Quickstart to Compiling & Running MPI Applications at CCR

Background

MPI Quick Reference: Compiling/Running

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This document covers the essentials of compiling and running MPI applications on the CCR platforms. It does not cover MPI programming itself, nor debugging, etc. (covered more thoroughly in separate presentations).

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Quickstart to Compiling & Running MPI Applications at CCR Modules

Modules Software Management System

There are a large number of available software packages on the CCR systems, particularly the Linux clusters. To help maintain this often confusing environment, the modules package is used to add and remove these packages from your default environment (many of the packages conflict in terms of their names, libraries, etc., so the default is a minimally populated environment).

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The module Command

module command syntax:

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```
-bash-2.05b$ module help
2
3
      Modules Release 3.1.6 (Copyright GNU GPL v2 1991):
      Available Commands and Usage:
            + add|load
                                    modulefile [modulefile ...]
            + rm|unload
                                    modulefile [modulefile ...]
                                    modulefile1 modulefile2
            + switch|swap
8
            + display|show
                                    modulefile [modulefile ...]
            + avail
                                    [modulefile [modulefile ...]]
10
            + use [-a|--append]
                                    dir [dir ...]
11
            + unuse
                                    dir [dir ...]
12
            + update
13
             + purge
14
             + list
15
             + clear
16
            + help
                                     [modulefile [modulefile ...]]
17
            + whatis
                                     [modulefile [modulefile ...]]
18
            + apropos|keyword
                                    string
19
            + initadd
                                    modulefile [modulefile ...]
20
                                    modulefile [modulefile ...]
            + initprepend
21
             + initrm
                                    modulefile [modulefile ...]
22
                                    modulefile1 modulefile2
             + initswitch
23
             + initlist
             + initclear
```

Using module in Batch

If you change shells in your batch script you may need to explicitly load the modules environment:

```
tcsh :
           source $MODULESHOME/init/tcsh
bash:
            ${MODULESHOME}/init/bash
```

but generally you should not need to worry about this step (do a "module list" and if it works ok your environment should already be properly initialized).

Objective: Construct a very elementary MPI program to do the usual "Hello World" problem, i.e. have each process print out its rank in the communicator.

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Simple MPI Example

CCR: Intel MPI (Preferred!!)

in C

```
#include <stdio.h>
     #include "mpi.h"
     int main(int argc, char **argv)
 5
         int myid, nprocs;
         int namelen, mpiv, mpisubv;
 8
         char processor_name[MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME];
9
10
         MPI_Init (&argc, &argv);
11
         MPI_Comm_size (MPI_COMM_WORLD, &nprocs);
12
         MPI_Comm_rank (MPI_COMM_WORLD, &myid);
13
         MPI_Get_processor_name(processor_name, &namelen);
14
15
         printf("Process %d of %d on %s\n", myid, nprocs, processor_name);
16
         if (myid == 0) {
17
            MPI_Get_version(&mpiv,&mpisubv);
18
            printf("MPI Version: %d.%d\n", mpiv, mpisubv);
19
20
         MPI_Finalize();
21
         return 0;
22
```

CCR: Intel MPI

There are several commercial implementations of MPI, Intel and IBM currently being the most prominent. CCR has a license for Intel MPI, and it has some nice features:

- Support for multiple networks (Infiniband, Myrinet, TCP/IP)
- Part of the ScaLAPACK support in the Intel MKL
- MPI-2 features (one-sided, dynamic tasks, I/O with parallel filesystems support)
- CPU pinning/process affinity options (extensive)

Build the code with the appropriate wrappers:

