

Question      No    1    :

a)  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (2,1)} \frac{x^2 - 2xy}{x^2 - 4y^2}$

Let

$$x^2 = 4y^2$$

$$y = x/2$$

$$\lim_{(x, x/2) \rightarrow (2, 1)} \frac{x^2 - 2x(x/2)}{x^2 - 4(x/2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(2)^2 - 2(2)(1)}{(2)^2 - 4(1)} = 0$$

b)  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x - 4y}{6y + 7x}$

$$6y = 7x$$

$$y = 7x/6$$

$$\lim_{(x \rightarrow 0)} \frac{x - 4(7x/6)}{7x + 7x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{7x - 28x/3}{14x}$$

$$= \frac{-11}{14}$$

$$c) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2 - y^6}{xy^3}$$

$$y = x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 - x^6}{xy^3} = \frac{x^2(1 - x^4)}{x^4}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{x^4}{x^4}$$

$$= 0$$

$$d) \lim_{(x,y,z) \rightarrow (-1,0,4)} \frac{x^3 - ze^{10}}{6x + 2y - 3z}$$

$$\frac{(-1)^3 - (4)e^{10}}{6(-1) + 2(0) - 3(4)} = \frac{-1 - 4}{-6 - 12} = \frac{-5}{-18} = \frac{5}{18}$$



Question No 2 :

(a)  $f(x, y) = \cos(x/y)$  in  $V = (3, -4)$

Solution

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla f &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\cos(x/y)) \hat{i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\cos(x/y)) \hat{j} \\ &= -\frac{1}{y} \sin(x/y) \hat{i} + \frac{x}{y^2} \sin(x/y) \hat{j} \end{aligned}$$

unit vector of  $v =$

$$\frac{3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j}}{\sqrt{9+16}} \Rightarrow \frac{3}{5} \hat{i} + \frac{4}{5} \hat{j}$$

$$D_{\vec{u}} f = -\frac{3}{5y} \sin(x/y) + \frac{4x}{5y^2} \sin(x/y)$$

$$D_{\vec{u}} f = -\frac{1}{5y} \sin(x/y) \left( 3 + \frac{4x}{y} \right)$$

b)  $f(x, y, z) = x^2 y^3 - 4xz$  ;  $\vec{v} = (-1, 2, 0)$

$$\nabla f = 2xy^3 \hat{i} - 4z \hat{i} + 3xy^2 \hat{j} - 4x \hat{k}$$

$$\hat{v} = \frac{-\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{5}} \hat{i} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \hat{j}$$

$$D_{\vec{u}} f = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} xy^3 \hat{i} + \frac{6}{\sqrt{5}} xy^2 \hat{j}$$



Question No 3 :-

$$f(x, y, z) = 4x - y^2 e^{3xz} \text{ at } (3, -1, 0)$$

$$\vec{v} = (-1, 4, 2)$$

Solution

$$\nabla f = (4 - y^2 e^{3xz} (3z))i + -2e^{3xz} y j + -y^2 e^{3xz} (3x) k$$

Putting values

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla f|_{(3, -1, 0)} &= (4 - (-1)^2 e^{3(3)(0)} (3(0)))i - 2e^{3(3)(0)} (-1)j - (-1)^2 e^{3(3)(0)} (3(3))k \\ &= 4i + 2j - 9k \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{v} = (-1, 4, 2)$$

$$\hat{v} = \frac{-i + 4j + 2k}{\sqrt{21}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}i + \frac{4}{\sqrt{21}}j + \frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}k$$

$$D_{\vec{v}} f = \frac{-4}{\sqrt{21}}i + \frac{8}{\sqrt{21}}j - \frac{18}{\sqrt{21}}$$

$$= \frac{-14}{\sqrt{21}}$$





Question No 4:

a)  $f(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$  at  $(-2, 3)$

$$\nabla f = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + y^2)^{-1/2} (2x)i + \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + y^2)^{-1/2} (2y)j$$

$$\nabla f(-2, 3) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{13}} (4 + 9)^{-1/2} (-2)i + \frac{1}{\sqrt{13}} (4 + 9)^{-1/2} (3)j$$

$$= \frac{-2}{\sqrt{13}} i + \frac{3}{\sqrt{13}} j$$

$\Rightarrow$

$\Rightarrow$

b)  $f(x, y, z) = e^{2x} \cos(y - 2z)$  at  $(4, -2, 0)$

$$\nabla f = (e^{2x} \cdot 2 \cos(y - 2z))i + e^{2x} (-\sin(y - 2z)(1))j + e^{2x} (-\sin(y - 2z)(-2))k$$

$$\nabla f(4, -2, 0) = e^{4x} \cdot 2 \cos(-2 - 0)i + e^{4x} (-\sin(-2))j + e^{4x} (-\sin(-2)(-2))k$$

