Registers a new AMI with Amazon EC2. When you're creating an AMI, this is the final step you must complete before you can launch an instance from the AMI. For more information about creating AMIs, see Creating Your Own AMIs in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

#### Note

For Amazon EBS-backed instances, the ec2-create-image command creates and registers the AMI in a single request, so you don't have to register the AMI yourself.

You can also use ec2-register to create an Amazon EBS-backed AMI from a snapshot of a root device volume. For more information, see Launching an Instance from a Snapshot in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

If needed, you can deregister an AMI at any time. Any modifications you make to an AMI backed by Amazon EC2 instance store invalidates its registration. If you make changes to an image, deregister the previous image and register the new image.

The short version of this command is ec2reg.

#### Note

You cannot register an image where a secondary (non-root) snapshot has AWS Marketplace product codes.

### **Syntax**

```
ec2-register {[manifest] -n name [-a architecture] [-b mapping [...]] [-d
description] [-s snapshot_id] [--kernel kernel_id] [--ramdisk ramdisk_id]
[--root-device-name name]}
```

### **Options**

Name	Description
manifest	The full path to your AMI manifest in Amazon S3 storage.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required if registering an instance store-backed AMI.
	Example: myawsbucket/image.manifest.xml

Name	Description
-n,name name	A name for your AMI.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: 3-128 alphanumeric characters, parenthesis (()), commas (,), slashes (/), dashes (-), or underscores(_)
	Required: Yes
	Example: -n "Standard Web Server"
-d,description description	The description of the AMI.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: Up to 255 characters.
	Required: No
	Example: -d "Standard Web Server AMI"
-a,architecture	The architecture of the image.
architecture	Type: String
	Valid values: i386   x86_64
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -a i386
kernel	The ID of the kernel associated with the image.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:kernel aki-ba3adfd3

Name	Description
ramdisk	The ID of the RAM disk to associate with the image.
	Note It is recommended that PV-GRUB be used instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, go to PV-GRUB: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:ramdisk ari-badbad00
root-device-name name	The root device name (for example, /dev/sda1, or xvda).
	Type: String
	Default: /dev/sda1
	Condition: Required if registering an Amazon EBS-backed AMI.
	Required: No
	Example:root-device-name /dev/sda1

Name	Description
-b,block-device-mapping mapping	The block device mapping for the instance. This argument is passed in the form of <devicename>=<blockdevice>. The devicename is the name of the device within Amazon EC2. The blockdevice can be one of the following values:</blockdevice></devicename>
	<ul> <li>none - Suppresses an existing mapping of the device from the AMI used to launch the instance. For example: "/dev/sdc=none".</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ephemeral[03] - An instance store volume to be mapped to the device. For example: "/dev/sdc=ephemeral0".</li> </ul>
	• [snapshot-id]:[volume-size]:[true false]:[standard io1[:iops]] - An EBS volume to be mapped to the device. [snapshot-id] To create a volume from a snapshot, specify the snapshot ID. [volume-size] To create an empty EBS volume, omit the snapshot ID and specify a volume size instead. For example: "/dev/sdh=:20". [delete-on-termination] To prevent the volume from being deleted on termination of the instance, specify false. The default is true. [volume-type] To create a Provisioned IOPS volume, specify io1. The default volume type is standard. If the volume type is io1, you can also provision the number of IOPS that the volume supports. For example, "/dev/sdh=snap-7eb96d16::false:io1:500".
	You can specify multiple $block-device-mapping$ arguments in one call.
	For more detailed information about block device mapping, see Block Device Mapping in the <i>Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide</i> .
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: If registering an Amazon EBS-backed AMI from a snapshot, at a minimum you must specify a block device mapping entry for the root device. Be sure to include the device name (/dev/sda1 or xvda) and the snapshot ID.
	Example: -b "/dev/sda1=snap-7eb96d16"
	<b>Note</b> On Windows, the <i>mapping</i> argument must be enclosed in double quotes, as shown in the example.

Name	Description
-s,snapshot snapshot	The ID of the Amazon EBS snapshot to be used as the root device.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -s snap-78a54011

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable and the URL specified by the $-U$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The IMAGE identifier
- The ID of the newly registered machine image

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example registers the AMI specified in the image.manifest.xml manifest file, located in the bucket named myawsbucket.

```
PROMPT> ec2-register myawsbucket/image.manifest.xml -n MyImage
IMAGE ami-la2b3c4d
```

#### **Example Request**

This example registers an Amazon EBS snapshot to create an AMI backed by Amazon EBS.

```
PROMPT> ec2-register -n MyImage -s snap-la2b3c4d
IMAGE ami-la2b3c4d
```

#### **Example Request**

This example registers the AMI with an Amazon EBS snapshot as the root device, a separate snapshot as a secondary device, and an empty 100 GiB Amazon EBS volume as a storage device.

```
\label{eq:prompt}  \mbox{PROMPT> ec2-register -n MyImage -s snap-la2b3c4d -b /dev/sdb=snap-2a2b3c4d -b /dev/sdc=:100   \mbox{IMAGE ami-la2b3c4d}
```

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• RegisterImage

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-deregister (p. 278)
- ec2-describe-images (p. 331)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)

### ec2-release-address

# **Description**

Releases an Elastic IP address allocated to your account.

#### **Important**

After releasing an Elastic IP address, it is released to the public IP address pool for the platform and might be unavailable to you. Make sure to update your DNS records and any servers or devices that communicate with the address. If you attempt to release an Elastic IP address that you already released, you'll get an AuthFailure error if the address is already allocated to another AWS account.

An Elastic IP address is for use either in the EC2-Classic platform or in a VPC. For more information, see Elastic IP Addresses in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

[EC2-Classic, default VPC] Releasing an Elastic IP address automatically disassociates it from any instance that it's associated with. To disassociate an Elastic IP address without releasing it, use the ec2-diassociate-address command.

[nondefault VPC] You must use the ec2-diassociate-address command to disassociate the Elastic IP address before you try to release it. Otherwise, Amazon EC2 returns an error (InvalidIPAddress.InUse).

The short version of this command is ec2reladdr.

### **Syntax**

ec2-release-address [ip\_address | -a allocation\_id]

### **Options**

Name	Description
ip_address	[EC2-Classic] The Elastic IP address.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required for EC2-Classic.
	Example: 192.0.2.1
-a,allocation-id allocation_id	[EC2-VPC] The allocation ID.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required for EC2-VPC.
	Example: -a eipalloc-5723d13e

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ADDRESS identifier
- The Elastic IP address

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example releases an Elastic IP address for EC2-Classic.

```
PROMPT> ec2-release-address 192.0.2.1
ADDRESS 192.0.2.1
```

#### **Example Request**

This example releases an Elastic IP address for EC2-VPC.

```
PROMPT> ec2-release-address -a eipalloc-5723d13e
ADDRESS eipalloc-5723d13e
```

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

ReleaseAddress

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-allocate-address (p. 12)
- ec2-associate-address (p. 21)
- ec2-describe-addresses (p. 286)
- ec2-disassociate-address (p. 525)

# ec2-replace-network-acl-association

# **Description**

Changes which network ACL a subnet is associated with. By default when you create a subnet, it's automatically associated with the default network ACL. For more information about network ACLs, see Network ACLs in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is **ec2repnaclassoc**.

# **Syntax**

ec2-replace-network-acl-association network\_acl\_association\_id -a network\_acl\_id

### **Options**

Name	Description
network_acl_association_id	The ID representing the current association between the original network ACL and the subnet.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: aclassoc-33ae4b5a
-a,network-acl	The ID of the new ACL to associate with the subnet.
network_acl_id	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -a acl-10b95c79

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a complex isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W WJaIrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRficYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  His command output.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ASSOCIATION identifier
- . The new association ID and the network ACL ID

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example starts with a network ACL associated with a subnet, and a corresponding association ID aclassoc-e5b95c8c. You want to associate a different network ACL (acl-5fb85d36) with the subnet. The result is a new association ID representing the new association.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-replace-network-acl-association aclassoc-e5b95c8c -a acl-5fb85d36 ASSOCIATION aclassoc-17b85d7e acl-5fb85d36

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• ReplaceNetworkAclAssociation

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-network-acl (p. 127)
- ec2-delete-network-acl (p. 221)
- ec2-describe-network-acls (p. 375)

# ec2-replace-network-acl-entry

# **Description**

Replaces an entry (i.e., rule) in a network ACL. For more information about network ACLs, see Network ACLs in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is **ec2repnae**.

# **Syntax**

```
ec2-replace-network-acl-entry acl_id -n rule_number [--egress] -P protocol -r
cidr [-p port_range] [-t icmp_type_code] { --allow | --deny }
```

# **Options**

Name	Description
acl_id	The ID of the ACL.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: acl-5fb85d36
-n,rule-number rule_number	The rule number of the entry to replace.
	Type: Number
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -n 100
egress	Optional flag to indicate whether to replace the egress rule.
	Default: If no value is specified, we replace the ingress rule
	Required: No
-P,protocol protocol	The IP protocol. You can specify all or -1 to mean all protocols.
	Type: String
	Valid values: all   -1   tcp   udp   icmp or any protocol number (for a list, see Protocol Numbers).
	Required: Yes
	Example: -P 6

Name	Description
-r,cidr cidr	The CIDR range to allow or deny, in CIDR notation.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -r 172.16.0.0/24
-p,port-range port_range	For TCP or UDP: The range of ports to allow.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e. port range 0-65535).
	Condition: Required if specifying top or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.
	Required: Conditional
	Example: -p 80-84
-t,icmp-type-code icmp_type_code	For ICMP: The ICMP type and code using format type:code, where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.
	Example: -t -1:-1
allow	Allows any traffic matching the rule.
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Eitherallow ordeny must be specified, but not both.
deny	Denies any traffic matching the rule.
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Eitherallow ordeny must be specified, but not both.

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

• Success status (true or false)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example replaces the egress entry numbered 110 in the network ACL with ID acl-2cb85d45. The new rule denies egress traffic destined for anywhere (0.0.0.0/0) on TCP port 139.

```
PROMPT> ec2-replace-network-acl-entry acl-2cb85d45 -n 110 --egress -r 0.0.0.0/0 -P tcp -p 139 --deny
RETURN true
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

ReplaceNetworkAclEntry

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-network-acl-entry (p. 131)
- ec2-delete-network-acl-entry (p. 225)
- ec2-describe-network-acls (p. 375)

# ec2-replace-route

# **Description**

Replaces an existing route within a route table in a VPC. For more information about route tables, see Route Tables in the *Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide*.

The short version of this command is ec2reprt.

# **Syntax**

ec2-replace-route route\_table\_id -r cidr {-g gateway\_id | -i instance\_id | -n,
--network-interface NETWORKINTERFACE}

# **Options**

Name	Description
route_table_id	The ID of the route table.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: rtb-5da34634
-r,cidr cidr	The CIDR address block used for the destination match. Routing decisions are based on the most specific match.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -r 0.0.0.0/0
-g,gateway gateway_id	The ID of a gateway in your VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: You must provide one of the following: a gateway ID, instance ID, or a network interface ID.
	Example: -g igw-68a34601

Name	Description
-i,instance instance_id	The ID of a NAT instance in your VPC.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: You must provide one of the following: a gateway ID, instance ID, or a network interface ID.
	Example: -i i-a7c871e3
-n,network-interface	The network interface associated with the route.
NETWORKINTERFACE	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: You must provide one of the following: a gateway ID, instance ID, or a network interface.
	Example: -n eni-5b729933

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If  AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key)

and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

• Success status (true or false)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example replaces a route in the route table with ID rtb-e4ad488d. The new route matches the CIDR 10.0.0.0/8 and sends it to the virtual private gateway with ID vgw-1d00376e.