```
[rush:~/d_mpi-samples]$ module load intel-mpi intel
      [rush:~/d_mpi-samples]$ module list
      Currently Loaded Modulefiles:
        1) null
                                                             3) use.own
                                  modules
      1) null 2) modules 3) use.ow
4) intel-mpi/4.1.1 5) intel/13.1
[rush:~/d_mpi-samples]$ mpiicc -o hello.impi hello.c
[rush:~/d_mpi-samples]$ mpiicc -show
                                                                            # icc version
      icc -I/util/intel/impi/4.1.1.036/intel64/include -L/util/intel/impi/4.1.1.036/intel64/lib
          -Xlinker --enable-new-dtags -Xlinker -rpath -Xlinker /util/intel/impi/4.1.1.036/intel64/lib \
-Xlinker -rpath -Xlinker /opt/intel/mpi-rt/4.1 -lmpigf -lmpi -lmpigi -ldl -lrt -lpthread
11
12
13
      [rush:~/d_mpi-samples]$ mpicc -o hello.impi.gcc hello.c # gcc version
      [rush:~/d mpi-samples]$ mpicc -show
      qcc -I/util/intel/impi/4.1.1.036/intel64/include -L/util/intel/impi/4.1.1.036/intel64/lib \
           -Xlinker --enable-new-dtags -Xlinker -rpath -Xlinker /util/intel/impi/4.1.1.036/intel64/lib \
           -Xlinker -rpath -Xlinker /opt/intel/mpi-rt/4.1 -lmpigf -lmpi -lmpigi -ldl -lrt -lpthread
```

Unfortunately Intel MPI can have somewhat flaky integration with Slurm, so you have a range of options when it comes to launching MPI codes.

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Simple MPI Example CCR: Intel MPI (Preferred!!)

Simple Example - Slurm/srun

```
#!/bin/bash
    #SBATCH --nodes=1
    #SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=8
    #SBATCH --partition=debug
    #SBATCH --time=00:10:00
    #SBATCH --mail-type=END
    #SBATCH --mail-user=jonesm@buffalo.edu
    #SBATCH --output=slurmQ.out
    #SBATCH --job-name=mpi-test
10
11
    # Note the above directives can be commented out using an
12
    # additional "#"
13
14
    module load intel-mpi intel
15
16
    # Intel MPI has flaky tight integration with Slurm,
17
    # generally it has been safer to use Slurm's srun rather than
    # rely on mpirun/mpiexec.
    # You can find a description of all Intel MPI parameters in the
20
    # Intel MPI Reference Manual,
21
    # see <intel mpi installdir>/doc/Reference_manual.pdf
22
23
    export I_MPI_DEBUG=4
                          # nice debug level, spits out useful info
24
    # mpirun wrapper:
26
    mpirun ./hello.impi
27
    # srun:
28
    export I_MPI_PMI_LIBRARY=/usr/lib64/libpmi.so
29
    srun ./hello.impi
```

Simple Example - Interactive

```
[rush:~/d_mpi-samples]$ export I_MPI_DEBUG=4
[rush:~/d_mpi-samples]$ mpirun -np 4 ./hello.impi
[0] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
[1] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
[2] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
[3] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
[0] MPI startup(): Rank Pid
                                             {0,4,8,12,16,20,24,28}
[0] MPI startup(): 0
                          66649 k07n14
[0] MPI startup(): 1
                          66650 k07n14
                                             {1,5,9,13,17,21,25,29}
                          66651 k07n14
[0] MPI startup(): 2
                                             {2,6,10,14,18,22,26,30}
                          66652 k07n14
[0] MPI startup(): 3
                                             {3,7,11,15,19,23,27,31}
Process 0 of 4 on k07n14
MPI Version: 2.2
Process 1 of 4 on k07n14
Process 2 of 4 on k07n14
Process 3 of 4 on k07n14
```

Simple MPI Example

CCR: Intel MPI (Preferred!!)

Output from the mpirun launch (note that the pinning is not what we want by default, you can likely force better behavior with

I MPI PIN MODE and its associated variables):