$$= e^{4x} (-2 \cos 2i - \sin(-2)j + 2 \sin(-2)k)$$

Question No 5

$$\vec{F} = x^2 y \hat{i} - (z^3 - 3x) \hat{j} + 4y^3 \hat{k}$$

$$\nabla = 2xy \hat{i} - 3z^2 \hat{j}$$

$$\text{Div } f = \nabla \cdot \vec{F}$$

$$= (2xy \hat{i}) \cdot (x^2 y \hat{i} - (z^3 - 3x) \hat{j} + 4y^3 \hat{k})$$

$$= 2x^3 y$$



$$\text{Curl} = \nabla f \times f$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ xy & (z^2 - 3x) & 4y^2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (8y + 3z^2)\hat{i} - (0-0)\hat{j} + (-(-3)-x^2)\hat{k}$$

$$= (8y + 3z^2)\hat{i} + (3-x^2)\hat{k}$$

b

$$F = (28x + 2z^2)\hat{i} + \frac{xy^2}{z}\hat{j} - (z-7x)\hat{k}$$

$$\text{div} = \nabla \cdot f$$

$$= \left( \frac{d}{dx} \hat{i} + \frac{d}{dy} \hat{j} + \frac{d}{dz} \hat{k} \right) \cdot \left( (28x + 2z^2)\hat{i} + \frac{xy^2}{z}\hat{j} - (z-7x)\hat{k} \right)$$

$$= 28 + \frac{2x^2 y}{z} - 1$$

$$= 27 + \frac{2x^2 y}{z}$$

$$\text{Curl} = \nabla f \times f$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ 28x + 2z^2 & \frac{xy^2}{z} & -(z-7x) \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{2x^3 y^2}{z^2} \hat{i} - (7-4x)\hat{j} + \left( \frac{3x^2 y^2}{z} \right) \hat{k}$$



Question No 6 :-

$$a) \vec{F} = \left( 4x^2 + \frac{3x^2y}{z^2} \right) \vec{i} + \left( 8xy + \frac{x^3}{z^2} \right) \vec{j} + \left( 11 - \frac{2x^3y}{z^3} \right) \vec{k}$$

The vector field is conservative if & only if

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial N}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial N}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial P}{\partial y}, \quad \frac{\partial M}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial P}{\partial x}$$

$$F = \left( 4x^2 + \frac{3x^2y}{z^2} \right) \vec{i} + \left( 8xy + \frac{x^3}{z^2} \right) \vec{j} + \left( 11 - \frac{2x^3y}{z^3} \right) \vec{k}$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = 8y + \frac{3x^2}{z}, \quad \frac{\partial N}{\partial x} = 8y - \frac{3x^2}{z^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial N}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( 8xy + \frac{x^3}{z^2} \right) = -\frac{2x^3}{z^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = -\frac{2x^3}{z^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( 4x^2 + \frac{3x^2y}{z^2} \right) = 3x^2y(-2)z^{-2} = -\frac{6x^2y}{z^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial x} = -\frac{6x^2y}{z^3}$$

Hence Conservative.





Question No 7

a)  $z = x^2 - w$ ,  $x = t^3 + 7$   
 $y = \cos(2t)$ ,  $w = 4t$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = ?$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{dz}{dx} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{dz}{dy} \frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{dz}{dw} \frac{dw}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = \frac{2x}{y^4}, \quad \frac{dz}{dy} = \frac{x^2 - w}{y^5}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 3t^2$$

$$\frac{dz}{dy} = \frac{(x^2 - w)}{y^5}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -2 \sin 2t$$

$$\frac{dz}{dw} = \frac{-1}{y^4}$$

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = 4$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{2x}{y^4} \cdot 3t^2 + \frac{(-4)(x^2 - w)}{y^5} \cdot (-2 \sin 2t) + \left(\frac{-1}{y^4}\right) \cdot 4$$

$$= \frac{6x^2 t^2}{y^4} + \frac{8(x^2 - w) \sin 2t}{y^5} - \frac{4w}{y^4}$$



$$b) \quad z = x^5 y^3 - 2y \quad , \quad y = \sin(x^2)$$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = ?$$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = \frac{dz}{dy} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dy} = \frac{d}{dy} (x^5 y^3 - 2y)$$

$$= 4x^5 y^2 - 2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} (\sin x^2)$$

$$= 2x \cos x^2$$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = \frac{dz}{dy} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$= (4x^5 y^2 - 2) (2x \cos x^2)$$

$$= 8x^6 y^2 \cos x^2 - 4x \cos x^2$$

$$\underline{\underline{= 8x^6 y^2 \cos x^2 - 4x \cos x^2}}$$

$$c) \quad x^2 y^3 - 3 = \sin(xy)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (x^2 y^3 - 3) = \frac{d}{dx} (\sin(xy))$$

$$2xy^3 + 4x^2 y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = y \cos xy$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \left( \frac{\cos(xy) - 2x^2 y^3}{4x^2 y^2} \right)$$