```
PROMPT> ec2-replace-route rtb-e4ad488d -r 10.0.0.0/8 -g vgw-1d00376e RETURN true
```

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

ReplaceRoute

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-route (p. 150)
- ec2-delete-route (p. 236)
- ec2-describe-route-tables (p. 423)

# ec2-replace-route-table-association

# **Description**

Changes the route table associated with a subnet in a VPC.

You can also use this to change which table is the main route table in the VPC. You just specify the main route table's association ID and the route table that you want to be the new main route table.

After you execute this action, the subnet uses the routes in the new route table it's associated with. For more information about route tables, see Route Tables in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2reprtbassoc.

## **Syntax**

ec2-replace-route-table-association route\_table\_association\_id -r route\_table\_id

# **Options**

Name	Description
route_table_association_id	The ID for the existing association to replace (which was returned to you when you associated the original route table with the subnet).
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: rtbassoc-93a045fa
-r route_table_id	The ID of the new route table to associate with the subnet.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -r rtb-6aa34603

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  Timeout  Timeout  Timeout  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  High access key ID associated with your AWS account. Por more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	=	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ASSOCIATION identifier
- · The new association ID
- The route table ID

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example starts with a route table associated with a subnet, and a corresponding association ID rtbassoc-f8ad4891. You want to associate a different route table (table rtb-f9ad4890) to the subnet. The result is a new association ID representing the new association.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-replace-route-table-association rtbassoc-f8ad4891 -r rtb-f9ad4890 ASSOCIATION rtbassoc-61a34608 rtb-f9ad4890

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• ReplaceRouteTableAssociation

## **Related Commands**

- ec2-create-route-table (p. 155)
- ec2-delete-route-table (p. 239)
- ec2-describe-route-tables (p. 423)
- ec2-disassociate-route-table (p. 529)
- ec2-replace-route-table-association (p. 644)

# ec2-report-instance-status

## **Description**

Reports the status for instances that you own.

This command works only for instances that are in the running state. If you disagree with the instance status returned by the ec2-report-instance-status action, use ec2-report-instance-status command to report a more accurate status. Amazon EC2 collects this information to improve the accuracy of status checks.

#### Note

Use of this action does not change the value returned by ec2-report-instance-status.

To report an instance's status, specify an instance ID with the INSTANCE parameter and a reason code with the --reason parameter that applies to that instance. The following table contains descriptions of all available reason codes.

#### instance-stuck-in-state

My instance is stuck in a state.

#### unresponsive

My instance is unresponsive.

#### not-accepting-credentials

My instance is not accepting my credentials.

#### password-not-available

A password is not available for my instance.

#### performance-network

My instance is experiencing performance problems which I believe are network related.

#### performance-instance-store

My instance is experiencing performance problems which I believe are related to the instance stores.

#### performance-ebs-volume

My instance is experiencing performance problems which I believe are related to an EBS volume.

#### performance-other

My instance is experiencing performance problems.

#### other

Other, explained in the submitted description parameter.

The short version of this command is ec2rep.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-report-instance-status [instance_id ...] [[--filter "name=value"] ...]
```

# **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	The IDs of the instances.
	Type: String
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-15a4417c
status	The status of all instances listed in the <code>instance_id</code> parameter.
	Type: String
	Valid values: ok   impaired
	Required: Yes
reason	A reason code that describes a specific instance's health state. Each code you supply corresponds to an instance ID that you supply with the <code>InstanceID.n</code> parameter. See the <code>Description</code> (p. 648) section for descriptions of each reason code.
	Type: String
	Valid values: instance-stuck-in-state   unresponsive   not-accepting-credentials   password-not-available   performance-network   performance-instance-store   performance-ebs-volume   performance-other   other
	Required: Yes
start-time	The time at which the reported instance health state began.
	The date uses the format: yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss
	Type: DateTime
	Required: No
	Example: 2011-07-25T14:00:00
end-time	The time at which the reported instance health state ended.
	The date uses the format: yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss
	Type: DateTime
	Required: No
	Example: 2011-07-25T14:00:00

Name	Description
description	Descriptive text about the instance health state.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable, or us-east-1 if $EC2\_URL$ isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The request ID
- A Boolean return value that indicates whether Amazon EC2 accepted the values.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example reports the current state of the instance as impaired.

PROMPT> ec2-report-instance-status i-15a4417c --status="impaired" --reason="un responsive"

## **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• ReportInstanceStatus

### **Related Commands**

• ec2-describe-instance-status (p. 346)

## ec2-request-spot-instances

# **Description**

Creates a Spot Instance request. Spot Instances are instances that Amazon EC2 starts on your behalf when the maximum price that you specify exceeds the current Spot Price. Amazon EC2 periodically sets the Spot Price based on available Spot Instance capacity and current Spot Instance requests. For more information about Spot Instances, see Spot Instances in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2rsi.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-request-spot-instances ami_id --addressing addressing_type --price price [--instance-count count] [--type type] [--valid-from timestamp] [--valid-until timestamp] [--launch-group group] [--availability-zone-group group] [--user-data data | --user-data-file data-file] [--group group [--group group ...]] [--key key-pair] [--instance-type type] [--subnet subnet_id] [--availability-zone zone] [--kernel kernel] [--ramdisk ramdisk] [--block-device-mapping mapping] [--monitor] [--iam-profile arn | name] [--network-interface NETWORKINTERFACE] [[--secondary-private-ip-address IP_ADDRESS] | [--secondary-private-ip-address-count COUNT]] [--ebs-optimized Boolean]
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
ami_id	The ID of the AMI.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: ami-2bb65342
-p,price price	The maximum hourly price for any Spot Instance launched to fulfill the request.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -p .15

Name	Description
-n,instance-count count	The maximum number of Spot Instances to launch.
	Type: xs:integer
	Default: 1
	Required: No
	Example: -n 10
-r,type type	The Spot Instance request type.
	Type: String
	Valid values: one-time   persistent
	Default: one-time
	Required: No
	Example: -r persistent
-s,subnet subnet_id	The ID of the subnet in which to launch the Spot Instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -s subnet-baab943d3
valid-from date	The start date of the request. If this is a one-time request, the request becomes active at this date and time and remains active until all instances launch, the request expires, or the request is canceled. If the request is persistent, the request becomes active at this date and time and remains active until it expires or is canceled.
	Type: DateTime
	Default: Request is effective indefinitely.
	Required: No
	Example:valid-from 2009-12-31T11:51:50

Name	Description
valid-until date	The end date of the request. If this is a one-time request, the request remains active until all instances launch, the request is canceled, or this date is reached. If the request is persistent, it remains active until it is canceled or this date and time is reached.
	Type: DateTime
	Default: Request is effective indefinitely.
	Required: No
	Example:valid-until 2009-12-31T11:51:50
launch-group group	The instance launch group. Launch groups are Spot Instances that launch together and terminate together.
	Type: String
	Default: Instances are launched and terminated individually.
	Required: No
	Example:launch-group Skynet

Name	Description
availability-zone-group group	The user-specified name for a logical grouping of bids.  When you specifyavailability-zone-group in a Spot
	Instance request, all Spot Instances in the request are launched in the same Availability Zone. Instance proximity is maintained with this parameter, but choice of Availability Zone is notavailability-zone-group applies only to bids for Spot Instances of the same instance type. Any additional Spot Instance requests that are specified with the sameavailability-zone-group name will be launched in that same Availability Zone, as long as at least one instance from the group is still active.
	If there is no active instance running in the Availability Zone group that you specify for a new Spot Instance request (i.e., all instances are terminated, the bid is expired, or the bid falls below current market), then Amazon EC2 will launch the instance in any Availability Zone where the constraint can be met. Consequently, the subsequent set of Spot Instances could be placed in a different zone from the original request, even if the sameavailability-zone-group name was specified.
	To ensure that all Spot Instances across all bids are launched into a particular Availability Zone, specify LaunchSpecification.Placement.AvailabilityZone in the API oravailability-zone in the CLI.
	Type: String
	Default: Instances are launched in any available Availability Zone.
	Required: No
	Example:availability-zone-group batchGroup01
placement-group group_name	The name of an existing placement group you want to launch the instance into (for cluster instances).
	Type: String
	Default: Instances are launched in the default placement group.
	Required: No
	Example:placement-group default
-d,user-data user_data	The user data to make available to the instances.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -d "My user data"

Name	Description
-g,group group	The ID of the security group.
	Type: String
	Default: User's default group.
	Required: No
	Example: -g MySecurityGroupID
-k,key key_name	The name of the key pair.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -k gsg-keypair
-t,instance-type	The instance type.
instance_type	Type: String
	Valid values: t1.micro   m1.small   m1.medium   m1.large   m1.xlarge   m3.xlarge   m3.2xlarge   c1.medium   c1.xlarge   m2.xlarge   m2.2xlarge   m2.4xlarge   cr1.8xlarge   cc1.4xlarge   cc2.8xlarge   cg1.4xlarge. See Available Instance Types for more information.
	Default: m1.small
	Required: No
	Example: -t m1.large
-z,availability-zone zone	The placement constraint (i.e., specific Availability Zone) for launching the instances.
	Specify if you want all of the Spot Instances in all of your bids to be launched in a particular Availability Zone. Specifying this option requires Amazon EC2 to find capacity in the specified Availability Zone instead of letting Amazon EC2 pick the best Availability Zone available; this can potentially delay the fulfillment of your bid, and/or require a higher bid price.
	Type: String
	Default: Amazon EC2 selects an Availability Zone in the current region.
	Required: No
	Example: -z us-east-1b

Name	Description
kernel kernel	The ID of the kernel to select.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:kernel aki-ba3adfd3
ramdisk ramdisk	The ID of the RAM disk to select.
	Note It is recommended that PV-GRUB be used instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, go to PV-GRUB: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:ramdisk ari-badbad00

Name	Description
-b,block-device-mapping mapping	The block device mapping for the instance. This argument is passed in the form of <devicename>=<blockdevice>. The devicename is the name of the device within Amazon EC2. The blockdevice can be one of the following values:</blockdevice></devicename>
	none - Suppresses an existing mapping of the device from the AMI used to launch the instance. For example: "/dev/sdc=none".
	<ul> <li>ephemeral[03] - An instance store volume to be mapped to the device. For example: "/dev/sdc=ephemeral0".</li> </ul>
	• [snapshot-id]:[volume-size]:[true false]:[standard io1[:iops]] - An EBS volume to be mapped to the device. [snapshot-id] To create a volume from a snapshot, specify the snapshot ID. [volume-size] To create an empty EBS volume, omit the snapshot ID and specify a volume size instead. For example: "/dev/sdh=:20". [delete-on-termination] To prevent the volume from being deleted on termination of the instance, specify false. The default is true. [volume-type] To create a Provisioned IOPS volume, specify io1. The default volume type is standard. If the volume type is io1, you can also provision the number of IOPS that the volume supports. For example, "/dev/sdh=snap-7eb96d16::false:io1:500".
	You can specify multiple block-device-mapping arguments in one call.
	For more detailed information about block device mapping, see Block Device Mapping in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -b "/dev/sdb=snap-92d333fb::false"
	<b>Note</b> On Windows, the <i>mapping</i> argument must be enclosed in double quotes, as shown in the example.
monitor	Enables monitoring for the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: Disabled
	Required: No
	Example:monitor

Name	Description
iam-profile <i>arn name</i>	The IAM instance profile to associate with the launched instance(s). IAM instance profiles enable you to manage permissions for applications running on EC2. This is either the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the instance profile (for example, arn:aws:iam::111111111111111:instance-profile/s3access) or the name of the role (for example, s3access).
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: arn:aws:iam::111111111111:instance-profile/s3access
-a,network-interface NETWORKINTERFACE	[EC2-VPC] The network attachment for the launched instance. The format of the NETWORKINTERFACE definition is as follows:
	For an existing NETWORKINTERFACE - eni:dev index
	For a new NETWORKINTERFACE - dev index : subnet [: description [": <priv ip="">"[:<sgs>[:<dot></dot></sgs></priv>
	[:SIP count[:" <sips>"]]]]]], where SGs is a comma separated list of security group IDs, DOT is either true or false, denoting whether to delete the interface on terminate, SIP count is the number of secondary IP addresses to assign, SIPs is a list of secondary IP addresses. You cannot specify both SIP count and SIPs.</sips>
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No

secondary-private-ip-address IP_ADDRESS  Assigns the specified IP address as a secondary private IP address to the network interface or instance. This option can be used multiple times to assign multiple secondary IP addresses. This option is only available for instances running in a VPC. You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address-count. You can do one of the following:  • Use thesecondary-private-ip-address option without a value and AWS will automatically assign a secondary private IP address within the subnet range.  • Use thesecondary-private-ip-address option and provide a specific IP address that you want to assign.  Note  On Windows clients, you must enclose IP addresses in quotes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: No  Example:secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.18"secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.28" secondary-private-ip-address to assign to the network interface or instance. You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address. This option is only available for instances running in a VPC.  Type: Integer  Default: None
Use the —secondary-private—ip-address option without a value and AWS will automatically assign a secondary private IP address within the subnet range.  Use the —secondary-private-ip-address option and provide a specific IP address that you want to assign.  Note  On Windows clients, you must enclose IP addresses in quotes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: No  Example: —secondary-private—ip-address "10.0.2.18" —secondary-private—ip-address "10.0.2.28"  —secondary-private—ip-address-count  The number of secondary IP addresses to assign to the network interface or instance. You cannot specify this parameter when also specifying —secondary-private—ip-address. This option is only available for instances running in a VPC.  Type: Integer
value and AWS will automatically assign a secondary private IP address within the subnet range.  • Use thesecondary-private-ip-address option and provide a specific IP address that you want to assign.  Note On Windows clients, you must enclose IP addresses in quotes.  Type: String Default: None Required: No  Example:secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.18"secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.28" secondary-private-ip-address-count count count interface or instance. You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address. This option is only available for instances running in a VPC.
On Windows clients, you must enclose IP addresses in quotes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: No  Example:secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.18"secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.28"  The number of secondary IP addresses to assign to the network interface or instance. You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address. This option is only available for instances running in a VPC.  Type: Integer
On Windows clients, you must enclose IP addresses in quotes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: No  Example:secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.18"secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.28"  The number of secondary IP addresses to assign to the network interface or instance. You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address. This option is only available for instances running in a VPC.  Type: Integer
Default: None  Required: No  Example:secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.18"secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.28" secondary-private-ip-address-count COUNT  The number of secondary IP addresses to assign to the network interface or instance. You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address. This option is only available for instances running in a VPC.  Type: Integer
Required: No  Example:secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.18"secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.28" secondary-private-ip-address-count COUNT  The number of secondary IP addresses to assign to the network interface or instance. You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address. This option is only available for instances running in a VPC.  Type: Integer
Example:secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.18"secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.28" secondary-private-ip-address-count COUNT  The number of secondary IP addresses to assign to the network interface or instance. You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address. This option is only available for instances running in a VPC.  Type: Integer
"10.0.2.18"secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.28" secondary-private-ip-address-count COUNT  The number of secondary IP addresses to assign to the network interface or instance. You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address. This option is only available for instances running in a VPC.  Type: Integer
network interface or instance. You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address. This option is only available for instances running in a VPC.  Type: Integer
Default: None
Required: No
Example:secondary-private-ip-address-count 2
ebs-optimized Boolean  Whether the instance is optimized for EBS I/O. This optimization provides dedicated throughput to Amazon EBS and an optimized configuration stack to provide optimal EBS I/O performance. This option isn't available on all instance types. Additional usage charge apply when using this option.
Type: Boolean
Default: false
Required: No
Example:ebs-optimized true