```
MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
   MPI startup (): shm data transfer mode
[4] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
[6] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
[3] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
[1] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
[5] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
[0] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
Process 1 of 8 on d09n29s02
Process 7 of 8 on d09n29s02
Process 5 of 8 on d09n29s02
Process 3 of 8 on d09n29s02
Process 6 of 8 on d09n29s02
Process 2 of 8 on d09n29s02
Process 4 of 8 on d09n29s02
[0] MPI startup(): Rank
                                    Node name Pin cpu
[0] MPI startup(): 0
                           15265
                                    d09n29s02
[0] MPI startup(): 1
                           15266
                                    d09n29s02
[0] MPI startup(): 2
                           15267
                                    d09n29s02 0
[0] MPI startup(): 3
                           15268
                                    d09n29s02 0
[0] MPI startup(): 4
                           15269
                                    d09n29s02 0
                           15270
                                    d09n29s02 0
[0] MPI startup(): 5
[0] MPI startup(): 6
                           15271
                                    d09n29s02
[0] MPI startup(): 7
                           15272
                                    d09n29s02
Process 0 of 8 on d09n29s02
MPI Version: 2.2
```

CCR nodes generally have Infiniband (IB) as the optimal interconnect

for message-passing. Intel MPI should automatically find and use IB

on those machines (they have 8, 12, 16, or 32 cores each, so adjust

your script accordingly). Here we change the node count request to

Output from the srun launch (in this case +1 indicates that pinning is turned off):

```
MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
     [3] MPI startup (): shm data transfer mode
    [5] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
     [6] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
31
     [7] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
     [0] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
     [1] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
     [4] MPI startup(): shm data transfer mode
     Process 1 of 8 on d09n29s02
     Process 3 of 8 on d09n29s02
37
     Process 5 of 8 on d09n29s02
38
     Process 7 of 8 on d09n29s02
     [0] MPI startup(): Rank
                                Pid
                                         Node name
                                                    Pin cpu
     [0] MPI startup(): 0
                                15311
                                         d09n29s02
     [0] MPI startup(): 1
41
                                15312
                                         d09n29s02
     [0] MPI startup(): 2
                                15313
                                         d09n29s02
     [0] MPI startup(): 3
                                15314
                                         d09n29s02
     [0] MPI startup(): 4
                                15315
                                         d09n29s02
                                                    +1
45
     [0] MPI startup(): 5
                                15316
                                         d09n29s02
                                                    +1
     [0] MPI startup(): 6
                                15317
                                         d09n29s02
    Process 2 of 8 on d09n29s02
47
    Process 4 of 8 on d09n29s02
     Process 6 of 8 on d09n29s02
     [0] MPI startup(): 7
                                15318
                                         d09n29s02 +1
     Process 0 of 8 on d09n29s02
    MPI Version: 2.2
```

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Simple MPI Example CCR: Intel MPI (Preferred!!)

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Intel MPI on TCP/IP

Intel MPI on Infiniband

two, and just run with srun:

#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=8

#SBATCH --partition=debug

#SBATCH --constraint=CPU-L5520

MPI startup(): shm and ofa data transfer modes MPI startup(): shm and ofa data transfer modes

MPI startup(): shm and ofa data transfer modes

MPI startup(): shm and ofa data transfer modes

MPI startup(): shm and ofa data transfer modes

31 MPI startup(): shm and ofa data transfer modes 10] MPI startup(): shm and ofa data transfer modes

51 MPT startup(): shm and ofa data transfer modes MPI startup(): shm and ofa data transfer modes

6] MPI startup(): shm and ofa data transfer modes 13] MPI startup(): shm and ofa data transfer modes 7] MPI startup(): shm and ofa data transfer modes

[0] MPI startup(): shm and ofa data transfer modes

#SBATCH --nodes=2

You can force Intel MPI to run using TCP/IP (or a combination of tcp/ip and shared memory as in the example below) by setting the

I MPI DEVICE variable, or equivalently I MPI FABRICS):

```
#SBATCH --nodes=2
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=1
#SBATCH --constraint=CPU-L5520
#SBATCH --partition=debug
export I_MPI_DEBUG=4
export I_MPI_FABRICS="ssm:tcp" # tcp/ip between nodes, shared memory within
```

