# Recitation - Midterm 1 Review

Date: Feb 23/25, 2015

#### Problem - Midterm 1 Review.1

Prove the following equality using the element method:  $X \cap Y = (X \cup Y) \setminus (X^c \cup Y^c)$ 

### Problem - Midterm 1 Review.2

The Count is counting money and thinks that it is possible to make any positive multiple of 5 cents except for 5 and 15 using only quarters and dimes. Prove that he is correct using strong induction.

#### Problem - Midterm 1 Review.3

Let S be a finite set. Define  $\mathcal{R}(S)$  to be the set of relations on S. Define a relation R on  $\mathcal{R}(S)$  as follows:

$$R = \{(P,Q) \mid P,Q \in \mathcal{R}(S), \forall a,b \in S, \text{ if } aPb, \text{ then } aQb\}$$

- a) Is R an equivalence relation, partial ordering, or neither?
- b) Suppose we restrict  $\mathcal{R}$  to relate only complete equivalence relations on S. A relation  $R \in R(S)$  is complete if for all  $a, b \in S$ ,  $(a, b) \in R$  or  $(b, a) \in R$  or both. Do any of your answers above change? Which, and why?
- c) Prove that the equivalence classes of an equivalence relation that is also a partial ordering have size 1.

## Problem - Midterm 1 Review.4

For  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , define  $[n] = \{1, 2, ..., n\}$ . Let  $Q = \{(x, y) \mid x, y \in [9] \text{ and } x < y\}$ . Let  $S = \{(a, b, c) \mid a, b, c \in [9] \text{ and } a + b + c = 10\}$ .

Prove by constructing a bijection that |Q| = |S|.