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information for each Spot Instance request:

The Spot Instance request information

- The SPOTINSTANCEREQUEST identifier
- The ID of the Spot Instance request
- The Spot Instance bid price

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- The Spot Instance type (one-time or persistent)
- The product description (Linux/UNIX or Windows)
- The state of the Spot Instance request (active, open, closed, cancelled, failed)
- The date and time the request was created
- The date and time that the request is valid until
- The date and time the request will be held until
- The launch group
- · The Availability Zone group
- · The instance ID
- · The image ID
- · The instance type
- The key pair name
- · Any security groups the request belongs to
- The Availability Zone the instance belongs to
- . The kernel ID of the instance
- . The RAM disk ID of the instance
- · The monitoring status
- · The subnet ID
- The Availability Zone the instance was launched to
- · The IAM profile

#### Any Spot Instance faults

- The SPOTINSTANCEFAULT identifier
- The Spot Instance fault code
- The Spot Instance fault message

#### The Spot Instance status information

- The SPOTINSTANCESTATUS identifier
- · The Spot Instance status
- · The date and time of the last update
- · The Spot Instance status message

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example creates a Spot Instances request for three m1.small instances.

```
PROMPT> ec2-request-spot-instances ami-la2b3c4d -p 0.04 --key gsg-keypair --
group default --instance-type m1.small -n 3 --type one-time
SPOTINSTANCEREQUEST sir-la2b3c4d 0.040000 one-time Linux/UNIX open YYYY-MM-
DDTHH:MM:SS-0800 ami-la2b3c4d m1.small gsg-keypair sg-la2b3c4d monitor
ing-disabled
SPOTINSTANCESTATUS pending-evaluation YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS-0800 Your Spot request
```

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

has been submitted for review, and is pending evaluation.

SPOTINSTANCEREQUEST sir-2a2b3c4d 0.040000 one-time Linux/UNIX open YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS-0800 ami-1a2b3c4d m1.small gsg-keypair sg-1a2b3c4d monitor ing-disabled

SPOTINSTANCESTATUS pending-evaluation YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS-0800 Your Spot request has been submitted for review, and is pending evaluation.

SPOTINSTANCEREQUEST sir-3a2b3c4d 0.040000 one-time Linux/UNIX open YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS-0800 ami-1a2b3c4d m1.small gsg-keypair sg-1a2b3c4d monitoring-disabled

SPOTINSTANCESTATUS pending-evaluation YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS-0800 Your Spot request has been submitted for review, and is pending evaluation.

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

RequestSpotInstances

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-cancel-spot-instance-requests (p. 80)
- ec2-describe-spot-instance-requests (p. 444)
- ec2-describe-spot-price-history (p. 452)

# ec2-reset-image-attribute

# **Description**

Resets an attribute of an AMI to its default value.

#### Note

The productCodes attribute cannot be reset.

The short version of this command is ec2rimatt.

## **Syntax**

ec2-reset-image-attribute ami\_id -1

## **Options**

Name	Description
ami_id	The ID of the AMI.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: ami-15a4417c
-1,launch-permission	Resets the launch permissions of the AMI.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -I

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  Timeout  Timeout  Timeout  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  High access key ID associated with your AWS account. Por more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	=	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The attribute type identifier
- The ID of the AMI
- The action identifier (RESET)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example resets the launchPermission attribute.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-reset-image-attribute ami-la2b3c4d -l launchPermission ami-la2b3c4d RESET

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• ResetImageAttribute

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-image-attribute (p. 326)
- ec2-modify-image-attribute (p. 579)

# ec2-reset-instance-attribute

## **Description**

Resets an attribute of an instance to its default value. To reset the kernel or RAM disk, the instance must be in a stopped state. To reset the SourceDestCheck, the instance can be either running or stopped.

The <code>SourceDestCheck</code> attribute exists to enable an instance in a VPC to perform NAT. The attribute controls whether source/destination checking is enabled on the instance. The default value is <code>true</code>, which means checking is enabled. The value must be <code>false</code> for the instance to perform NAT. For more information, see <code>NAT Instances</code> in the <code>Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide</code>.

The short version of this command is ec2rinatt.

## **Syntax**

ec2-reset-instance-attribute instance\_id { --kernel kernel\_id | --ramdisk
ramdisk\_id | --source-dest-check }

## **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	The ID of the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-43a4412a
kernel	Resets the ID of the kernel.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:kernel
ramdisk	Resets the ID of the RAM disk.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:ramdisk

Name	Description
source-dest-check	Resets the SourceDestCheck flag to true (which means source/destination checking is enabled).
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:source-dest-check

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

## **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The attribute type identifier
- The ID of the instance
- The action identifier ("RESET")

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

## **Example Request**

This example resets the kernel attribute.

```
PROMPT> ec2-reset-instance-attribute i-10a64379 --kernel kernel i-10a64379 RESET
```

# **Related Topics**

### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• ResetInstanceAttribute

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-instance-attribute (p. 340)
- ec2-modify-instance-attribute (p. 584)

# ec2-reset-network-interface-attribute

# **Description**

Resets a network interface attribute. You can specify only one attribute at a time.

The short version of this command is ec2rnicatt.

# **Syntax**

ec2-reset-network-interface-attribute NETWORKINTERFACE --source-dest-check

# **Options**

Name	Description
source-dest-check	Resets the source/dest check to the default value.
	Type: String
	Default: True
	Constraints: Valid options are 'true' and 'false'.
	Required: Yes
	Example:source-dest-check

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable and the URL specified by the $-U$ option.
	Default: The value of the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable, or $us-east-1$ if $EC2\_URL$ isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns the name of the network interface that was reset.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example resets network interface attributes for the specified network interface.

PROMPT> ec2-reset-network-interface-attribute eni-b35da6da --source-dest-check sourceDestCheck eni-b35da6da RESET

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

ResetNetworkInterfaceAttribute

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

### **Related Action**

• ResetNetworkInterfaceAttribute

### **Related Commands**

- ec2-attach-network-interface (p. 39)
- ec2-create-network-interface (p. 136)
- ec2-delete-network-interface (p. 229)
- ec2-describe-network-interface-attribute (p. 381)
- ec2-describe-network-interfaces (p. 385)
- ec2-detach-network-interface (p. 508)
- ec2-modify-network-interface-attribute (p. 590)

# ec2-reset-snapshot-attribute

# **Description**

Resets permission settings for the specified snapshot.

The short version of this command is ec2rsnapatt.

# **Syntax**

ec2-reset-snapshot-attribute snapshot\_id -c

# **Options**

Name	Description
snapshot snapshot	The ID of the snapshot.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: snap-1a2b3c4d
-c,create-volume-permission	Resets the create volume permissions of the snapshot.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -c

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable, or $us-east-1$ if $EC2\_URL$ isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or
	https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The createVolumePermission identifier
- · The ID of the snapshot
- The action identifier (RESET)

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example resets the permissions for snap-la2b3c4d, making it a private snapshot that can only be used by the account that created it.

PROMPT> ec2-reset-snapshot-attribute snap-la2b3c4d -c createVolumePermission snap-la2b3c4d RESET

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

### **Related Action**

• ResetSnapshotAttribute

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-modify-snapshot-attribute (p. 595)
- ec2-describe-snapshot-attribute (p. 429)
- ec2-describe-snapshots (p. 433)
- ec2-create-snapshot (p. 159)

# ec2-resume-import

# **Description**

Resumes the upload of a disk image associated with an import instance or import volume task ID. Amazon EC2 supports import of VMDK, RAW, and VHD disk images.

If the upload task stops without completing, use this command to resume this upload. The upload task will resume from where it left off. For more information, see Using the Command Line Tools to Import Your Virtual Machine to Amazon EC2 in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2rim.

### **Syntax**

ec2-resume-import -t task\_id -o owner -w secret\_key [-x days] [--user-threads threads] [--part-size partsize] [--dry-run] [--dont-verify-format] disk\_image\_filename

# **Options**

Name	Description
disk_image_filename	The local file name of the disk image.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: WinSvr8-32-disk1.vmdk
-t,task task_id	The conversion task ID for the upload.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -t import-i-ffvko9js
-o,owner-akid access_key_id	The access key ID of the bucket owner.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE

Name	Description
-w,owner-sak	The secret access key of the bucket owner.
secret_access_key	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
-x,expires days	The validity period for the signed Amazon S3 URLs that allow EC2 to access your file.
	Type: String
	Default: 30 days
	Required: No
	Example: -x 10
user-threads threads	The maximum number of threads to concurrently upload the file with.
	Type: String
	Default: 20
	Required: No
	Example:user-threads 15
part-size partsize	The size of each individual file part (in MB) that will be uploaded. The file will be split into multiple parts at most as large as the <code>partsize</code> parameter.
	Type: String
	Default: 8
	Required: No
	Example:part-size 3
dry-run	Does not upload the file, only validates that the disk image matches a known type.
	Type: None
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:dry-run

Name	Description
dont-verify-format	Does not verify the file format. We don't recommend this option because it can result in a failed conversion.
	Type: None
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:dont-verify-format

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable and the URL specified by the $-U$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns the following information:

- The disk image size and format
- · The converted volume size
- The EBS volume size
- · The percentage of the upload completed

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example uploads the corresponding disk image of the Windows Server 2008 (32-bit) VM you want to migrate.

PROMPT>ec2-resume-import ./WinSvr8-32-disk1.vmdk -t import-i-ffvko9js -o AKI AIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-cancel-conversion-task (p. 69)
- ec2-delete-disk-image (p. 205)
- ec2-describe-conversion-tasks (p. 302)
- ec2-import-instance (p. 552)
- ec2-import-volume (p. 565)

### ec2-revoke

# **Description**

Removes a rule from a security group.

A security group is for use with instances either in the EC2-Classic platform or in a specific VPC. For more information, see Amazon EC2 Security Groups in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide and Security Groups for Your VPC in the Amazon Virtual Private Cloud User Guide.

The values that you specify in the revoke request (ports, and so on) must match the existing rule's values in order for the rule to be removed.

Each rule consists of the protocol (for example, TCP), plus either a CIDR range, or a source group (for ingress rules) or destination group (for egress rules). For TCP and UDP, you must also specify the destination port or port ranges. You can specify -1 to mean all ports (for example, port range 0-65535). For ICMP, you must also specify the ICMP type and code. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.

Rule changes are propagated to affected instances as quickly as possible. However, a small delay might occur.