```
Process 0 of 2 on d16n02
Process 1 of 2 on d16n03
[0] MPI startup(): shm and tcp data transfer modes
[1] MPI startup(): shm and tcp data transfer modes
[0] MPI startup(): Rank
                           Pid
                                    Node name Pin
[0] MPI startup(): 0
                           9072
                                    d16n02
                                                +1
[0] MPI startup(): 1
                           30436
                                    d16n03
                                                +1
MPI Version: 2.2
Process 1 of 2 on d16n03
```

Simple MPI Example

CCR: Intel MPI (Preferred!!)

Process 5 of 16 on d16n02 Process 10 of 16 on d16n03 Process 6 of 16 on d16n02 Process 11 of 16 on d16n03 Process 7 of 16 on d16n02 Process 13 of 16 on d16n03 [0] MPI startup(): Rank Node name Pin cpu [0] MPI startup(): 0 7898 d16n02 [0] MPI startup(): 1 d16n02 d16n02 7901 d16n02

[0] MPI startup(): 2 25 [0] MPI startup(): 3 26 [0] MPI startup(): 4 7902 d16n02 +1 27 [0] MPI startup(): 5 7903 d16n02 +1 [0] MPI startup(): 6 7904 d16n02 [0] MPI startup(): 7 d16n02 7905 +1 [0] MPI startup(): 8 29934 d16n03 +1 [0] MPI startup(): 9 29935 d16n03 [0] MPI startup(): 10 29936 d16n03 [0] MPI startup(): 11 29937 d16n03 +1 [0] MPI startup (): 12 29938 d16n03 +1 35 [0] MPI startup(): 13 29939 d16n03 [0] MPI startup (): 14 29940 d16n03 [0] MPI startup(): 15 d16n03 Process 14 of 16 on d16n03 39 Process 4 of 16 on d16n02 40 Process 15 of 16 on d16n03 Process 0 of 16 on d16n02 42 MPI Version: 2.2

Process 8 of 16 on d16n03 Process 12 of 16 on d16n03

CCR: Intel MPI (Preferred!!)

CCR: Intel MPI (Preferred!!)

Intel MPI Summary

Intel MPI has some real advantages:

- Multi-protocol support with the same build, by default gives you the "best" network, but also gives you the flexibility to choose your protocol
- CPU/memory affinity settings
- Multiple compiler support (wrappers for GNU compilers, mpicc, mpicxx, mpif90, as well as Intel compilers, mpicc, mpicpc, mpiifort)
- (Relatively) simple integration with Intel MKL, including ScaLAPACK

Simple MPI Example

 Reference manual - on the CCR systems look at \$INTEL MPI/doc/Reference Manual.pdf for a copy of the reference manual (after loading the module)

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Simple MPI Example

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Affinity

Intel MPI has options for associating MPI tasks to cores - better known as CPU-process affinity

- I_MPI_PIN, I_MPI_PIN_MODE, I_MPI_PIN_PROCESSOR_LIST, I_MPI_PIN_DOMAIN in the current version of Intel MPI (it never hurts to check the documentation for the version that you are using, these options have a tendency to change)
- Can specify core list on which to run MPI tasks, also domains of cores for hybrid MPI-OpenMP applications

Whither Goest Thou, MPI?

MPI processes - things to keep in mind:

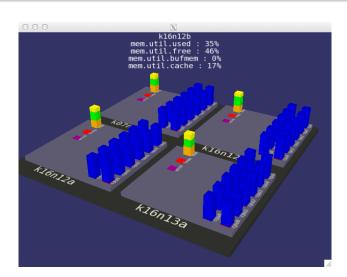
- You can over-subscribe the processors if you want, but that is going to under-perform (but it is often useful for debugging). Note that batch queuing systems (like those in CCR) may not let you easily over-subscribe the number of available processors
- Better MPI implementations will give you more options for the placement of MPI tasks (often through so-called "affinity" options, either for CPU or memory)
- Typically want a 1-to-1 mapping of MPI processes with available processors (cores), but there are times when that may not be desirable

Summary - MPI at CCR

- Use modules environment manager to choose your MPI flavor
- I recommend Intel MPI on the clusters, unless you need access to the source code for the implementation itself. It has a lot of nice features and is quite flexible.
- Be careful with task launching use srun in Slurm jobs, or treat pinning with care
- Ensure that your MPI processes end up where you want use ps and top to check (also use MPI Get processor name in your code).
- Also use the CCR slurmjobvis job visualizer utility to quickly scan for expected task placement and performance issues.

Simple MPI Example

slurmjobvis Example



Summary

Sample slurmjobvis from a 4-node job using all 12 cores/node and roughly 50% of available memory/node.

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