

# Problem Set 4 Writeup

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Dec 10, 2013

## 1 Exercises on factorization into $A = LU$

**Problem 4.1:** What matrix  $E$  puts  $A$  into triangular form  $EA = U$ ? Multiply by  $E^1 = L$  to factor  $A$  into  $LU$ .

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$E_{21} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} E_{31} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} E_{32} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = LU = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Problem 4.2:** Compute  $L$  and  $U$  for the symmetric matrix. Find four conditions on  $a, b, c, d$  to get  $A = LU$  with four pivots.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & a & a & a \\ a & b & b & b \\ a & b & c & c \\ a & b & c & d \end{bmatrix}$$
$$U = \begin{bmatrix} a & a & a & a \\ 0 & b-a & b-a & b-a \\ 0 & 0 & c-b & c-b \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & d-c \end{bmatrix} L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

.The pivot positions cannot be equal to zero. So  $a$  can't be zero,  $b$  can't equal  $a$ , and  $c$  can't equal  $b$  or  $d$ .