The short version of this command is ec2revoke.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-revoke group [--egress] [-P protocol] (-p port_range | -t icmp_type_code)
[-u source_or_dest_group_owner ...] [-o source_or_dest_group ...] [-s
source_or_dest_cidr ...]
```

## **Options**

Name	Description
group	EC2-Classic, default VPC: The name or ID of the security group.
	nondefault VPC: The ID of the security group.
	The group must belong to your AWS account.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: websrv (name), sg-1a2b3c4d (ID)
egress	[EC2-VPC] Indicates that the rule is an egress rule (applies to traffic leaving the VPC).
	Default: If this option is not specified, the rule is an ingress rule (applies to traffic entering the VPC)
	Required: No

Numbers). Security groups for EC2-Classic can have rules only for TCP, UDP, and ICMP, whereas security groups for EC2-VPC can have rules assigned to any protocol number.  When you call ec2-describe-group, the protocol value returned is the number. Exception: For TCP, UDP, and ICMP, the value returned is the name (tcp, udp, or icmp).  Type: String  Valid values for EC2-Classic: tcp   udp   icmp or the corresponding protocol number (6   17   1).  Default for EC2-Classic: TCP if the source CIDR is specified (or implied by default), or all three protocols (TCP, UDP, and ICMP) if the source group is specified (to ensure backwards compatibility).  Valid values for EC2-VPC: tcp   udp   icmp or any protocol number. Use all to specify all protocols.  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required for EC2-VPC.  Example: -P udp  For TCP or UDP: The range of ports to revoke.  Type: String  Default: None  Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535).  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying tcp or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -P 80-84	Name	Description
returned is the number. Exception: For TCP, UDP, and ICMP, the value returned is the name (tcp, udp, or icmp).  Type: String  Valid values for EC2-Classic: tcp   udp   icmp or the corresponding protocol number (6   17   1).  Default for EC2-Classic: TCP if the source CIDR is specified (or implied by default), or all three protocols (TCP, UDP, and ICMP) if the source group is specified (to ensure backwards compatibility).  Valid values for EC2-VPC: tcp   udp   icmp or any protocol number. Use all to specify all protocols.  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required for EC2-VPC.  Example: -P udp  For TCP or UDP: The range of ports to revoke.  Type: String  Default: None  Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max), You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535).  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying tcp or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -p 80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.	-P,protocol protocol	Numbers). Security groups for EC2-Classic can have rules only for TCP, UDP, and ICMP, whereas security groups for
Valid values for EC2-Classic: tcp   udp   icmp or the corresponding protocol number (6   17   1).  Default for EC2-Classic: TCP if the source CIDR is specified (or implied by default), or all three protocols (TCP, UDP, and ICMP) if the source group is specified (to ensure backwards compatibility).  Valid values for EC2-VPC: tcp   udp   icmp or any protocol number. Use all to specify all protocols.  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required for EC2-VPC.  Example: -P udp  For TCP or UDP: The range of ports to revoke.  Type: String  Default: None  Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535).  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying tcp or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -P 80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		returned is the number. Exception: For TCP, UDP, and ICMP,
corresponding protocol number (6   17   1).  Default for EC2-Classic: TCP if the source CIDR is specified (or implied by default), or all three protocols (TCP, UDP, and ICMP) if the source group is specified (to ensure backwards compatibility).  Valid values for EC2-VPC: tcp   udp   icmp or any protocol number. Use all to specify all protocols.  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required for EC2-VPC.  Example: -P udp  For TCP or UDP: The range of ports to revoke.  Type: String  Default: None  Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535).  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying tcp or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -p 80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		Type: String
(or implied by default), or all three protocols (TCP, UDP, and ICMP) if the source group is specified (to ensure backwards compatibility).  Valid values for EC2-VPC: tcp   udp   icmp or any protocol number. Use all to specify all protocols.  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required for EC2-VPC.  Example: -P udp  For TCP or UDP: The range of ports to revoke.  Type: String  Default: None  Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535).  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying tcp or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -p 80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		
number. Use all to specify all protocols.  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required for EC2-VPC.  Example: -P udp  For TCP or UDP: The range of ports to revoke.  Type: String  Default: None  Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535).  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying tcp or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -p 80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		(or implied by default), or all three protocols (TCP, UDP, and ICMP) if the source group is specified (to ensure backwards
Condition: Required for EC2-VPC.  Example: -P_udp  For TCP or UDP: The range of ports to revoke.  Type: String  Default: None  Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535).  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying tcp or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -p_80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		
Example: -P udp  For TCP or UDP: The range of ports to revoke.  Type: String  Default: None  Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535).  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying top or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -p 80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		Required: Conditional
For TCP or UDP: The range of ports to revoke.  Type: String  Default: None  Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535).  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying top or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -p 80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		Condition: Required for EC2-VPC.
Type: String  Default: None  Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535).  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying tep or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -p 80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		Example: -P udp
Default: None  Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535).  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying tcp or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -p 80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.	-p port_range	For TCP or UDP: The range of ports to revoke.
Valid values: A single integer or a range (min-max). You can specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535).  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying top or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -p 80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		Type: String
specify -1 to mean all ports (i.e., port range 0-65535).  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying top or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -p 80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		Default: None
Condition: Required if specifying top or udp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.  Example: -p 80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		
number) for the protocol.  Example: -p 80-84  For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		Required: Conditional
For ICMP: The ICMP type and code to revoke. This must be specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		
specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all codes.  Type: String  Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		Example: -p 80-84
Default: None  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.	-t icmp_type_code	specified in the format type:code where both are integers. You can use -1 for the type or code to mean all types or all
Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		Type: String
Condition: Required if specifying icmp (or the equivalent number) for the protocol.		Default: None
number) for the protocol.		Required: Conditional
Example: -t -1:-1		
		Example: -t -1:-1

Name	Description
-u, source_or_dest_group_owner	The ID of the AWS account that owns the source security group (for ingress rules) or destination security group (for egress rules). If the group is in your own account, set this to your own AWS account ID. Cannot be used when specifying a CIDR IP address.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required when revoking a rule that gives access to one or more source security groups.
	<b>Example:</b> -u 111122223333
-o source_or_dest_group	The source security group (for ingress rules), or destination security group (for egress rules). When revoking a rule for a security group for EC-VPC, you must specify the group's ID (for example, sg-9d4e5f6g) instead of its name. Cannot be used when specifying a CIDR IP address with the -s option.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required if revoking access to one or more source or destination security groups.
	Example: -o headoffice
-s,cidr source_or_dest_cidr	The CIDR range. Cannot be used when specifying a source or destination security group with the -o option.
	Type: String
	Default: 0.0.0.0/0
	Constraints: Valid CIDR IP address range.
	Required: Conditional
	Condition: Required if revoking access to one or more IP address ranges.
	Example: -s 205.192.8.45/24

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-W,aws-secret-key	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.
AWS_SECRET_KEY	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .
-T,security-token	The AWS delegation token.
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout	The connection timeout, in seconds.
TIMEOUT	Example:connection-timeout 30

Option	Description
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

A line containing the group information. Some of these fields may be blank.

- The GROUP identifier
- The ID of the security group
- The AWS account ID of the owner of the security group

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Examples

- The name of the security group
- · A description of the security group
- [VPC only] The ID of the VPC the group belongs to

One of each of the following lines for each permission defined by the group:

- The PERMISSION identifier
- The AWS account ID of the owner of the group
- The name of the group granting permission
- The type of rule. Currently, only ALLOWS rules are supported
- The protocol to allow (e.g. tcp, udp, etc)
- The start of port range
- · The end of port range
- FROM for an ingress rule or TO for an egress rule
- The source type (for ingress rules) or destination type (for egress rules)
- The source (for ingress rules) or destination (for egress rules)
- [USER only] The name of the source or destination entity
- [USER only] The group ID
- · Whether the rule is ingress rule or an egress rule

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example revokes TCP port 80 access from the 205.192.0.0/16 address range for the websrv security group.

```
PROMPT> ec2-revoke websrv -P tcp -p 80 -s 205.192.0.0/16
GROUP websrv
PERMISSION websrv ALLOWS tcp 80 80 FROM CIDR 205.192.0.0/16 ingress
```

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

· Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

- RevokeSecurityGroupEgress
- RevokeSecurityGroupIngress

#### **Related Commands**

• ec2-authorize (p. 51)

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

- ec2-create-group (p. 104)
- ec2-delete-group (p. 209)
- ec2-describe-group (p. 320)

### ec2-run-instances

# **Description**

Launches a specified number of instances of an AMI for which you have permissions.

If capacity is insufficient to launch the maximum number of instances requested in one Availability Zone (the specified Availability Zone for targeted requests, or an Availability Zone chosen by EC2 for untargeted requests), Amazon EC2 launches the minimum number specified. If Amazon EC2 cannot launch the minimum number of instances requested in a single Availability Zone, no instances are launched.

#### Note

Every instance is launched in a security group (which you create using the ec2-create-group command). If you don't specify a security group at launch time, the default security group is used.

You can provide an optional key pair ID in the launch request (created using the ec2-create-keypair or ec2-import-keypair command). The instances will have access to the public key at boot. You can use this key to provide secure access to an instance of an image on a per-instance basis. Amazon EC2 public images use this feature to provide secure access without passwords.

The public key material is made available to the Linux instance at boot time by placing it in the  $openssh\_id.pub$  file on a logical device that is exposed to the instance as /dev/sda2 (the instance store). The format of this file is suitable for use as an entry within  $\sim/.ssh/authorized\_keys$  (the OpenSSH format). This can be done at boot (for example, as part of rc.local) allowing for secure access without passwords.

#### **Important**

Launching public images without a key pair ID will leave them inaccessible.

You can provide optional user data in the launch request. All instances that collectively comprise the launch request have access to this data. For more information, see Instance Metadata in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

#### Note

If any of the AMIs have a product code attached for which the user has not subscribed, the ec2-run-instances command fails.

The short version of this command is ec2run.

## **Syntax**

```
ec2-run-instances ami_id [-n instance_count] [-g group [-g group ...]] [-k keypair] [-d user_data | -f user_data_file] [--addressing addressing_type] [--instance-type instance_type] [--availability-zone zone] [--kernel kernel_id] [--ramdisk ramdisk_id] [--block-device-mapping block_device_mapping] [--monitor] [--disable-api-termination] [--instance-initiated-shutdown-behavior behavior] [--placement-group placement-group] [--tenancy tenancy] [--subnet subnet_id] [--private-ip-address ip_address] [--client-token token] [--network-interface networkinterface] [--secondary-private-ip-address ip_address | --secondary-private-ip-address-count count] [-p, --iam-profile arn name] | --ebs-optimized
```

# **Options**

Name	Description
ami_id	The ID of the AMI, returned by a call to <b>ec2-describe-images</b> .
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: ami-15a4417c
-n ,instance-count min[-max]	The number of instances to launch. If Amazon EC2 cannot launch the specified number of instances, no instances will launch. If this is specified as a range (min-max), Amazon EC2 will try to launch the maximum number, but no fewer than the minimum number.
	Type: String
	Default: 1
	Constraints: Between 1 and the maximum number allowed for your account (the default for each account is 20, but this limit can be increased).
	Required: No
	Example: -n 5-10
-g,group group	The name of the security group.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -g websrv
-k,key <i>keypair</i>	The name of the key pair.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -k websvr-keypair

Name	Description
-d,user-data user_data	Base64-encoded MIME user data to be made available to the instance(s) in this reservation.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -d s3-bucket:my-logs
-f,user-data-file filename	The file name of the user data to be made available to the instance(s) in this reservation.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -f user-data.txt
addressing	Deprecated.
-t,instance-type instance_type	The instance type. See Available Instance Types for more information.
	Type: String
	Valid values: t1.micro   m1.small   m1.medium   m1.large   m1.xlarge   m3.xlarge   m3.2xlarge   c1.medium   c1.xlarge   m2.xlarge   m2.2xlarge   m2.4xlarge   cr1.8xlarge   hi1.4xlarge   hs1.8xlarge   cc1.4xlarge   cc2.8xlarge   cg1.4xlarge
	Default: m1.small
	Required: No
	Example: -t m1.large
-z,availability-zone zone	The Availability Zone in which to run the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:availability-zone us-east-1a
kernel kernel	The ID of the kernel with which to launch the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:kernel aki-ba3adfd3

Name	Description
ramdisk ramdisk	The ID of the RAM disk to select.
	Note It is recommended that PV-GRUB be used instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, go to PV-GRUB: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:ramdisk ari-abcdef01

Name	Description
-b,block-device-mapping mapping	The block device mapping for the instance. This argument is passed in the form of <devicename>=<blockdevice>. The devicename is the device name of the physical device on the instance to map. The blockdevice can be one of the following values:</blockdevice></devicename>
	none - Suppresses an existing mapping of the device from the AMI used to launch the instance. For example: "/dev/sdc=none".
	<ul> <li>ephemeral[03] - An instance store volume to be mapped to the device. For example: "/dev/sdc=ephemeral0".</li> </ul>
	• [snapshot-id]:[volume-size]:[true false]:[standard io1[:iops]] - An EBS volume to be mapped to the device. [snapshot-id] To create a volume from a snapshot, specify the snapshot ID. [volume-size] To create an empty EBS volume, omit the snapshot ID and specify a volume size instead. For example: "/dev/sdh=:20". [delete-on-termination] To prevent the volume from being deleted on termination of the instance, specify false. The default is true. [volume-type] To create a Provisioned IOPS volume, specify io1. The default volume type is standard. If the volume type is io1, you can also provision the number of IOPS that the volume supports. For example, "/dev/sdh=snap-7eb96d16::false:io1:500".
	You can specify multiple blockdevicemapping parameters in one call.
	For more detailed information about block device mapping, see Block Device Mapping in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -b "/dev/sdb=snap-92d333fb::false"
	<b>Note</b> On Windows, the mapping argument must be enclosed in double quotes, as shown in the example.
-m,monitor	Enables monitoring for the instance.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: Disabled
	Required: No
	Example:monitor

Name	Description
disable-api-termination	Whether the instance can be terminated using the EC2 API. A value of true means you can't terminate the instance using the API (the instance is "locked"). A value of false means you can terminate the instance using the API (the instance is "unlocked"). Set this attribute to true to prevent the instance from being terminated using the EC2 API.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: false
	Required: No
	Example:disable-api-termination true
instance-initiated-shutdown-behavior behavior	If an instance shutdown is initiated, this determines whether the instance stops or terminates.
	Type: String
	Valid values: stop   terminate
	Default: stop
	Required: No
	Example:instance-initiated-shutdown-behavior stop
placement-group	The name of the placement group.
placement-group	Type: String
	Valid values: cluster
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:placement-group XYZ-cluster
tenancy tenancy	The tenancy of the instance. An instance with a tenancy of dedicated runs on single-tenant hardware and can only be launched into a VPC.
	Type: String
	Valid values: default   dedicated
	Default: default
	Required: No
	Example:tenancy dedicated

Name	Description
-s,subnet subnet_id	[EC2-VPC] The ID of the subnet to launch the instance into.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: -s subnet-f3e6ab83
private-ip-address ip_address	[EC2-VPC] You can optionally use this parameter to assign the instance a specific available primary private IP address from the subnet.
	Type: String
	Default: We select an IP address from the IP address range of the subnet for the instance
	Required: No
	Example:private-ip-address 10.0.0.25
secondary-private-ip-address IP_ADDRESS	[EC2-VPC] Assigns the specified IP address as a secondary private IP address to the network interface or instance. This option can be used multiple times to assign multiple secondary IP addresses.
	You can do one of the following:
	Use thesecondary-private-ip-address option without a value, and AWS will automatically assign a secondary private IP address within the subnet range.
	Use thesecondary-private-ip-address option and provide a specific IP address that you want to assign. On Windows clients, you must enclose the IP addresses in quotes.
	You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address-count.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.18"secondary-private-ip-address "10.0.2.28"

Name	Description
secondary-private-ip-address-count COUNT	[EC2-VPC] The number of secondary IP addresses to assign to the network interface or instance.
	You cannot specify this parameter when also specifyingsecondary-private-ip-address
	Type: Integer
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:secondary-private-ip-address-count 2
client-token token	Unique, case-sensitive identifier you provide to ensure idempotency of the request. For more information, see How to Ensure Idempotency in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Constraints: Maximum 64 ASCII characters
	Required: No
	Example:client-token 550e8400-e29b-41d4-a716-446655440000

Name	Description
-a,network-interface NETWORKINTERFACE	The network attachment for the launched instance. The format of the NETWORKINTERFACE definition is as follows:
	For an existing NETWORKINTERFACE - eni:dev index
	For a new NETWORKINTERFACE - dev index:subnet[:description[:priv IP[:SGs[:DOT[:SIP count [:SIPs]]]]]]] where SGs is a comma separated list of security group IDs; DOT is either true or false, denoting whether to delete the interface on terminate; SIP count is the number of secondary IP addresses to assign; and SIPs is a list of secondary IP addresses. You cannot specify both SIP count and SIPs.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Examples:
	<ul> <li>Launch an instance with a specific interface for index 0 ec2run ami-0644f007 -a eni-d2b24dbb:0</li> <li>Launch an instance and specify interfaces for both index 0 and index 1 ec2run ami-0644f007 -a eni-d2b24dbb:0 -a eni-12345678:1</li> <li>Launch an instance and autocreate an interface for index 0 with details and a specific interface for index 1 ec2-run-instances ami-31814f58 -a:0:subnet-15ca247d:"My ENI" -a eni-12345678:1</li> <li>Launch an instance with a specific interface for index 0 and autocreate an interface for index 1 with specific values ec2-run-instances ami-31814f58 -a eni-12345678:0 -a :1:subnet-15ca247d:"My ENI":"10.0.0.10":sg-123456,sg-654321:false</li> <li>Launch an instance with a specific interface for index 0 with specific secondary IP addresses ec2-run-instances ami-31814f58 -a eni-12345678:0 -a :1:subnet-15ca247d:"MyENI":::::"10.0.0.18,10.0.0.25"</li> </ul>

Name	Description
-p,iam-profile arn/name	The IAM instance profile to associate with the launched instance(s). IAM instance profiles enable you to manage permissions for applications running on EC2. This is either the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the instance profile (for example, arn:aws:iam::111111111111111111111instance-profile/s3access) or the name of the role (for example, s3access).  Type: String  Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: arn:aws:iam::1111111111111111:instance-profile/s3access
ebs-optimized Boolean	Whether the instance is optimized for EBS I/O. This optimization provides dedicated throughput to Amazon EBS and an optimized configuration stack to provide optimal EBS I/O performance. This option isn't available on all instance types. Additional usage charge apply when using this option.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: false
	Required: No
	Example:ebs-optimized true

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following rows of information for each instance. Each field is separated by a comma. Some of these values may be empty.

- 1. The reservation information
  - The RESERVATION identifier
  - · The ID of the reservation
  - · The AWS account ID of the instance owner
  - The name of each security group the instance is in
- 2. The instance information
  - The INSTANCE identifier
  - · The ID of the instance
  - The AMI ID of the image on which the instance is based
  - The public DNS name associated with the instance. This is only present for instances in the running state.
  - The private DNS name associated with the instance. This is only present for instances in the running state.
  - · The state of the instance
  - The key name. If a key was associated with the instance at launch, its name will appear.
  - The AMI launch index
  - · The product codes associated with the instance
  - The instance type
  - · The instance launch time
  - · The Availability Zone
  - · The ID of the kernel
  - · The ID of the RAM disk
  - The platform (windows or empty)
  - · The monitoring state
  - · The public IP address

- The private IP address
- [EC2-VPC] The ID of the VPC
- [EC2-VPC] The subnet ID
- The type of root device (ebs or instance-store)
- The instance lifecycle
- The Spot Instance request ID
- · The instance license
- · The placement group the cluster instance is in
- The virtualization type (paravirtual or hvm)
- The hypervisor type (xen or ovm)
- · The client token
- The ID of each security group the instance is in
- The tenancy of the instance (default or dedicated)
- Whether or not the instance is EBS optimized (true or false)
- The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the IAM role
- 3. [EC2-VPC] The network interface information. There will be a set of the following for each network interface
  - a. The network interface information
    - The NIC identifier
    - · The network interface ID
    - The subnet ID
    - The VPC ID
    - The owner ID
    - · The network interface status
    - · The private IP address of the network interface
    - · The private DNS name
    - Whether or not source destination check is enabled (true or false)
  - b. The network interface attachment information
    - The NICATTACHMENT identifier
    - · The attachment ID
    - · The device index
    - · The device status
    - · The attachment timestamp
    - Whether or not the attachment is deleted on termination (true or false)
  - c. The network interface association information
    - The NICASSOCIATION identifier
    - The public IP address
    - The public IP address owner
    - The private IP address
  - d. The security group information
    - · The GROUP identifier
    - · The security group identifier
    - The security group name
  - e. The private IP address information
    - The PRIVATEIPADDRESS identifier
    - The private IP address

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example launches three instances of the ami-la2b3c4d AMI.

