

# B.TECH. / B.TECH. - M.TECH. (DUAL DEGREE)

SIXTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2022-23

## MICROPROCESSOR AND ITS APPLICATIONS

Time: 3:00 hrs.

Max. Marks: 40

**Note :** (i) The question paper contains **Three** Sections.

(ii) Section-A is compulsory, Section-B and C contains internal choice.

### SECTION-A

1. Attempt **ALL** parts of the following questions: 1 x 10 = 10

(a) Which of the following addressing method does the instruction, MOV AX, [BX] represent? [BT-2, CO-2, PO-2]

(i) register indirect addressing mode

(ii) direct addressing mode

✓(iii) register addressing mode

(iv) register relative addressing mode

(b) What is the word length of an 8-bit microprocessor? [BT-2, CO-5, PO-1]

(i) 8-bits – 64 bits

(ii) 4-bits – 32 bits

✓(iii) 8-bits – 16 bits

(iv) 8-bits – 32 bits

(c) Which of the following is true about microprocessors? [BT-1, CO-1, PO-6]

(i) It has an internal memory

(ii) It has interfacing circuits

(iii) It contains ALU, CU, and registers ✓

(iv) It uses Harvard architecture

CS313

- (d) Which of the following is a special-purpose register of microprocessor? [BT-1, CO-1, PO-2]
- |                     |                           |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| (i) Program counter | (ii) Instruction register |
| (iii) Accumulator   | (iv) Temporary register   |
- (e) Which of the following is the correct sequence of operations in a microprocessor? [BT-1, CO-3, PO-6]
- |  |
|--|
| (i) Opcode fetch, memory read, memory write, I/O read, I/O write   |
| (ii) Opcode fetch, memory write, memory read, I/O read, I/O write  |
| (iii) I/O read, opcode fetch, memory read, memory write, I/O write |
| (iv) I/O read, opcode fetch, memory write, memory read, I/O write  |
- (f) The intel 8086 microprocessor is a processor. [BT-2, CO-2, PO-1]
- |              |             |
|--------------|-------------|
| (i) 8 bit    | (ii) 16 bit |
| (iii) 32 bit | (iv) 4 bit  |
- (g) The microprocessor determines whether the specified condition exists or not by testing the. [BT-1, CO-4, PO-4]
- |                   |                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| (i) carry flag    | (ii) conditional flag |
| (iii) common flag | (iv) sign flag        |
- (h) In 8086 the overflow flag is set when. [BT-2, CO-5, PO-6]
- |  |
|--|
| (i) the sum is more than 16 bits.  |
| (ii) signed numbers go out of their range after an arithmetic operation. |
| (iii) carry and sign flags are set.                                      |
| (iv) subtraction   |
- (i) Which microprocessor accepts the program written for 8086 without any changes? [BT-1, CO-2, PO-3]
- |            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| (i) 8085   | (ii) 8086 |
| (iii) 8087 | (iv) 8088 |
- (j) The result of MOV AL, 65 is to store. [BT-2, CO-4, PO-3]
- |                           |                            |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| (i) store 0100 0010 in AL | (ii) store 42H in AL       |
| (iii) store 40H in AL     | (iv) store 0100 0001 in AL |

**SECTION-B**

2. Attempt any **TWO** of the following questions:

5 x 2 = 10

- (a) Explain the different types of interrupts supported by the 8085 microprocessor. Also discuss about interrupt service routine, how it is executed in the 8085 microprocessor. [BT-4, CO-1, PO-6]
- (b) Describe procedures and macros in assembly language programming? How do they differ from each other? [BT-3, CO-2, PO-2]
- (c) Discuss the 8259 priority interrupt controller? Explain the different modes of operation of the 8259 controller. [BT-4, CO-3, PO-1]
- (d) What is a timer? Explain the different modes of operation of the programmable interval timer/counter 8253/8254. [BT-3, CO-4, PO-3]

**SECTION-C**

3. Attempt any **ONE** of the following questions:

4 x 1 = 4

- (a) Discuss the different addressing modes supported by the 8085 microprocessor? Explain each mode in detail. [BT-5, CO-1, PO-1]
- (b) Define the architecture of the 8085 microprocessor? Also draw and explain the pin diagram of the 8085 microprocessor. [BT-4, CO-1, PO-2]

4. Attempt any **ONE** of the following questions:

4 x 1 = 4

- (a) Explain timing diagram in the context of the 8086 microprocessor? Draw and explain the timing diagram of the 8086 microprocessor. [BT-5, CO-2, PO-3]
- (b) How string operations performed in assembly language programming? Explain the different string manipulation instructions supported by the 8086 microprocessor. [BT-6, CO-2, PO-2]



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5. Attempt any **ONE** of the following questions:

**4 x 1 = 4**

(a) What do you mean by DMA? Explain the architecture and working of the 8257 DMA controller. [BT-4, CO-3, PO-1]

(b) Write an assembly language program to read data from the keyboard using the 8279 keyboard-display controller and display it on a screen. [BT-6, CO-3, PO-6]

6. Attempt any **ONE** of the following questions:

**4 x 1 = 4**

(a) Explain the architecture and working of the 8253 timer. How is it interfaced with a microprocessor? [BT-4, CO-4, PO-7]

(b) How do you interface an ADC with a microprocessor? Explain the different interfacing techniques used in ADC interfacing. [BT-5, CO-4, PO-6]

7. Attempt any **ONE** of the following questions:

**4 x 1 = 4**

(a) Describe salient features and architecture of the Intel 80386 microprocessor? How is it different from its predecessors? [BT-5, CO-5, PO-7]

(b) Define an embedded system and its importance. Also explain the different components of an embedded system. [BT-4, CO-5, PO-6]