

Title: Go Server that Responds to GET Requests on Path "/metrics"

Description: This document describes a Go server that listens on port 12345 and responds to GET requests on the path "/metrics". It uses caching to limit disk I/O by storing the metrics data in memory and only re-reading the file if the cache is stale. The document also includes a script to create a dummy metrics file and an example systemd service configuration file to start the server as a service.

Go Server Code

```
package main

import (
    "fmt"
    "io/ioutil"
    "net/http"
    "time"
)

// filePath is the path to the file containing the metrics data
const filePath = "data/metrics_from_special_app.txt"

// cacheTTL is the amount of time the metrics data should be cached in memory
const cacheTTL = 30 * time.Second

var (
    // lastCacheTime is the time the cache was last updated
    lastCacheTime time.Time
    // metricsCache contains the cached metrics data
    metricsCache string
)

// getMetrics reads the metrics data from the file specified in filePath.
// It uses caching to limit disk I/O by storing the metrics data in memory
// and only re-reading the file if the cache is stale (based on the cacheTTL constant).
func getMetrics() (string, error) {
    now := time.Now()
    if now.Sub(lastCacheTime) < cacheTTL {
        return metricsCache, nil
    }
    data, err := ioutil.ReadFile(filePath)
    if err != nil {
        return "", err
    }
    metrics := string(data)
    metricsCache = metrics
    lastCacheTime = now
    return metrics, nil
}
```

```

// metricsHandler is the handler function for GET requests on the path "/metrics".
// It reads the metrics data using the getMetrics function and returns it as a string
// with key-value fields separated by line breaks.
func metricsHandler(w http.ResponseWriter, r *http.Request) {
    if r.Method != http.MethodGet {
        http.Error(w, "Method not allowed", http.StatusMethodNotAllowed)
        return
    }
    if r.URL.Path != "/metrics" {
        http.NotFound(w, r)
        return
    }
    metrics, err := getMetrics()
    if err != nil {
        http.Error(w, "Failed to read metrics data", http.StatusInternalServerError)
        return
    }
    fmt.Fprint(w, metrics)
}

func main() {
    // Register the metricsHandler function to handle requests on the path "/metrics".
    http.HandleFunc("/metrics", metricsHandler)
    // Start the server and listen on port 12345.
    http.ListenAndServe(":12345", nil)
}

```

The code defines the `getMetrics` function that reads the metrics data from the file specified in the `filePath` constant. It uses caching to limit disk I/O by storing the metrics data in memory and only re-reading the file if the cache is stale (based on the `cacheTTL` constant).

The `metricsHandler` function is the handler function for GET requests on the path `"/metrics"`. It reads the metrics data using the `getMetrics` function and returns it as a string with key-value fields separated by line breaks.

The main function registers the `metricsHandler` function to handle requests on the path `"/metrics"`. It starts the server and listens on port 12345.

Script to Create a Dummy Metrics File

```
#!/bin/sh
```

```

mkdir -p data # Create the "data" directory if it doesn't exist
echo "metric1 value1" > data/metrics_from_special_app.txt
echo "metric2 value2" >> data/metrics_from_special_app.txt

```

```
echo "metric3 value3" >> data
```

this is a bash script for createing the matrix

You need to run this bash script using `./script-name`

To create the systemd service configuration file, you can create a file named `go-server.service` in the `systemd-config` folder with the following contents:

```
makefile
```

```
[Unit]
Description=Go server
```

```
[Service]
Type=simple
ExecStart=/path/to/go-server-binary
Restart=always
```

```
[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
Replace /path/to/go-server-binary with the path to your compiled Go server binary.
```

To install the systemd service, you can run the following command:

```
$ sudo cp systemd-config/go-server.service /etc/systemd/system/
$ sudo systemctl daemon-reload
$ sudo systemctl enable go-server.service
$ sudo systemctl start go-server.service
```

Finally, you can create a startup script that runs the Go server. Here's an example script:

```
bash

#!/bin/bash
cd /path/to/go-server/
./go-server &
```

Replace `/path/to/go-server/` with the path to your Go server directory. Make the script executable and add it to your system's startup processes