```
PROMPT> ec2-run-instances ami-la2b3c4d -n 3 --availability-zone us-east-la
RESERVATION r-1a2b3c4d 111122223333
INSTANCE i-la2b3c4d ami-la2b3c4d
                                 pending gsg-keypair 0 ml.small YYYY-MM-
DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 us-east-la aki-la2b3c4d
                                          monitoring-disabled
paravirtual xen sg-la2b3c4d default false
INSTANCE i-2a2b3c4d ami-1a2b3c4d
                                 pending gsg-keypair 1 ml.small YYYY-MM-
DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 us-east-la aki-la2b3c4d
                                         monitoring-disabled
paravirtual xen sg-la2b3c4d default false
INSTANCE i-3a2b3c4d ami-la2b3c4d pending gsg-keypair 2 ml.small YYYY-MM-
DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 us-east-la aki-la2b3c4d
                                        monitoring-disabled
paravirtual xen sg-la2b3c4d default false
```

### **Example Request**

This example launches an Amazon EBS-based Windows image (ami-2879f118) and provides a block device mapping that mounts a public snapshot with the snap-la2b3c4d ID.

```
PROMPT> ec2-run-instances ami-2879f118 -n 1 --b "/dev/sdb=snap-1a2b3c4d::false" RESERVATION r-1a2b3c4d 111122223333

INSTANCE i-1a2b3c4d ami-84db39ed pending gsg-keypair 0 m1.small YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 us-east-1c windows monitoring-disabled ebs hvm xen sg-1a2b3c4d default false
```

### **Example Request**

This example launches an instance with a primary IP address of 10.0.0.146 and two secondary private IP addresses of 10.0.0.148 and of 10.0.0.150 in subnet-1a2b3c4d.

```
PROMPT> ec2-run-instances ami-la2b3c4d -k gsg-keypair -s subnet-la2b3c4d -t c1.medium --private-ip-address 10.0.0.146 --secondary-private-ip-address 10.0.0.150

RESERVATION r-la2b3c4d 111122223333

INSTANCE i-la2b3c4d ami-la2b3c4d pending gsg-keypair 0 c1.medium YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 us-west-2b windows monitoring-disabled 10.0.0.146 vpc-la2b3c4d subnet-la2b3c4d ebs hvm xen sg-la2b3c4d dedicated false

NIC eni-la2b3c4d subnet-la2b3c4d vpc-la2b3c4d 111122223333 in-use 10.0.1.146 true

NICATTACHMENT eni-attach-la2b3c4d 0 attaching YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS+0000 true

GROUP sg-la2b3c4d default

PRIVATEIPADDRESS 10.0.0.146

PRIVATEIPADDRESS 10.0.0.150
```

### **Example Request**

This example launches a Dedicated Instance into a VPC.

PROMPT> ec2-run-instances ami-la2b3c4d --tenancy dedicated -s subnet-la2b3c4d

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

RunInstances

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-instances (p. 353)
- ec2-stop-instances (p. 713)
- ec2-start-instances (p. 709)
- ec2-terminate-instances (p. 717)
- ec2-authorize (p. 51)
- ec2-revoke (p. 687)
- ec2-create-keypair (p. 123)
- ec2-create-group (p. 104)
- ec2-describe-group (p. 320)

### ec2-start-instances

# **Description**

Starts an instance that uses an Amazon EBS volume as its root device.

Instances that use Amazon EBS volumes as their root devices can be quickly stopped and started. When an instance is stopped, the compute resources are released and you are not billed for hourly instance usage. However, your root partition Amazon EBS volume remains, continues to persist your data, and you are charged for Amazon EBS volume usage. You can restart your instance at any time. Each time you transition an instance from stopped to started, we charge a full instance hour, even if transitions happen multiple times within a single hour.

#### Note

Before stopping an instance, make sure it is in a state from which it can be restarted. Stopping an instance does not preserve data stored in RAM.

Performing this operation on an instance that uses an instance store as its root device returns an error.

You cannot start or stop Spot Instances.

For more information, see Using Amazon EBS-Backed AMIs and Instances.

The short version of this command is ec2start.

## **Syntax**

ec2-start-instances instance\_id [instance\_id...]

# **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	The instance ID.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-43a4412a

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access key ID associated with your AWS account. Performent variable. If AWS_access_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout 30  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access_KEY in the torios who you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If A		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	<del>-</del>	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- INSTANCE identifier
- Instance ID
- The previous state of the instance
- The new state of the instance

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

# **Examples**

### **Example Request**

This example starts the i-10a64379 instance.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-start-instances i-10a64379 INSTANCE i-10a64379 stopped pending

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• StartInstances

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-instances (p. 353)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)
- ec2-stop-instances (p. 713)
- ec2-terminate-instances (p. 717)

# ec2-stop-instances

## **Description**

Stops an instance that uses an Amazon EBS volume as its root device. Each time you transition an instance from stopped to started, we charge a full instance hour, even if transitions happen multiple times within a single hour.

#### **Important**

Although Spot Instances can use Amazon EBS-backed AMIs, they don't support Stop/Start. In other words, you can't stop and start Spot Instances launched from an AMI with an Amazon EBS root device.

Instances that use Amazon EBS volumes as their root devices can be quickly stopped and started. When an instance is stopped, the compute resources are released and you are not billed for hourly instance usage. However, your root partition Amazon EBS volume remains, continues to persist your data, and you are charged for Amazon EBS volume usage. You can restart your instance at any time.

#### Note

Before stopping an instance, make sure it is in a state from which it can be restarted. Stopping an instance does not preserve data stored in RAM.

Performing this operation on an instance that uses an instance store as its root device returns an error.

You can stop, start, and terminate EBS-backed instances. You can only terminate S3-backed instances. What happens to an instance differs if you stop it or terminate it. For example, when you stop an instance, the root device and any other devices attached to the instance persist. When you terminate an instance, the root device and any other devices attached during the instance launch are automatically deleted. For more information about the differences between stopping and terminating instances, see Stopping Instances in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide

The short version of this command is ec2stop.

### **Syntax**

ec2-stop-instances instance\_id [instance\_id...] [--force]

### **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	The ID of the instance.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-43a4412a

Name	Description
-f,force	Forces the instance to stop. The instance will not have an opportunity to flush file system caches or file system metadata. If you use this option, you must perform file system check and repair procedures. This option is not recommended for Windows instances.
	Type: Boolean
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example: None

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The INSTANCE identifier
- The ID of the instance
- The previous state of the instance
- · The new state of the instance

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example stops the i-10a64379 instance.

PROMPT> ec2-stop-instances i-10a64379 INSTANCE i-10a64379 running stopping

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

StopInstances

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-instances (p. 353)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)
- ec2-start-instances (p. 709)
- ec2-terminate-instances (p. 717)

### ec2-terminate-instances

### **Description**

Shuts down one or more instances. This operation is idempotent; if you terminate an instance more than once, each call succeeds.

Terminated instances will remain visible after termination (approximately one hour).

#### Note

By default, Amazon EC2 deletes all Amazon EBS volumes that were attached when the instance launched. Amazon EBS volumes attached after instance launch persist.

You can stop, start, and terminate EBS-backed instances. You can only terminate S3-backed instances. What happens to an instance differs if you stop it or terminate it. For example, when you stop an instance, the root device and any other devices attached to the instance persist. When you terminate an instance, the root device and any other devices attached during the instance launch are automatically deleted. For more information about the differences between stopping and terminating instances, see Stopping Instances in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide

The short version of this command is ec2kill.

#### **Syntax**

ec2-terminate-instances instance\_id [instance\_id ...]

#### **Options**

Name	Description
instance_id	The IDs of instances to terminate.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: i-43a4412a

#### **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.  Example:region eu-west-1

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access key ID associated with your AWS account. Performent variable. If AWS_access_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout 30  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access_KEY in the torios who you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If A		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	=	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The INSTANCE identifier
- The instance ID of the instance being terminated
- The state of the instance prior to being terminated
- · The new state of the instance

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example terminates the i-la2b3c4d instance.

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

PROMPT> ec2-terminate-instances i-la2b3c4d INSTANCE i-la2b3c4d running shutting-down

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• TerminateInstances

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-describe-instances (p. 353)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)

# ec2-unassign-private-ip-addresses

# **Description**

Unassigns one or more secondary private IP addresses from a network interface. This command is only available in EC2-VPC.

The short version of this command is ec2upip.

### **Syntax**

```
ec2-unassign-private-addresses --network-interface NetworkInterface
--secondary-private-ip-address IP ADDRESS [--secondary-private-ip-address IP
ADDRESS ...]
```

# **Options**

Name	Description
n,network-interface	The network interface from which the secondary private IP address will be unassigned.
interface_id	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -n eni-bc7299d4
secondary-private-ip-address	The secondary private IP addresses that you want to unassign from the network interface. You can specify this option multiple
IP_ADDRESS	times to unassign more than IP address.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example:secondary-private-ip-address 10.0.2.18secondary-private-ip-address 10.0.2.28

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the Ec2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIGZECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFONN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY  Wold is a secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45	Option	Description
see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY int set, you must specify this option.  Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -C,cert EC2-CERT  The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY in't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout  TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 50  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-U,url URL	entry point.  Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert_HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  -O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  TIMEOUT  TimeOUT  TimeOUT  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access key ID associated with your AWS account. Performent variable. If AWS_access_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout 30  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  House access_KEY in the torios who you must specify this option.  Example:request-timeout information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If A		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -0 AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	-C,cert EC2-CERT	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note  For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection-timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  Includes column headers in the command output.	_	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TIMEOUT  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.	TOKEN	
TIMEOUT  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.		
command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output.	=	
	-v,verbose	
show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil).	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

The command returns a true value if the operation succeeds or an error if the operation fails.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example unassigns the private IP addresses 10.0.0.118 and 10.0.0.119 from the network interface specified.

