Assignment # 6

Question 1: Define Object Oriented Programming Language?

<u>Object Oriented Programming Language</u> is a paradigm in which realworld objects are each viewed as separate entities having their own states which is modified only by built in procedures, called methods.

<u>OR</u>

Object-oriented programming is a programming paradigm based on the concept of "objects", which can contain data, in the form of fields, and code, in the form of procedures.

Examples of object-oriented programming language are:

- 1. Python
- 2. Java
- 3. C++, etc.

Question 2: List down the Benefits of OOP?

- 1. Reusability of code
- 2. Recycling of code
- 3. Maintainability of code
- 4. Portability
- 5. Easy to understand
- 6. Fast development

Question 3: Differentiate between function and method?

<u>Function</u>: A function is a piece of code that is called by name. Python function usually only operates on it, and then prints something or returns a value.

<u>Method:</u> A method is a piece of code that is called by a name that is associated with an object. Python method is called on an object. A method may alter an object's state.

Question 4: Define the following terms:

1. Class, 2. Object, 3. Attribute, 4. Behavior

Class: Class is a blue print of an object. In class we define attributes and behavior of an object.

<u>Object:</u> Object is an instance of a class. The object is an entity that has state and behavior. It may be any real-world object like the mouse, keyboard, chair, table, pen, etc.

<u>Attribute:</u> Attributes are the property of an object.

Behavior: Behavior are the functionality of an object.