# Assignment Two: JavaScript (for Designers)

## **Due: February 19, 2014 @ 11:59pm**

streaming list of Tweets posted about Miley Cyrus. **Important Note**: this project uses Ajax that violates the same-origin policy, and as such, it requires a web browser that supports XMLHttpRequest 2 and CORS. This means you must be using a semi-recent web browser: Firefox 4+, Chrome 7+, Safari 5+, or IE 10+.

— The Problem —

Smiley Cyrus has been in the news a lot lately. In this assignment, you will be implementing the MileyFeed, a tool for displaying a

### Every second, there are nearly 50 new Tweets published about Miley Cyrus. It can be quite harrowing to keep track of all of them on Twitter itself, so you are being tasked with finding a way to separate the proverbial wheat from the chaff.

We have provided a web server that will provide you with the 25 most recent Tweets about Miley Cyrus every time you ask for them.

### — Requirements —

— Getting Started —

You will be responsible for reacting to incoming Tweets, and using the DOM to append them to a new part of the page.

You will build a website that takes those Tweets and presents them to the user in some kind of a streaming list.

HTML file, and a picture of Miley Cyrus's face that you may use and modify as you see fit in the design of your project. There is also a "no photo" placeholder image you might want to use for Tweets that don't have pictures associated with them.

You can also download the assignment from GitHub: https://github.com/jbowens/cs132-javascript.

Create a new directory to hold your project's files, and then run:

cs132\_install javascript

the head:

... and right below that:

You should implement all of your HTML in miley.html, and all of your JavaScript in miley.js. — The MileyFeed Server —

To get started, you have to link the TA library into your HTML page. Open up miley.html in your favorite text editor, and add this to

This will give you a blank README.md file (to contain known bugs and any features you want to highlight), a very barebones shell of an

You will be interacting with a server we've provided that will give you Miley-related Tweets. To do this, you'll use a TA-provided

<script type="text/javascript" src="designer-helper.js"></script>

library which abstracts away some of the complexity of making Ajax requests and publishing DOM events.

... to initialize the events. The domain in [Feeder.init] may change (we'll send updates). Since the idea of the MileyFeed is that it's a live stream of Miley-oriented Tweets, having the page refresh every second with new

— Responding to DOM Events —

... or more appropriately, using the obj.addEventListener(...) method:

window.addEventListener('load', function(event){

window.addEventListener('load', myLoadHandler, false);

setup a handler for responding to these incoming Tweets.

// your code here

// your code here

}, false);

// more code...

}

function myLoadHandler(event) {

// your code here

for events using something like this:

// your code here

document.createElement(...):

// we have an unordered list of Tweets

var li = document.createElement('li');

var ul = document.getElementById('tweets');

// create a new li element for the Tweet, and append it

a large number of DOM methods you could use to make your life easier.

}, false);

<script type="text/javascript">Feeder.init('miley.djroomba.com')</script>

DOM Events are a useful way for your JavaScript to be informed of things that happen in the context of your website. A number of default events are provided, like load, click, and mouseover, and it's also possible to define your own. For example, let's say you want to execute a piece of JavaScript once your page finishes loading. The window object publishes the load event, which you can listen for by assigning a function to the window.onload property:

content would be a bit annoying. For that reason, the TA library will fetch new Tweets automatically using Ajax. You'll then need to

### window.onload = function(event){

**}**;

```
Note that the last parameter, false, defines whether the event happens in bubble or capture mode - under almost every
circumstance, you want this set to false. Don't worry about it. Also note that stencil code for this is already provided in miley. js.
You can also pass the name of the function (without parentheses at the end) in either case:
```

document.addEventListener('swagreceived', function(event){ var username = event.handle; // the username of the Tweeter var text = event.text; // the text of the Tweet

The TA library publishes an event called swagreceived on the document object whenever new Tweets are ready for use. You can listen

```
The event object passed into the event has a handful of properties you may find useful. event handle is the username of the person
who posted the Tweet; event.text is the body of the Tweet; and event.tweet is an object full of extra information on the Tweet. The
available properties of event. tweet are those returned by the Twitter API for Tweets. Note that Tweet entities are supported, so you
should consider using them to create a more engaging user experience.
                                            — Appending the Tweets —
```

li.innerHTML = '<strong>' + event.handle + '</strong> ' + event.text; ul.appendChild(li);

You might want to use element.insertBefore(...) instead of element.appendChild(...) depending on how you want to indicate Tweet chronology (newest on top vs. newest on bottom). The Mozilla Developer Network documentation for HTML elements includes

 $-\!\!-$  Other Niceties  $-\!\!\!-$ 

Think about how your choice of mechanisms will affect the user experience of the MileyFeed. Do new Tweets appear at the top, or the bottom? Does the page keep growing in length, or do you start removing old Tweets after a certain point? Can the user start and stop

the feed? Is the list of Tweets independently scrollable (hint: lookup overflow-y: auto), or does the entire page scroll with it?

You'll want to come up with some way to insert new Tweets into the page. Usually, you'll do this (for example) with

```
Add any features you can to try to make the experience of looking at so many Miley Tweets bearable.
```

Before handing in your project, make sure you've checked to make sure you've filled in your README. md file (you can use any format you like for your README, but Markdown is highly recommended). To hand in your project, from your project directory, run:

**Handing In** 

cs132\_handin javascript-designer

That's it!