```
PROMPT> ec2-unassign-private-ip-addresses --network-interface eni-c08a35a9 --
secondary-private-ip-address 10.0.0.118 --secondary-private-ip-address
10.0.0.119
RETURN true
```

# **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

• UnassignPrivateIpAddresses

#### **Related Commands**

• ec2-assign-private-ip-addresses (p. 16)

# ec2-unmonitor-instances

## **Description**

Disables monitoring for a running instance. For more information, see Monitoring Your Instances and Volumes in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

The short version of this command is ec2umin.

### **Syntax**

ec2-unmonitor-instances instance\_id [instance\_id...]

### **Options**

Name	Description	
instance_id	The ID of the instance.	
	Type: String	
	Default: None	
	Required: Yes	
	Example: i-43a4412a	

## **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the ${\tt EC2\_URL}$ environment variable and the URL specified by the ${\tt -U}$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

Option	Description
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns a table that contains the following information:

- The ID of the instance.
- · The monitoring state

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

## **Examples**

#### **Example Request**

This example disables monitoring for i-43a4412a and i-23a3397d.

PROMPT> ec2-unmonitor-instances i-43a4412a i-23a3397d i-43a4412a monitoring-disabling i-23a3397d monitoring-disabling

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Action**

UnmonitorInstances

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-monitor-instances (p. 607)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)

# ec2-upload-disk-image

## **Description**

Deprecated. Instead, use the ec2-import-instance and ec2-import-volume commands (included in the command line tools as of 2011-09-15) to create the import task and upload the image to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Using the Command Line Tools to Import Your Virtual Machine to Amazon EC2 in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

Uploads the disk image associated with an import instance or an import volume task ID. Amazon EC2 supports import of VMDK, RAW, and VHD disk images.

If the upload task doesn't complete, use ec2-resume-import to resume the import from where it was interrupted.

The short version of this command is ec2udi.

#### **Syntax**

ec2-upload-disk-image -t task\_id -o owner -w secret\_key [-x days] [--user-threads threads] [--part-size partsize] [--dry-run] [--dont-verify-format] disk\_image

#### **Options**

Name	Description
disk_image	The local file name of the disk image that you want to upload.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: WinSvr8-32-disk1.vmdk
-t,task task_id	The conversion task ID for the upload.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: -t import-i-ffvko9js
-o,owner-akid access_key_id	The access key ID of the bucket owner.
	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Options

Name	Description
-w,owner-sak	The secret access key of the bucket owner.
secret_access_key	Type: String
	Default: None
	Required: Yes
	Example: wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
-x,expires days	The validity period for the signed Amazon S3 URLS that allow EC2 to access your file.
	Type: String
	Default: 30 days
	Required: No
	Example: -x 10
user-threads threads	The maximum number of threads to concurrently upload the file with.
	Type: String
	Default: 20
	Required: No
	Example:user-threads 15
part-size partsize	The size of each individual file part (in MB) that will be uploaded. The file will be split into multiple parts at most as large as the <code>partsize</code> parameter.
	Type: String
	Default: 8
	Required: No
	Example:part-size 3
dry-run	Does not upload the file, only validates that the disk image matches a known type.
	Type: None
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:dry-run

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

Name	Description
dont-verify-format	Does not verify the file format. We don't recommend this option because it can result in a failed conversion.
	Type: None
	Default: None
	Required: No
	Example:dont-verify-format

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the $EC2\_URL$ environment variable and the URL specified by the $-U$ option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-0,aws-access-key  AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	<b>Note</b> For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

### **Output**

This command returns the following information:

- The disk image size and format
- · The converted volume size
- The EBS volume size
- · The percentage of the upload completed

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Example**

#### **Example Request**

This example uploads the corresponding disk image of the Windows Server 2008 (32-bit) VM you want to migrate.

PROMPT>ec2-upload-disk-image ./WinSvr8-32-disk1.vmdk -t import-i-ffvko9js -o AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE -w wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY

### **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

#### **Related Commands**

- ec2-delete-disk-image (p. 205)
- ec2-import-instance (p. 552)
- ec2-import-volume (p. 565)
- ec2-resume-import (p. 682)
- ec2-cancel-conversion-task (p. 69)
- ec2-describe-conversion-tasks (p. 302)

# ec2-version

# **Description**

Describes the build and API versions of the CLI tools.

The short version of this command is ec2ver.

### **Syntax**

ec2-version

## **Options**

This command does not have any options.

# **Common Options**

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key that identifies you to Amazon EC2. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate that identifies you to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-O,aws-access-key AWS_ACCESS_KEY	The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.
	Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
	Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
	Note
	For more information, see the following section, <i>Deprecated Options</i> .

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

Option	Description
-W,aws-secret-key  AWS_SECRET_KEY	The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.
-T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN	The AWS delegation token.  Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).
connection-timeout TIMEOUT	The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30
request-timeout TIMEOUT	The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45
-v,verbose	Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.
-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.
_	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.  Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -

#### **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.
	Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-C,cert EC2-CERT	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.
	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.
	Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

## **Output**

This command displays the build and API version information.

Amazon EC2 command line tools display errors on stderr.

### **Example**

#### **Example Request**

This example displays version information for the version of the CLI tools that you're using.

PROMPT> **ec2-version** 1.6.7.2 2013-02-01

## **Related Topics**

#### **Download**

• Getting Started with the Command Line Tools

# **Common Options for CLI Tools**

Most commands in the CLI tools accept the set of optional parameters described in the following table.

Option	Description
region REGION	Overrides the region specified by the EC2_URL environment variable and the URL specified by the -U option.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or us-east-1 if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example:region eu-west-1
-U,url URL	The uniform resource locator (URL) of the Amazon EC2 web service entry point.
	Default: The value of the EC2_URL environment variable, or https://ec2.amazonaws.com if EC2_URL isn't set.
	Example: -U https://ec2.amazonaws.com

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Common Options

See Tell the Tools Who You Are.	Option	Description
Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem  The access key ID associated with your AWS account. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIATOSFODNNTEXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account.  Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS_delegation_token.  TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN  The Connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable. If EC2_PRIVATE_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.
information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are. Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The secret access key associated with your AWS account. Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option. Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bpxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  The AWS delegation token. Default: The value of the environment variable (if set).  The connection-timeout The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API. headers Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable. If EC2_CERT isn't set, you must specify this option.
Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated Options.  -T,security-token TOKEN AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT The connection timeout, in seconds. Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT The request timeout, in seconds. Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers Includes column headers in the command output.  Shows empty columns as (nil).  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	_ ·	information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.  Default: The value of the AWS_ACCESS_KEY environment variable. If AWS_ACCESS_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -O AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
TOKEN  AWS_DELEGATION_TOKEN connection-timeout TIMEOUT  The connection timeout, in seconds.  Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout TIMEOUT  The request timeout, in seconds.  Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	•	Default: The value of the AWS_SECRET_KEY environment variable. If AWS_SECRET_KEY isn't set, you must specify this option.  Example: -W wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY  Note For more information, see the following section, Deprecated
### Example:connection-timeout 30 request-timeout The request timeout, in seconds.  ###################################	TOKEN	_
Example:request-timeout 45  -v,verbose  Displays verbose output, including the API request and response on the command line. This is useful if you are building tools to talk directly to our Query API.  -H,headers  Includes column headers in the command output. show-empty-fields  Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping		
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show-empty-fields Shows empty columns as (nil). hide-tags Omits tags for tagged resources. debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-v,verbose	
hide-tags  Omits tags for tagged resources. debug  Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	-H,headers	Includes column headers in the command output.
debug Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping	show-empty-fields	Shows empty columns as (nil).
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	hide-tags	Omits tags for tagged resources.
you troubleshooting problems.	debug	Displays internal debugging information. This can assist us when helping you troubleshooting problems.
-?,help, -h Displays usage information for the command.	-?,help, -h	Displays usage information for the command.

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Deprecated Options

Option	Description
-	Reads arguments from standard input. This is useful when piping the output from one command to the input of another.
	<pre>Example: ec2-describe-instances   grep stopped   cut -f 2   ec2-start-instances -</pre>

# **Deprecated Options**

For a limited time, you can still use the private key and X.509 certificate instead of your access key ID and secret access key. However, we recommend that you start using your access key ID (-O, --aws-access-key) and secret access key (-W, --aws-secret-key) now, as the private key (-K, --private-key) and X.509 certificate (-C, --cert) won't be supported after the transition period elapses. For more information, see Tell the Tools Who You Are.

Option	Description
-K,private-key EC2-PRIVATE-KEY	The private key to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2. Default: The value of the EC2_PRIVATE_KEY environment variable.  Example: -K pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-C,cert <i>EC2-CERT</i>	The X.509 certificate to use when constructing requests to Amazon EC2.  Default: The value of the EC2_CERT environment variable.  Example: -C cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem

# **Commands (AMI Tools)**

You install and run the AMI tools on an Amazon EC2 instance-store backed instance to manage your instance-store backed AMIs. The AMI tools are distinct from the API tools, which are used to manage your other Amazon EC2 and Amazon VPC resources (instances, security groups, volumes, and so on). For more information, see the API Tools Reference.

#### Note

Currently, the AMI tools are compatible only with Ruby 1.8x.

#### Topics

- ec2-bundle-image (p. 740)
- ec2-bundle-vol (p. 744)
- ec2-delete-bundle (p. 749)
- ec2-download-bundle (p. 752)
- ec2-migrate-bundle (p. 755)
- ec2-migrate-manifest (p. 758)
- ec2-unbundle (p. 761)
- ec2-upload-bundle (p. 763)
- Common Options for AMI Tools (p. 765)

# ec2-bundle-image

## **Description**

Creates an AMI from an operating system image created in a loopback file. For more information, see Creating AMIs from a Loopback.

To get the AMI tools, go to Amazon EC2 AMI Tools.

#### **Note**

Scripts that require a copy of the public key from the launch key pair must obtain the key from the instance's metadata (not the key file in the instance store) for instances bundled with the 2007-08-29 AMI tools and later. AMIs bundled before this release will continue to work normally.

#### **Syntax**

```
ec2-bundle-image -k private_key -c cert -u user_id -i image_path -r {i386 | x86_64} [-d destination] [-p ami_prefix] [--ec2cert cert_path] [--kernel kernel-id] [--ramdisk ramdisk id] [--block-device-mapping block device mapping]
```

#### Note

When the image is for an Ubuntu Linux distribution, you must manually add the following syntax to this command:

--ec2cert /etc/ec2/amitools/cert-ec2.pem

#### **Options**

Option	Description
-k,privatekey private_key	The path to the user's PEM-encoded RSA key file. Required: Yes Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-c,cert cert	The user's PEM encoded RSA public key certificate file. Required: Yes Example: -c cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-u,user user_id	The user's AWS account ID without dashes. Do not use the Access Key ID.  Required: Yes  Example: -u 111122223333
-i,image image_path	The path to the image to bundle.  Required: Yes  Example: -i /var/spool/my-image/version-2/debian.img

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Options

Option	Description
-r,arch architecture	Image architecture. If you don't provide this on the command line, you'll be prompted to provide it when the bundling starts.  Valid Values: i386   x86_64  Required: Yes  Example: -r x86_64
-d,destination destination	The directory in which to create the bundle.  Default: /tmp  Required: No  Example: -d /var/run/my-bundle
-p,prefix ami_prefix	The filename prefix for bundled AMI files.  Default: The name of the image file. For example, if the image path is /var/spool/my-image/version-2/debian.img, then the default prefix is debian.img.  Required: No  Example: -p my-image-is-special
ec2cert cert_path	The path to the Amazon EC2 X.509 public key certificate.  Default: /etc/ec2/amitools/cert-ec2.pem (varies, depending on tools)  Required: No  Example:ec2cert /etc/ec2/amiutil/cert-ec2.pem
kernel kernel_id	The ID of the kernel to select.  Default: 2.6.16-xenU  Required: No  Example:kernel aki-ba3adfd3
ramdisk ramdisk_id	The ID of the RAM disk to select.  Note It is recommended that PV-GRUB be used instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, go to PV-GRUB: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.  Required: No  Example:ramdisk ari-badbad00

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
block-device-mapping mappings	Default block-device-mapping scheme with which to launch the AMI. This defines how block devices are exposed to an instance of this AMI if the instance type supports the specified device.
	The scheme is a comma-separated list of key=value pairs, where each key is a virtual name and each value is the desired device name. Virtual names include:
	• ami—The root file system device, as seen by the instance
	root—The root file system device, as seen by the kernel
	swap—The swap device, as seen by the instance
	ephemeralN—The Nth ephemeral store
	Required: No
	Example:block-device-mapping ami=sda1,root=/dev/sda1,ephemeral0=sda2,swap=sda3
	Example:block-device-mapping
	ami=0,root=/dev/dsk/c0d0s0,ephemeral0=1
no-filter	Do not use the default filtered files list.
	Required: No

### **Output**

Status messages describing the stages and status of the bundling process.

### **Example**

This example creates a bundled AMI from an operating system image that was created in a loopback file.

