CS 174A (Assignment 1, Port 1)

1. a) Co-ordinate system A
$$\vec{p} = 0_A + 2\vec{i}_A + \vec{j}_A$$
System B
$$\vec{p} = 0_B + 3\vec{i}_B + \vec{j}_B$$
System C
$$\vec{p} = 0_C - 3\vec{i}_C + \frac{7}{3}\vec{j}_C$$

2 points are required to describe a vector.

System A

$$\vec{V} = 2\vec{i}_A - \vec{j}_A$$

System B
 $\vec{V} = -2\vec{i}_B - 1.5\vec{j}_B$
System S
 $\vec{V} = \vec{i}_B$

c) A co-ordinate frome is represented using basis vectors and an origin.

e)
$$\vec{p}_{0} = (2, -1)$$

$$\vec{p}_{0} = (3, 1)$$

$$\vec{p}_{0} = (-3, \frac{1}{3})$$

Each of these multiplications give p=(3,1), which are the co-ordinates of \vec{p} in the world frame.

At point A, At point B,

$$M_{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

At point B,

 $M_{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

At point C, At point D,

$$M_c = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0.5 & 0 & 3.5 \\ 11 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

At point D,

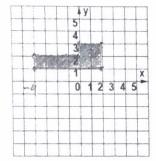
 $M_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos 2\theta & \sin 2\theta & -b\sin 2\theta \\ \sin 2\theta & -\cos 2\theta & b\cos 2\theta \end{bmatrix}$$

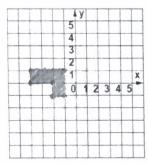
OpenGL Shoder code: model Matrix. Set AsIdentity (); model Matrix = model Matrix * Translate (0, b, 0); model Matrix = model Matrix * RotateZ(theta); model Matrix = model Matrix * Scale (1, -1, 1); model Matrix = model Matrix * Rotate Z (-treta); model Motrix = model Motrix * Translate (0, -6,0); Sequence of Commands: model Matrix = model Matrix * Scale (2,1,1); 0) model Matrix = model Matrix * Franslate (1,1,0); model Mairix = model Matrix * Rotate Z (90); drawl(); model Matrix = model Matrix * Rotate Z (90); model Matrix = model Matrix * Scale(2,1,1); model Martrix = model Matrix * Scale (-1,1,1); drawl(): model Matrix = model Matrix * Rotate Z(90); model Matrix = model Matrix * Translate (1,1,0); model Matrix = model Matrix * Scale (-1,1,1); draw L(); d) model Matrix = model Matrix * Scale (-1,1,1); model Matrix = model Matrix * Rotate Z (180); model Matrix = model Matrix * Scale (2,1,1); model Matrix = model Matrix * Scale (-1, 1,1); drawl();

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{D} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

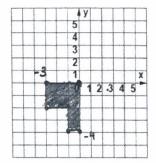
a)
$$L = ABC L$$



c)
$$L' = CBD L$$



b) L' = CAD L



d) L' = DCCAD L