```
$ ec2-bundle-image -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem -c cert-HKZYK
TAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem -u 111122223333 -i image.img -d bundled/ -p
fred -r x86_64
Please specify a value for arch [i386]:
Bundling image file...
Splitting bundled/fred.gz.crypt...
Created fred.part.00
Created fred.part.01
Created fred.part.02
Created fred.part.03
Created fred.part.04
Created fred.part.05
Created fred.part.06
Created fred.part.07
Created fred.part.08
Created fred.part.09
Created fred.part.10
Created fred.part.11
Created fred.part.12
```

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

```
Created fred.part.13
Created fred.part.14
Generating digests for each part...
Digests generated.
Creating bundle manifest...
ec2-bundle-image complete.
```

# **Related Topics**

- ec2-bundle-vol (p. 744)
- ec2-unbundle (p. 761)
- ec2-upload-bundle (p. 763)
- ec2-download-bundle (p. 752)
- ec2-delete-bundle (p. 749)

#### ec2-bundle-vol

### **Description**

Creates a bundled AMI by compressing, encrypting and signing a snapshot of the local machine's root file system.

To use ec2-bundle-vol, first you must install the AMI tools on the instance you are bundling, then run ec2-bundle-vol on that instance, not on a local system. To get the AMI tools, go to Amazon EC2 AMI Tools.

#### Note

Scripts that require a copy of the public key from the launch key pair must obtain the key from the instance's metadata (not the key file in the instance store) for instances bundled with the 2007-08-29 AMI tools and later. AMIs bundled before this release will continue to work normally. On a running instance, Amazon EC2 attempts to inherit product codes, kernel settings, RAM disk settings, and block device mappings with which the instance launched.

#### **Syntax**

```
ec2-bundle-vol -k private_key -u user_id -c cert -r architecture [-s size] [-d destination] [-e exclude_directory_1,exclude_directory_2,...] [-i include_file_1,include_file_2,...] [-p ami_prefix] [-v volume] [--ec2cert cert_path] [--fstab fstab_path] [--generate-fstab] [--kernel kernel-id] [--ramdisk ramdisk_id] [--block-device-mapping block_device_mapping] [--[no-]inherit] [--productcodes product_code]
```

#### **Options**

Option	Description
-k,privatekey <i>private_key</i>	The path to the user's PEM-encoded RSA key file. Required: Yes Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-u,user user_id	The user's AWS account ID without dashes. Do not use the Access Key ID.  Required: Yes  Example: -u 111122223333
-c,cert cert	The user's PEM encoded RSA public key certificate file. Required: Yes Example: -c cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-r,arch architecture	Image architecture. If you don't provide this on the command line, you'll be prompted to provide it when the bundling starts. Valid Values: i386   x86_64 Required: Yes Example: -r x86_64

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Options

Option	Description
-s,size <i>size</i>	The size, in MB (1024 * 1024 bytes), of the image file to create. The maximum size is 10240 MB.  Default: 10240  Required: No  Example: -s 2048
-d,destination destination	The directory in which to create the bundle.  Default: /tmp  Required: No  Example: -d /var/run/my-bundle
<pre>-e,exclude directory_1,directory_2,</pre>	A list of absolute directory paths and files to exclude from the bundle operation. This parameter overrides the <code>all</code> option. When exclude is specified, the directories and subdirectories listed with the parameter will not be bundled with the volume. Required: No  Example: Assuming the mount point of the volume is <code>-v</code> <code>/foo</code> , and you want to exclude directories <code>/foo/bar</code> and <code>/foo/baz</code> , specify <code>-e</code> <code>/bar</code> , <code>/baz</code> .
-i,include file_1,file_2,	A list of files to include in the bundle operation. This option overrides the exclusion of files that are filtered out by default because they might contain sensitive information, such as your AWS credentials.  Use this option to explicitly include a file that might contain sensitive data — i.e., '*.sw', '*.swo', '*.swp', '*.pem', '*.priv', '*.gpg', '*.jks', '*/.ssh/authorized_keys', '*/.bash_history'. The files listed with the parameter will be bundled with the volume. Required: No  Example: Assuming the mount point of the volume is -v /mnt/myvol/ and you want to include file /mnt/myvol/foo/bar.pem, specify -i /foo/bar.pem.
-p,prefix ami_prefix	The filename prefix for bundled AMI files.  Default: image  Required: No  Example: -p my-image-is-special
-v,volume volume	The absolute path to the mounted volume from which to create the bundle.  Default: The root directory (/)  Required: No  Example: -v /mnt/my-customized-ami
-a,all	Bundle all directories, including those on remotely mounted file systems.  Required: No Example: -a

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Options

Option	Description
ec2cert cert_path	The path to the Amazon EC2 X.509 public key certificate.
	Default: /etc/ec2/amitools/cert-ec2.pem (varies, depending on tools)
	Required: No
	Example:ec2cert /etc/ec2/amiutil/cert-ec2.pem
fstab fstab_path	The path to the fstab to bundle into the image. If this is not specified, Amazon EC2 bundles /etc/fstab.  Required: No
	Example:fstab /etc/fstab
generate-fstab	Causes Amazon EC2 to bundle the volume using an Amazon EC2-provided fstab.
	Required: No
	Example:generate-fstab
kernel kernel_id	The ID of the kernel to select.
	Required: No
	Example:kernel aki-ba3adfd3
ramdisk ramdisk_id	The ID of the RAM disk to select.
	Note It is recommended that PV-GRUB be used instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, go to PV-GRUB: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.  Required: No  Example:ramdisk ari-badbad00
block-device-mapping mappings	Default block-device-mapping scheme with which to launch the AMI. This defines how block devices are exposed to an instance of this AMI if the instance type supports the specified device.
	The scheme is a comma-separated list of key=value pairs, where each key is a virtual name and each value is the desired device name. Virtual names include:
	• ami—The root file system device, as seen by the instance
	root—The root file system device, as seen by the kernel
	swap—The swap device, as seen by the instance
	ephemeralN—The Nth ephemeral store
	Required: No
	Example:block-device-mapping
	ami=sda1,root=/dev/sda1,ephemeral0=sda2,swap=sda3
	Example:block-device-mapping
	ami=0,root=/dev/dsk/c0d0s0,ephemeral0=1

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
[no-]inherit	Whether the image should inherit the instance's metadata (the default is to inherit). Bundling will fail if you enable inherit but the instance metadata is not accessible.  Required: No  Example:inherit
productcodes <i>product_code</i>	Product code to attach to the image at registration time.  Required: No  Example:productcodes 1234abcd
no-filter	Do not use the default filtered files list.  Important  The default filtered files list is used to avoid leaking of sensitive information, such as AWS credentials.  Required: No

### **Output**

Status messages describing the stages and status of the bundling.

## **Example**

This example creates a bundled AMI by compressing, encrypting and signing a snapshot of the local machine's root file system.

```
$ ec2-bundle-vol -d /mnt -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem -c cert-
HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem -u 111122223333 -r x86_64
  Copying / into the image file /mnt/image...
  Excluding:
       sys
       dev/shm
       proc
      dev/pts
       proc/sys/fs/binfmt_misc
      media
       mnt
       proc
       sys
       tmp/image
      mnt/img-mnt
  1+0 records in
  1+0 records out
  mke2fs 1.38 (30-Jun-2005)
  warning: 256 blocks unused.
  Splitting /mnt/image.gz.crypt...
  Created image.part.00
  Created image.part.01
  Created image.part.02
  Created image.part.03
```

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

```
Created image.part.22
Created image.part.23
Generating digests for each part...
Digests generated.
Creating bundle manifest...
Bundle Volume complete.
```

# **Related Topics**

- ec2-bundle-image (p. 740)
- ec2-unbundle (p. 761)
- ec2-upload-bundle (p. 763)
- ec2-download-bundle (p. 752)
- ec2-delete-bundle (p. 749)

# ec2-delete-bundle

# **Description**

Deletes the specified bundle from Amazon S3 storage.

To get the AMI tools, go to Amazon EC2 AMI Tools.

## **Syntax**

ec2-delete-bundle -b s3\_bucket -a access\_key\_id -s secret\_key [-m manifest\_path]
[-p ami\_prefix] [--url url] [--retry] [-y] [--clear]

## **Options**

Option	Description dri
-b,bucket s3_bucket	The name of the Amazon S3 bucket containing the bundled AMI, followed by an optional '/'-delimited path prefix Required: Yes  Example: -b myawsbucket/ami-001
-a,access-key access_key_id	The AWS access key ID.  Required: Yes  Example: -a AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
-s,secret-key secret_key	The AWS secret access key.  Required: Yes  Example: -s wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
-m,manifest manifest_path	The path to the unencrypted manifest file.  Required: Conditional  Condition: You must specifyprefix ormanifest.  Example: -m /var/spool/my-first-bundle/image.manifest.xml
-p,prefix ami_prefix	The bundled AMI filename prefix. Provide the entire prefix. For example, if the prefix is image.img, use -p image.img and not -p image.  Required: Conditional  Condition: You must specifyprefix ormanifest.  Example: -p image.img
url url	The Amazon S3 service URL.  Default: https://s3.amazonaws.com  Required: No  Example:url https://s3.amazonaws.ie

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description de
retry	Automatically retries on all Amazon S3 errors, up to five times per operation.  Required: No Example:retry
-y,yes	Automatically assumes the answer to all prompts is 'yes'. Required: No Example: $-y$
clear	Deletes the specified bundle from the Amazon S3 bucket and deletes the bucket, if empty.  Required: No  Example:clear

### **Output**

Amazon EC2 displays status messages indicating the stages and status of the delete process.

#### **Example**

This example deletes a bundle from Amazon S3.

```
$ ec2-delete-bundle -b myawsbucket -a AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE -s wJalrXUtn
FEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY -p fred
Deleting files:
myawsbucket/fred.manifest.xml
myawsbucket/fred.part.00
myawsbucket/fred.part.01
myawsbucket/fred.part.02
myawsbucket/fred.part.03
myawsbucket/fred.part.04
myawsbucket/fred.part.05
myawsbucket/fred.part.06
Continue? [y/n]
Deleted myawsbucket/fred.manifest.xml
Deleted myawsbucket/fred.part.00
Deleted myawsbucket/fred.part.01
Deleted myawsbucket/fred.part.02
Deleted myawsbucket/fred.part.03
Deleted myawsbucket/fred.part.04
Deleted myawsbucket/fred.part.05
Deleted myawsbucket/fred.part.06
ec2-delete-bundle complete.
```

#### **Related Topics**

- ec2-bundle-image (p. 740)
- ec2-bundle-vol (p. 744)
- ec2-unbundle (p. 761)

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

- ec2-upload-bundle (p. 763)
- ec2-download-bundle (p. 752)

# ec2-download-bundle

# **Description**

Downloads the specified bundles from S3 storage.

To get the AMI tools, go to Amazon EC2 AMI Tools.

### **Syntax**

ec2-download-bundle -b s3\_bucket [-m manifest] -a access\_key\_id -s secret\_key
-k private\_key [-p ami\_prefix] [-d directory] [--retry] [--url url]

Option	Description
-b,bucket s3_bucket	The name of the Amazon S3 bucket where the bundle is located, followed by an optional '/'-delimited path prefix.  Required: Yes  Example: -b myawsbucket/ami-001
-m,manifest <i>manifest</i>	The manifest filename (without the path). We recommend you specify either the manifest (option -m), or the filename prefix (option -p).  Required: No  Example: -m my-image.manifest.xml
-a,access-key access_key_id	Your AWS access key ID.  Required: Yes  Example: -a AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
-s,secret-key secret_key	Your AWS secret access key. Required: Yes Example: -s wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
-k,privatekey <i>private_key</i>	The private key used to decrypt the manifest.  Required: Yes  Example: -k  pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-p,prefix ami_prefix	The filename prefix for the bundled AMI files.  Default: image  Required: No  Example: -p my-image

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
-d,directory directory	The directory where the downloaded bundle is saved. The directory must exist.
	Default: The current working directory.
	Required: No
	Example: -d /tmp/my-downloaded-bundle
retry	Automatically retries on all Amazon S3 errors, up to five times per operation.
	Required: No
	Example:retry
url url	The S3 service URL.
	Default: https://s3.amazonaws.com
	Required: No
	Example:url https://s3.amazonaws.ie

### **Output**

Status messages indicating the various stages of the download process are displayed.

### **Example**

This example creates the bundled directory and downloads the bundle from the myawsbucket Amazon S3 bucket.

```
$ mkdir bundled
$ ec2-download-bundle -b myawsbucket -m fred.manifest.xml -a AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
-s wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXY
IBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem -d bundled
downloading manifest https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket/image.manifest.xml
to bundled/image.manifest.xml ...
downloading part https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket/image.part.00 to
bundled/image.part.00 ...
Downloaded image.part.00 from https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket.
downloading part https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket/image.part.01 to
bundled/image.part.01 ...
Downloaded image.part.01 from https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket.
downloading part https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket/image.part.02 to
bundled/image.part.02 ...
Downloaded image.part.02 from https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket.
downloading part https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket/image.part.03 to
bundled/image.part.03 ...
Downloaded image.part.03 from https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket.
downloading part https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket/image.part.04 to
bundled/image.part.04 ...
Downloaded image.part.04 from https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket.
downloading part https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket/image.part.05 to
bundled/image.part.05 ...
Downloaded image.part.05 from https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket.
downloading part https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket/image.part.06 to
bundled/image.part.06 ...
```

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

Downloaded image.part.06 from https://s3.amazonaws.com/myawsbucket. Download Bundle complete.

#### Note

This example uses the Linux and UNIX mkdir command.

- ec2-bundle-image (p. 740)
- ec2-bundle-vol (p. 744)
- ec2-unbundle (p. 761)
- ec2-upload-bundle (p. 763)
- ec2-delete-bundle (p. 749)

# ec2-migrate-bundle

### **Description**

Copies a bundled AMI from one region to another.

#### **Important**

This tool is replaced by ec2-migrate-image (p. 572).

During migration, Amazon EC2 replaces the kernel and RAM disk in the manifest file with a kernel and RAM disk designed for the destination region. Unless the --no-mapping parameter is given, the <code>DescribeRegions</code> and <code>DescribeImages</code> operations might be used to perform automated mappings. We recommend that you use PV-GRUB instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, see <code>PV-GRUB</code>: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide. To get the AMI tools, go to Amazon EC2 AMI Tools.

### **Syntax**

```
ec2-migrate-bundle -k private_key -c cert -a access_key_id -s secret_key --bucket source_s3_bucket --destination-bucket destination_s3_bucket --manifest manifest_path [--location location] [--ec2cert ec2_cert_path] [--kernel kernel-id] [--ramdisk ramdisk id] [--no-mapping] [--region mapping region name]
```

Option	Description
-k,privatekey <i>private_key</i>	The path to the user's PEM-encoded RSA key file. Required: Yes Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-c,cert cert	The user's PEM encoded RSA public key certificate file. Required: Yes Example: -c cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-a,access-key access_key_id	The AWS access key ID.  Required: Yes  Example: -a AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
-s,secret-key secret_key	The AWS secret access key.  Required: Yes  Example: -s wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
-b,bucket source_s3_bucket	The source Amazon S3 bucket where the AMI is located, followed by an optional '/'-delimited path prefix.  Required: Yes  Example:bucket myawsbucket

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Options

Option	Description
-d,destination-bucket  destination_s3_bucket	The destination Amazon S3 bucket, followed by an optional '/'-delimited path prefix. If the destination bucket does not exist, it is created.  Required: Yes
	Example:destination-bucket myotherawsbucket
-m,manifest manifest	The location of the Amazon S3 source manifest.  Default: None  Required: Yes  Example:manifest my-ami.manifest.xml
location location	The location of the destination Amazon S3 bucket.
	If the bucket exists and the location is specified, the tool exits with an error. if the specified location does not match the actual location. If the bucket exists and no location is specified, the tool uses the bucket's location. If the bucket does not exist and the location is specified, the tool creates the bucket in the specified location. If the bucket does not exist and location is not specified, the tool creates the bucket without a location constraint (in the US).  Valid Values: US   EU   us-west-1   ap-southeast-1  Default: US  Required: No  Example:location EU
acl {public-read	The access control list policy of the bundled image.
aws-exec-read}	Valid Values: public-read   aws-exec-read  Default: aws-exec-read  Required: No  Example:acl public-read
retry	Automatically retries on all Amazon S3 errors, up to five times per operation.  Required: No  Example:retry
kernel kernel_id	The ID of the kernel to select.  Required: No  Example:kernel aki-ba3adfd3
ramdisk ramdisk_id	The ID of the RAM disk to select.  Note It is recommended that PV-GRUB be used instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, go to PV-GRUB: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.  Required: No  Example:ramdisk ari-badbad00

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
no-mapping	Disables automatic mapping of kernels and RAM disks.  Required: No  Example:no-mapping
region	Region to look up in the mapping file. If no region is specified, Amazon EC2 attempts to determine the region from the location of the Amazon S3 bucket.  Required: No  Example:region eu-west-1

## **Output**

Status messages describing the stages and status of the bundling process.

### **Example**

This example copies the AMI specified in the my-ami.manifest.xml manifest from the US to the EU.

```
$ ec2-migrate-bundle --cert cert-THUMBPRINT.pem --privatekey pk-THUMBPRINT.pem
--access-key AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE --secret-key wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfi
CYEXAMPLEKEY --bucket myawsbucket --destination-bucket myotherawsbucket --
manifest my-ami.manifest.xml --location EU
Downloading manifest my-ami.manifest.xml from myawsbucket to /tmp/ami-migration-
my-ami.manifest.xml/my-ami.manifest.xml ...
Copying 'my-ami.part.00'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.01'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.02'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.03'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.04'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.05'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.06'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.07'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.08'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.09'...
Copying 'my-ami.part.10'...
Your new bundle is in S3 at the following location:
myotherawsbucket/my-ami.manifest.xml
```

- ec2-register (p. 619)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)

# ec2-migrate-manifest

# **Description**

Modifies a bundled AMI to work in a new region.

You must use this command if you are bundling in one region for use in another or if you copy a bundled AMI out of band (without using ec2-migrate-bundle) and want to use it in a different region.

To get the AMI tools, go to Amazon EC2 AMI Tools.

#### Note

This command replaces the kernel and RAM disk in the manifest file with a kernel and RAM disk designed for the destination region.

It is recommended that PV-GRUB be used instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, go to PV-GRUB: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.

### **Syntax**

```
ec2-migrate-manifest -k private_key -c cert -m manifest_path {(-a access_key_id
-s secret_key --region mapping_region_name) | --no-mapping} [--kernel kernel-id]
[--ramdisk ramdisk_id] [--ec2cert ec2_cert_path]
```

Option	Description
-k,privatekey <i>private_key</i>	The path to the user's PEM-encoded RSA key file. Required: Yes Example: -k pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-c,cert cert	The user's PEM encoded RSA public key certificate file. Required: Yes Example: -c cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBEXAMPLE.pem
-a,access-key access_key_id	The AWS access key ID. Required: Conditional Condition: Required if using automatic mapping. Example: -a AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
-s,secret-key secret_key	The AWS secret access key.  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if using automatic mapping.  Example: -s  wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
manifest manifest_path	The manifest file.  Required: Yes  Example:manifest my-ami.manifest.xml

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
kernel kernel_id	The ID of the kernel to select.
	Required: No
	Example:kernel aki-ba3adfd3
ramdisk ramdisk_id	The ID of the RAM disk to select.
	Note It is recommended that PV-GRUB be used instead of kernels and RAM disks. For more information, go to PV-GRUB: A New Amazon Kernel Image in the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud User Guide.  Required: No Example:ramdisk ari-badbad00
mapping-file mapping_file	Overrides the file containing kernel and RAM disk region mappings.  Required: No  Example:mapping-file eu-mappings
mapping-url url	Overrides the file containing kernel and RAM disk region mappings from the specified hostname portion of a URL. Required: No  Example:mapping-url mysite.com/eu-mappings
no-mapping	Disables automatic mapping of kernels and RAM disks.  Required: Conditional  Condition: Required if you're not providing the -a, -s, andregion options (which are used for automatic mapping).
region	Region to look up in the mapping file.  Condition: Required if using automatic mapping.  Required: Conditional  Example:region eu-west-1

### **Output**

Status messages describing the stages and status of the bundling process.

### **Example**

This example copies the AMI specified in the my-ami.manifest.xml manifest from the US to the EU.

```
$ ec2-migrate-manifest --manifest my-ami.manifest.xml --cert cert-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXY IBH3HXV4ZBZQ55CLO.pem --privatekey pk-HKZYKTAIG2ECMXYIBH3HXV4ZBZQ55CLO.pem --region eu-west-1

Backing up manifest...
Successfully migrated my-ami.manifest.xml It is now suitable for use in eu-west-1.
```

# Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

- ec2-register (p. 619)
- ec2-run-instances (p. 694)

## ec2-unbundle

# **Description**

Recreates the AMI from the bundled AMI parts.

To get the AMI tools, go to Amazon EC2 AMI Tools.

### **Syntax**

ec2-unbundle -m manifest -k private\_key [-d destination\_directory] [-s
source\_directory]

# **Options**

Option	Description
-m,manifest manifest	The path to the unencrypted AMI manifest file.  Required: Yes  Example: -m /var/spool/my-first-bundle/Manifest
-k,privatekey private_key	The path to your PEM-encoded RSA key file.  Required: Yes  Example: -k \$HOME/pk-234242example.pem
-d,destination destination_directory	The directory in which to unbundle the AMI. The destination directory must exist.  Default: The current directory.  Required: No  Example: -d /tmp/my-image
-s,source source_directory	The directory containing the bundled AMI parts.  Default: The current directory.  Required: No  Example: -s /tmp/my-bundled-image

### **Example**

This Linux and UNIX example unbundles the AMI specified in the fred.manifest.xml file.

```
$ mkdir unbundled
$ ec2-unbundle -m fred.manifest.xml -s bundled -d unbundled
$ ls -l unbundled
total 1025008
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1048578048 Aug 25 23:46 fred.img
```

# **Output**

Status messages indicating the various stages of the unbundling process are displayed.

- ec2-bundle-image (p. 740)
- ec2-bundle-vol (p. 744)
- ec2-upload-bundle (p. 763)
- ec2-download-bundle (p. 752)
- ec2-delete-bundle (p. 749)

# ec2-upload-bundle

# **Description**

Uploads a bundled AMI to Amazon S3 storage.

To get the AMI tools, go to Amazon EC2 AMI Tools.

## **Syntax**

ec2-upload-bundle -b s3\_bucket -m manifest -a access\_key\_id -s secret\_key [--acl ac1] [-d directory] [--part part] [--location location] [--url url] [--retry] [--skipmanifest]

Option	Description
-b,bucket s3_bucket	The name of the Amazon S3 bucket in which to store the bundle, followed by an optional '/'-delimited path prefix. If the bucket doesn't exist it will be created (if the bucket name is available).  Required: Yes  Example: -b myawsbucket/ami-001
-m,manifest manifest	The path to the manifest file. The manifest file is created during the bundling process and can be found in the directory containing the bundle.  Required: Yes  Example: -m image.manifest.xml
-a,access-key access_key_id	Your AWS access key ID.  Required: Yes  Example: -a AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
-s,secret-key secret_key	Your AWS secret access key.  Required: Yes  Example: -s wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY
acl	The access control list policy of the bundled image.  Valid Values: public-read   aws-exec-read  Default: aws-exec-read  Required: No  Example:acl public-read
-d,directory directory	The directory containing the bundled AMI parts.  Default: The directory containing the manifest file (see the -m option).  Required: No  Example: -d /var/run/my-bundle

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Output

Option	Description
part part	Starts uploading the specified part and all subsequent parts.  Required: No  Example:part 04
location location	The location of the destination Amazon S3 bucket.  If the bucket exists and you specify a location that doesn't match the bucket's actual location, the tool exits with an error. If the bucket exists and you don't specify a location, the tool uses the bucket's location. If the bucket does not exist and you specify a location, the tool creates the bucket in the specified location. If the bucket does not exist and you don't specify a location, the tool creates the bucket without a location constraint (in the US).  Valid Values: US   EU   us-west-1   ap-southeast-1  Default: US  Required: No  Example:location EU
url url	The S3 service URL.  Default: https://s3.amazonaws.com  Required: No  Example:url https://s3.amazonaws.ie
retry	Automatically retries on all Amazon S3 errors, up to five times per operation.  Required: No  Example:retry
skipmanifest	Does not upload the manifest.  Required: No  Example:skipmanifest

### **Output**

Amazon EC2 displays status messages that indicate the stages and status of the upload process.

# **Example**

This example uploads the bundle specified by the <code>bundled/fred.manifest.xml</code> manifest.

```
$ ec2-upload-bundle -b myawsbucket -m bundled/fred.manifest.xml -a AKIAIOSFOD NN7EXAMPLE -s wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY

Creating bucket...

Uploading bundled image parts to the S3 bucket myawsbucket ...

Uploaded fred.part.00

Uploaded fred.part.01

Uploaded fred.part.02

Uploaded fred.part.03

Uploaded fred.part.04
```

#### Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud CLI Reference Related Topics

```
Uploaded fred.part.05
Uploaded fred.part.06
Uploaded fred.part.07
Uploaded fred.part.08
Uploaded fred.part.09
Uploaded fred.part.10
Uploaded fred.part.11
Uploaded fred.part.12
Uploaded fred.part.13
Uploaded fred.part.14
Uploading manifest ...
Uploaded manifest.
Bundle upload completed.
```

### **Related Topics**

- ec2-bundle-image (p. 740)
- ec2-bundle-vol (p. 744)
- ec2-unbundle (p. 761)
- ec2-download-bundle (p. 752)
- ec2-delete-bundle (p. 749)

# **Common Options for AMI Tools**

Most of the commands described in this section accept the set of optional parameters described in the following table.

Option	Description
help, -h	Display the help message.
version	Displays the version and copyright notice.
manual	Displays the manual entry.
batch	Runs in batch mode, suppressing user interaction and confirmation.
debug	Prints internal debugging information. This is useful to assist us when troubleshooting problems.